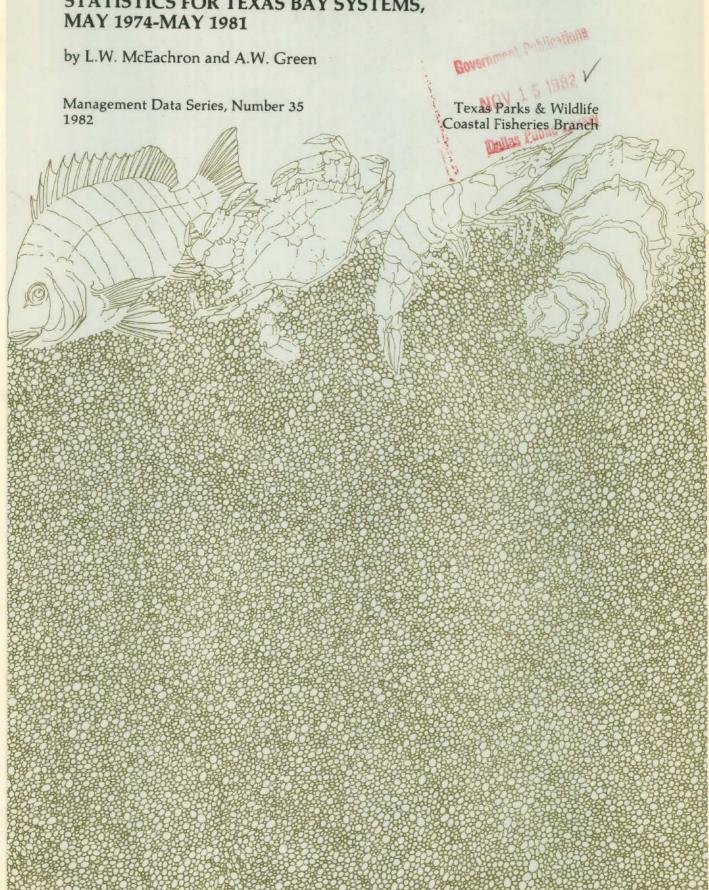
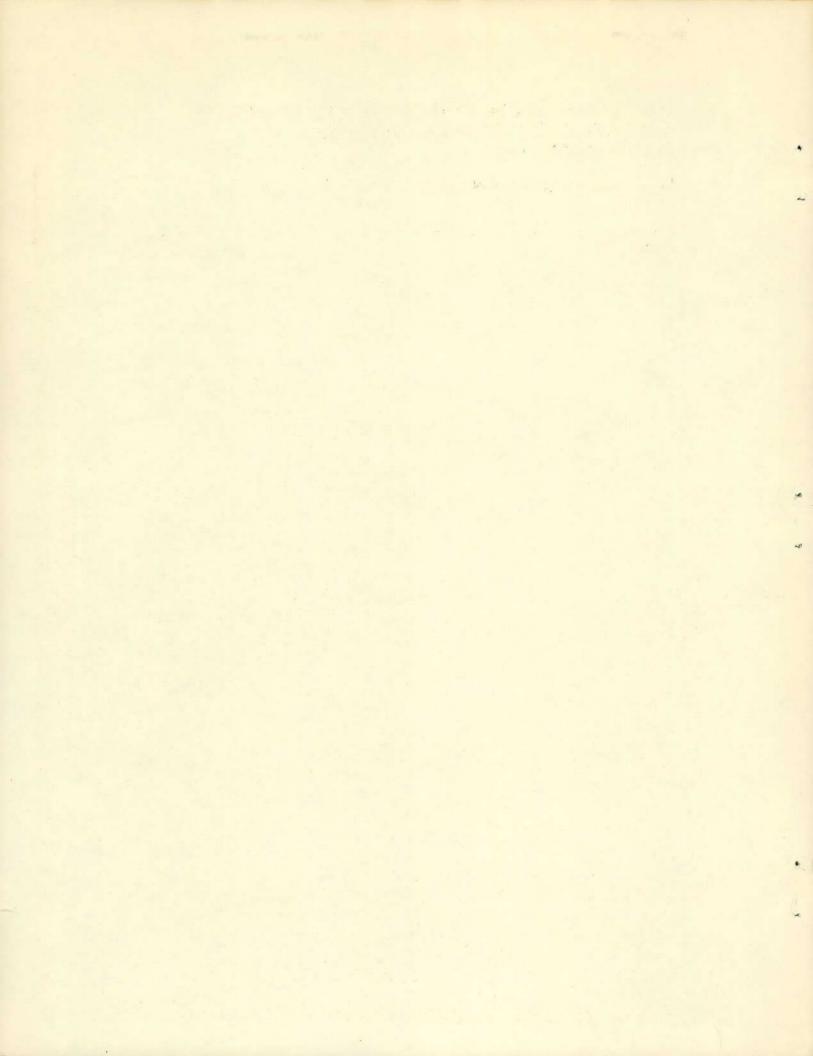
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WEEKEND SPORT BOAT FISHERMEN FINFISH CATCH STATISTICS FOR TEXAS BAY SYSTEMS, MAY 1974-MAY 1981





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by

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WEEKEND SPORT BOAT FISHERMEN FINFISH CATCH STATISTICS FOR TEXAS BAY SYSTEMS, MAY 1974-MAY 1981

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Texas Parks and Wildlife Department's Coastal Fisheries Branch has been monitoring recreational fishing in Texas saltwater bays since May 1974. Monitoring was accomplished by intercepting fishermen on weekends at boat ramps and interviewing them as they completed a fishing trip in all bay systems except Sabine Lake. Over 37,000 weekend sport boat fishermen were interviewed in the 1,278 weekend surveys conducted during this 7-yr period. In addition, over 96,000 fishes landed by these sport fishermen were measured. The estimates presented in this report were made with this data base.

Weekend boat fishing pressure (in man-trip-hours/year) declined during the first 3 years of this study. In 1974-75 and 1975-76 there was an estimated 3.2 million man-trip-hours spent by weekend sport boat fishermen. The lowest estimate occurred in 1976-77 with 2.0 million man-trip-hours. Since 1976 the estimates have been either 2.1 (1979-80) or 2.4 million man-trip-hours (1977-78, 1978-79, 1980-81).

The Galveston Bay system had the highest mean annual fishing pressure with 947,000 man-trip-hours. The Corpus Christi Bay system had the least fishing pressure (147,000 man-trip-hours). All the other bay systems had mean fishing pressures between 168,000 and 327,000 man-trip-hours. Fishing intensity was greatest in the Galveston Bay system (2.7 man-trip-hours/acre/year) and was least in the Matagorda and Corpus Christi Bay systems (1.1 man-trip-hours/acre/year).

There was a downward trend in the estimated weekend sport harvest during this 7-yr period. In 1974-75 and 1975-76 the estimated annual weekend harvest was 2.6 million fishes. In 1980-81 it was a little greater than 1.0 million fishes. Although this data has not had a formal statistical analysis to evaluate the true significance of this trend it should be noted that no succeeding estimate has been greater than a previous estimate and that this general decline was demonstrated in each of the seven different bay systems. Furthermore this downward trend cannot be accounted for by a decline in fishing pressure after the first 3 years, a declining catch rate has also contributed to the decline in the harvest.

During the 7-yr study the Galveston Bay system accounted for 49% of the annual harvest. The amount of the annual harvest coming from any other bay system ranged from 6 to 11% each.

The weekend sport boat fisherman harvested more spotted seatrout (by number or weight) than any other species. The species composition (% by numbers) in the sport harvest was 38% spotted seatrout, 21% Atlantic croaker, 19% sand seatrout, 5% red drum, and all other species was less than 4% each.

The largest fish harvested by weekend sport boat fishermen was black drum (3.6 lb.). Gafftopsail catfish and red drum had mean weights of 2.7 and 2.1 lb respectively. The mean weights for sheepshead, flounder, and spotted seatrout were 1.6, 1.4 and 1.1 lb. The smallest of the economically important fish were sand seatrout (0.7 lb) and Atlantic croaker (0.5 lb). The combined mean weights of all other species harvested by weekend sport boat fishermen was 1.4 lb.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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WEEKEND SPORT BOAT FISHERMEN FINFISH CATCH STATISTICS FOR TEXAS BAY SYSTEMS, MAY 1974-MAY 1981

ABSTRACT

Creel surveys conducted in Texas bays since fall 1974 have shown a decline in annual landings by weekend sport boat fishermen. The estimated annual landings during 1974-76 for seven bay systems were 2.6 million fishes (1.3 million kg). During 1980-81 annual landings for these same seven bay systems were 1.0 million fishes (0.6 million kg). This decline in landings was accompanied by a decline in the mean annual catch rates and possibly in fishing pressure. The mean annual catch rate fell from an estimated 0.98 fish/man-h during 1974-75 to an estimated 0.44 fish/man-h during 1980-81. Pressure fell from 3.2 million fishing trip man-h during 1974-76 to 2.4 million fishing trip man-h during 1980-81. The Galveston Bay system had the highest fishing pressure (a mean of 0.95 million fishing trip man-h/year) and the Matagorda Bay system had the lowest fishing pressure (a mean of 0.17 million fishing trip man-h/year). Spotted seatrout was the most frequent fish landed (> 38%) in every bay system, and with the exception of several species grouped in an "other fishes" category, gafftopsail catfish was landed the least (< 2%). Red drum accounted for < 5% and black drum accounted for < 4% of the total annual landings.

INTRODUCTION

The Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) has conducted surveys of the weekend sport boat fishermen in the bays of Texas since 1974 (Heffernan et al. 1976, Breuer et al. 1977, Green et al. 1978, McEachron 1980a, McEachron 1980b, McEachron and Green 1981). These surveys were jointly funded by the TPWD and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration under the "Commercial Fisheries Research and Development Act" (P.L. 88-309). These on-going surveys were designed to monitor the harvest, catch rates, mean size and composition of economically important species on a yearly basis in Galveston, Matagorda, San Antonio, Aransas, and Corpus Christi Bays and in upper and lower Laguna Madre.

The objectives of the surveys were to:

- determine the total daylight harvest, catch per unit effort and size of economically important finfishes by species and method of capture of weekend bay sport boat fishermen in Galveston Bay, Matagorda Bay, San Antonio Bay, Aransas Bay, Corpus Christi Bay, upper Laguna Madre and lower Laguna Madre;
- determine the species, size and catch per unit effort of commercially important finfishes caught in Gulf waters by sport fishermen using private boats; and
- 3. publish the results in report form which will assist resource managers in effectively regulating the harvest of commercially important finfishes.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

From May 1974 through May 1981 inventoried boat ramps were surveyed in the Galveston, Matagorda (including East Matagorda), San Antonio, Aransas, Corpus Christi, upper Laguna Madre and lower Laguna Madre Bay systems (Appendices A and B). Area descriptions for each bay (Matlock and Weaver 1979) are presented in Appendix C.

Each project year was divided into a high use season (15 May-20 November) and a low use season (21 November-14 May) based on fishing pressure, harvest and catch rate analyses of Green in McEachron (1979, unpublished data). Interviews occurred and roving counts were made on randomly selected weekend days during each season in each bay system. Roving counts and interviews were not necessarily conducted on the same day.

The sampling design for weekend sport boat fishermen was described by Green in Heffernan et al. (1976) and was modified by Green et al. (1978). A roving clerk traveled through each bay system at a constant rate on randomly selected weekend days and counted boat trailers to obtain fishing pressure estimates. Department personnel were stationed at randomly selected boat ramps on randomly selected weekend days to collect catch data by interviewing fishing parties that had completed a trip.

Interviewers recorded species (Hoese and Moore 1977, Bailey et al. 1970), number and weight (kg) of all fish brought back by fishing parties as well as number of persons in the party, fishing location, gear used and trip length. Sport caught fish were measured (total length) to the nearest mm. All measurements were taken in the field during scheduled sample periods.

Interview sites were selected at random but were weighted according to mean boat trailer counts obtained during the previous 3 years. (Texas Parks and Wildlife Department unpublished data). This resulted in boat ramps with high mean trailer counts being visited more often than boat ramps with low mean trailer counts. Interviews were conducted from 1000 to 1800 CST (daylight savings time when in effect). Evaluation of data obtained during the first 2-yr study (Heffernan et al. 1976, Breuer et al. 1977) indicated that sampling during these time periods would increase the amount of data collected per unit of sampling effort.

All fishermen fishing inside (bayward) of the surfline were considered to be bay fishermen. Gulf of Mexico fishermen were divided into two categories--pass and jetty fishermen and other Gulf of Mexico fishermen. Pass and jetty fishermen fished outside (Gulfward) of the surfline but within 1.6 km of an "open" (bay and Gulf connected by water) pass or jettied area. Other Gulf of Mexico fishermen were those who fished in the Gulf beyond the 1.6 km designation.

In previous surveys conducted by TPWD the sport fish harvest was estimated as the product of the mean catch rate and the fishing pressure in man-hours (Heffernan et al. 1976). Since interview sites were selected at random in proportion to total fishing pressure, this technique was dependent upon a roving clerk traveling through the fishery getting measures of fishing pressure occurring at all sites at any given time during the survey period. In the fall of 1979 gas shortages and irregular operating hours by gas stations made it impossible to strictly comply with these procedures. The potential for similar problems arising in the future is likely (1979 was the second gas shortage within a 4-year period). This situation required the development of an alternate method of estimating the sport fish harvest and the fishing pressure which would not depend upon the extensive use of an automobile. Data collected since 1974 by Texas Parks and Wildife Department were used to estimate a set of probabilities that described the patterns of fishing pressure that occurred within a day and at each inventoried fishing site.

These analyses resulted in the development of the following equations for estimating the harvest (H):

$$H = \sum_{i=1}^{4} D_i \cdot \overline{h}_i,$$

where

$$\overline{h}_{i} = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \prod_{j=1}^{n} h_{ij} p_{j} / e_{j}$$

The variable \tilde{h} , was the mean number of fish landed per day in the ith stratum (weekend, weekdays, high and low use seasons) and D, was the total number of days that occurred in the ith stratum. The number of fish landed per day in the bay system within a given stratum (h_{ij}) was estimated by adjusting the total number of fish actually observed at the site by the proportion of parties missed (p_i) by the interviewers that day and by the estimated proportion of total fishing activity in the bay system that occurred at that site (e_i) . The total number of days and sites sampled was n. The adjustment for missed interviews was calculated as the reciprocal of the total number of parties not interviewed divided by the total number of parties seen (interviewed and not interviewed). The proportion of total fishing activity occurring at site j (e_j) was estimated as

$$e_j = FH_j / \sum_{i=1}^{k} FH_i$$

where the total number of trailers or fishermen (FH_j) observed at site j for the most recent 3-yr period (FH_j) was divided by the total number of trailers or fishermen observed at all sites (j=1,2,3,...k) within the strata during the most recent 3-yr period.

The technique used to estimate harvest essentially corresponds to procedures described by Kish (1965) for selecting samples from clusters proportional to size. Data collected during September 1974 through August 1976 were used to test this procedure by comparing estimates made with this procedure and estimates made using the former procedure. The proportional probability estimates were consistently greater than previously made estimates indicating a positive bias. The source of this bias could be caused by two different phenomena. The proportion of fishing pressure that occurs at each ramp could be wrong and/or the number of samples selected at each site was not in proportion to the actual pressure at each site. Both of these occurred to some extent during the earlier phases of the first 2 years of the surveys because there was no historical data to estimate fishing activity by site and equal probabilities were used to select sites during the first 90 days. This situation was improved later with the collection of pressure data and the bias that is introduced from these two sources was reduced in later years.

A roving clerk is still required to inventory fishing sites but the objective is no longer to estimate the total pressure occurring at each site but to estimate what proportion of the total pressure is occurring at each site. This can be done with fewer roves and care does not have to be taken to insure that counts occur at each site at random times of the day throughout the survey period if the rove can be accomplished during a short time period with little change in boating activity occurring during the rove. This reduces the use of the automobile from 1/3 to 1/6 of the previous requirements depending on the actual rove schedule adopted.

Data collected from this survey, on an annual basis, are comparable to previous survey data. However, one assumption must be made when comparing catch data from year to year. The mean catch rate and mean fish size for parties returning before (10:00 a.m. CST) or after (6:00 p.m. CST) the interview period must be the same as those found for parties returning during the interview period.

For the purpose of annual coastwide harvest and fishing pressure comparisons the data of 1974-75 and 1975-76 have been combined. Four of the Texas bays were surveyed in 1974-75 (Galveston Bay, San Antonio Bay, Aransas Bay and upper Laguna Madre) and three were surveyed in 1975-76 (Matagorda Bay, Corpus Christi Bay and lower Laguna Madre). From 1976-77 through 1980-81 all the bay systems were surveyed each year.

Any differences in the estimates in this report compared with previously published estimates for the same item are due to updating of the data base and the most recent report should be considered the most accurate.

RESULTS

Bay Fishery

From 15 May 1974 through 15 May 1981, surveys were conducted on 1,278 weekend days in the Galveston, Matagorda, San Antonio, Aransas, Corpus Christi, upper Laguna Madre and lower Laguna Madre Bay systems (Appendix D). This effort resulted in the completion of over 11,000 interviews (>37,000 fishermen) and the measuring of more than 96,000 fishes.

The estimated coastwide annual weekend sport boat fishing pressure decreased 36% from $\sim 3,200,000$ man-h in 1974-75 and 1975-76 to $\sim 2,000,000$ man-h in 1979-80; fishing pressure then increased slightly to $\sim 2,400,000$ man-h in 1980-81 (Table 1). The high use season constituted 59-79% (1,382,300-1,889,600 man-h) of the coastwide weekend boat fishing pressure in each year. Fishing pressure in Galveston Bay ranged from 32-49% (758,000-1,190,500 man-h) of the annual coastwide fishing pressure.

On a coastwide basis, estimated finfish landings (by number) by weekend sport boat fishermen decreased 60-62% from 2,636,800 fish (1,273,000 kg) in 1974-75 and 1975-76 to 1,045,700 fish (645,900 kg) in 1980-81 (Tables 2 and 3). Galveston Bay fishermen accounted for 34-60% (353,700-1,300,300 fish) of the annual landings in each year. By number, the high use season constituted 73-78% (812,100 fish, 352,000 kg to 1,912,600 fish, 879,600 kg) of the annual landings in each year (Tables 4-7).

Spotted seatrout (Cynoscion nebulosus), Atlantic croaker (Micropogon undulatus) and sand seatrout (C. arenarius) constituted 67-82% of the total landings, by number in each year. From 1974-76 to 1980-81 spotted seatrout landings decreased 65% from 1,195,300 fish (574,100 kg) to 417,300 fish (198,200 kg); red drum (Sciaenops ocellata) landings decreased 51% from 148,300 fish (138,200 kg) to 72,400 (76,600 kg); southern flounder (Paralichthys lethostigma) landings decreased 61% from 115,900 fish (77,400 kg) to 45,300 (27,100 kg); Atlantic croaker landings decreased 60% from 383,500 fish (80,500 kg) to 155,200 (32,700 kg); sand seatrout landings decreased 78% from 563,200 fish (192,700 kg) to 126,100 (32,200 kg); and gafftopsail catfish (Bagre marinus) landings decreased 76% from 13,400 fish (39,700 kg) to 7,500 (7,600 kg). Landings of other species either remained the same or showed a slight increase.

The annual coastwide mean catch rate, for all species combined, decreased 45% from 0.83 fish/man-h (0.42 kg/man-h) in 1976-77 to 0.44 fish/man-h (0.27 kg/man-h) in 1980-81 (Tables 8 and 9). Coastwide catch rates for spotted seatrout declined 38% from 0.34 fish/man-h (0.17 kg/man-h) in 1976-77 to 0.18 fish/man-h (0.08 kg/man-h) in 1980-81; Atlantic croaker declined 61% from 0.16 fish/man-h (0.04 kg/man-h) to 0.07 fish/man-h (0.01 kg/man-h); sand seatrout declined 74% from 0.18 fish/man-h (0.06 kg/man-h) to 0.05 fish/man-h (0.01 kg/man-h); catch rates of all other species ranged from 0.01 to 0.05 fish/man-h. The annual catch rate, for all species combined and the spotted seatrout catch rate declined from 1974 to 1981 in every bay system except lower Laguna Madre. All other species catch rates varied among bays and among years.

Generally, catch rates during the high use season followed the same pattern as the annual catch rates (Tables 10 and 11). The catch rates during the low use season did not follow any consistent pattern but varied among bays and among years (Tables 12 and 13).

The annual coastwide mean weights for all species varied among bays and among years (Table 14). Black drum (Pogonias cromis) (0.70-2.95 kg), gafftopsail catfish (0.90-1.48 kg) and red drum (0.75-1.07 kg) were the heaviest fishes landed coastwide and Atlantic croaker (0.20-0.28 kg) was the smallest fish landed coastwide. The mean weights of fishes retained during the high and low use seasons varied among years and among bays (Tables 15 and 16).

Pass, Jetty and Gulf of Mexico Sport Boat Fisheries

Pass and Jetty

Pass and jetty sport boat fishermen caught mostly the same species as bay fishermen. They occasionally caught Spanish mackeral (Scomberomorus maculatus), whiting (Menticirrhus sp.), cobia (Rachycentran canadum) and tarpon (Megalops atlanticus). During the high use season mean catch rates, for all species combined, were 0.67 fish/man-h except for the Corpus Christi Bay area in 1978 (1.19 fish/man-h) and 1980 (0.93 fish/man-h) (Table 17). In each year, fishermen adjacent to the Corpus Christi Bay system had the highest mean catch rates of fishermen in all other areas (0.67-1.19 fish/man-h). Catch rates varied widely during the low use season among bays and years (0.00 to 1.42 fish/man-h, Table 18). Generally, fishermen experienced lower catch rates during the low use season. Only two of the low use mean catch rates for a species were greater than corresponding catch rates during the high use season (Black drum; Galveston 1979 and Matagorda 1978).

Gulf of Mexico

During the high use season (1978-80) mean catch rates for all species combined ranged from 0.13 to 0.54 fish/man-h (Table 19). Lowest catch rates (0.13-0.21 fish/man-h) were recorded for Gulf of Mexico fishermen near the Corpus Christi area. Generally, catch rates for king mackerel (S. cavalla), red snapper (Lutjanus campechanus) and "other" fishes were higher than for any other species (0.01-0.33 fish/man-h). King mackerel

mean weights generally declined from 1978 (4.18-6.86 kg) through 1980 (2.50-4.57 kg). Cobia and "other" fishes were the heaviest landed in all areas.

During the low use season mean catch rates ranged from 0.00 to 2.50 fish/man-h (Table 20). Catch rates varied among years and among Gulf areas with the exception of red snapper, sand seatrout and "other" fishes. Catch rates for any species were generally <0.01 fish/man-h.

DISCUSSION

The decline in the Texas weekend sport boat fish landings was caused by a decline in fish availability and a decline in fishing pressure. The decline in sport fish landings was not restricted to boat fishing. The decline in catch rates and pressure were also noted in wade-bank and lighted pier fishing (McEachron and Green 1981 and Appendix E).

Small sample sizes and procedural problems (i.e., not knowing basic fishing behavior of Texas fishermen) in the beginning years of this survey could have caused these conclusions to be suspect if they had not been supported by other independent information.

The TPWD has been conducting monitoring surveys of economically important finfish in Texas bays with gill and trammel nets since fall 1975 (Matlock and Weaver 1979, Hegen and Matlock 1980, Hegen 1981). Data in these reports show a coastwide decline in catch rates for spotted seatrout (which constitute 45-75% of sport landings) and red drum (which constitute 5-10% of sport landings). Gill net catch rates for spotted seatrout have declined steadily from the fall of 1975 to the fall of 1979. The fall of 1980 marked the first time that a coastwide catch rate for spotted seatrout was greater than the catch rate observed the previous fall. Catch rates for red drum showed a similar pattern except a slight increase in the gill net catch rates was noted in the fall of 1978 and there seems to have been a slow steady increase in red drum catch rates since then. Gill net catch rates observed in the fall of 1980 for these two species were not as high as in the fall of 1975 indicating that they are still not as abundant as they were when the creel surveys started in 1975. Even though gill net catch rates indicated that the abundance of these fish may be increasing, sport catch rates continue to be low. This may be caused by a change in feeding behavior caused by a density threshold. Radovich (1975) reported that some species of fish may not feed as aggressively when a population is below a certain threshold density. It could be that the threshold density required to obtain "good fishing" lies somewhere between current levels and the levels observed in 1975.

The decline in coastal fishing pressure was not associated with a real decline in the number of fishermen. Therefore, the decline must have been a result of fisherman inactivity (i.e., not going fishing as often) or a shift in fishing preference (i.e., going fishing in a lake or river). The TPWD reported ~ 1.6 million fishing licenses sold in 1975 and ~ 1.7 million in 1980. One of the most important factors which would contribute to a change in fisherman behavior would be the cost of a fishing

trip. Ditton et al. (1980) reported that approximately one-half of fishing trip expenditures for boat fishermen in the Houston-Galveston area of the Texas coast was for fuel. Regular gasoline prices have increased 131% since 1974 (U.S. Dept. of Energy 1977, 1980, 1981). Regular gasoline cost \$0.14/1 in 1974 and \$0.34/1 in 1980. Fishermen have experienced a direct increase in expenses from the increase in fuel costs when buying gasoline for cars and boats as well as an increase in costs of other goods associated with fishing (i.e., tackle, food and lodging). These increases in fishing costs have probably caused fishermen to go fishing less often or to go fishing closer to home.

It would seem that the results observed in this survey could best be explained as a result of coastal fishermen going fishing less often in later years because of declining fishing success and increased trip costs. Since there was no apparent decrease in the total number of Texas fishermen during the period of the survey (TPWD License Sales), the decline in fishing pressure indicated that fishermen did not go saltwater fishing as often or they shifted their efforts to freshwater areas closer to home in later years.

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Table 1. Total pressure estimates in man-h (x 1000) for weekend sport boat fishing by season and year in seven Texas bay systems (May 1974-May 1981).

	<u> </u>	Season		Annual ^a
Bay System	High use		Low use	Total
Galveston				
1974-75	684.8		505.5	1190.3
1975-76	NS		NS NS	NS
1976-77	481.7		82.5	564.2
1977-78	1019.2		171.3	1190.5
1978-79	893.6	:	184.7	1078.4
1979-80	675.6		225.6	901.3
1980-81	465.4		292.6	758.0
Matagorda				
1974-75	NS		NS	. NS
1975-76	357.2		123.4	480.7
1976-77	171.1		52.4	223.5
1977-78	206.6	,	75.4	282.0
1978-79	257.4		71.9	329.4
1979-80	165.0		80.8	245.8
1980-81	292 .9		59.6	352.5
San Antonio				
1974-75	156.4		59.1	215.6
1975-76	NS		NS	NS
1976-77	119.8		43.6	163.4
1977-78	116.4	,	51.0	167.5
1978-79	120.6		35.8	156.4
1979-80	81.4		53.8	135.2
1980-81	83.3		86.9	170.2
iransas				
1974-75	170.6	•	73.0	243.6
1975-76	. NS		NS	NS
1976-77	161.4		58.6	220.0
1977-78	126.9		54.6	181.6
1978-79	131.3		42.0	173.4
1979-80	125.8		20.0	145.9
1980-81	119.3		27.6	146.9

Table 1. (Cont'd).

	Seas	Annual ^a	
Bay System	High use	Low use	Total
Corpus Christi			
1974-75	NS	. NS	NS
1975-76	103.8	50.8	154.7
1976-77	92.3	37.4	129.7
1977 - 78	83.8	27.0	110.9
1978-79	113.0	58.7	171.7
1979-80	79.4	79.3	158.8
1980-81	81.9	72.7	154.7
upper Laguna Madre			
1974-75	117.1	297.9	415.0
1975-76	NS	NS	NS
1976-77	171.8	62.3	234.1
1977-78	98.2	101.1	199.4
1978-79	132.4	65.9	198.4
1979-80	139.3	108.3	247.6
1980-81	392.9	166.4	559.3
lower Laguna Madre			
1974-75	NS	NS	NS
1975-76	299.6	182.7	482.3
1976-77	288.3	143.1	431.4
1977-78	208.4	112.7	321.2
1978-79	240.9	48.3	289.2
1979-80	115.6	107.8	223.5
1980-81	134.6	83.8	218.4
Grand Total ^a			
1974-75 ^b	1129.0	935.6	2064.7
1975-76 ^C	760.8	357.0	1117.8
1976-77	1486.0	479.9	1965.9
1977-78	1859.7	593.5	2453.3
1978-79	1889.6	507.6	2397.2
1979-80	1382.3	676.0	2058.3
1980-81	1570.5	789.9	2360.4
_ _	20,010	103.3	2300.4

^aDue to rounding of numbers these totals may not exactly equal bay system totals.

 $^{^{\}mathrm{b}}\mathrm{Only}$ four bay systems are represented in the 1974-75 totals.

 $^{^{\}mathrm{C}}$ Only three bay systems are represented in the 1975-76 totals.

Table 2. Estimated annual harvest of fishes (No. x 1000) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples.

			 	Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Spotted seatrout								•
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	347.3 NS 50.5 98.6 111.7 90.7 39.2	NS 175.5 19.6 71.5 55.9 28.1 33.3	184.2 NS .53.2 32.9 13.6 34.4 36.6	180.5 NS 92.8 62.1 49.3 69.0 30.4	NS 42.5 43.3 42.1 31.6 32.7 28.3	145.8 NS 200.1 49.7 29.5 84.6 181.3	NS 118.2 200.2 101.7 75.7 82.8 67.9	858.9 336.4 659.7 459.0 367.8 422.5 417.3
Red drum								+ * <u>-</u>
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	34.8 NS 10.3 31.3 13.0 9.6 11.1	NS 29.4 11.2 7.1 14.4 19.3 20.1	26.8 NS 18.6 10.6 15.8 11.2 8.1	12.3 NS 11.0 14.2 2.7 5.3 4.4	NS 9.1 5.3 2.1 2.4 6.7 4.8	17.0 NS 4.1 2.1 1.6 7.0 17.6	NS 18.7 10.0 8.3 3.7 7.3 5.9	91.0 57.3 70.5 76.1 53.8 66.7 72.4
Black drum						,		
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	32.0 NS 28.2 47.1 39.8 33.6 44.4	NS 9.2 6.5 11.0 8.6 8.1 28.8	1.6 NS 15.6 3.3 2.3 1.4 2.0	1.3 NS 3.0 2.2 0.7 9.6 0.2	NS 5.4 2.5 2.4 1.2 3.6 4.3	8.7 NS 6.9 3.4 2.6 1.4 3.4	NS 5.1 4.2 5.3 2.4 2.9 4.2	43.8 19.9 66.9 75.0 57.7 60.8 87.5

Table 2. (Cont'd).

	Bay system									
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total		
Southern flounder										
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	25.3 NS 15.9 21.1 19.3 16.7 13.4	NS 22.8 9.9 9.6 12.7 11.0 6.1	7.3 NS 4.8 4.7 2.1 2.2 5.2	17.7 NS 4.1 6.1 3.9 1.8 6.2	NS 1.7 3.6 2.0 8.3 6.6 1.7	37.1 NS 1.2 2.2 1.5 3.5 7.6	NS 3.6 2.9 5.1 4.9 6.9 4.8	87.7 28.2 42.5 51.2 53.0 49.0 45.3		
Sheepshead								,510		
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	5.1 NS 9.9 78.1 16.9 14.6 10.2	NS 10.8 9.5 10.4 13.1 5.7 12.9	2.3 NS 1.0 3.2 0.9 1.3 0.9	9.0 NS 5.2 5.3 2.3 2.3	NS 4.6 2.8 1.6 3.4 5.1 17.6	3.0 NS 1.6 2.1 1.4 0.7 5.3	NS 2.0 4.5 5.4 4.3 13.9	19.5 17.5 34.5 106.4 42.6 44.0 54.3		
Atlantic croaker										
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	313.3 NS 267.9 437.5 240.9 244.4 108.8	NS 16.7 11.1 12.0 12.5 6.7 13.7	2.7 NS .6 0.4 1.4 1.7 0.4	3.0 NS 3.2 2.0 0.6 1.3 0.6	NS 9.1 11.6 8.0 8.3 8.8 13.4	29.7 NS 16.9 17.4 33.8 6.7 16.1	NS 8.9 8.7 5.6 4.4 2.2 1.9	348.8 34.7 320.0 483.3 302.2 272.1 155.2		

Table 2. (Cont'd).

				Rav	system	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Sand seatrout								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	451.1 NS 250.1 143.1 287.4 134.6 74.3	NS 29.2 13.3 13.9 10.7 8.6 2.5	1.6 NS .1 1.2 .1 2.0 0.2	6.6 NS 24.7 5.9 4.3 0.4 8.4	NS 49.3 47.2 20.9 14.9 16.1 32.9	5.7 NS 9.6 2.3 1.8 2.6 2.5	NS 19.4 9.8 22.8 2.7 2.2 5.0	465.1 98.1 354.7 210.5 322.1 166.8 126.1
Gafftopsail catfish						<u>:</u> .		
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	15.6 NS 8.3 3.3 13.0 3.1 4.5	NS 8.2 21.1 15.5 13.8 1.3 0.8	3.3 NS 2.6 2.9 1.7 0.7 0.3	0.8 NS 1.8 0.9 2.4 0.1 0.5	NS 3.3 3.1 0.6 3.2 1.6 1.1	0.0 NS 0.0 0.0 .1 .1	NS 0.0 .1 0.0 0.1 0.0	19.9 11.5 36.9 23.4 34.6 7.1 7.5
Other species			•			•		
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	75.3 NS 13.5 29.3 30.8 49.6 47.3	NS 1.1 4.1 10.3 7.8 6.8 4.6	4.1 NS 3.7 3.0 1.4 1.2 1.9	3.4 NS 2.9 2.3 1.9 0.9	NS 7.8 3.8 1.9 5.1 5.5 10.2	1.4 NS 2.2 2.9 0.1 1.1 12.5	NS 4.3 10.2 2.5 1.1 1.4 1.9	84.4 13.4 40.4 52.5 48.5 66.7 79.8

Table 2. (Cont'd).

	Bay system									
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total		
All species combined ^a								•••		
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	1300.3 NS 654.7 889.6 773.2 597.3 353.7	NS 303.4 111.6 161.8 150.0 96.0 123.1	234.3 NS 100.3 62.8 39.6 56.5 56.1	235.0 NS 149.0 101.6 68.5 91.1 54.1	NS 133.2 122.7 82.2 78.7 87.1 114.7	249.7 NS 242.8 82.5 72.7 107.9 246.7	NS 180.6 250.8 157.1 99.7 119.9 97.0	2019.5 617.3 1631.9 1537.9 1282.7 1156.1 1045.7		

^aDue to rounding of numbers these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Table 3. Estimated annual harvest of fishes (kg x 1000) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples.

			•		•			
				Bay	system	<u>-</u>		
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Spotted seatrout				•				
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81 Red drum	217.2 NS 29.2 67.3 79.5 42.3 26.0	NS 66.7 8.5 33.9 23.5 12.6 14.7	76.2 NS 25.2 15.3 5.4 15.3 17.2	53.2 NS 28.7 19.7 15.3 25.7	NS 17.0 21.0 18.4 14.4 17.1 14.2	79.2 NS 113.7 22.4 16.2 43.9 80.4	NS 64.6 101.5 54.3 34.6 36.5 33.0	425.8 148.3 327.8 231.3 188.9 193.4 198.2
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	24.3 NS 13.4 33.7 15.9 5.7	NS 2.4 11.0 8.2 11.8 15.9 25.2	29.7 NS 22.2 7.6 12.0 9.5 9.3	14.2 NS 10.7 14.6 2.0 3.7 4.4	NS 10.0 5.5 2.2 3.0 5.8 4.9	19.0 NS 4.3 2.3 1.7 5.0 16.1	NS 18.6 8.4 9.4 5.0 4.4 5.1	87.2 51.0 75.5 78.0 51.4 50.0 76.6
Black drum								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	59.6 NS 22.4 48.5 137.9 12.9 183.7	NS 7.9 2.7 7.6 14.1 3.9 11.6	1.9 NS 26.7 4.0 7.9 2.7 2.2	1.1 NS 2.7 1.2 0.3 4.8 0.2	NS 7.9 7.3 9.2 2.0 15.9 3.1	17.6 NS 5.6 4.9 3.9 0.9	NS 9.4 15.4 24.7 4.0 1.5 2.1	80.2 25.2 82.8 100.1 170.1 42.6 205.1

Table 3. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Southern flounder								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	12.7 NS 10.7 13.7 11.1 8.8 8.3	NS 17.0 5.1 5.0 5.3 6.6 3.1	4.5 NS 3.3 2.8 1.2 1.2 3.4	11.3 NS 2.0 3.9 2.1 0.9 3.5	NS 0.7 2.6 1.2 4.7 4.3 1.0	27.8 NS 0.7 1.5 1.1 2.6 4.5	NS 3.4 2.2 4.3 2.6 4.2 3.3	56.3 21.1 26.6 32.4 28.1 28.6 27.1
Sheepshead								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	3.4° NS 8.1 67.5 13.3 13.2 7.9	NS 4.3 9.7 6.5 8.0 4.3 3.3	1.8 NS 1.1 2.3 0.8 1.3 0.5	5.1 NS 3.0 3.1 1.3 1.5	NS 3.5 2.5 1.1 2.5 5.0 13.5	4.0 NS 1.2 2.0 1.4 0.8 5.7	NS 2.2 4.3 3.9 3.6 8.6 4.4	14.3 10.0 29.9 86.4 30.8 34.7 36.8
Atlantic croaker								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	59.3 NS 61.7 96.3 43.3 49.9 21.8	NS 3.6 1.5 1.7 1.8 1.4 2.2	0.7 NS 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.5	0.5 NS 0.7 0.5 0.1 0.2	NS 2.7 3.0 1.7 2.2 1.8 4.0	10.2 NS 4.1 5.2 11.9 1.6 4.0	NS 3.5 2.7 1.3 1.2 0.6 0.4	70.7 9.8 73.9 107.0 60.8 56.0 32.7

Table 3. (Cont'd).

			***************************************	Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Sand seatrout								
1974-75	161.1	NS	0.5	1.7	NS	2.3	NS	165.6
1975-76	NS	7.3	NS	NS	14.3	NS	5.5	27.1
1976-77	90.0	3.2	0.1	5.2	15.3	2.4	3.0	119.1
1977-78	52.4	3.6	0.3	1.2	8.4	1.3	6.8	74.0
1978-79	83.9	2.9	0.1	1.3	4.5	0.7	0.6	94.0
1979-80	27.7	2.1	0.4	0.2	4.7	1.1	0.7	36.9
1980-81	17.9	0.6	0.1	1.8	9.6	0.8	1.4	32.2
Gafftopsail catfish						• •		
1974-75	21.0	NS	4.3	0.7	NS	0.0	NS	26.0
1975-76	, NS	9.5	NS	NS	4.2	NS	. 0.0	13.7
1976-77	16.5	26.3	3.2	2.7	4.1	0.0	.1	52.8
1977-78	3.3	21.1	4.1	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.0	30.2
1978-79	16.3	20.0	1.6	3.2	4.2	0.2	0.2	45.7
1979-80	0.7	1.6	1.0	0.3	2.7	0.1	0.0	6.4
1980-81	4.2	1.0	0.4	0.6	1.2	0.1	0.1	7.6
Other species						* .: -		* * .
1974-75	23.2	NS	2.5	1.2	NS	0.5	NS	27.4
1975-76	NS	0.3	NS	NS	2.7	NS	10.3	13.3
L976-77	9.0	1.1	3.1	1.1	1.0	0.3	8.0	23.6
L977-78	14.3	8.1	1.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	26.2
L978-79	31.0	3.2	1.0	0.6	1.7	0.1	0.6	38.2
L979-80	10.8	6.0	0.8	0.1	1.6	0.3	0.4	20.0
1980-81	16.6	5.2	1.4	0.4	2.8	2.7	0.5	29.6

Table 3. (Cont'd).

	T-222	Bay system									
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total			
All species combined											
1974-75	581.8	NS	122.1	89.0	NS	160.6	NS	953.5			
1975-76	NS	139.0	NS	NS	63.0	NS	117.5	319.5			
1976-77	261.0	69.1	85.0	56.8	62.3	132.3	145.5	775.6			
1977-78	397.0	95.7	38.2	45.6	43.5	40.2	105.4	765.6			
1978-79	432.2	90.6	30.3	26.2	39.2	37.2	52.3	708.0			
1979-80	172.0	54.4	32.7	37.4	58.9	56.3	56.9	468.6			
1980-81	298.0	66.9	34.6	25.3	54.3	116.5	50.3	645.9			

Table 4. Estimated harvest (No. x 1000) of fishes for the high use season (May 15-Nov. 20) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples.

				Вау	system	<u> </u>		
<u>Year</u>	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Spotted seatrout								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	330.3 NS 38.4 96.3 107.6 70.3 33.8	NS 152.0 15.3 62.7 40.7 17.6 30.0	123.8 NS 52.3 28.0 12.6 31.1 28.8	146.1 NS 83.6 55.8 41.0 59.0 28.1	NS 27.5 40.6 38.1 28.9 20.9 18.4	36.8 NS 189.4 31.4 18.4 39.8 119.0	NS 77.6 123.5 85.8 67.6 46.8 56.7	637.2 257.1 543.1 398.5 317.1 285.7 215.1
Red drum								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	21.6 NS 9.5 29.3 12.1 8.9 6.0	NS 14.1 9.3 4.4 10.5 12.4 18.6	20.2 NS 17.7 4.0 2.2 5.4 3.4	103. NS 9.5 9.3 1.1 2.6 3.9	NS 7.2 5.1 1.8 2.1 2.0 3.4	9.5 NS 2.5 1.4 1.4 0.5	NS 13.0 8.0 5.6 2.9 1.4 4.5	61.7 34.4 61.6 56.0 32.5 33.4 54.6
Black drum								.•
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980	12.1 NS 27.7 41.8 20.7 32.9 14.2	NS 5.4 4.3 9.5 8.4 2.9 23.2	1.3 NS 14.3 1.0 1.3 0.6 0.7	0.3 NS 2.3 1.2 0.3 9.6 0.1	NS 4.5 1.9 1.1 0.8 1.0 3.0	1.0 NS 6.2 1.1 0.8 0.5 2.9	NS 3.4 1.7 1.3 0.9 .1 3.6	14.8 13.4 58.4 57.2 33.5 47.7 48.0

Table 4. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^c Total
Southern flounder								
1974	18.8	NS	6.0	16.5	NS	22.6	NS	64.0
1975	NS	14.3	NS	NS	0.5	NS	2.5	17.5
1976	15.0	3.9	4.3	3.5	3.2	1.2	2.9	34.0
1977	17.6	6.9	3.8	5.5	1.6	1.5	3.7	41.1
1978	16.7	8.8	2.1	2.0	7.6	0.5	4.1	42.0
1979	15.0	9.0	1.2	1.4	4.6	2.3	4.5	38.3
1980	9.4	5.2	5.1	3.5	1.2	5.7	3.8	34.1
Sheepshead								
1974	0.1	NS	1.2	1.6	NS	1.1	NS	4.1
1975	NS	8.1	NS	NS	2.0	NS	0.6	10.8
1976	8.8	8.8	1.0	4.1	1.9	1.2	3.5	29.3
1977	73.1	8.3	1.5	2.3	1.3	0.7	1.1	88.7
1978	13.6	9.7	0.3	0.6	2.3	0.1	1.1	27.9
1979	14.1	3.0	1.2	2.3	1.6	0.3	1.4	24.1
1980	7.8	5.2	0.5	2.1	0.4	3.7	2.4	22.3
Atlantic croaker								
1974	199.8	NS	2.5	2.9	NS	27.6	NS	233.1
1975	NS	13.8	NS	NS	3.7	NS	8.0	25.6
1976	265.1	8.3	0.3	3.2	10.7	16.1	7.7	311.4
L977	434.2	11.3	0.4	2.0	7.5	16.1	5.2	477.1
1978	238.3	12.5	1.4	0.6	8.3	33.8	4.2	299.4
L979	231.9	4.1	1.2	1.3	3.9	6.3	2.0	251.0
L 98 0	108.5	13.4	0.4	0.6	13.0	15.1	1.4	152.5

Table 4. (Cont'd).

Year Sand seatrout 1974 1975 1976	Galveston 393.6 NS 249.1 129.7 229.7	Matagorda NS 28.9 13.3	San Antonio 1.0 NS	Aransas 5.8	System Corpus Christi NS	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre NS	Coastwide ^a Total
1974 1975 1976 1977	NS 2 49. 1 129.7	28.9 13.3	NS		NS	3.4	NC	
1975 1976 1977	NS 2 49. 1 129.7	28.9 13.3	NS		NS	3.4	NC	
1975 1976 1977	NS 2 49. 1 129.7	28.9 13.3	NS				IN S	403.9
1976 1977	249.1 129.7	13.3		NS	41.4	NS	17.1	87.5
.977	129.7		.1	24.7	30.0	9.6	9.4	336.1
	229.7	11.5	0.9	5.4	19.3	1.8	21.3	190.2
1978		10.7	.1	1.3	13.8	0.9	2.2	259.0
1979	119.2	8.5	2.0	0.4	13.3	1.4	0.9	145.9
1980	74.0	2.5	0.2	8.4	22.3	2.4	4.4	114.5
Gafftopsail catfish .								
L974	14.6	NS	1.9	0.8	NS	0.0	NS	17.4
L975	NS	4.2	NS	NS	0.0	NS	0.0	4.2
L976	6.6	20.6	1.0	1.6	2.0	0.0	1	31.8
1977	2.3	13.6	2.5	0.2	0.5	0.0	$0.\overline{0}$	19.3
L978	3.5	13.6	1.5	0.9	2.2	.1	0.2	22.1
.979	3.1	1.3	0.1	0.1	0.9	.1	0.0	5.8
.980	4.5	0.4	.1	0.3	0.6	.1	.1	6.2
Other species	·			*				, f
.974	11.0	NS	3.6	2.4	NS	1.4	NS	18.5
975	NS	0.4	NS	NS NS	4.5	NS	1.7	6.7
.976	13.4	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.1	2.2	3.6	30.7
.977	9.0	9.3	1.8	1.4	1.2	2.9	1.5	27.4
.978	24.0	7.8	1.2	0.8	1.0	0.1	1.0	26.2
979	45.6	3.9	0.8	0.9	3.5	0.6		36.2
1980	39.6	4.3	1.0	1.0	7.3	10.9	0.8 0.2	56.4 64.5

Table 4. (Cont'd).

	Bay system									
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total		
All species combined ^a										
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	1002.4 NS 633.7 833.7 666.6 541.3 298.2	NS 241.7 91.7 137.9 123.1 53.2 103.0	1617 NS 93.8 44.3 22.8 44.0 40.5	187.1 NS 135.5 83.6 49.0 77.8 48.3	NS 91.6 98.0 72.9 67.3 52.0 70.0	103.7 NS 228.5 57.4 56.3 52.0 174.4	NS 124.2 160.4 125.8 84.6 58.1 77.3	1455.1 457.5 1441.6 1355.9 1070.0 888.7 812.1		

^aDue to rounding of numbers these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Table 5. Estimated harvest (No. \times 1000) of fishes for the low use season (Nov. 21-May 14) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples.

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Spotted seatrout				·				
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	17.0	NS	60.4	34.3	NS	109.9	NS	221.7
1976	NS	23.5	NS	NS	15.0	NS	40.6	79.2
1977	12.1	4.3	0.9	9.2	2.7	10.7	76.7	116.6
1978	2.2	8.8	4.9	6.3	4.0	18.2	15.9	60.5
1979	4.1	15.2	1.0	8.2	2.7	11.1	8.1	50.6
1980	20.3	10.5	3.3	9.9	11.7	44.8	35.9	136.8
1981	5.4	3.2	7.8	2.3	9.8	62.2	11.2	102.2
Red drum	•							
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	13.2	NS	6.5	2.0	NS	7.4	NS	29.3
1976	NS	15.2	NS	. NS	1.8	NS	5.6	22.8
1977	0.8	1.9	0.9	1.5	0.2	1.6	2.0	8.9
1978	1.9	2.6	6.6	4.9	0.2	0.6	2.7	20.0
1979	0.9	3.8	13.5	1.5	0.3	0.1	.0.8	21.2
1980	0.7	6.8	5.8	2.6	4.7	6.4	5.9	33.2
1981	5.0	1.4	4.7	0.4	1.4	3.2	1.3	17.7
Black drum					•	-		
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	19.8	NS	0.3	0.9	NS	7.7	NS	28.9
1976	. NS	3.8	NS	ŇŠ	0.8	NS	1.7	6.5
1977	0.5	2.2	1.3	0.7	0.6	0.7	2.5	8.5
1978	5.3	1.5	2.3	0.9	1.2	2.3	3.9	17.8
1979	19.0	0.1	0.9	0.3	0.3	1.7	1.4	24.2
1980	0.6	5.1	0.8	0.0	2.6	0.8	2.8	13.0
1981	30.1	5.6	1.3	.1	1.2	0.5	0.5	39.5

Table 5. (Cont'd).

	Bay system										
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total			
Southern flounder					•						
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS			
1975	6.5	. NS	1.3	1.2	NS	14.5	NS	23.7			
1976	NS	8.5	NS	NS	1.1	NS	1.0	10.7			
1977	0.9	6.0	0.5	0.6	0.4	.1	.1	8.5			
1978	3.4	2.7	8.0	0.6	0.3	0.6	1.4	10.1			
1979	2.5	3.9	.1	1.9	0.7	1.0	0.7	10.9			
1980	1.7	1.9	0.9	0.4	1.9	1.2	2.3	10.6			
1981	4.0	0.9	.1	2.6	0.4	1.9	1.0	11.1			
Sheepshead								•			
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS			
1975	4.9	NS	1.1	7.4	NS	1.9	NS	15.4			
1976	NS	2.6	NS	, NS	2.6	NS	1.4	6.6			
1977	1.1	0.7	.1	1.1	0.9	0.4	1.0	5.3			
1978	4.9	2.1	1.6	3.0	0.3	1.3	4.2	17.6			
1979	3.3	3.4	0.6	1.6	1.1	1.3	3.2	14.7			
1980	0.5	2.7	0.1	0.0	3.4	0.4	12.5	19.8			
1981	2.3	7.7	0.4	.1	17.2	1.5	2.6	31.9			
Atlantic croaker											
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS			
1975	113.4	NS	0.1	0.1	NS	2.0	NS	115.7			
1976	NS	2.8	NS	NS	5.4	NS	0.8	9.1			
1 977	2.8	2.8	0.3	0.0	0.9	0.8	1.0	8.6			
1978	3.2	0.6	.1	0.0	0.5	1.3	0.4	6.2			
1979	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	.1	0.1	2.8			
1980	12.4	2.5	0.4	.1	4.9	0.3	0.2	21.1			
1981	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.0	0.5	2.6			

Table 5. (Cont'd).

	Bay system									
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total		
Sand seatrout										
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS		
1975	57.4	NS	0.6	0.7	NS	2.2	NS	61.1		
1976	NS	0.3	NS	NS	7.9	NS	2.3	10.5		
1977	1.0	.1	0.0	0.0	17.2	0.0	0.4	18.6		
1978	13.4	2.4	0.3	0.5	1.5	0.5	1.4	20.3		
1979	57.6	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	0.9	0.4	63.1		
1980	15.4	0.1	0.0	.1	2.8	1.2	1.3	20.9		
1981	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.5	0.1	0.5	11.5		
Gafftopsail catfish					-					
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	: NS		
1975	0.9	NS	1.4	0.0	NS	0.0	· NS	2.4		
1976	NS	3.9	NS	[®] NS	3.3	NS	0.0	7.3		
1977	1.7	0.5	1.6	0.2	1.1	0.0	0.0	5.1		
1978	1.0	1.9	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.0	[∵] 0.0	4.0		
1979	9.5	0.2	0.2	1.5	1.0	0.0	.0.0	12.5		
1980	0.0	0.0	√0.5	.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	1.2		
1981	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	1.3		
Other species										
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS		
1975	64.2	NS	0.5	1.0	NS	0.0	NS	65.8		
1976	NS	0.7	NS	NS	3.3	NS	2.5	6.6		
1977	0.1	1.3	1.0	.1	0.7	0.0	6.6	9.7		
1978	20.2	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.0	0.9	25.0		
1979	6.8	.1	0.2	1.0	4.0	0.0	0.1	12.3		
1980	4.0	2.8	0.4	0.0	1.9	0.4	0.5	10.3		
1981	7.7	0.3	0.9	.1	2.8	1.5	1.7	15.3		

Table 5. (Cont'd).

	Bay system									
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total		
All species combined ^a										
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980	NS 297.9 NS 21.0 55.8 106.5 56.0 55.4	NS NS 61.7 19.9 23.8 26.9 32.8 20.1	NS 72.5 NS 6.5 18.4 16.7 12.5 15.6	NS 47.8 NS 13.5 18.0 19.4 13.2 5.7	NS NS 41.6 24.7 9.2 11.4 35.1 44.6	NS 146.0 NS 14.3 25.1 16.4 55.9 72.3	NS NS 56.4 90.4 31.3 15.1 61.8 19.6	NS 564.3 159.8 190.3 181.9 212.6 267.3 233.6		

^aDue to rounding of numbers these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Table 6. Estimated harvest (kg x 1000) of fishes for the high use season (May 15-Nov. 20) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples.

						•					
	Bay system										
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total			
Spotted seatrout	<u>aa i veston</u>	navagor da	Alleoillo	Al alisas	OIII 15C1	riaur e	naur e	10141			
opolica scall out											
1974	204.8	NS	50.8	40.9	NS	19.9	NS	316.4			
1975	NS	51.7	NS	NS	11.6	NS	41.1	104.4			
1976	21.5	6.0	24.6	25.1	19.5	108.0	59.3	264.0			
1977	65.5	28.2	12.9	16.7	16.4	13.8	46.3	199.8			
1978	76.4	17.1	4.8	11.6	12.7	10.5	29.7	162.7			
1979	. 29.5	6.2	13.7	21.2	10.9	21.1	22.5	125.1			
1980	21.6	12.9	13.5	11.8	8.5	51.2	27.2	146.7			
Red drum				•	•						
1974	12.7	NS	22.8	12.7	NS	11.6	NS	59.8			
1975	NS	11.8	NS	NS	8.8 5.4 2.1	NS	14.0	34.6			
1976	12.2	9.7	20.9	9.0	5.4	3.0	6.3	66.5			
1977	31.6	5.4	3.2	10.8	2.1	1.7	7.3	62.1			
1978	14.9	9.5	2.8	0.9	2.8	1.6	4.1	36.6			
1979	5.2	11.4	6.3	2.0	2.7	0.6	1.0	29.2			
1980	7.2	24.0	4.0	4.0	3.4	13.8	4.3	60.7			
Black drum						•					
1974	15.2	NS	1 5	0.2	NS	2.7	NS -	10.6			
1975	NS	5.7	1.5 NS	NS	NS 3.6	2.7 NS	3.0	19.6 12.3			
1976	21.6	1.8	7.7	1.7	1.4	4.8	1.5	40.5			
1977	38.00	4.5	0.8	0.4	0.8	1.3	1.0	46.8			
1978	7.9	14.0	1.3	0.4	1.0	2.1	1.5	27.9			
1979	12.5	1.3	0.2	4.8	0.7	0.2	.1	19.8			
1980	7.0	9.7	0.3	.1	2.0	2.0	1.8	22.9			
2000	,.0	3 • 1	0.3	• 1	۲.۷	2.0	1.0	LL • 7			

Table 6. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Southern flounder								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	8.6 NS 10.2 12.1 9.9 8.0 5.9	NS 13.7 1.7 3.7 4.2 5.6 2.8	3.6 NS 3.1 2.4 1.1 0.8 3.3	10.7 NS 1.5 3.5 0.9 0.7 2.5	NS 0.4 2.4 1.1 4.2 3.4 0.7	16.3 NS 0.7 1.1 0.4 1.8 3.1	NS 2.8 2.2 3.1 2.2 3.2 2.9	39.2 16.9 21.8 27.0 22.9 23.5 21.2
Sheepshead								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	0.1 NS 6.8 62.9 10.7 12.8 5.1	NS 3.2 9.0 5.6 5.3 2.0 1.7	1.0 NS 1.1 1.4 0.3 1.2 0.3	1.0 NS 2.4 1.6 0.4 1.5	NS 1.8 1.7 0.8 1.7 1.6 0.3	1.1 NS 0.8 0.8 0.1 0.3	NS 0.5 3.4 0.8 0.9 1.0	3.2 5.5 25.2 73.9 19.4 20.4 14.5
Atlantic croaker								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	40.0 NS 61.0 95.5 42.9 48.7 21.7	NS 3.3 1.2 1.5 1.8 1.1 2.1	0.6 NS 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.1	0.4 NS 0.7 0.5 0.1 0.1	NS 1.3 2.8 1.6 2.2 0.9 3.9	9.7 NS 4.0 4.8 11.8 1.5 3.8	NS 3.3 2.4 1.2 1.1 0.5 0.3	50.7 7.9 72.2 105.3 60.2 53.2 32.1

Table 6. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Sand seatrout								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980	145.6 NS 89.7 48.0 66.6 23.8 17.8	NS 7.2 3.2 3.0 2.9 2.0 0.6	0.3 NS .1 0.2 .1 0.4 0.1	1.5 NS 5.2 1.1 0.5 0.1	NS 12.0 9.3 7.3 4.0 3.9 6.2	1.1 NS 2.4 0.9 0.4 0.5	NS 4.6 2.8 6.4 0.5 0.3 1.3	148.5 23.8 112.6 66.9 75.0 31.0 28.5
Gafftopsail catfish								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	19.7 NS 13.6 2.0 4.4 0.7 4.2	NS 2.5 25.5 18.9 19.7 1.6 0.5	2.6 NS 1.1 3.6 1.4 0.3 0.1	0.7 NS 2.4 0.4 1.4 0.1 0.4	NS 0.0 3.0 0.6 2.7 1.5 0.7	0.0 NS 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.1	NS 0.0 .1 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.1	23.0 2.5 45.6 25.5 30.0 4.3 6.1
Other species					·			-
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	5.9 NS 8.3 3.8 29.3 10.0 11.1	NS 0.1 0.8 7.8 3.1 2.9 2.5	2.3 NS 2.8 1.2 0.9 0.4 1.1	0.6 NS 1.1 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.3	NS 1.4 0.8 0.3 0.2 1.2	0.5 NS 0.3 0.6 0.1 0.2 2.3	NS 0.5 6.1 0.4 0.4 0.2	9.3 2.0 20.2 14.3 34.4 15.0

Table 6. (Cont'd).

			Bay system										
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total					
All species combined													
1974	452.6	NS	85.5	68.7	NS	62.9	NS	669.7					
1975	NS	99.2	NS	NS	409	NS.	69.8	209.9					
1976	244.9	58.9	61.4	49.1	46.3	124.0	84.0	632.2					
1977	359.4	78.6	25.9	35.2	31.0	25.0	66.5	621.6					
1978	263.0	77.6	13.0	16.2	31.5	27.2	40.6	469.1					
1979	151.2	34.1	23.7	30.6	26.8	26.3	28.8	321.5					
1980	101.6	56.8	22.8	22.5	27.6	80.9	39.8	352.0					

Table 7. Estimated harvest (kg x 1000) of fishes for the low use season (Nov. 21-May 14) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples.

				Bay	system			·
Vana	Calvoston	Mataganda	San	Awancac	Corpus	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
lear .	Galveston	Matagorda	Antonio	Aransas	Christi	Maure	naure	10001
Spotted seatrout								
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
.975	12.4	NS	25.4	12.3	NS	59.3	NS ·	109.4
.976	NS	15.0	NS	NS	5.4	NS	23.5	43.9
.977	7.7	2.5	0.6	3.6	1.5	5.7	42.2	63.8
Ĺ 9 78	1.8	5.7	2.4	3.0	2.0	8.6	8.0	31.5
L979	3.1	6.4	0.6	3.8	1.7	5.7	4.9	26.2
980	12.8	6.4	1.6	4.5	6.2	22.8	14.0	68.3
1981	4.4	1.8	3.7	0.9	5.7	29.2	5.8	51.5
Red drum						-		
.974	NS	NS	NS	.NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	11.6	NS	6.9	1.5	NS	7.4	NS	27.4
976	NS	10.6	NS	NS	1.2	, NS	4.6	16.4
977	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.7	.1	1.3	2.1	9.0
1978	2.1	2.8	4.4	3.8	0.1	0.6	2.1	15.9
1979	1.0	2.3	9.2	1.1	0.2	0.1	0.9	14.8
.980	0.5	4.5	3.2	1.7	3.1	4.4	3.4	20.8
.981	4.4	1.2	5.3	0.4	1.5	2.3	0.8	15.9
Black drum								-
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
975	44.4	NS	0.4	0.9	NS	14.9	NS	60.6
976	NS:	2.2	· NS	NS	4.3	NS	6.4	12.9
977	0.8	0.9	19.0	1.0	5.9	0.8	13.9	42.3
978	10.5	3.1	3.2	0.8	8.4	3.6	23.7	53.3
979	130.0	.1	6.6	0.2	1.0	1.8	2.5	142.2
.980	0.4	2.6	2.5	0.0	15.2	0.7	1.4	22.8
.981	176.7	1.9	1.9	0.1	1.1	0.2	0.3	182.2

Table 7. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Southern flounder								
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	4.1	NS	0.9	0.6	NS	11.5	NS	17.1
1976	NS	3.3	NS	NS	0.3	NS	0.6	4.2
1977	0.5	3.4	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	4.8
1978	1.6	1.3	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.4	1.2	5.4
1979	1.2	1.1	0.1	1.2	0.5	0.7	0.4	5.2
1980	0.8	1.0	0.4	0.2	0.9	0.8	1.0	5.1
1981	2.4	0.3	0.1	1.0	0.3	1.4	0.4	5.9
Sheepshead								
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	3.3	NS	0.8	4.1	NS	2.9	NS	11.1
1976	NS	1.1	NS	NS	1.7	NS	1.7	4.5
1977	1.3	0.7	0.1	0.6	0.8	0.4	0.9	4.7
1978	4.6	0.9	0.9	1.5	0.3	1.2	3.1	12.5
1979	2.6	2.7	0.5	0.9	0.8	1.3	2.6	11.4
1980	0.4	2.3	0.1	0.0	3.4	0.5	7.6	14.3
1981	2.8	1.6	0.2	0.1	13.2	1.8	2.6	22.3
Atlantic croaker								
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	19.3	NS	.1	.1	NS	0.5	NS	20.0
1975	NS	0.3	NS	NS	1.4	NS	0.2	1.9
1977	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.3	1.7
1978	0.8	0.2	.1	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.1	1.7
1979	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	.1	.1	0.6
1980	1.2	0.3	0.1	.1	0.9	0.1	.1 .1	2.8
1981	0.1	.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.6

S

Table 7. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system				_
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total	
Sand seatrout						•			
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
1975	15.5	NS	0.2	0.2	NS	1.2	NS	17.1	
1976	NS	0.1	NS	NS	2.3	NS	0.9	3.3	
1977	0.3	.1	0.0	0.0	6.0	0.0	0.2	6.5	
1978	4.4	0.6	0.1	0.1	1.1	0.4	0.4	7.1	
1979	17.3	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.1	19.0	
1980	3.9	.1	0.0	.1	0.8	0.6	0.4	5.9	
1981	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4	.1	0.1	3.7	
Gafftopsail catfish					. •		·.	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NŠ	NS	/ NS	
1975	1.3	NS	1.7	0.0	. NS	0.0	NS	3.0	
1976	NS	7.0	NS	NS	4.2	NS	0.0	11.2	
1977	2.9	0.8	2.1	0.3	1.1	0.0	0.0	7.2	
1978	1.3	2.2	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	4.7	
1979	11.9	0.3	0.2	1.8	1.5	0.0	0.0	15.7	
1980	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.2	1.2	0.0	0.0	2.1	
1981	0.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	1.5	
Other species	7					<u>.</u>			
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NC	NS	
1975	17.3	NS NS	0.2	0.6	NS NS	0.0	NS NS		
1976.	NS NS	0.2	NS	NS NS	NS 1.3	NS		18.1	
1977	0.7	0.3	0.3	.1	0.2		9.8 1.9	11.3	
1978	10.5	0.3			0.6	0.0		3.4	
1979	1.7	.1	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.3	11.9	
1980			0.1	0.2	1.5	0.0	0.2	3.8	3 4
1981	0.8	3.1	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.2	5.0	4
1301	5.5	2.7	0.3	.1	0.9	0.4	0.4	10.3	

Table 7. (Cont'd).

	Bay system									
Year	Gadveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total		
All species combined										
1974	NS	∂NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	:NS	NS		
1975	129.2	INS	36.6	20.3	NS	97.7	⇒NS	283.8		
1976	NS	39.8	'nS	NS	22.1	NS .	47.7	109.6		
1977	16.1	10.2	23.6	7.7	16.70	8.3	1.5	143.4		
1978	37.6	17.1	12.3	10.4	12.5	15.2	38.9	144.0		
1979	169.2	13.0	17.3	10.0	7.7	10.0	11.7	238.49		
1980	20.8	20.3	9.0	6.8	32.1	30.0	28.1	147.1		
1981	196.4	10.1	11.8	2.8	26.7	35.6	10.5	293.9		

Table 8. Annual mean catch rate of fishes (No./man-h) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples.

•	·	•			•		• •	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Bay	system		· · · · · ·	
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
T C WI	GUIVESCOIL	Macagorda	Alleon to	Arailsas	CHITISCI	maur e	riaure	Ιυσαί
Spotted seatrout								
1974-75	0.29	NS	0.85	0.74	NS	0.35	NS	0.42
1975-76	NS	0.37	NS	NS	0.27	NS	0.25	0.30
1976-77	0.09	0.09	0.33	0.42	.0.35	0.86	0.48	0.34
1977-78	0.08	0.25	0.20	0.34	0.38	0.25	0.32	0.19
1978-79	0.10	0,17	0.09	0.28	0.18	0.15	0.26	0.15
1979-80	0.10	0.11	0.25	0.47	0.21	0.34	0.37	0.21
1980-81	0.05	0.09	0.22	0.21	0.18	0.32	0.31	0.18
Red drum								
1974-75	0.03	NS	0.12	0.05	NS	0.04	. NS	0,04
1975-76	NS	0.06	. NS	NS	0.06	NS	0.04	0.05
1976-77	0.02	0.05	0.11	0.05	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.04
1977-78	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.03
1978-79	0.01	0.04	0.10	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
1979-80	0.01	0.08	0.08	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03
1980-81	0.01	0.06	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Black drum								•
1974-75	0.03	NS	0.01	0.01	NS	0.02	NS	0.02
1975-76	NS	0.02	NS	NS	0.03	NS.	0.01	0.02
1976-77	0.05	0.03	0.10	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.04
1977-78	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
1978-79	0.04	0.03	0.01	.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
1979-80	0.04	0.03	0.01	0.07	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.03
1980-81	0.06	0.08	0.01	.01	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.04
1300 01	0.00	0.00	0.01	•01	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.04

Table 8. (Cont'd).

	·			Bay	system		•	-
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Southern flounder								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.02 NS 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.01	NS 0.05 0.05 0.03 0.04 0.04	0.03 NS 0.03 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.03	0.07 NS 0.02 0.03 0.02 0.01 0.04	NS 0.01 0.03 0.02 0.05 0.04 0.01	0.09 NS 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	NS 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.02	0.04 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.02
Sheepshead							•	
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	.01 NS 0.02 0.07 0.02 0.02 0.01	NS 0.02 0.05 0.04 0.04 0.02 0.04	0.01 NS 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.04 NS 0.02 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.01	NS 0.03 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.11	0.01 NS 0.01 0.01 0.01 .01	NS .01 0.01 0.02 0.02 0.06 0.02	0.01 0.02 0.02 0.04 0.02 0.01 0.02
Atlantic croaker								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.26 NS 0.48 0.37 0.22 0.27 0.14	NS 0.03 0.05 0.04 0.04 0.03 0.04	0.01 NS .01 .01 0.01 0.01	0.01 NS 0.01 0.01 .01 0.01	NS 0.06 0.09 0.07 0.05 0.06 0.09	0.07 NS 0.07 0.09 0.17 0.03 0.03	NS 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.17 0.03 0.16 0.20 0.13 0.13 0.07

Table 8. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			T-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Sand seatrout								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77	0.38 NS 0.45	NS 0.06 0.07	0.01 NS .01	0.03 NS 0.11	NS 0.32 0.35	0.01 NS 0.04	NS 0.04 0.02	0.23 0.09 0.18
1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.12 0.27 0.15 0.10	0.05 0.03 0.03 0.01	0.01 .01 0.01 .01	0.03 0.02 .01 0.06	0.19 0.09 0.10 0.21	0.01 0.01 0.01 .01	0.07 0.01 0.01 0.02	0.09 0.13 0.08 0.05
Gafftopsail catfish		. • • •	the transfer of	. 194				
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.01 NS 0.01 .01 0.01 .01	NS 0.02 0.09 0.05 0.04 0.01	0.02 NS 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	.01 NS 0.01 .01 0.01 .01	NS 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.00 NS 0.00 0.00 .01 .01	NS 0.00 .01 0.00 .01 0.0	0.01 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01 .01
Other species 1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.06 NS 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.06 0.06	NS .01 0.02 0.04 0.02 0.03 0.01	0.02 NS 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.01 NS 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	NS 0.05 0.03 0.02 0.03 0.03 0.07	.01 NS 0.01 0.01 .01 .01	NS 0.01 0.03 0.01 .01 0.01 0.01	0.04 0.01 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.03

Table 8. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
All species combined ^a								
1974-75	1.09	NS	1.13	0.96	NS	0.06	NS	0.98
1975-76 1976-77	NS 1.16	0.63 0.50	NS 0.62	NS 0.68	0.86 0.96	NS 1.04	0.37 0.58	0.55 0.83
1977-78 1978-79	0.75 0.72	0.57 0.46	0.37 0.25	0.56 0.40	0.74 0.46	0.41 0.37	0.49 0.35	0.63 0.54
.976-79 .979-80 .980-81	0.66 0.47	0.39 0.35	0.42 0.33	0.62 0.37	0.55 0.74	0.44 0.44	0.54 0.44	0.56 0.44

 $^{^{\}rm a}{\rm Due}$ to rounding of numbers these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Table 9. Annual mean catch rate of fishes (kg/man-h) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples.

		· ·						
·		,		Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Spotted seatrout								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.18 NS 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.05 0.03	NS 0.14 0.04 0.12 0.07 0.05 0.04	0.35 NS 0.15 0.09 0.03 0.11	0.22 NS 0.13 0.11 0.09 0.18 0.09	NS 0.11 0.17 0.17 0.08 0.11 0.09	0.19 NS 0.48 0.11 0.08 0.18 0.14	NS 0.13 0.25 0.17 0.12 0.16 0.15	0.21 0.13 0.17 0.09 0.08 0.09 0.08
Red drum	,	***		,				
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.02 NS 0.02 0.03 0.01 0.01	NS 0.05 0.04 0.03 0.04 0.06 0.07	0.14 NS 0.14 0.05 0.08 0.07 0.05	0.06 NS 0.05 0.08 0.01 0.03 0.03	NS 0.06 0.04 0.02 0.02 0.04 0.03	0.05 NS 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.03	NS 0.04 0.02 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.02	0.04 0.05 0.04 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.03
Black drum								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.05 NS 0.04 0.04 0.13 0.01 0.24	NS 0.02 0.01 0.03 0.04 0.02 0.03	0.02 NS 0.16 0.02 0.05 0.02 0.01	.01 NS 0.01 0.01 .01 0.03 .01	NS 0.05 0.06 0.08 0.01 0.10 0.02	0.04 NS 0.02 0.02 0.02 .01	NS 0.02 0.04 0.08 0.01 0.01 0.01	0.04 0.02 0.04 0.04 0.07 0.02 0.09

Table 9. (Cont'd).

		7 3 V V 3 3 V 5		Bay	system			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Southern flounder								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.01 NS 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01	NS 0.04 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.01	0.02 NS 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.05 NS 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.02	NS .01 0.02 0.01 0.03 0.03 0.01	0.07 NS .01 0.01 0.01 0.01	NS 0.01 .01 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.02	0.03 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01
Sheepshead	•	•			· ·			
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	.01 NS 0.01 0.06 0.01 0.01	NS 0.01 0.05 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.01	0.01 NS 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	0.02 NS 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01	NS 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.03 0.09	0.01 NS 0.01 0.01 0.01 .01	NS .01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.04 0.02	0.01 0.01 0.02 0.04 0.01 0.02 0.02
Atlantic croaker								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.05 NS 0.11 0.08 0.04 0.06 0.03	NS 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	.01 NS .01 .01 .01	.01 NS .01 .01 .01	NS 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.03	0.02 NS 0.02 0.03 0.06 0.01	NS 0.01 0.01 .01 .01 .01	0.03 0.01 0.04 0.04 0.03 0.03

Table 9. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Sand seatrout	•							
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.14 NS 0.16 0.04 0.08 0.03 0.02	NS 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01	.01 NS .01 .01 .01	0.01 NS 0.02 0.01 0.01 .01	NS 0.02 0.12 0.08 0.03 0.03 0.06	0.01 NS 0.01 0.01 .01 .01	NS 0.01 0.01 0.02 .01 .01	0.08 0.02 0.06 0.03 0.04 0.02 0.01
Gafftopsail catfish	0.02						0.01	0,01
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.02 NS 0.03 .01 0.02 .01 0.01	NS 0.02 0.09 0.07 0.06 0.01	0.02 NS 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	.01 NS 0.01 .01 0.02 .01	NS .01 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.02 0.01	0.00 NS 0.00 0.00 .01 .01	NS 0.00 .01 0.00 .01 0.00	0.01 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.02 .01
Other species				, ,	•	,		· ·
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.02 NS 0.02 0.01 0.03 0.01 0.02	NS .01 0.01 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.01	0.01 NS 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01	.01 NS 0.01 .01 .01 .01	NS 0.01 0.01 .01 0.01 0.01 0.02	.01 NS .01 .01 .01	NS 0.02 0.02 .01 .01 .01	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01

Table 9. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system		Bay system									
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total								
All species combined ^a																
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.49 NS 0.46 0.33 0.40 0.19 0.39	NS 0.29 0.29 0.34 0.28 0.22 0.19	0.57 NS 0.51 0.23 0.19 0.24 0.20	0.37 NS 0.26 0.25 0.15 0.26 0.17	NS 0.58 0.49 0.39 0.23 0.37 0.35	0.39 NS 0.56 0.20 0.19 0.23 0.21	NS 0.24 0.36 0.33 0.18 0.25 0.23	0.46 0.29 0.42 0.31 0.03 0.23 0.27								

 $^{^{\}mathrm{a}}\mathrm{Due}$ to rounding of numbers these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Table 10. Mean catch rates of fishes (No./man-h) for the high use season (May 15-Nov. 20) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples.

				1		• •		
				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Spotted seatrout	,				•	. *		
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978	0.48 NS 0.08 0.09 0.12	NS 0.43 0.09 0.30 0.16	0.79 NS 0.44 0.24	0.86 NS 0.52 0.44	NS 0.26 0.50 0.45	0.31 NS 1.10 0.32	NS 0.26 0.44 0.41	0.56 0.34 0.37 0.21
1979 1980	0.12 0.10 0.07	0.11 0.10	0.10 0.38 0.36	0.31 0.47 0.24	0.26 0.26 0.22	0.14 0.29 0.30	0.28 0.40 0.42	0.17 0.21 0.20
Red drum								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	0.03 NS 0.02 0.03 0.01 0.01	NS 0.04 0.05 0.02 0.04 0.08 0.06	0.13 NS 0.15 0.03 0.02 0.07 0.04	0.06 NS 0.06 0.07 0.01 0.02 0.03	NS 0.07 0.06 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.04	0.08 NS 0.01 0.01 0.10 .01 0.04	NS 0.04 0.04 0.03 0.01 0.01	0.05 0.05 0.04 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.03
Black drum								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	0.02 NS 0.06 0.04 0.02 0.05 0.03	NS 0.02 0.02 0.05 0.03 0.02 0.08	0.01 NS 0.12 0.01 0.01 0.01	.01 NS 0.01 0.01 .01 0.08 .01	NS 0.04 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.04	0.01 NS 0.04 0.01 0.01 .01	NS 0.01 0.01 0.01 .01 .01 0.03	0.01 0.02 0.04 0.03 0.02 0.03 0.03

Table 10. (Cont'd).

			·	Bay	system	- 		
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Southern flounder								
1974	0.03	NS	0.04	0.10	NS	0.19	NS	0.06
1975	NS	0.04	NS	NS	.01	NS	0.01	0.02
1976	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.02
1977	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
1978	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.07	.01	0.02	0.02
1979	0.02	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.03
1980	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02
Sheepshead	·							·
L974	.01	NS	0.01	0.01	NS	0.01	NS	.01
L975	NS	0.02	- NS	NS	0.02	NŠ	.01	0.01
L976	0.02	0.06	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.02
L977	0.07	0.04	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.05
1978	0.02	0.04	.01	.01	0.02	.01	.01	0.01
L979	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	.01	0.01	0.02
1980	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	.01	0.01	0.02	0.01
Atlantic croaker								
1974	0.29	NS	0.02	0.02	NS	0.24	NS	0.21
L975	NS	0.04	NS	NS	0.04	NS	0.03	0.03
1976	0.55	0.08	.01	0.02	0.10	0.09	0.03	0.03
.977	0.43	0.05	.01	0.02	0.09	0.16	0.02	0.26
978	0.27	0.05	0.01	.01	0.07	0.26	0.02	0.16
979	0.34	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.02	0.18
1980	0.23	0.05	.01	0.01	0.16	0.04	0.01	0.10

Table 10. (Cont'd).

	* *	<u>.</u> .		Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Chris ti	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Sand seatrout								-
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980	0.57 NS 0.52 0.13 0.26 0.18 0.16	NS 0.08 0.10 0.06 0.04 0.05 0.01	0.01 NS .01 0.01 .01 0.02 .01	0.03 NS 0.15 0.04 0.01 .01 0.07	NS 0.40 0.29 0.23 0.12 0.17 0.27	0.03 NS 0.06 0.02 0.01 0.01	NS 0.06 0.04 0.10 0.01 0.01	0.36 0.12 0.25 0.10 0.14 0.11 0.07
Gafftopsail catfish				• •	, ef	· · · .	+ . *	
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	0.02 NS 0.01 .01 .01 .01	NS 0.01 0.09 0.07 0.05 0.01	0.01 NS 0.01 0.02 0.01 .01	.01 NS 0.10 .01 0.01 .01	NS 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.0 NS 0.00 0.00 .01 .01	NS 0.00 .01 0.00 .01 0.00 .01	0.02 .01 0.02 0.01 0.01 .01
Other species		· .			•	·		
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	0.02 NS 0.03 .01 0.03 0.07 0.09	NS 0.01 0.02 0.05 0.03 0.02 0.01	0.02 NS 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.01 NS 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01	NS 0.04 0.04 0.01 0.01 0.04 0.09	0.01 NS 0.01 0.03 .01 .01 0.03	NS 0.01 0.01 0.01 .01 0.01	0.02 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.04 0.04

Table 10. (Cont'd).

		·		Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
All species combined ^a								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	1.46 NS 1.32 0.82 0.75 0.80 0.64	NS 0.68 0.55 0.67 0.48 0.38	1.03 NS 0.78 0.38 0.19 0.54 0.49	1.10 NS 0.84 0.66 0.37 0.62 0.40	NS 0.88 1.12 0.87 0.60 0.65 0.85	0.89 NS 1.33 0.58 0.43 0.37 0.44	NS 0.41 0.58 0.60 0.35 0.50	1.29 0.60 1.03 0.73 0.57 0.64 0.52

^aDue to rounding of numbers these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Table 11. Mean catch rates of fishes (kg/man-h) for the high use season (May 15-Nov. 20) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples.

		•			•	•		•
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Bay	system		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Spotted seatrout		·						·
1974	0.30	NS	0.32	0.24	NS	0.17	NS	0.28
1975	ŃS	0.14	NS	NS	0.11	NS	0.14	0.14
1976	0.04	0.03	0.21	0.16	0.24	0.62	0.21	0.18
1977	0.06	0.14	0.11	0.13	0.20	0.14	0.22	0.11
1978	0.09	0.07	0.04	0.09	0.11	0.08	0.12	0.09
1979	0.04	0.04	0.17	0.17	0.14	0.15	0.19	0.09
1980	0.05	0.04	0.16	0.10	0.10	0.13	0.20	0.09
Red drum								
1974	0.02	NS	0.15	0.07	NS	0.10	NS	0.05
1975	NS	0.03	NS	NS	0.08	NS	0.05	0.05
1976	0.03	0.05	0.17	0.06	0.07	0.02	0.03	0.05
1977	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.09	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.03
1978	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02
1979	0.01	0.07	0.08	0.02	0.03	.01	0.01	0.02
1980	0.02	0.08	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.04
Black drum		·			*		·	·
1974	0.02	NS	0.01	.01	N.S	0.02	NS	0.02
1975	NS	0.02	NS	NS	0.03	NS	0.01	0.02
1976	0.04	0.01	0.06	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.03
1977	0.04	0.02	0.01	.01	0.01	0.01	.01	0.03
1978	0.01	0.05	0.01	.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01
1979	0.02	0.01	.01	0.04	0.01	.01	.01	0.01
1980	0.02	0.03	.01	.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01
-	0.00	V.00	-0-	•01	0.0L	0.01	0.01	0.01

Table 11. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Southern flounder								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	0.01 NS 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01	NS 0.04 0.01 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.01	0.02 NS 0.03 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.06 NS 0.01 0.03 0.01 0.01	NS .01 0.03 0.01 0.04 0.04	0.14 NS .01 0.01 .01 0.01 0.01	NS 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.03 0.02	0.03 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.01
Sheepshead								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	.01 NS 0.01 0.06 0.01 0.02 0.01	NS 0.01 0.07 0.03 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.01 NS 0.01 0.01 .01 0.01	0.01 NS 0.01 0.01 .01 0.01	NS 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.02 .01	0.01 NS .01 0.01 .01 .01	NS .01 0.01 .01 .01 0.01	.01 0.01 0.02 0.04 0.01 0.01
Atlantic croaker								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	0.06 NS 0.13 0.09 0.05 0.07	NS 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	.01 NS .01 .01 .01	.01 NS .01 .01 .01 .01	NS 0.01 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.05	0.08 NS 0.02 0.05 0.09 0.01	NS 0.01 0.01 0.01 .01 .01	0.04 0.01 0.05 0.06 0.03 0.04 0.02

Table 11. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total
Sand seatrout								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	0.21 NS 0.19 0.05 0.07 0.04 0.04	NS 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01	.01 NS .01 .01 .01	0.01 NS 0.03 0.01 .01 .01	NS 0.12 0.09 0.09 0.04 0.05 0.08	0.01 NS 0.01 0.01 .01 .01	NS 0.02 0.01 0.03 .01 .01 0.01	0.13 0.03 0.08 0.04 0.04 0.02 0.02
Gafftopsail catfish					· · · ·			
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	0.03 NS 0.03 .01 .01 .01	NS 0.01 0.12 0.09 0.08 0.01	0.02 NS 0.01 0.03 0.01 .01	.01 NS 0.01 .01 0.01 .01	NS 0.00 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.02	0.0 NS 0.00 0.00 .01 .01	NS 0.00 .01 0.00 .01 0.00	0.02 .01 0.03 0.01 0.02 .01
Other species								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	0.01 NS 0.02 .01 0.03 0.01 0.02	NS .01 0.01 0.04 0.01 0.02 0.01	0.01 NS 0.02 0.01 0.01 .01	.01 NS 0.01 .01 .01 .01	NS 0.01 0.01 .01 .01 0.02 0.02	.01 NS .01 0.01 .01 .01	NS .01 002 .01 .01 .01	0.01 .01 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01

Table 11. (Cont'd).

Year	Bay system								
	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide ^a Total	
combined ^a						·			
•	0.66	NS	0.55	0.40	NS	0.54	NS	0.59	
						NS	0.23	0.28	
			0.51	0.30	0.54	0.71	0.31	0.47	
		0.38	0.22	0.28	0.37	0.25	0.32	0.33	
	0.29	0.30	0.11	0.12	0.28	0.21	0.17	0.25	
	0.22	0.21	0.29	0.24	0.34	0.19		0.23	
	0.22	0.19	0.27	0.19	0.34	0.21	0.30	0.22	
	combined ^a	combined ^a 0.66 NS 0.51 0.35 0.29 0.22	combined ^a 0.66 NS NS 0.28 0.51 0.33 0.35 0.38 0.29 0.30 0.22 0.21	Galveston Matagorda Antonio combined ^a 0.66 NS 0.55 NS 0.28 NS 0.51 0.33 0.51 0.35 0.38 0.22 0.29 0.30 0.11 0.22 0.21 0.29	Galveston Matagorda Antonio Aransas combineda O.66 NS O.55 O.40 NS O.28 NS NS O.51 O.33 O.51 O.30 O.35 O.38 O.22 O.28 O.29 O.30 O.11 O.12 O.22 O.21 O.29 O.24	Galveston Matagorda Antonio Aransas Christi combineda - 0.66 NS 0.55 0.40 NS NS 0.39	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	San Corpus Laguna Laguna Madre	

^aDue to rounding of numbers these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Table 12. Mean catch rates of fishes (No./man-h) for the low use season (Nov. 21-May 14) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples.

		· .			1 · · · · · ·	•		
			<u> </u>	Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Spotted seatrout						y 1		
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	NS 0.03 NS 0.15 0.01 0.02	NS NS 0.19 0.08 0.11 0.21	NS 1.02 NS 0.01 0.08 0.13	NS 0.46 NS 0.15 0.11 0.19	NS NS 0.30 0.07 0.15 0.05	NS 0.37 NS 0.17 0.18 0.17	NS NS 0.22 0.54 0.14 0.18	NS 0.24 0.22 0.24 0.10 0.10
1980 1981	0.08 0.01	0.12	0.06 0.08	0.49 0.08	0.15 0.13	0.41 0.37	0.33 0.13	0.20 0.13
Red drum		. :						
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980	NS 0.03 NS 0.01 0.01 .01 .01	NS NS 0.12 0.03 0.03 0.05 0.08 0.02	NS 0.10 NS 0.01 0.11 0.37 0.10 0.05	NS 0.02 NS 0.02 0.08 0.03 0.13 0.01	NS NS 0.04 .01 0.01 0.01 0.06 0.02	NS 0.02 NS 0.03 0.01 .01 0.06 0.02	NS NS 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.02 0.05 0.02	NS 0.03 0.06 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.02
Black drum		* . <i>:</i>					· ·	
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980	NS 0.03 NS 0.03 0.10 0.10 .01 0.06	NS NS 0.03 0.01 .01 .01 0.06 0.09	NS .01 NS 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	NS 0.01 NS 0.01 .01 .01 0.00	NS NS 0.02 0.04 0.01 0.01 0.03 0.02	NS 0.03 NS 0.02 0.03 0.03 0.01	NS NS 0.01 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.01	NS 0.03 0.02 0.03 0.05 0.05 0.02 0.05

Table 12. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Southern flounder								
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	0.01	NS	0.02	0.01	NS	0.05	NS	0.03
1976	NS	0.06	NS	NS	0.02	NS	0.01	0.03
1977	0.01	0.11	0.01	.01	0.01	.01	.01	0.03
1978	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
1979	0.01	0.05	.01	0.04	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02
1980	.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02
1981	.01	0.01	.01	0.09	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Sheepshead								
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS:	NS	NS	NS
1975	0.01	NS	0.01	0.10	NS	0.01	NS	0.02
1976	NS	0.02	NS	NS	0.05	NS	0.01	0.02
1977	0.01	0.01	.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01
1978	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.03
1979	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.03
1980	.01	0.03	.01	0.00	0.04	.01	0.12	0.03
1981	.01	0.12	.01	.01	0.24	0.01	0.03	0.04
Atlantic croaker								
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS -	NS	NS ·	. NS
1975	0.22	NS	.01	.01	NS	0.01	NS	0.12
1976	NS	0.02	NS	NS	0.11	NS	.01	0.03
L977	0.03	0.05	.01	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02
1978	0.01	.01	.01	0.00	0.02	0.01	.01	0.01
1979	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01	.01	0.01
L980	0.05	0.03	.01	.01	0.06	.01	.01	0.03
1981	.01	.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	.01

Table 12. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Sand seatrout								
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	0.11	NS	0.01	.01	NS	0.01	NS	0.07
1976	NS	.01	NS	NS	0.16	NS	0.01	0.03
1977	0.01	.01	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00	.01	0.04
1978	0.07	0.03	.01	.01	0.06	.01	0.01	0.03
1979	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.13
1980	0.06	.01	0.00	.01	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.03
1981	.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	.01	0.01	0.01
Gafftopsail catfish								
1974	NS	NS	NS	· NS	· NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	.01	NS	0.02	0.00	NS	0.00	NS	.01
1976	NS	0.03	NS	. NS	0.06	NS	0.00	0.02
1977	0.01	.01	0.03	.01	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01
1978	.01	0.02	.01	0.01	.01	0.00	0.00	0.01
1979	0.05	.01	.01	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.02
1980	0.00	0.00	.01	.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	.01
1981	0.00	.01	.01	.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	.01
Other species	,							
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	of NS
1975	0.13	NS	.01	0.01	NS	0.00	NS	0.07
1976	NS	.01	NS	NS	0.06	NS	0.01	0.02
1977	.01	0.02	0.02	.01	0.02	0.00	0.05	0.02
1978	0.11	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.04
1979	0.03	.01	.01	0.02	0.07	0.00	.01	0.02
1980	0.01	0.03	.01	0.00	0.02	.01	.01	0.02
1981	0.01	.01	0.01	.01	0.04	0.01	0.02	0.02

Table 12. (Cont'd).

			_	Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
All species combined ^a								
1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980	NS 0.58 NS 0.25 0.32 0.57 0.24 0.11	NS NS 0.50 0.37 0.31 0.37 0.40 0.33	NS 1.22 NS 0.14 0.31 0.46 0.23 0.17	NS 0.65 NS 0.22 0.32 0.46 0.66	NS NS 0.82 0.66 0.34 0.19 0.44 0.61	NS 0.49 NS 0.23 0.23 0.25 0.52 0.43	NS NS 0.31 0.63 0.28 0.33 0.57	NS 0.60 0.45 0.40 0.31 0.42 0.40 0.30

^aDue to rounding of numbers these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Table 13. Mean catch rates of fishes (kg/man-h) for the low use season (Nov. 21-May 14) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples.

	······································			Bav	system			,
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Spotted seatrout								
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	0.02	NS	0.43	0.17	NS	0.20	NS	0.12
1976	NS	0.12	NS	NS.	0.11	· NS	0.13	0.12
1977	0.09	0.05	0.01	0.06	0.04	0.09	0.30	0.13
1978	0.01	0.08	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.09	0.07	0.05
1979	0.02	0.09	0.02	0.09	0.03	0.09	0.11	0.05
1980	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.23	0.08	0.21	0.13	0.10
1981	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.08	0.18	0.07	0.07
Red drum	•							
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	0.02	NS	0.12	0.02	NS	0.02	NS	0.03
1976	NS	0.09	NS	NS	0.02	NS	0.03	0.05
1977	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.03	.01	0.02	0.01	0.02
1978	0.01	0.04	0.09	0.071	.01	0.01	0.02	0.03
1979	0.01	0.03	0.26	0.03	.01	.01	0.02	0.03
1980	.01	0.06	0.06	0.09	0.04	0.0	0.03	0.03
1981	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02
Black drum								
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	0.09	NS	0.01	0.01	NS	0.05	NS	0.06
1976	NS	0.02	NS	NS	0.08	NS	0.04	0.04
1977	0.01	0.02	0.42	0.02	0.15	0.01	0.09	0.08
1978	0.06	0.04	0.06	0.01	0.31	0.04	0.21	0.09
1979	0.70	.01	.0.18	.01	0.02	0.03	0.0	0.28
1980	.01	0.03	0.05	0.00	0.19	0.01	0.01	0.03
1981	0.60	0.03	0.02	.01	0.02	.01	.01	0.23

Table 13. (Cont'd).

Year Galveston Matagorda Antonio Aransas Christi Madre Madre Total					Bay	system	···		
1974	Year	Galveston	Matagorda		Aransas		Laguna	Laguna	Coastwide Total
1975 0.01 NS 0.02 0.01 NS 0.02 1976 NS 0.03 NS NS 0.01	Southern flounder								
1975 0.01 NS 0.02 0.01 NS 0.02 0.01 NS 0.02 1976 NS 0.02 0.01 NS 0.01	1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1976 NS 0.03 NS NS 0.01 NS .01 0.01 1977 0.01 0.07 0.01 0.01 .01<	1975								
1977									
1978 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01 .01 .01 0.10 0.01 0.01 1.01 0									
1979									
1980 .01 0.01									
1981						0.01			
1974									
1975 0.01 NS 0.01 0.06 NS 0.01 NS 0.01 1976 NS 0.01 NS NS 0.03 NS 0.01 0.01 1977 0.02 0.01 .01 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01 1978 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.01 0.03 0.02 1979 0.01 0.04 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.06 0.02 1980 .01 0.03 .01 0.00 0.04 .01 0.07 0.02 1981 0.01 0.03 .01 .01 0.18 0.01 0.03 0.03 1975 0.04 NS .01 .01 NS .01 NS NS NS NS .01 NS .02 1976 NS .01 NS NS NS NS .01 .01	Sheepshead								
1975 0.01 NS 0.01 0.06 NS 0.01 NS 0.01 1976 NS 0.01 NS NS 0.03 NS 0.01 0.01 1977 0.02 0.01 .01 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 1978 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.01 0.03 0.02 1979 0.01 0.04 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.06 0.02 1980 .01 0.03 .01 0.00 0.04 .01 0.07 0.02 1981 0.01 0.03 .01 .01 0.18 0.01 0.03 0.03 1974 NS 10 0.02 1975 0.04 NS .01 .01 NS .01 NS .01		NS	NS		NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1976 NS 0.01 NS NS 0.03 NS 0.01 0.01 1977 0.02 0.01 .01 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01 1978 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.01 0.03 0.02 1979 0.01 0.04 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.06 0.02 1980 .01 0.03 .01 0.00 0.04 .01 0.07 0.02 1981 0.01 0.03 .01 .01 0.18 0.01 0.03 0.03 Atlantic croaker NS NS NS NS NS NS NS NS NS 1975 0.04 NS .01 .01 NS .01 NS .01 NS .02 1976 NS .01 NS NS .03 NS .01 .01 1977 0.01 .01 .01 <td></td> <td></td> <td>NS</td> <td>0.01</td> <td>0.06</td> <td>NS</td> <td>0.01</td> <td>NS</td> <td></td>			NS	0.01	0.06	NS	0.01	NS	
1977 0.02 0.01 .01 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.02 1978 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.01 0.01 0.03 0.02 1979 0.01 0.04 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.06 0.02 1980 .01 0.03 .01 0.00 0.04 .01 0.07 0.02 1981 0.01 0.03 .01 .01 0.18 0.01 0.03 0.03 Atlantic croaker 1974 NS 198 0.01 NS .01 NS .01 NS .01 NS .01 NS .02 .03 NS .01 .03 .00 .00 .01 .01 .00 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 <t< td=""><td></td><td>NS</td><td>0.01</td><td>NS NS</td><td>NS</td><td>0.03</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		NS	0.01	NS NS	NS	0.03			
1978 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.01 0.01 0.03 0.02 1979 0.01 0.04 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.06 0.02 1980 .01 0.03 .01 0.00 0.04 .01 0.07 0.02 1981 0.01 0.03 .01 .01 0.18 0.01 0.03 0.03 Atlantic croaker 1974 NS 198 NS NS NS NS NS 0.02 1975 0.04 NS .01 NS .01 NS .01 NS 0.02 0.02 1976 NS .01 NS .03 NS .01 0.01 0.01 197 .01 <		0.02	0.01	.01					
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1978	0.03	0.01	0.02					
1980	1979							0.06	
1981 0.01 0.03 .01 .01 0.18 0.01 0.03 0.03 Atlantic croaker 1974 NS 1975 0.04 NS .01 .01 NS 0.02 1976 NS .01 NS NS NS 0.03 NS .01 0.01 1977 0.01 0.01 .01 0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 1978 .01 .01 .01 .0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 1979 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 .01 1980 0.01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01									
1974 NS NS NS NS NS NS NS NS 1975 0.04 NS .01 .01 NS .01 NS 0.02 1976 NS .01 NS NS 0.03 NS .01 0.01 1977 0.01 0.01 .01 0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 1978 .01 .01 .01 0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 1979 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 .00 .01 .01 .01 1980 0.01 .01 .01 .01 .001 .01 .01			0.03			0.18			
1975 0.04 NS .01 .01 NS .01 NS 0.02 1976 NS .01 NS NS 0.03 NS .01 0.01 1977 0.01 0.01 .01 0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 1978 .01 .01 .01 0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 1979 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 1980 0.01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01	Atlantic croaker								
1975 0.04 NS .01 .01 NS .01 NS 0.02 1976 NS .01 NS NS 0.03 NS .01 0.01 1977 0.01 0.01 .01 0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 1978 .01 .01 .01 0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 1979 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 1980 0.01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01	1974	NS	NS -	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS:
1976 NS .01 NS NS 0.03 NS .01 0.01 1977 0.01 0.01 .01 0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 1978 .01 .01 .01 0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 1979 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 .01 1980 0.01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01	1975	0.04							
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		· NS							
1978 .01 .01 .01 0.00 .01 .01 .01 1979 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 .01 1980 0.01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01									
1979 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 .01 1980 0.01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01			.01						
1980 0.01 .01 .01 0.01 .01 .01 .01									01
				.01					01
1981 .01 .01 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01	1981	.01	.01	0.00	0.00	.01	.oi	.01	-0.7

Table 13. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			
/ear	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Sand seatrout								
1974	NS	NS	.NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
.975	0.03	NS	.01	.01	NS	.01	NS	0.02
.976	NS	.01	NS	NS	0.05	NS	.01	0.01
.977	.01	.01	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	.01	0.01
.978	0.03	0.01	.01	.01	0.04	.01	.01	0.01
.979	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.01	.01	.01	0.04
.980	0.02	.01	0.00	.01	0.01	0.01	.01	0.01
981	.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	.01	.01	.01
afftopsail catfish					: '			
.974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
.975	.01	NS	0.03	0.00	NS	0.00	NS:	.01
.976	NS:	0.06	NS	NS	0.08	NS	0.00	0.03
.977	0.03	0.02	0.05	.01	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01
.978	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01
979	0.06	.01	0.01	0.04	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.03
.980	0.00	0.00	0.01	.01	0.02	0.00	0.00	.01
.981	0.00	0.01	.01	.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	.01
other species								
974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS.	NS
975	0.03	NS	.01	0.01	NS	0.00	NS:	0.02
976	NS	.01	NS	NS	0.03	NS	0.05	0.03
977	0.01	0.01	0.01	.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01
978	0.06	.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	.01	0.02
979	0.01	.01	.01	.01	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.01
980	.01	0.04	0.01	0.00	0.01	.01	.01	0.01
981	0.02	0.05	.01	.01	0.01	.01	.01	0.01

Table 13. (Cont'd).

		· -	•	Bay	Bay system									
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total						
All species combined ^a														
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	· NS						
1975	0.26	NS	0.62	0.28	NS	0.33	NS	0.30						
1976	NS	0.32	NS	NS	0.44	NS	0.26	0.31						
1977	0.19	0.20	0.52	0.13	0.42	0.14	0.52	0.29						
1978	0.22	0.23	0.24	0.19	0.46	0.15	0.35	0.24						
1979	0.92	0.18	0.48	0.24	0.13	0.15	0.26	0.47						
1980	0.09	0.25	0.17	0.34	0.40	0.28	0.26	0.22						
1981	0.67	0.17	0.14	0.10	0.37	0.21	0.13	0.37						

 $^{^{\}mathrm{a}}\mathrm{Due}$ to rounding of numbers these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Table 14. Annual mean weight of fishes (kg/fish) by species and bay system caught by weekend sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples. Blank = no fish weighed.

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Spotted seatrout					*			
1974-75	0.63	NS	0.41	0.29	NS	0.54	NS	0.50
1975-76	NS	0.38	NS	NS	0.40	NS	0.55	0.44
1976-77	0.58	0.44	0.47	0.31	0.49	0.56	0.51	0.50
1977-78	0.68	0.47	0.47	0.32	0.44	0.45	0.53	0.50
1978-79	0.71	0.42	0.40	0.31	0.46	0.55	0.46	0.51
1979-80	0.47	0.45	0.44	0.37	0.52	0.52	0.44	0.46
1980-81	0.66	0.44	0.47	0.42	0.50	0.44	0.49	0.47
Red drum					. '			•
1974-75	0.70	NS	1.11	1.15	NS	1.12	NS	0.96
1975-76	NS	0.76	ŅS	NS	1.10	NS	0.99	0.89
1976-77	1.29	0.96	1.19	0.97	1.04	1.05	0.85	1.07
1977-78	1.08	1.15	0.72	1.03	1.05	1.10	1.13	1.02
1978-79	1.22	0.82	0.76	0.74	1.25	1.06	1.35	0.96
1979-80	0.59	0.82	0.85	0.70	0.87	0.71	0.60	0.75
1980-81	1.05	1.25	1.15	1.00	1.02	0.91	0.86	1.06
Black drum		•	., .	••		•		. ·
1974-75	1.86	NS	1.19	0.85	NS .	2.02	NS .	1.83.
1975-76	NS	0.86	NS	NS	1.46	NS NS	1.84	1.27
L976-77	0.79	0.43	1.64	0.89	2.93	0.81	3.87	1.21
1977-78	1.03	0.69	1.21	0.55	3.83	1.44	4.66	1.33
.978-79	3 .4 6	1.64	3.43	0.43	1.67	1.50	1.67	2.95
1979-80	0.38	0.48	1.93	0.50	4.42	0.64	0.52	0.70
1980-81	4.14	0.40	1.10	1.00	0.72	0.65	0.50	2.34

Table 14. (Cont'd).

			 ,	Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Southern flounder				• •				
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.50 NS 0.67 0.65 0.58 0.53 0.62	NS 0.75 0.52 0.52 0.42 0.60 0.51	0.62 NS 0.70 0.60 0.57 0.55	0.64 NS 0.47 0.64 0.54 0.50 0.56	NS 0.41 0.69 0.60 0.57 0.65 0.59	0.75 NS 0.64 0.68 0.73 0.74 0.59	NS 0.94 0.77 0.84 0.53 0.61 0.69	0.64 0.75 0.62 0.63 0.53 0.58 0.60
Sheepshead				****	0.00			
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.67 NS 0.82 0.86 0.79 0.90	NS 0.40 1.01 0.63 0.61 0.75 0.26	0.78 NS 1.06 0.72 0.89 1.00 0.56	0.57 NS 0.58 0.58 0.57 0.65	NS 0.76 0.90 0.69 0.74 0.98 0.77	1.33 NS 0.73 0.95 1.00 1.14 1.08	NS 1.10 0.93 0.72 0.81 0.62 0.88	0.73 0.57 0.85 0.81 0.72 0.79 0.68
Atlantic croaker								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.19 NS 0.23 0.22 0.18 0.20 0.20	NS 0.22 0.14 0.14 0.14 0.21 0.16	0.26 NS 0.18 0.21 0.29 0.25	0.17 NS 0.22 0.25 0.17 0.15 0.33	NS 0.30 0.25 0.21 0.27 0.20 0.30	0.34 NS 0.25 0.30 0.35 0.24 0.25	NS 0.39 0.31 0.23 0.27 0.27 0.21	0.20 0.28 0.23 0.22 0.20 0.21 0.21

Table 14. (Cont'd).

		···-		Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Sand seatrout						·		
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80	0.36 NS 0.36 0.37 0.29 0.21	NS 0.25 0.24 0.26 0.27 0.24	0.31 NS 0.25 0.20	0.26 NS 0.21 0.20 0.30 0.50	NS 0.29 0.33 0.40 0.30 0.29	0.40 NS 0.25 0.57 0.39 0.42	NS 0.28 0.31 0.30 0.2 0.32	0.36 0.28 0.34 0.35 0.29 0.22
1980-81 Gafftopsail catfish	0.24	0.24	0.50	0.21	0.29	0.32	0.28	0.26
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	1.35 NS 1.98 1.00 1.25 0.23 0.93	NS 1.16 1.26 1.36 1.45 1.23	1.30 NS 1.19 1.41 0.94 1.43 1.33	0.88 NS 1.48 1.00 1.33 3.00	NS 1.27 1.26 1.33 1.31 1.69 1.09	NS	NS 1.00	1.31 1.19 1.48 1.29 1.32 0.90 1.01
Other species	·							
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	0.31 NS 0.67 0.49 1.01 0.22 0.35	NS 0.27 0.26 0.79 0.41 0.88 1.13	0.61 NS 0.83 0.50 0.71 0.67 0.74	0.35 NS 0.39 0.22 0.32 0.11 0.40	NS 0.35 0.28 0.26 0.33 0.29 0.27	0.36 NS 0.13 0.21 1.00 0.27 0.22	NS 2.40 0.64 0.28 0.55 0.29 0.26	0.32 0.99 0.55 0.50 0.79 0.30 0.37

Table 15. Mean weight of fishes (kg/fish) for the high use season (May 15-Nov. 20) by species and bay system caught by sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples. Blank = no fish weighed.

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Spotted seatrout								
1974	0.62	NS	0.41	0.28	NS	0.54	NS	0.50
1975 1976 1977	NS 0.56 0.68	0.34 0.39 0.45	NS 0.47 0.46	NS 0.30 0.30	0.42 0.48 0.43	NS 0.56 0.44	0.53 0.48 0.54	0.41 0.48 0.50
1977 1978 1979	0.71 0.42	0.45 0.42 0.35	0.48 0.38 0.44	0.38 0.36	0.44 0.52	0.57 0.53	0.44 0.48	0.51 0.44
1980	0.64	0.43	0.47	0.42	0.46	0.43	0.48	0.47
Red drum								
1974 1975	0.59 NS	NS 0.84	1.13 NS	1.23 NS	NS 1.22	1.22 NS	NS 1.08	0.97 1.01
1976 1977	1.28 1.08	1.04 1.23	1.18 0.81	0.95 1.16	1.05 1.17	1.20 1.22	0.79 1.30	1.09 1.11
1978 1979 1980	1.23 0.58 1.20	0.90 0.92 1.29	1.26 1.17 1.18	0.82 0.77 1.02	1.32 1.35 1.00	1.13 1.10 0.96	1.42 0.71 0.96	1.13 0.87 1.11
Black drum								
1974 1975 1976	1.26 NS 0.78	NS 1.05 0.42	1.16 NS 0.54	0.50 NS 0.74	NS 0.80 0.73	2.74 NS 0.77	NS 0.88 0.88	1.32 0.92 0.70
1977 1978 1979 1980	0.91 1.28 0.38 0.49	0.47 1.67 0.45 0.42	0.79 1.03 0.41 0.41	0.34 0.22 0.50 0.49	0.77 1.26 0.65 0.67	1.14 2.66 0.46 0.69	0.79 1.65 0.58 0.51	0.82 0.83 0.42 0.48

Table 15. (Cont'd).

	 = 			Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Southern flounder								
1974	0.46	NS	0.60	0.65	NS	0.72	NS	0.61
1975	NS	0.96	NS	NS	0.81	NS	1.13	0.97
1976	0.68	0.43	0.72	0.43	0.74	0.59	0.75	0.64
1977	0.69	0.53	0.63	0.63	0.70	0.76	0.85	0.66
1978	0.59	0.48	0.52	0.43	0.55	0.85	0.54	0.55
1979	0.53	0.62	0.70	0.49	0.74	0.78	0.72	0.61
1980	0.63	0.54	0.65	0.71	0.62	0.55	0.75	0.62
Sheepshead								
1974	0.72	NS	0.86	0.65	NS	1.00	NS	0.78
1975	NS	0.40	NS	NS	0.92	NS	0.87	0.51
1976	0.77	1.02	1.05	0.59	0.87	0.65	0.96	0.84
1977	0.86	0.67	0.92	0.68	0.61	1.11	0.70	0.83
1978	0.79	0.55	0.84	0.60	0.76	1.24	0.83	0.70
1979	0.91	0.68	0.99	0.66	1.01	0.93	0.70	0.85
1980	0.66	0.32	0.66	0.68	0.80	1.05	0.75	0.65
Atlantic croaker				·				
1974	0.20	NS	0.24	0.15	NS	0.35	NS	0.22
1975	NS	0.24	NS	NS	0.35	NS	0.41	0.31
1976	0.23	0.15	0.23	0.22	0.26	0.25	0.31	0.23
1977	0.22	0.13	0.39	0.27	0.21	0.30	0.23	0.22
1978	0.18	0.14	0.23	0.12	0.26	0.35	0.25	0.20
1979	0.21	0.28	0.30	0.10	0.22	0.24	0.23	0.21
1980	0.20	0.16	0.24	0.29	0.30	0.25	0.21	0.21

Table 15. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Sand seatrout					·			
1974	0.37	NS	0.28	0.26	NS	0.33	- NS	0.37
1975	* NS	0.25	NS	NS	0.29	NS	0.27	0.27
L976	0.36	0.24	0.22	0.21	0.31	0.25	0.30	0.34
L977	0.37	0.26	0.24	0.20	0.38	0.48	0.30	0.35
l978	0.29	0.27	0.22	0.37	0.29	0.41	0.21	0.29
1979	0.20	0.23	0.22	0.26	0.29	0.35	0.32	0.21
1980	0.24	0.22	0.30	0.22	0.28	0.30	0.29	0.25
afftopsail catfish								
1974	1.35	NS	1.39	0.92	NS		NS	1.32
.975	NS	0.59	NS	NS		NS		0.60
.976	2.06	1.24	1.11	1.52	1.51		0.22	1.51
.977	0.88	1.39	1.43	1.93	1.27		V122	1.32
.978	1.26	1.45	0.91	1.51	1.24	2.42	0.83	1.36
.979	0.22	1.21	1.51	1.01	1.62	1.02	0.05	0.74
.980	0.93	1.27	0.72	1.37	1.17			0.98
Other species								
1974	0.54	NS	0.63	0.24	NS .	0.36	NS	0.50
.975	NS	0.14	NS	NS	0.31	NS	0.29	0.30
976	0.62	0.27	1.04	0.37	0.26	0.13	1.69	0.60
977	0.42	0.84	0.64	0.13	0.23	0.22	0.26	0.52
978	1.22	0.40	0.74	0.49	0.22	0.22	0.36	0.95
979.	0.22	0.75	0.46	0.08	0.33	0.29	0.30	0.95
.980	0.28	0.58	1.06	0.25	0.33	0.29	0.27	0.27
	**-0	0.00	1.00	0.65	0.20	0.71	0.21	0.30

Table 16. Mean weight of fishes (kg/fish) for the low use season (Nov. 21-May 14) by species and bay system caught by sport boat fishermen in Texas bays (May 1974-May 1981). NS = no samples. Blank = no fish weighed.

				Bav	system	··		
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Spotted seatrout								
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	0.73	NS	0.42	0.36	NS	0.54	NS	0.49
1976	NS	0.64	NS	NS	0.36	NS	0.58	0.55
1977	0.64	0.58	0.63	0.39	0.57	0.53	0.55	0.55
1978	0.80	0.65	0.48	0.48	0.49	0.47	0.50	0.52
1979	0.76	0.42	0.59	0.46	0.63	0.51	0.60	0.52
1980	0.63	0.61	0.47	0.45	0.53	0.51	0.39	0.50
1981	0.82	0.56	0.47	0.38	0.58	0.47	0.52	0.50
Red drum								
1974	NS	NS	NS	ŃS	· NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	0.88	NS	1.06	0.76	NS	1.00	NS	0.94
1976	NS	0.70	NS	NS.	0.68	NS '	0.83	0.72
1977	1.45	0.71	1.48	1.12	0.70	0.83	1.07	1.00
1978	1.11	1.09	0.67	0.77	0.69	0.97	0.79	0.80
1979	1.14	0.60	0.68	0.74	0.79	1.02	1.12	0.70
1980	0.68	0.66	0.56	0.65	0.65	0.68	0.57	0.63
1981	0.87	0.86	1.12	0.91	1.09	0.72	0.65	0.90
3lack drum	, .							
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1975	2.24	NS	1.20	1.04	NS	1.94	NS.	2.10
1976	NS	0.59	NS	NS	5.32	NS	3.77	1.98
1977	1.59	0.43	14.65	1.39	9.84		5.57	4.81
1978	1.98	2.08	1.40	0.84	6.98	1.56	6.08	2.99
1979	6.84	0.45	7.32	0.54	3.48	1.07	1.78	5.88
1980	0.60	0.51	3.15	0.07	5.86	0.90	0.50	1.75
1981	5.87	0.34	1.46	0.66	0.90	0.47	0.51	4.61

Table 16. (Cont'd).

	Bay system											
/ear	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total				
Southern flounder												
1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS				
L975	0.63	NS	0.71	0.46	NS	0.79	* NS	0.72				
1976	NS	0.39	NS	NS	0.31	NS	0.64	0.39				
1977	0.59	0.57	0.46	0.76	0.49	115	0.62	0.57				
1978	0.46	0.48	0.56	0.62	0.35	0.65	0.89	0.53				
979	0.49	0.27	0.65	0.65	0.73	0.73	0.54	0.48				
1980	0.47	0.50	0.40	0.56	0.48	0.68	0.43	0.48				
981	0.66	0.37	0.73	0.40	0.64	1.72	0.43	0.48				
iheepshead				,		****	0.40	0.30				
.974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS				
.975	0.68	NS	0.70	0.55	. NS	1.54	NS	0.72				
.976	NS	0.42	NS	NS	0.67	NS	1.18	0.68				
.977	1.19	0.95		0.54	0.91	0.95	0.88	0.88				
978	0.93	0.42	0.54	0.50	0.86	.95	0.74	0.71				
.979	0.80	0.80	0.76	0.58	0.33	0.98	0.80	0.78				
.980	0.88	0.85	0.80	0.55	1.00	1.21	0.61	0.78				
.981	1.22	0.21	0.41	0.58	0.77	1.18	1.00	0.72				
itlantic croaker						2025	2.00	0.,0				
.974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS				
.975	0.17	NS	0.32	0.14	· NS	0.25	NS NS					
.976	NS	NO	NS	NS	0.25	NS		0.17				
.977	0.26	0.11	0.28	NO	0.23		0.23	0.21				
.978	0.25	0.25	0.22			0.18	0.30	0.20				
.979	0.15	0.25	V. ZZ		0.29	0.34	0.21	0.27				
.980		0.12		0.00	0.10	0.22	0.19	0.21				
981	0.10 0.33	0.13 0.07		0.28	0.18 0.27	0.29	0.21	0.13				
. 201	0.33	U.U/			U. / /	0.20	0.20	0.23				

Table 16. (Cont'd).

Sand seatrout Sand seatrou	Year Sand seatrout 1974	NS				Corpus	Laguna	Laguna	Coastwide Total
1974			NS						10001
1975	1974		NS		•				
1975			113	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
NS									0.28
1977		NS		NS					0.31
1978			•						0.35
1979	1978	0.33	0.23	•	0.26		0.79		0.35
1980	1979		0.20	0.25					
1981 0.36 0.32 0.22 0.32			0.20	0.20					0.28
NS	1981		V.LV						
1.42 NS 1.20 1.41 NS NS 1.25 1.976 NS 1.79 NS NS 1.28 NS 1.53 1.977 1.31 1.67 1.29 1.35 0.97 1.38 1.978 1.31 1.15 1.21 0.83 1.50 1.26 1.979 1.25 1.56 0.85 1.22 1.47 1.26 1.980 1.34 2.13 1.68 1.75 1.981 1.62 1.18 1.08 2.21 1.19 1.13 Other species 1.974 NS	Gafftopsail catfish					*			. •
1.42 NS 1.20 1.41 NS NS 1.25 1.976 NS 1.79 NS NS 1.28 NS 1.53 1.977 1.31 1.67 1.29 1.35 0.97 1.38 1.978 1.31 1.15 1.21 0.83 1.50 1.26 1.979 1.25 1.56 0.85 1.22 1.47 1.26 1.980 1.34 2.13 1.68 1.75 1.981 1.62 1.18 1.08 2.21 1.19 1.13 Other species 1.974 NS	1974	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1976									
1977 1.73 1.67 1.29 1.35 0.97 1.26 1.979 1.25 1.56 0.85 1.22 1.47 1.26 1.980 1.981 1.62 1.18 1.08 2.21 1.19 0ther species 1974							NS		1.53
1.31 1.15 1.21 0.83 1.50 1.26 1.979 1.25 1.56 0.85 1.22 1.47 1.26 1.980 1.34 2.13 1.68 1.75 1.981 1.62 1.18 1.08 2.21 1.19 1.13 Other species 1.974 NS						0.97			1.38
1.25		1.31	1.15			1.50			
1.34 2.13 1.68 1.75 1.981 1.62 1.18 1.08 2.21 1.19 1.13 Other species NS N		1 25							1.26
1981 1.62 1.18 1.08 2.21 1.19 1.13 Other species NS N		1.20	1.00						
Other species 1974	1981	1.62	1.18						
1975 0.27 NS 0.41 0.62 NS 0.11 NS 0.28 1976 NS 0.25 NS NS 0.39 NS 3.93 1.17 1977 6.84 0.26 0.25 0.45 0.32 0.29 0.37 1978 0.52 0.28 0.28 0.35 0.30 0.22 0.48 1979 0.25 0.53 0.20 0.38 2.03 0.31 1980 0.21 1.11 1.09 0.21 0.24 0.37 0.49	Other species		٠.				. • ·	v e e	
1975 0.27 NS 0.41 0.62 NS 0.11 NS 0.28 1976 NS 0.25 NS NS 0.39 NS 3.93 1.17 1977 6.84 0.26 0.25 0.45 0.32 0.29 0.37 1978 0.52 0.28 0.28 0.35 0.30 0.22 0.48 1979 0.25 0.53 0.20 0.38 2.03 0.31 1980 0.21 1.11 1.09 0.21 0.24 0.37 0.49	1 0 7 <i>1</i>	РИ	NC	. NC	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
1976 NS 0.25 NS NS 0.39 NS 3.93 1.17 1977 6.84 0.26 0.25 0.45 0.32 0.29 0.37 1978 0.52 0.28 0.28 0.35 0.30 0.22 0.48 1979 0.25 0.53 0.20 0.38 2.03 0.31 1980 0.21 1.11 1.09 0.21 0.24 0.37 0.49									
1977 6.84 0.26 0.25 0.45 0.32 0.29 0.37 1978 0.52 0.28 0.28 0.35 0.30 0.22 0.48 1979 0.25 0.53 0.20 0.38 2.03 0.31 1980 0.21 1.11 1.09 0.21 0.24 0.37 0.49									
1978 0.52 0.28 0.28 0.35 0.30 0.22 0.48 1979 0.25 0.53 0.20 0.38 2.03 0.31 1980 0.21 1.11 1.09 0.21 0.24 0.37 0.49							110	0.20	
1979 0.25 0.53 0.20 0.38 2.03 0.31 1980 0.21 1.11 1.09 0.21 0.24 0.37 0.49								0.29	
1980 0.21 1.11 1.09 0.21 0.24 0.37 0.49			0.20						
1980			1 11		0.20		0.04		
		0.21			0.00	0.21	0.24	0.3/	

Table 17. Mean catch rates (No./man-h) and mean weights of fishes (kg) caught by sport boat fishermen during the high use season (May 15-Nov. 20) by species in the pass and jetty areas in Texas marine waters. Blank = no fish weighed.

			Pa	ss and	jetty area			
Species	Galvesto		Matagord		Corpus Chr		Lower Laguna Ma	
Year	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg
Spotted seatrout			•					
1978	0.06	0.85	0.08	0.63	0.44	0.37	0.00	
1979	0.20	0.76	0.28	0.62	0.19	0.40	0.00	
1980	0.12	0.78	0.17	0.59	0.03	0.65	0.00	
Red drum								
1978	0.01	5.26	0.01	3.87	0.00		0.00	
1979	0.01	3.82	0.04	3.36	0.01	0.53	0.00	
1980	0.03	2.72	0.05	2.53	0.06	1.77	0.02	8.15
Black drum								
1978	0.01	1.41	0.01	0.43	0.00		0.00	
1979	.01	1.02	0.01	0.94	0.00		0.00	
1980	0.01	1.18	0.01	2.89	.01		0.00	
Southern flounder						·		-
1978	0.07	0.75	0.01	0.55	0.15	0.96	0.00	
1979	0.05	0.44	0.02	0.85	0.01	0.91	0.00	
1980	0.02	0.53	.01	0.47	0.08	0.38	0.00	

Table 17. (Cont'd).

			Pa	ss and	jetty area	· · ·		
Species	Galveston		Matagord	Matagorda		isti	Lower Laguna Ma	
Year	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Кд	No./man-h	Kg
Sheepshead							·	
1978	0.05	0.64	0.07	0.58	0.03	0.63	0.00	
1979	0.05	0.67	0.02	0.42	0.33	0.53	0.00	
1980	0.06	0.79	0.07	0.70	0.02	1.08	0.06	0.30
Atlantic croaker								
1978	0.06	0.25	.01	0.13	0.01	0.22	0.00	
1979	0.03	0.16	0.01	0.25	0.02	0.27	0.00	
1980	0.03	0.13	0.06	0.33	0.32	0.29	0.00	
Sand seatrout			÷					•
1978	0.20	0.22	.01	0.4	0.55	0.25	0.00	
1979	0.10	0.26	0.19	0.29	0.04	0.14	0.00	
1980	0.07	0.24	0.06	0.34	0.32	0.22	0.00	
Gafftopsail catfish	÷		٠.					
1978	.01	1.64	0.02	0.90	0.00	•	0.00	
1979	.01	0.91	0.00		0.00		0.00	
1980	0.01	1.20	0.01	0.93	0.00		0.00	

Table 17. (Cont'd).

			P	ass and	jetty area			
Species Year	Galvesto No./man-h	n Kg	Matagor No./man-h		Corpus Chr No./man-h	risti Ka	Lower Laguna Ma No./man-h	idre Kg
Other			110 17 111411 11	y	110.7111011-11	Ny	NO.7 Man-II	κg
1978 1979 1980	0.03 0.09 0.07	0.47 0.57 0.39	0.03 0.04 0.04	10.79 1.24 1.09	0.01 0.07 0.07	0.22 0.45 1.76	0.00 0.00 0.49	0.69
11 species combined ^a	l							
1978 1979 1980	0.48 0.53 0.41		0.23 0.60 0.48		1.19 0.67 0.93		0.00 0.00 0.58	

^aDue to rounding of numbers, these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Table 18. Mean catch rates (No./man-h) and mean weights of fishes (kg) caught by sport boat fishermen during the low use season (Nov. 21- May 14) by species in the pass and jetty areas in Texas marine waters. Blank = no fish weighed.

			Pa	iss and	etty area			
· .							Lower	_
Species	<u> Galvest</u>		Matagord		Corpus Chr		<u>Laguna Ma</u>	
Year	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg
Spotted seatrout								
1978	0.00		0.01	1.52	0.00		0.00	
1979	0.01	0.60	0.02	1.15	0.00		0.00	
1980	0.00		0.13	0.55	0.06	0.97	0.00	
1981	0.01	0.90	0.03	0.47	0.01	1.05	•.	
Red drüm								
1978	.01	4.26	0.02	2.44	0.00		0.00	
1979	0.01	3.17	0.04	2.01	0.01	0.96	0.00	
1980	0.01	3.44	0.03	1.01	0.02	1.83	0.00	
1981	0.00		0.00		0.30	2.06		
Black drum								
1978	0.05	12.45	0.01	8.38	0.00		0.00	
1979	.01	5.28	0.00		0.00	* 3	0.00	
1980	.01	1.82	0.00		0.00		0.00	•
1981	0.02	2.25	0.28	4.95	0.00		·	
Southern flounder								
1978	0.01	0.49	0.00	*: *:	0.00		0.00	¥
1979	0.01	0.47	0.00	•	0.00	1.	0.00	
1980	0.01	0.82	0.00		0.00		0.00	
1981	0.00		0.00		0.00			

Table 18. (Cont'd).

			Pi	ass and	jetty area			
Species Year	Galvesto No./man-h		Matagoro	ia	Corpus Chr		Lower Laguna Ma	
1601	NU./IIIdII-II	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg
Sheepshead								
1978	.01	0.84	0.19	0.48	0.00		0.00	
1979	.01	1.81	0.09	0.80	0.47	0.54	0.00	
1980	.01	1.55	0.18	0.84	0.46	0.66	0.00	.*
1981	0.02	0.85	0.59	0.84	1.11	0.60		
Atlantic croaker								
1978	.01		0.01		0.00		0.00	
1979	0.02	0.21	0.00		0.00		0.00	
1980	0.02	0.11	0.00		0.00		0.00	
1981	0.00		0.00		0.00			
Sand seatrout								
1978	.01	0.31	0.00		0.00		0.00	
1979	0.48	0.26	0.00		0.00		0.00	
1980	0.14	0.23	0.01	0.27	0.05	0.41	0.00	•
1981	0.16		0.00	•	0.00	• • •		
Gafftopsail catfish								
1978	0.05	1.59	0.01	1.64	0.00		0.00	
1979	0.01	1.87	0.04	1.48	0.05	0.70	0.00	
1980	0.00		0.02	1.07	0.00	~•. •	0.00	
1981	0.01	0.40	0.00		0.00		0.00	

Table 18. (Cont'd).

			Pa	iss and	jetty area			
Species	Galveston		Matagorda		Corpus Christi		Lower Laguna Madre	
Year	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg
Other								
1978 1979	0.01 0.02	0.32	0.01 .01	0.45	0.00 0.09	6.24	0.00	
1980 1981	0.02 0.01	0.28 9.80	0.13 0.00	0.31	0.04 0.00	0.38	0.00	
All species combined ^a			:		. :·		:	
1978 1979	0.12 0.54		0.24		0.00		0.00	
1979 1980 1981	0,54 0,20 0,24		0.20 0.51 0.90	1	0.59 0.63 1.42		0.00 0.00	

^aDue to rounding of numbers, these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Table 19. Mean catch rates (No./man-h) and mean weights (kg) of fishes caught by sport boat fishermen during the high use season (May 15-Nov. 20) by species in the Gulf of Mexico. Blank = no fish weighed.

<u> </u>			Р	ass and	jetty area			
Species		Galveston		Matagorda		risti	Lower Laguna Ma	
Year	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg
Spotted seatrout								
1978	0.00		.01	0.62	0.00		0.00	
1979	0.00		0.0		0.02	0.40	0.00	
1980	.01	0.60	0.03	0.67	.01	0.49	0.00	
Red drum								
1978	.01	2.98	0.00		.01	8 .9 7	0.00	
1979	0.00		.01	10.21	.01	10.91	0.00	
1980	.01		0.01	1.11	.01	11.25	0.00	
King mackerel								
1978	0.02	6.86	0.09	5.78	0.05	6.37	0.08	4.18
1979	0.01	3.65	0.10	4.56	0.08	5.86	0.09	4.00
1980	0.08	4.57	0.10	4.06	0.10	4.17	0.14	2.50
Spanish mackerel			:					÷
1978	.01	1.34	0.01	0.85	0.10	0.68	0.00	
1979	0.10	0.43	0.01	1.11	0.02	1.42	0.07	0.46
1980	0.03	1.17	0.01	0.77	0.02	0.45	0.00	

Table 19. (Cont'd).

			Pa	iss and	jetty area			
Species Year	Galvesto No./man-h	on Kg	Matagord No./man-h	la Kg	Corpus Ch No./man-h		Lower Laguna M No./man-h	adre
Red snapper								
1978 1979 1980	0.10 0.17 0.14	0.38 0.43 0.45	0.01 0.08 0.18	0.52 0.88 1.06	.01 .01 0.01	0.05 0.85 1.73	0.25 0.00 0.33	0.51
Atlantic croaker								
1978 1979 1980	0.00 0.02 .01	0.13 0.50	0.00 .01 .01	0.36 0.32	0.02 .01 .01	0.22 0.19 0.31	0.00 0.00 0.00	
and seatrout	•							
1978 1979 1980	0.02 0.03 0.02	0.34 0.31 0.26	0.01 0.04 0.14	0.42 0.40 0.37	0.02 0.05 0.01	0.24 0.29 0.23	0.00 0.00 0.01	0.22
Cobia (ling)	. •		:			· ;	. 4.	
1978 1979 1980	0.02 0.01 0.01	2.49 10.93 7.26	0.01 .01 .01	2.84 9.51 7.58	0.01 .01 .01	11.36 9.18 4.05	0.00 0.00 0.00	

Table 19. (Cont'd).

			Pa	ss and	jetty area	•		
Species Year	Galveston No./man-h Kg		Matagorda No./man-h Kg		Corpus Christi No./man-h Kg		Lower Laguna Madre No./man-h Kg	
	150 - 7 111411 - 11	Ny	no./man-n	Ng	190./man=n	Ng	NO./man-n	Kg
0ther								
1978 1979 1980	0.06 0.12 0.07	1.09 0.97 2.22	0.06 0.07 0.04	2.72 1.77 3.84	0.03 0.03 0.05	2,90 3,26 3,26	0.06 0.15 0.06	2.74 6.81 68.25
All species combined ^a								
1978 1979 1980	0.22 0.45 0.35		0.18 0.31 0.51		0.13 0.21 0.20		0.39 0.31 0.54	

^aDue to rounding of numbers, these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Table 20. Mean catch rates (No./man-h) and mean weights (kg) of fishes caught by sport boat fishermen during the low use season (Nov. 21-May 14) by species in the Gulf of Mexico. Blank = no fish weighed.

	Pass and jetty area							
* .					· ·		Lower	_
Species	Galvest	on	Matagore	da	Corpus Chr		Laguna Ma	<u>idre</u>
Year	No./man-h	Kg	No /man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg
Spotted seatrout								
1978	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.35	0.45
1979	0.00		0.01	0.79	0.00	•	0.00	
1980	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	
1981	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	-
Red drum						•		
1978	0.00		.01	12.84	0.00		0.00	
1979	0.02	11.36	.01	4.31	0.00		0.00	
1980	0.01	1.82	0.00		0.00		0.00	
1981	0.00		0.00		0.06	3.70	0.00	
King mackerel								
1978	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.01	5.91
1 9 79	0.00		0.00	.!	0.00		0.00	
1980	0.05	5.18	0.01	5.95	0.00		0.00	-
1981	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	
Spanish mackerel								
1978	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	
1979	0.00	*	0.00		0.47	0.42	0.00	
1980	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	
1981	0.00	,	0.00		0.00		0.00	

Table 20. (Cont'd).

	Pass and jetty area							
Species	Galveston		Matagorda		Corpus Christi		Lower Laguna Madre	
Year	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg	No./man-h	Kg
Red snapper								
197 8	0.00		0.02	0.77	0.00		0.00	
1979	1.08	0.32	0.11	0.82	0.00		0.00	
1980	0.00		0.37	0.91	0.00		2.14	0.92
1981	0.00		0.03		0.00		0.00	
Atlantic croaker								
1978	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	
197 9	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	
1980	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	
1981	0.14	4.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	
Sand seatrout								
1978	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	
1979	0.10	0.21	0.41		0.00		0.00	
1980	0.03	0.24	0.17	0.42	0.00		0.00	-
1981	0.00		2.47	0.30	0.00		0.00	
Cobia (ling)								
1978	0.00		.01		0.00		0.00	
1979	0.00	•	0.00		0.00		0.00	
1980	0.02	6.80	0.00		0.00		0.00	
1981	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	

Table 20. (Cont'd).

	Pass and jetty area							
Species Year	Galvesto No./man-h	n Kg	Matagor No./man-h	ia	Corpus Ch No./man-h		Lower Laguna M No./man-h	
Other								
1978 1979 1980 1981	0.03 0.06 0.01 1.29	1.59 0.63 0.47	0.08 0.10 0.02 0.00	13.31 0.30 3.78	0.23 0.01 0.01 0.00	0.95 14.55	0.13 0.00 0.00 0.00	31.87
All species combined ^a								
1978 1979 1980 1981	0.03 1.25 0.11 1.43		0.10 0.63 0.57 2.50	· ·	0.23 0.49 0.01 0.06		0.50 0.00 2.14 0.00	

 $^{^{\}rm a}{\rm Due}$ to rounding of numbers, these totals may not exactly equal individual species totals.

Appendix A: Boat ramp access points

Table 1. Boat ramp access points in Texas bay systems (1974-1981).

Bay System	Boat ramp ^a code number	Boat ramp identification
Galveston		
4417455011	(1)	(Cedar Bayou Outflow - deleted 12/1/77)
	79	Cotton Lake - added 5/15/78
	2	Woodall's
	3 .	Crawley's
	77	Will's - added 11/21/77
· ·	4	Thompson's
	5	Roseland Park
	6	Tabb's Bay
*	9Ŏ	San Jacinto Bay Bridge - added 5/15/80
	7	Morgan's Point
	8	Sylvan Beach
	85	Clear Lake - added 5/15/79
	91	Shoreacres - added 5/15/80
	(9)	(Oddo's - deleted 9/1/80)
	10	State Boat Ramp (Clear Creek Channel)
	11	Galveston County Park (Bacliff)
	12	HL&P Galveston County Park
	13	San Leon Marina
	13 14	Eagle Point Camp
	15	April Fool Point
		Cotton's Bait Camp - added 11/21/79
	87 16	Marge's Bait Camp
	16 17	
	17 70	Fiesta Marina Piekingen Payou Public Pamp added 11/21/77
	78	Dickinson Bayou Public Ramp - added 11/21/77
	18	Swede's Camp
	**	Simpson's
•	(19)	(White Heron Resorts - deleted 8/31/75)
	20	Moses Lake Bait Camp
	84	The Fish Spot - added 11/21/78
	21	Mowle's Camp
	86	Dollar Bay - added 11/21/79
	22	C. C. Camp
	(23)	(Dollar Pt. Public Ramp - deleted 8/31/75)
	24	Rilat's
V 1	,	Dub's
No.	25	Curl's
	26	Public Ramp (Texas City Dike)
	27	Public Ramp (Texas City Dike
	28	Public Ramp (Texas City Dike)
	29	Texas City Dike Marina
	30	Jones Lake State Boat Ramp
	(31)	(Intracoastal Inn - deleted 9/1/78)
	(32)	(Terry's Lucky 7 - deleted 10/1/79)

Table 1. (Cont'd).

Bay	Boat ramp ^a	
System	code number	Boat ramp identification
	24	Louisel
	34 35	Louis'
	93	Hall's Bayou Camp
		Hall's Bayou Bridge - added 11/21/80
	(36) 38	(Snug Harbor Marina - deleted 12/1/78)
	94	Chocolate Bay State Boat Ramp Chocolate Bayou Marina
	37	Lute's Marine
	92	Tiger Marine - added 11/21/80
	39	Marlin Marina
	40	State Ramp - Bastrop Bayou
	41	Jack Booth's (Bastrop Marina)
	88	San Luis Pass Subdivision - added 11/21/79
	(42)	(Shell Ramp (Christmas Bay) - deleted 12/1/78)
	43	Shell Ramp (Christmas Bay)
	44	KOA Campground
	(45)	(Public Launching from Shoreline - deleted 9/1/80)
	46	San Luis Pass Bait Camp
	47	Bay Harbor
	48	Terramar Beach
	49	Sea Isle
	50	Jamaica Beach Marine
	51	Jamaica Beach Boat Ramp
	(52)	(Sun Oil - deleted 8/31/75)
	53	Pirate's Beach Marine
	54	Pirate's Beach Ramp
•	55	Andy's Bait Camp
		Public Ramp
	56	73rd St. County Park
	57	61st St. County Park
	(58)	(Bayou Bay Marina - deleted 9/1/79)
	59 (60)	Newell Marine
	(60)	(M&M Camp - deleted 9/1/79)
	61 62	Marina Pleasure Island
	83	Galveston Yacht Basin - added 11/2/78
	(80)	(South Jetty Ramp - added 11/21/78; deleted
	(00)	4/11/80)
		Wilson's
	81	Waddells - added 11/21/78
	01	Best's
	82	North Galveston Jetty - added 11/21/78
	63	Jim Reid's
	64	Shirley's Cafeteria
	(65)	(Johnson Road - deleted 3/20/78)

Table 1. (Cont'd).

Bay System		Boat ramp ^a code number	Boat ramp identification
<u> </u>			
		66 (67) 68 (69) 70	Robin's Seafood Bait Camp (2-J's Harbor (Demi-John) - deleted 8/31/75) B & P Camp (Bob's Camp - deleted 9/6/79) Stingaree Marina
		(71) 72 89	(Chocolate Bayou Marina - deleted 8/31/75) Rollover Pass Public Ramp High Island State Boat Ramp - added 11/21/79
		73	Vingt-et-une Smith Point Robbins Park
		74 75 (76)	Oak Island County Ramp Fort Anahuac Park (Anahuac State Ramp - deleted 12/1/78)
Matagorda	Bay		
nacagor da	. .	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 29 13 14 (15) 16 (17) 18	Captains Fishing Center Bobbie's Indianola Magnolia Chocolate Bayou Harbor Refuge Lavaca Causeway Point Comfort Olivia Crescent V Last Chance Marina The Wharf - added 5/15/78 Turtle Bridge Hill (Palacios Bait Camp - deleted 5/15/80) East Bay (Grassy Point - deleted 3/13/78) Palacios River
		19 (27) 20 21 22 26 23 24	River Bend (Bulkhead Marina - added 5/15/78; deleted 5/15/80) Al's Gilmer's Rawlings Cherry's - added 5/15/78 UFO Bill & Effie's

Table 1. (Cont'd).

System	Boat ramp ^a code number	Boat ramp identification
	25	Surfside
•	28	Chinquapin - added 5/15/78
San Antonio Bay	<i>,</i>	
	. 1	Fishing Center
	1 2 3 4 5 6 (7)	Captains
	3	Bobbie's
	4	Fulghum's
	5	Swan Point
	0 (7)	Seadrift (Austral) dalated 2/17/70)
	8	(Austwell - deleted 8/17/79) Hopper's Landing
	(9)	(Pete's Bait Camp - deleted 8/17/79)
	(10)	(Morgan's Bait Camp - deleted 8/17/79)
American Devi	. ,	(· Jan - Ja
Aransas Bay		
	11	Glenn's Marina - Bayside
	(22)	(Bayside Public Ramp - added 5/15/79; deleted 12/1/80)
	10	Redfish Camp
	18	Port Bay - added 11/21/76
	9	Klein's Rattlesnake Point
	21	Pouzee's - added 5/15/79
	8 7	Joe's
	6	Holiday Beach St. Charles Marina
	7 6 5 4 3	Goose Island State Park
	4	Sea Gun Marina
		S. Copano Causeway
	27	Racquet Club - added 11/21/79
	24	Sand Dollar - added 11/21/79
	2	Fulton Harbor
•	25 (26)	Key Allegro Marina - added 11/21/79
	1	(Key Allegro North Ramp - added 11/21/79 - deleted 12/1/80)
	19	Little Bay Rockport Turning Basin - added 5/15/78
	17	Cove Harbor
•	16	Palm Harbor
	12	Aransas Pass Boat Basin
	13	Louie's Bait Hut
	14	Fin & Feather
	15	Redfish Bay Marina

Table 1. (Cont'd).

Bay Boat ramp ^a System code number	Boat ramp identification
23 20	Hogan's - added 11/21/79 Bait Hut - added 5/15/78
Corpus Christi Bay	
1 (2) 3 4 5 (6) 15 7 14 8 9 (10) 11 12 13	South Nueces Causeway (North Nueces Causeway - deleted 10/27/80) Ingleside Cove State Ramp Bahia Mar Channel View (Warrens - deleted 5/15/79) Sun Oil Co added 5/15/79 Aransas Airport Causeway - added 5/15/79 Fin & Feather Wilson's Cut (Oso Bridge Ramp - deleted 10/27/80) T-Head Ramp Port Aransas Public Ramp - added 5/15/78 Woody's - added 5/15/78
Jpper Laguna Madre	woody 5 - added 5/15/76
1 2 3 4 14 15 5 6 (7) 8 9 12 10 11 13 19 16 17 18	Hap's Jerry's Coburn's Marina Madre Boat Hole Naval Ramp Toll Gate Whitt's (Fishermen's Folly - deleted 5/15/81) Graham's B.G.'s Billings Rainbow Black's P.I.V. Bird Island Basin - added 5/15/79 Kaufer Kratz's Williamson's

Table 1. (Cont'd).

Bay System	Boat ramp ^a code number	Boat ramp identification
Lower Lagun	a Madre	
	16 1 2 3 (4) (5) (6) 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	South Padre Marina - added 11/21/77 Wiley's Jim's Sea Ranch (Jetties - deleted 5/15/80) (Marchan's - deleted 9/1/78) (Port Isabel - deleted 9/1/76) White Sands San Martin Laguna Vista Arroyo Colorado Sanchez Al's Place Marlin Marina Port Mansfield Redfish Motel

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ Unless otherwise noted boat ramps were surveyed starting in 1974.

Appendix B: Area maps of boat ramp access points

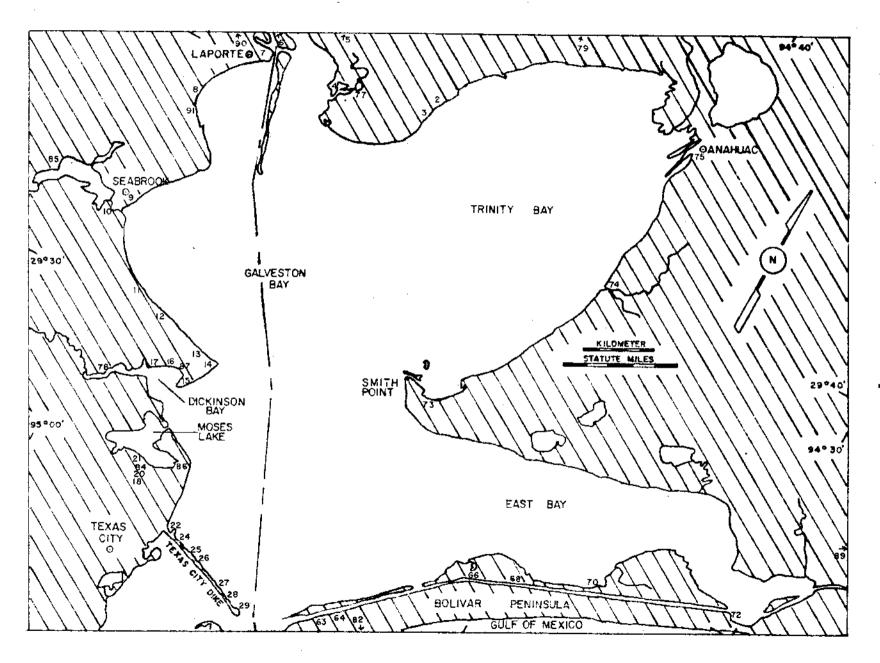


Figure 1. Boat ramp access points in the Galveston Bay system (May 1974-May 1981).

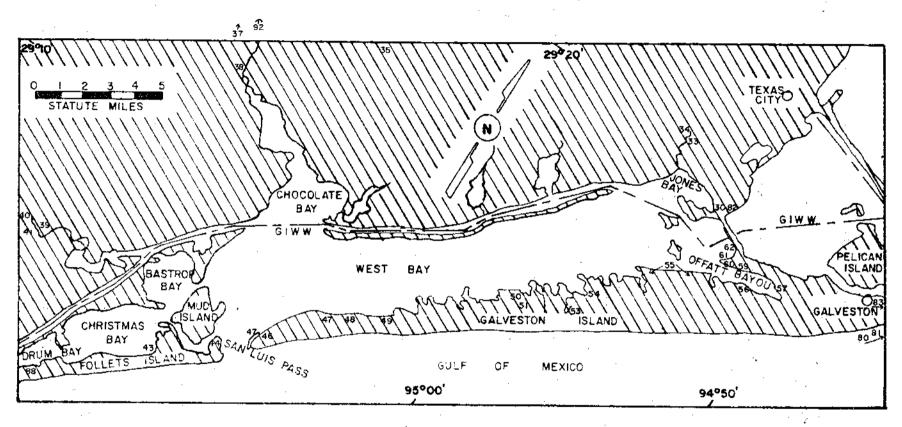


Figure 2. Boat ramp access points in the Galveston Bay system (May 1974-May 1981).

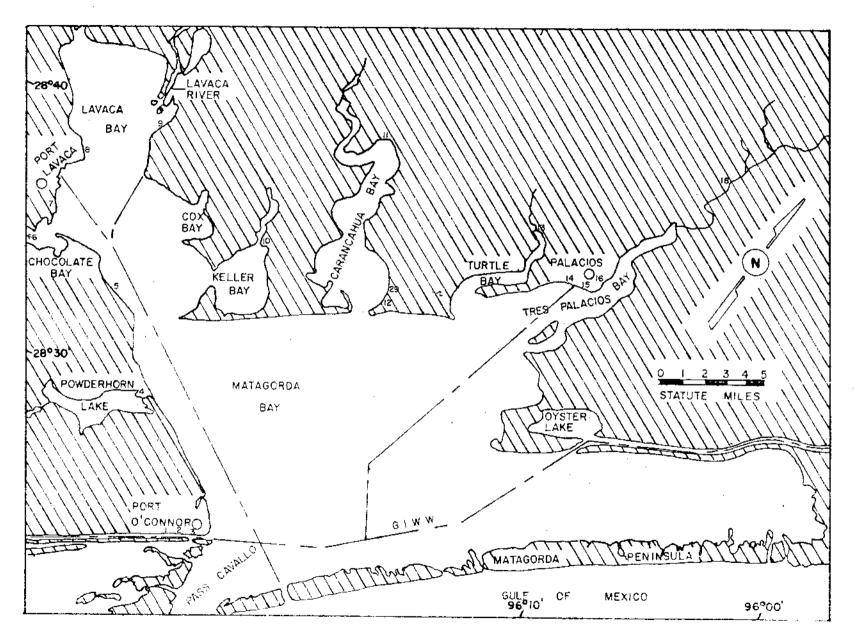
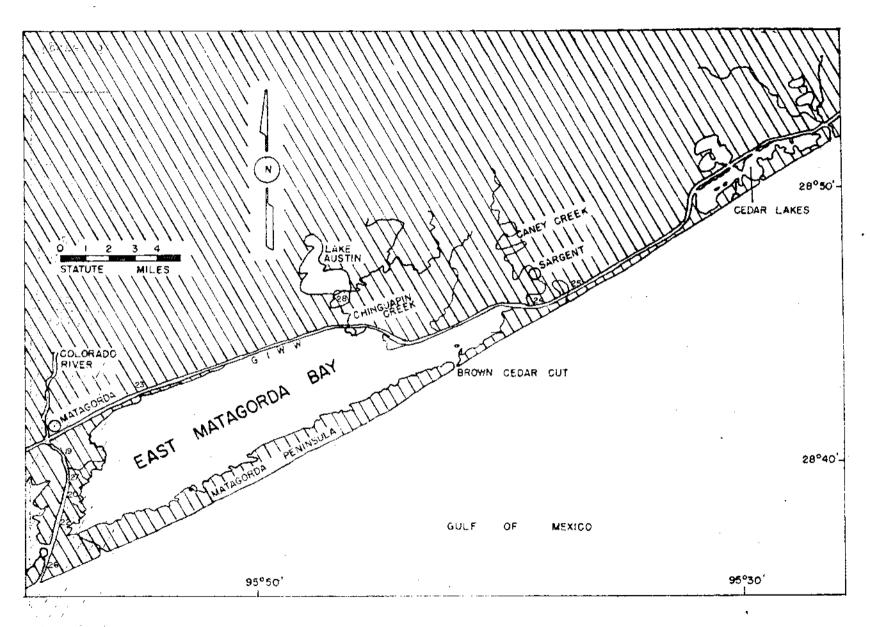


Figure 3. Boat ramp access points in the Matagorda Bay system (May 1974-May 1981).



Figure/ 4. Boat ramp access points in the Matagorda Bay system (May 1974-May 1981).

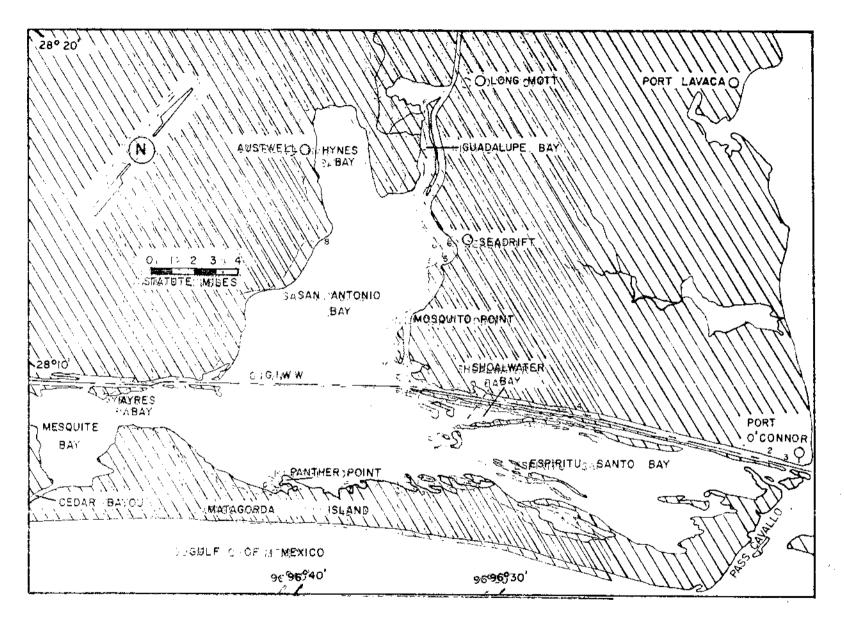


Figure 5. SoBoats ramps accessopoints in the San Antonies Bayysventen Mayay 191974- May 1981).

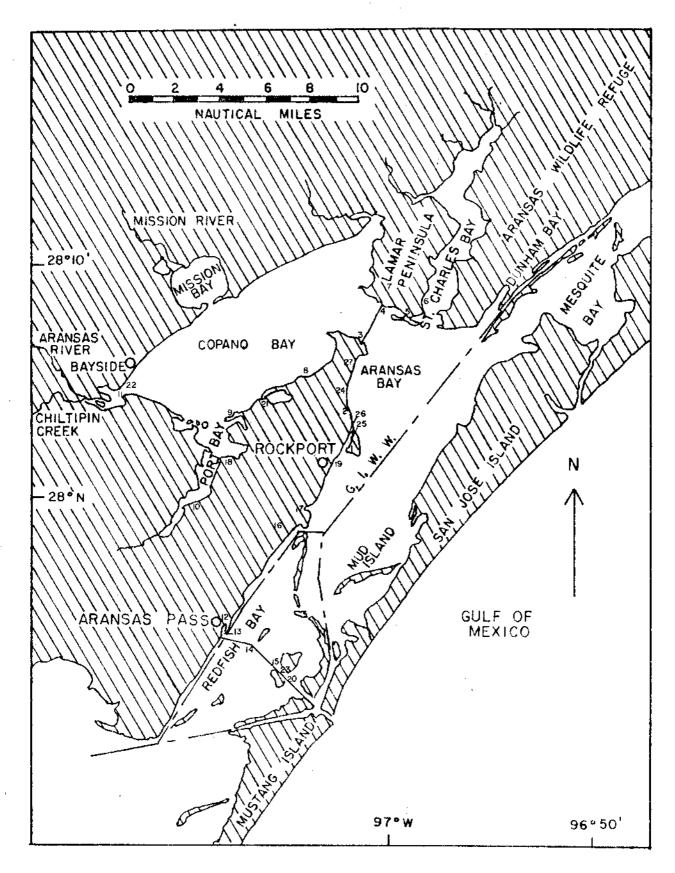


Figure 6. Boat ramp access points in the Aransas Bay system (${\tt May}$ 1974-May. 1981)

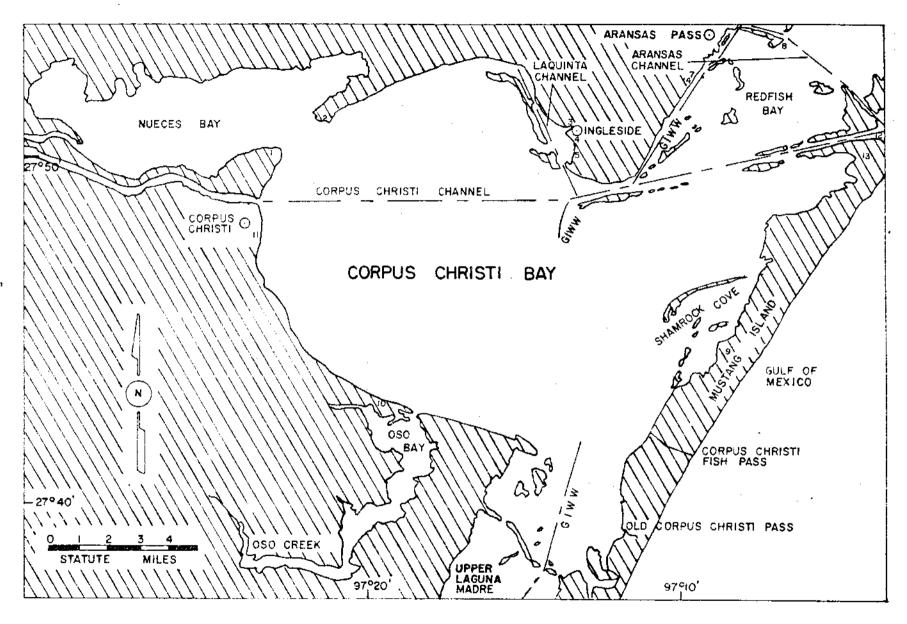


Figure 7. Boat ramp access points in the Corpus Christi Bay system (May 1974-May 1981).

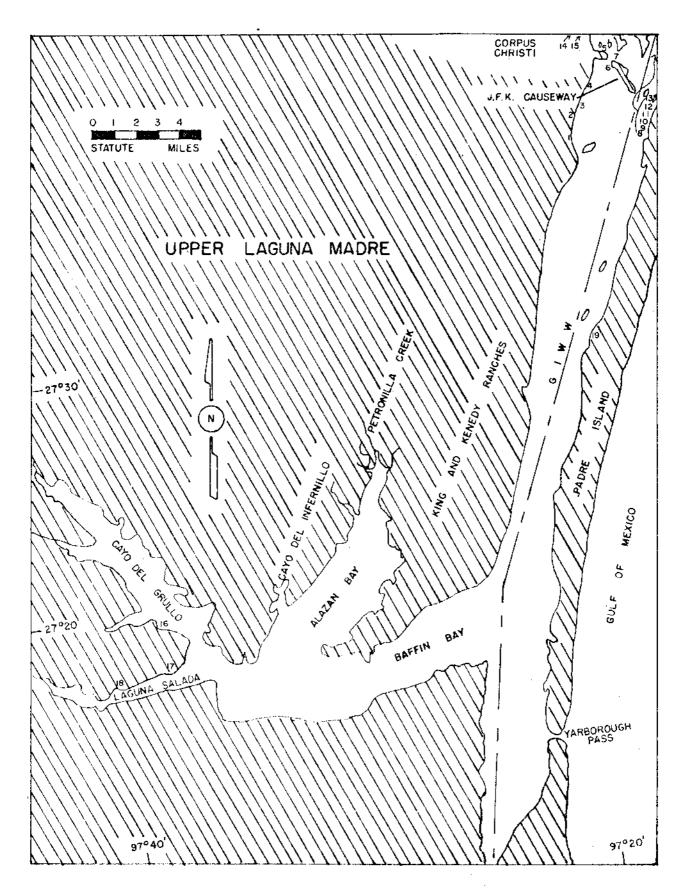


Figure 8. Boat ramp access points in the upper Laguna Madre Bay system (May . 1974-May 1981).

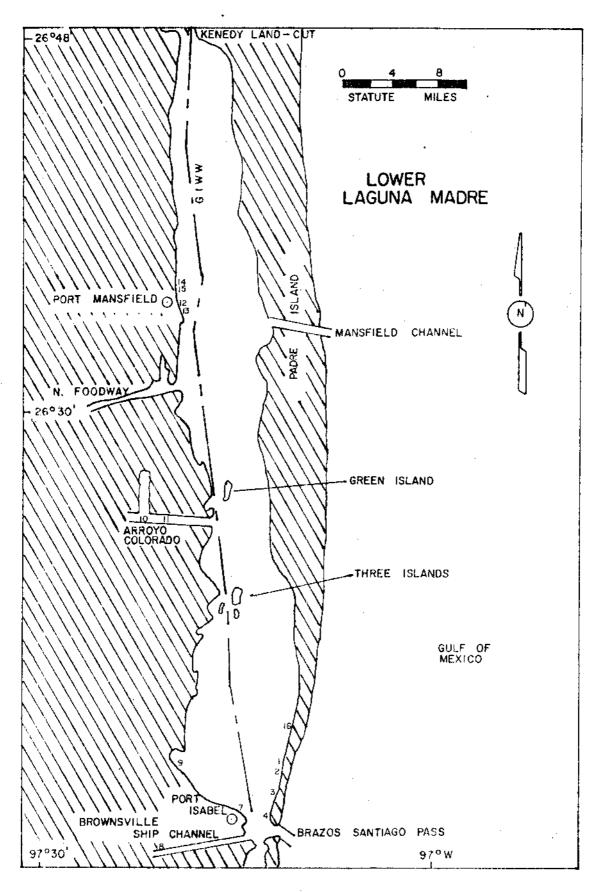


Figure 9. Boat ramp access points in the lower Laguna Madre Bay system (May 1974-May, 1981).

Appendix C: Area descriptions.

AREA DESCRIPTIONS

Descriptions of each bay system except the East Matagorda Bay system were reproduced from Matlock and Weaver (1979).

Galveston Bay

The Galveston Bay system, which includes 353,768 acres, is the largest estuary on the Texas coast (Fisher et al. 1972) and consists of Galveston, Trinity, East, West, Dickinson, Chocolate, Christmas, Bastrop, Dollar, Drum and Tabbs Bays and Clear, Moses and Jones Lakes (Fig. 1a-b).

The estuary is separated from the Gulf of Mexico by Bolivar Peninsula, Galveston Island and Follets Island. Two natural passes, Bolivar Roads and San Luis Pass, and one man-made pass, Rollover Pass, connect the estuary with the Gulf.

Bay depths average 6.9 ft or less except in dredged channels. Bolivar Roads, Houston, Texas City, Galveston and Bayport Ship Channels are dredged to 40 ft. The Intracoastal Waterway is dredged to 12.1 ft through East, lower Galveston, and West Bays (Diener 1975).

Bay substrates include mud, shell and clay; barrier island shorelines are predominantly sand. Approximately 7,527 acres of oyster reefs lie in Galveston, Trinity, East, West and Dickinson Bays (Benefield and Hofstetter 1976). Numerous spoil "islands" occur along most dredged channels.

Shoreline marshes are present along portions of East, West, Trinity, Christmas, Bastrop, Drum and Chocolate Bays. Diener (1975) listed 231,342 acres of emergent vegetation--smooth cordgrass (Spartina alterniflora), salt meadow cordgrass (S. patens), bulrush (Scirpus olney), shoregrass (Monothochloe littoralis), rush (Juncus romerianus), seashore saltgrass (Distichlis spicata) and saltwort (Batis maritima)--and 18,095 acres of submergent seagrasses--widgeon grass (Ruppia maritima) and Halodule beaudettei--in Galveston Bay. McEachron, Shaw and Moffett (1977) reported Halophilia engelmanni and turtle grass (Thallasia testudinum) in Christmas and Bastrop bays.

The bay receives an average of 2642 billion gal of fresh water annually, 90% of which comes form the Trinity and San Jacinto Rivers (Environmental Protection Agency 1971). Diener (1975) reported salinities ranging from 5-15 o/oo in Trinity and upper Galveston Bays to 20-30 o/oo in the lower portions of Galveston Bay near the Gulf. From November 1975 through March 1976 bay slinities at gill net stations ranged from 2.2 to 28.9 o/oo, dissolved oxygen varied from 5 to 18 ppm and water temperatures ranged from 40.1 to 76.1 F (Texas Parks & Wildlife Dept., Seabrook, Texas).

The Galveston Bay complex is adjacent to the most populated and industrialized area of Texas. A population of 2,424,800 people reside in the eight counties bordering the bay (1974 Census Data, Houston-Galveston Area Council, personal communication). The highest concentrations of people and industrial complexes are on the western shores of Galveston

Bay and the eastern shores of West Bay. From 1967 to 1969 the daily average flow of domestic wastewater into the Galveston Bay complex was at least 16.7 million gal and the industrial wastewater inflow at least 300 million gal (Diener 1975).

Sport fishermen caught an estimated 2,774,297 lb of fish in the bay from September 1974 through August 1975 (Heffernan et al. 1977). The commercial fishing industry harvested over 45.1 million lb of shrimp worth \$38,000,000, 15.4 million lb of blue crabs worth \$1,700,000, 6.6 million lb of finfish worth \$1,200,000, 21.4 million lb of shelled oysters worth \$11,700,000 and 9.3 million lb of small bait shrimp worth \$11,100,000 (0. B. Lynam, Texas Parks & Wildlife Dept., Seabrook, Texas, Unpublished data).

East Matagorda Bay

East Matagorda Bay (Fig. 2) is a relatively shallow (3.4 ft average depth), medium to high salinity (15-30 o/oo), turbid bay with a surface area of 37,810 acres at mean low water (MLW) (Diener 1975).

The bay's only connection with the Gulf of Mexico has historically been Brown Cedar Cut at the east end. Caney Creek and the Colorado River delta mark the northeast and southwest boundaries, respectively. The Matagorda Peninsula forms the southern boundary while the Intracoastal Waterway borders the northern shoreline of East Matagorda Bay.

Extensive stands of emergent cordgrass (Spartina sp.) occur along both the southern and northern boundaries with rush found on the northern shoreline. Submergent grasses include widgeon grass and Halodule beaudettei.

Oyster reefs are located throughout the system but no estimate of the acreage was available.

East Matagorda Bay receives fresh water from rainfall and runoff entering the Intracoastal Waterway from Caney Creek, the Colorado River and Peyton Creek (via Lake Austin and Live Oak Bayou). No estimates of the amount of annual fresh water inflow were available.

Population centers are located at each end of the bay in Matagorda (population 700) and in Sargent (population unknown). Fishing constitutes the major activity of residents in both towns; however, information concerning commercial and recreational landings has been combined with data from the Matagorda Bay system.

Matagorda Bay

The Matagorda Bay system (Fig. 3) encompasses an area of 244,430 acres and has an average depth of about 6.9 ft at MLW (Diener 1975). It includes Tres Palacios, Turtle, Carancahua, Lavaca, Cox, Keller and Chocolate Bays and Oyster, Redfish, Salt and Powerhorn Lakes.

Matagorda Bay is a large primary bay of 167,529 acres and 7.9 ft mean depth (Diener 1975). The southern boundary is the long, narrow Matagorda Peninsula with sand shoreline and extensive areas of submergent and emergent grasses; the eastern confine is the Colorado River delta and the western boundary is a shallow sand shoreline with limited submergent and emergent vegetation. The community of Port O'Connor (population 1,400) is in the southwest corner. Several secondary and tertiary bays associated with major and minor drainages into Matagorda Bay indent the northern perimeter.

Oyster Lake is a shallow muddy tertiary system of 2335 acres and 2.6-ft mean depth (Diener 1975) located along the northwestern shoreline of Matagorda Bay. Numerous oyster reefs are located throughout the system and the periphery is surrounded by emergent vegetation. Tres Palacios Bay is a secondary system of 9436 acres and 3.9 ft mean depth (Diener 1975) with oyster reefs and scattered shell throughout. The community of Palacios (3500 people) is located on the northern shoreline. Turtle Bay, with 1280 acres and 2.5 ft mean depth (Diener 1975), is a muddy system with a moderate number of oyster reefs. The shoreline is primarily clay bluffs with scattered emergent vegetation communities.

Carancahua Bay, along the north central shoreline of Matagorda Bay, covers 13,076 acres and has a 3.9-ft mean depth (Diener 1975). Several resort communities (Port Alto, Schicke Point and Cape Carancahua) are located along the bay. This bay has little marsh except in the southern portion where the tertiary systems of Redfish and Salt Lakes are located. Steep banks and sandy clay constitute the majority of the shore areas.

Lavaca Bay is a large secondary bay in the northwest corner of Matagorda Bay with 44,729 acres and 4.3-ft mean depth (Diener 1975). The shoreline is primarily clay bluffs. On the southeastern shoreline of Lavaca Bay are two smaller secondary areas: Cox Bay and Keller Bay. Cox Bay is a shallow muddy system with a clay bluff periphery and scattered oyster reefs throughout. Keller Bay is a deeper system and the southern perimeter, has the largest submerged grass beds found in the Lavaca Bay complex. The community of Olivia (240 people) is located at the head of Keller Bay. On the western shoreline of Lavaca Bay is Chocolate Bay, a small, muddy bay of 699 acres and 2.6-ft mean depth with clay bank shoreline (Diener 1975). North of Chocolate Bay is the city of Port Lavaca (12,000 people). The area of central Lavaca Bay is the most heavily industrialized in the Matagorda Bay system.

South of Lavaca Bay, on the western shoreline of Matagorda Bay, is Powderhorn Lake. This is a moderately saline, shallow body of water of 2889 acres and 2.3-ft mean depth (Diener 1975). This "lake" connects with Matagorda Bay through Powderhorn Bayou on which the community of Indianola (200 people) is located. The periphery of this bay is surrounded by large emergent grass communities.

There are two direct exchanges with the Gulf of Mexico, Pass Cavallo and the Matagorda Ship Channel, both located in the southwest corner of Matagorda Bay, and one indirect connection, the Colorado River, on the eastern boundary. The western portion of Matagorda Bay and the southern two-thirds of Lavaca Bay are transected by the Matagorda Ship Channel,

35.4 ft deep (Diener 1975), with associated spoil banks. The channel originates at the ALCOA (Aluminum Company of America) plant on the eastern shoreline of Lavaca Bay and terminates at the Gulf of Mexico through the Matagorda jetties. Small channels branch off in Lavaca Bay to the Refuge Harbor at Port Lavaca and to the Lavaca River. The Intracoastal Waterway, dredged to 12.1 ft (Diener 1975), intersects the Matagorda Ship Channel near Port O'Connor. The Palacios Ship Channel branches from the Intracoastal Waterway in south central Matagorda Bay.

Diener (1975) listed 119,970 acres of emergent vegetation—smooth cordgrass, salt meadow cordgrass, saltwort, shoregrass and coastal dropseed (Sporobolus virginicus)—and 7037 acres of submergent vegetation (widgeon grass and Halodule beaudettei) in th Matagorda Bay system.

Between 1957 and 1968 Matagorda Bay received an average 713 billion gal of freshwater discharge annually (Diener 1975), mainly through the Tres Palacios, Carancahua, Lavaca and Navidad Rivers with partial flow entering the bay from the Colorado River. From November 1974 through March 1976, bay water salinities at gill net stations ranged from 10.0 to 28.0 o/oo, dissolved oxygen varied from 6.0 to 13.0 ppm and water temperatures ranged from 44.6 to 78.8 F (Texas Parks & Wildlife Dept., Palacios).

Sport fishermen caught an estimated 844,600 fish weighing 968,832 lb in Matagorda Bay from September 1974 through August 1976; during the same period commercial fishermen landed 176,370 lb of fish (Breuer et al. 1977).

San Antonio Bay

The San Antonio Bay system consists of the primary bays San Antonio and Espirtu Santo and the seconday bays Hynes, Guadalupe and Shoalwater (Fig. 4). Several large natural saltwater lakes occur along Matagorda Island and connect with the primary bays via sloughs and small passes. Two major passes, Cedar Bayou Pass to the west and Pass Cavallo to the east, provide circulation routes between the Gulf of Mexico and the bay system.

San Antonio, Hynes and Guadalupe Bays cover approximately 84,012 acres and Espiritu Santo Bay covers 34,099 acres for a total bay system area of 118,111 acres (Collier and Hedgpeth 1950). The average depths of the unaltered bay system are 3.9 ft in San Antonio Bay (maximum of 7.6 ft) and 4.9 ft in Espiritu Santo Bay (maximum of 7.9 ft) (Collier and Hedgpeth 1950).

Bottom substrates are generally silty clay and sand in the upper bay region which gradually change to sand-clay and sand in the lower bay and Espiritu Santo Bay regions (Texas Parks & Wildlife 1975). Approximately 3015 acres of spoil islands and 2001 acres of oyster reefs occur in the bay system (Burg 1974). One of the major oyster reefs is Panther Reef which extends from Panther Point north toward Mosquito Point.

The Guadalupe and San Antonio Rivers are the major sources of fresh water for the San Antonio Bay system, providing an average annual inflow of 449 billion gal from a drainage area of 6,559,920 acres (Childress et al. 1975). The amount of fresh water entering the system generally depends upon rainfall in the upland drainage rather than on local drainage. Local rainy periods usually occur during early summer and fall. The average annual rainfal for the area is 33.9 inches (Texas Parks & Wildlife 1975).

Salinity values for the bay system generally increase as the distance from the rivers increases. Out-flowing fresh water moves along the west shore of San Antonio Bay while incoming Gulf water moves along the east shore (Childress et al. 1975). Average surface salinities range from 0.0 o/oo in Guadalupe Bay to about 8.0 o/oo in lower San Antonio Bay and from 14.0 to 21.0 o/oo in Espiritu Santo Bay (Childress et al. 1975). No seasonal turbidity patterns are noted within the bay system; however, turibidities tend to increase toward the upper bay and river-influenced areas, as well as in areas disturbed by mudshell and channel dredging operations (Childress et al. 1975). Dissolved oxygen concentrations increase during cold months and decrease during warm months. Between May 1972 and August 1973, average dissolved oxygen concentrations ranged from 7.0 to 12.4 ppm (Childress et al. 1975).

About 24,993 acres of emergent and 16,345 acres of submergent vegetation are found in the San Antonio Bay system (Diener 1975). Smooth cordgrass is the dominant emergent plant in all areas of the bay system except in upper San Antonio Bay where common reed, Phragmites communis, is dominant (Childress et al. 1975). Other species of emergent vegetation include saltwort, saltgrass, shoregrass and salt meadow cordgrass (Diener 1975). The dominant submergent vegetation of the San Antonio Bay system is shoal grass, Diplanthera wrightii. This plant is located primarily in the low turbidity areas of lower San Antonio Bay and Espiritu Santo Bay and in the shallow lakes and sloughs found along the northern margin of Matagorda Island. Other species of submergent vegetaiton found in the bay system include widgeon grass, and the algae Polysiphona gorgoniae, Spyridia filimentosa, Gracilaria folifera, Ulva lactuca and U. fasciata (Childress et al. 1975). The algae are usually found attached to submerged solid objects such as oyster shells or pilings. However, some algae can be found in calm areas attached to mud or sand substrates.

Four small towns occur on the shoreline of the San Antonio Bay system: Austwell, Long Mott, Seadrift and Port O'Connor. Less than 4000 inhabitants live in these four communities combined (1970 census). The primary businesses found in this area are farming, ranching and fishing, including shrimping and oystering. The majority of the bay shoreline as well as the San Antonio-Guadalupe River drainage occurs on or near ranchland and farmland. Two major industries exist on the San Antonio Bay system; Union Carbide Corporation at Long Mott and DuPont de Nemours E.I. & Company at Bloomington, a town on the Guadalupe River approximately 20 miles from the bay.

The tourist industry is not very extensive, but a few fishing centers at Seadrift and Port O'Connor furnish tackle, guides and access to the bay system. Most of the sport fishing occurs in Espiritu Santo Bay. Between September 1974 and August 1975, sport fishermen harvested an esti-

mated 416,453 lb of fish from the entire bay system; commercial fishermen harvested an estimated 482,592 lb of fish (Heffernan et al. 1977). In addition, approximately 883,172 lb of shrimp, 1,125,239 lb of blue crabs and 196,873 lb of oysters were harvested commercially during the 1974 calendar year (O. B. Lynam, Texas Parks & Wildlife Dept., Seabrook Field Station, personal communication).

Aransas Bay

The Aransas Bay complex consists of primary, secondary and tertiary bays. The system extends from Aransas Pass, Texas, northeastward to Mesquite Bay, and from its eastern boundary of San Jose Island, westward across Copano Bay to the small community of Bayside, Texas (Fig. 5).

Aransas Bay is the primary bay with a surface area at MLW of 56,207 acres and an average depth of 7.9 ft (Diener 1975). A direct water circulation and marine life migration route from the Gulf of Mexico to the bay is provided by a deep water (45.0-46.9 ft) pass, 600 to 712 ft in width, between San Jose Island and Mustang Island at Port Aransas, Texas (Anonymous 1971). This accounts for the higher than average salinities in the southern region of the bay (approximately 30 o/oo). The middle of the bay is the deepest part with a maximum value of 13.1 ft at MLW (U. S. Dept. Commerce 1976a). Six major oyster (Crassostrea virginica) reefs ranging in area from 25 to 257 acres are concentrated in the northern portion of Aransas Bay, along with scattered smaller reefs (Heffernan 1961). There are no private oyster leases in the Aransas Bay system (Diener 1975).

Copano, St. Charles, Redfish and Dunham Bays are considerably shallower, secondary areas, supporting extensive growths of algae and "grasses," which provide valuable nursery grounds for juvenile fish and crustaceans (Heffernan 1972a). Nutrient circulation in these bays is generally affected by freshwater runoff as well as by tidal fluctuations.

Copano Bay is the largest secondary bay with 41,730 acres of surface water and an average depth of 3.6 ft with a maximum depth of 8.9 ft (Diener 1975). The Mission and Aransas Rivers flow into the bay with respective discharges of 733.3 and 65.0 gal/s (Diener 1975).

Copano Bay has five large oyster reefs, ranging in size from 22 to 42 acres, plus a complement of smaller reefs (Heffernan 1961). The transverse position of a few of the reefs near the mouth of Copano Bay dampen tidal action in much of the bay (Collier and Hedgpeth (1950).

The narrow St. Charles Bay, extending between Lamar Peninsula and the Aransas National Wildlife Refuge, has a surface area of 8408 acres with a 3.6-ft average depth (Diener 1975). Freshwater flow from five creeks enters the bay along its northern reaches. Nearly the entire bay is considered prime nursery ground (Heffernan 1972a).

Redfish and Dunham Bays, at the southern and northern ends, respectively, of Aransas Bay, are also very shallow nursery areas but these bays do not

receive direct freshwater flow. Redfish bay is densely vegetated while Dunham Bay is a muddy, sparsely vegetated area.

Tertiary nursery grounds are located principally in the lower regions of creeks and streams which enter the secondary bays. Port Bay with 1651 acres extends southward from Copano Bay and receives freshwater from creek drainage at its southern tip (Diener 1975).

Mission Bay and lower Mission River with nearly 3939 acres and located off the northwest shore of Copano Bay are the most valuable nursery grounds of the tertiary areas (Heffernan 1972b).

Copano Creek harbors a small portion of nursery grounds in the northwest corner of Copano Bay (Heffernan 1972a).

Tertiary regions of Chiltipin Creek and the Aransas River system are located along the western shore of Copano Bay (Heffernan 1972a).

The Aransas Bay system contains 137,514 acres of water (Heffernan 1972a) of which 44,989 acres are occupied by eight major species of emergent vegetation—saltwort, shoregrass, glassworts (Salicornia sp.), smooth cord-grass, salt meadow cordgrass, coastal dropseed, sea purselane (Sesurium portulacastrum) and seashore saltgrass—and 4124 acres by three major species of submerged vegetation—(Halodule beaudettei), widgeon grass and turtle grass (Diener 1975; W. E. Mercer, TPWD, Personal Communication).

The climate of this area varies from semi-arid to dry sub-humid. Southeast winds are dominant most of the year but from December through February northerly winds associated with advancing cold fronts are common (Whitehouse and Williams 1953). Winters in the Aransas Bay system produce the lowest average monthly water temperatures (59.2 F) and rainfall (0.8 inch). Water temperatures increase through the spring (70.9 F), reach the highest values in the summer (83.7 F) and decline through the fall (73.6 F). Rainfall is greatest in the fall (6.4 inches). The amounts of rainfall in spring and summer average about 2.6 inches. Salinity values are inversely related to rainfall with the lowest salinity (14.1 o/oo) occurring in the fall. The highest salinity occurs in spring (26.8 o/oo). Dissolved oxygen, pH and turbidity remain relatively constant through the year with average values of about 7.0 ppm, 8 and 50 Jackson Turbidity Units (JTU), respectively (Martinez 1970, 1971).

Water movement in the bay system is strongly influenced by wind action. Generally, however, the surface waters take a serpentine course, flowing during a falling tide from Copano Strait south toward Mud Island where there is a clockwise eddy which tends to return the bay water northward along the face of the more saline water from below Mud Island. On a strong rising tide this water is pushed east so that the eddy constricts into an ellipse (Collier and Hedgpeth 1950). The average tidal range from Aransas Bay is 0.49 ft (Diener 1975).

Mud is the predominant bottom sediment of the Aransas Bay system except along the sandy western shore of San Jose Island (Diener 1975).

The average total weight of finfish caught per year by commercial fishermen in the Aransas Bay system during the period 1969-1971 was 573,612 lb (Martinez 1970, 1971). The annual average harvest of commercially caught shrimp and crabs during the same period was 816,991 lb and 420,827 lb, respectively.

Along the 230 miles of shoreline of the Aransas Bay system, the only communities of notable size are Lamar, Bayside, Fulton, Rockport and, the largest, Aransas Pass which has a population of about 6000.

There are three domestic but no industrial waste outfalls in the bay system. Previous high discharges of toxic oilfield brine into Chiltipin Creek and the Mission River were ordered ceased in 1973 by the Texas Rail-road Commission (Heffernan 1972b). A total of 14,796 acres in the Aransas Bay system are now closed to shellfishing by the Texas Board of Health (Diener 1975) because of domestic sewage problems.

Corpus Christi Bay

The Corpus Christi Bay system, composed of Corpus Christi, Nueces, lower Redfish and Oso Bays, is located on the lower third of the Texas Gulf coast between longitude 97° 02' and 97° 32' W and latitude 27° 41' and 27° 55' N (Fig. 6). It is bordered on the northeast by upper Redfish Bay, on the east by Mustang Island on the south by the upper Laguna Madre. The city of Corpus Christi forms the western boundary of Corpus Christi Bay. Nueces Bay, the former coastal lagoon for the Nueces River basin, is positioned on an east-west axis, entering Corpus Christi Bay at the northwest corner, just north of Corpus Christi. The southern half of Redfish Bay separates Aransas from Corpus Christi Bay and enters Corpus Christi Bay in the northeast quadrant. Oso Bay, the semi-enclosed drainage area for Oso Creek, joins Corpus Christi Bay in the southwest quadrant.

The entire Corpus Christi Bay system has an area of 124,796 acres with 127 miles of shoreline. Corpus Christi Bay is the largest of the four bays in the system, having a total surface area of 95,997 acres. Nueces Bay has an area of 19,518 acres, Oso Bay covers approximately 17,095 acres and lower Redfish Bay covers approximately 5258 acres. The average depth of Corpus Christi Bay is 11.2 ft; Nueces, Oso and lower Redfish Bays average 2.0 ft in depth (Collier and Hedgpeth 1950, Hood 1953, Stevens 1959).

Sediment composition in Corpus Christi Bay ranges from fine sand to black mud. A mixture of gray clay and black mud is the dominant bottom type for the area. Brown silt occurs in areas of channelization while hard sand and fine shell can be found adjacent to Mustang Island.

Submergent vegetation is sprase in Corpus Christi, except along its eastern shore where shoal grass and widgeon grass dominate. Emergent vegetation, found throughout the bay complex, consists primarily of saltwort, glassworts, shoregrass, smooth cordgrass, coastal dropseed, seablite, Suaeda linearis, sea oats, Uniola paniculata and saltmarsh bullrush, Scirpus maritimus. In Corpus Christi Bay, 19 oyster reefs total 563 acres and are confined primarily to the western and northern portions. Oysters

occur throughout Nueces Bay (Stevens 1959, 1960; Diener 1975). The primary sources of freshwater inflow into the Corpus Christi Bay system are Oso Creek and the Nueces River. Prior to the construction of Wesley Seale Dam at Mathis, Texas in 1958 the Nueces River averaged 200 billion gal of discharge per year. The reservoir furnishes the industrial and municipal freshwater needs for the city of Corpus Christi and surrounding towns. Freshwater inflow to Nueces and Corpus Christi Bays is now limited to periods of dam overflow and heavy land runoffs (Stevens 1959).

Prior to 1972, the primary source for water exchange between Corpus Christi Bay and the Gulf of Mexico was the Corpus Christi Channel. This ship channel extends approximately 18 miles from the port of Corpus Christi to its intersection with the Aransas Ship Channel, which continues for approximately 1 mile to the Gulf of Mexico. The two channels are maintained at an average depth of 40.0 ft (U. S. Dept. Commerce 1974). Since its completion in 1972, the Corpus Christi Fish Pass has provided intermittent water exchange through the upper Laguna Madre, but in recent years this has only occurred in association with hurricane winds and tides. Water exchange for Corpus Christi Bay with lower Redfish Bay and the upper Laguna Madre takes place primarily through the Intracoastal Waterway and on a limited basis across the shallow flats during high tides.

The climate for the area is intermediate between the semi-arid regions to the west and southwest and the humid subtropical region to the norhteast. For the period 1936-1975 the mean annual air temperature was 71.2 F and the mean annual rainfall was 28.5 inches (NOAA 1975).

The general water circulation pattern for the Corpus Christi Bay system is a counterclockwise movement along the shoreline (Stevens 1959). The predominant winds, generally from the southeast year-round with occasional "northers" in the winter, and the irregular lunar tides, have the greatest overall influence on the bay water movement. For the period 1968-1972, the mean salinity and the mean water temperature for the entire Corpus Christi Bay system was 26.1 o/oo and 73.4 F, respectively (Martinez 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971 and 1972). The mean turbidity for the same period was 43 JTU, although the mean for Nueces Bay during 1971 and 1972 was 107 JTU.

The entire system lies within Nueces County, Texas. The county, with an area of 536,301 acres, had a population of 237,544 persons as of the 1970 census. The city of Corpus Christi had a population estimate of 204,525 (Diener 1975). Extensive oil and gas exploration has resulted in numerous well platforms and submerged pipelines throughout Nueces and lower Redfish Bays and along the western shore of Corpus Christi Bay. Heavy industrilization has occurred along the south shore of Nueces Bay and the north shore of Corpus Christi Bay in the area of La Quinta Channel.

Upper Laguna Madre

Located on the lower Texas coast between latitudes 27° 10' and 27° 41' the upper Laguna Madre system consists of the upper Laguna Madre and the Baffin Bay system (Fig. 7). The upper Laguna Madre is a long (approximately 41 miles), narrow (9.8 miles) and shallow (average depth 3.3 ft)

lagoon extending from the Kenedy Land Cut to Corpus Christi Bay (Simmons 1957, Diener 1975, U. S. Dept. Commerce 1976b). Bordered on the east by Padre Island and on the west by the city of Corpus Christi and the King and Kenedy Ranches, the upper Laguna Madre covers approximately 47,228 acres at MLW (Diener 1975).

This long, narrow coastal lagoon is bisected imperfectly by the Intracoastal Waterway, which is 124.7 ft wide and 12.1 ft deep. Spoil banks from this canal form a dike 13 miles long effectively dividing the northern part of the bay. Beyond this point, spoil banks are staggered and the division is less effective (Simmons 1957). The northern end of the lagoon is restricted by a land fill causeway which has three openings totaling about 899 ft in width at MLW. The southern end is restricted by a land fill through which the Intracoastal Waterway extends.

The upper Laguna Madre is joined in the southern portion by the equally large Baffin Bay system--consisting of Baffin Bay, Alazan Bay, Laguna Salada, Cayo del Grullo and Cayo del Infernillo--which covers an estimated 54,117 acres. Baffin Bay, the central and largest bay of the group, is a narrow body of water, 19 miles long and 5 miles wide, bisected laterally by the demarcation line of Kleberg-Kenedy Counties (Breuer 1957). The average depth in Baffin Bay is 7.9 ft at MLW, with a maximum depth (MLW) of 12.1 ft near the entrance to the Laguna Madre (Breuer 1957, Diener 1975). There are approximately 31,861 acres of surface area (MLW) in Baffin Bay.

Alazan Bay, entirely within Kleberg County and the King Ranch, extends approximately 15 miles northeasterly to the mouth of Petronilla Creek (Breuer 1957, Diener 1975). The average water depth (MLW) in Alazan Bay is approximately 3.0 ft. The surface area of Alazan Bay is approximately 13,867 acres.

Cayo del Infernillo is a shallow slough (0.7 ft) extending westward from the west shore of Alazan Bay whose water surface at MLW covers 699 acres (Breuer 1957, Diener 1975).

Baffin Bay is joined by two small tertiary bays--Laguna Salada entering from the west and Cayo del Grullo from the northwest. Both bays have an average water depth (MLW) of 3.0 ft. Laguna Salada covers approximately 3227 acres and Cayo del Grullo about 4470 acres.

The upper Laguna Madre, with restricted openings at either end, no constant openings into the Gulf of Mexico and limited freshwater inflow, has been characterized as a hypersaline estuary (Simmons 1957, Bruer 1962a), with salinities of 50-60 o/oo common. The Intracoastal Waterway provides for limited water exchange at both ends of the lagoon. Since the dredging of the Intracoastal Waterway salinity "has neither risen above 80 o/oo in the lagoon nor in Baffin Bay (where 100 o/oo was formerly not uncommon), nor have waters of very low salinity remained in the area any length of time" (Simmons 1957). The only substantial source of freshwater is runoff from the Kenedy, Kleberg, Jim Wells and Nueces County watersheds into the Baffin Bay system (Bruer 1957). The dry sand on Padre Island absorbs rain very rapidly and the very gradual slope of the lagoon's western shores make these areas poor watersheds (Simmons 1957).

The upper Laguna Madre system lies in two climatic zones--north of Baffin Bay is sub-humid; south of that point is semi-arid (Simmons 1957). Rainfall in the area is highly variable but averages 27.0-29.1 inches annually (NOAA, Env. Data Sys., Natl. Climatological Center, Ashville, N. C. 1976). Annual average surface water temperatures for the period 1969-1972 ranged from 73.6 to 76.3 F in the upper lagoon (Martinez 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972). No data concerning water temperature from Baffin Bay is available. Southeast or south-southeast winds are prevalent during most of the year and are directly responsible for the water circulation in the system (Simmons 1957). Water in the upper lagoon is generally clear (annual average turbidity during 1969-1972 ranged from 36.8 to 45.6 JTU) (Martinez 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972); while water in Baffin Bay is often turbid and at times becomes a dark brown (Bruer 1957).

The bottom in the upper lagoon consists primarily of quartzose sand, silt and shell with some calcareous sand or mud in isolated areas (Simmons 1957). In the Baffin Bay system bottom types of soft mud, soft and hard clay, sand and concentrated shell (mostly <u>Mulinia lateralis</u>) can be found. Also, in Baffin Bay and near the junction of Baffin Bay and the upper Laguna Madre are extensive rock formations consisting of serpulid worm tubes, calcareous and quartzose material.

Simmons (1957) and Breuer (1957) reported dense vegetation—shoalgrass and widgeon grass—restricted to the northern one—third of the lagoon. They indicated that the remainder of the system has only sparse to moderate vegetation, with the exception of the area near the entrance to Baffin Bay and areas around spoil islands.

The only substantially populated center adjacent to the upper Laguna Madre is Corpus Christi, Texas with a population of 204,525 (U. S. Dept. Commerce 1970a). An additional 33,166 people in Kleberg County (U. S. Dept. Commerce 1970b) are located near the Baffin Bay system.

Industrialization in the area has been held to a minimum because of limited access to the surrounding land. The only major industry in the system is a public utility (Central Power and Light Co.) which displaces approximately 3.3 million gal of water/min from the upper Laguna to Oso Bay (Mr. M. L. Sheperd, Central Power and Light Co., June 1976, Personal Communication). Most of the area surrounding Baffin Bay is private ranchland and consequently there is little urban development. There is considerable oil and gas development on these ranches, resulting in large quantities of oilfield brine production. In most cases the brine has been discharged into the bay or a creek which leads to the bay. Mackin (1971) reported that approximately 2,728,897 gal of oilfield brine is discharged each day into Petronilla Creek and thence into Alazan and Baffin Bays.

Lower Laguna Madre

The lower Laguna Madre is a long shallow bay that extends 55 miles northward from Port Isabel to the Kenedy Land Cut (Fig. 8). It varies from 3 miles to 7.8 miles wide and is imperfectly bisected by the Intracoastal Waterway. The bay is bounded on the west by the Texas mainland and on the east by Padre Island and contains approximately 182,809 acres

(Stokes 1974). Passes to the Gulf of Mexico are located near Port Isabel and east of Port Mansfield. Limited amounts of fresh water (average of 818.9 gal/s) enter lower Laguna Madre from the Arroyo Colorado and North Floodway (Bryan 1971).

Except for the Intracoastal Waterway with an average depth of 12.0 ft, the deepest areas are found in the northern and southern portions of the bay (Breuer 1962a). In the northern section, which extends from Port Mansfield to the Kenedy Land Cut, water depth is as much as 7.9 ft. From Port Mansfield south to Three Islands the water is shallow with most locations being 3.0 ft deep. South of Three Islands the maximum water depth is 5.9 ft and water depths of 3.9-4.9 ft are prevalent.

Bottom types consist of sand, silty sand or a combination of sand, silt and clay (Shepard and Rusnak 1957). Shell is not commonly found in lower Laguna Madre. In general, sediments are coarser along the eastern or Padre Island side of the bay than along the western or mainland side of the bay.

Shoalgrass is the most common type of vegetation found in lower Laguna Madre (Stokes 1974). Dense stands of shoalgrass can be found in shallow water along most of the shoreline as well as in the entire middle portion (Port Mansfield to Three Island) of the bay. Light to dense stands of manatee grass (Cymodocea filiforme), turtle grass, widgeon grass, Halophila engelmannii and Acetabularia crenulata can be found scattered throughout the bay.

Hydrological parameters have been described by Stokes (1974). Average monthly salinities range from 16.0 to 41.0 o/oo. Excluding the Arroyo Colorado and North Floodway, salinities as low as 10.5 o/oo and as high as 44.9 o/oo are sometimes encountered. Average monthly bottom water temperatures range from 62.6 F during some winter months to 81.5 F in August. Turbidity values are generally highest from Port Mansfield to Three Islands (the shallowest portion of the bay). The average annual turbidity value in this region is 45 JTU. North of Port Mansfield the average turbidity is 28 JTU and south of Three Islands the average is 32 JTU.

The total population for the counties bordering lower Laguna Madre is 162,608 (Harlingen Chamber of Commerce). In 1973, 1,278,000 out-of-state residents visited the lower Rio Grande Valley. Although there are no figures available, it is probable that many of these people visited this area because of water related activities in lower Laguna Madre. Farming and ranching are the main industries along the bay. The only area of heavy industry is the Brownsville Ship Channel where several shrimp processing plants, a Union Carbide plant, a grain elevator, three ship dismanteling plants, two oil loading docks and an oil rig construction company are located.

Appendix D: Total number of weekend days surveyed.

Table 1. Total number of weekend days surveyed and the total number of fishermen interviewed () in each bay system by season (1974-81). NS = no sample.

	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Total .
1974-75								
High use Low use Total	7 (865) 11 (312) 18 (1177)	NS NS NS	13 (1259) 19 (471) 32 (1730)	7 (238) 12 (199) 19 (437)	NS NS NS	9 (459) 12 (346) 21 (805)	NS NS NS	36 (2821) 54 (1328) 90 (4149)
1975-76								
High use Low use Total	NS NS NS	5 (99) 9 (130) 14 (229)	NS NS NS	NS NS NS	5 (121) 11 (202) 16 (323)	NS NS NS	5 (181) 10 (253) 15 (434)	15 (401) 30 (585) 45 (986)
1976-77								
High use Low use Total	15 (541) 29 (235) 44 (776)	17 (264) 17 (109) 34 (373)	8 (344) 13 (184) 21 (528)	8 (306) 14 (168) 22 (474)	15 (492) 16 (305) 31 (797)	8 (290) 15 (147) 23 (437)	17 (732) 15 (373) 32 (1105)	88 (2969) 119 (1521) 207 (4490)
1977-78							•	
High use Low use Total	34 (1285) 31 (486) 65 (1771)	16 (471) 15 (231) 30 (702)	18 (826) 14 (435) 32 (1261)	17 (481) 16 (178) 33 (659)	16 (429) 15 (223) 31 (652)	16 (299) 15 (323) 31 (622)	16 (706) 16 (601) 32 (1307)	132 (4497) 122 (2477) 254 (6974)
1978-79								
High use Low use Total	32 (1817) 32 (532) 64 (2349)	17 (596) 15 (106) 32 (702)	18 (962) 15 (448) 33 (1410)	16 (380) 16 (164) 32 (544)	18 (500) 14 (183) 32 (683)	17 (596) 16 (338) 33 (934)	17 (700) 15 (311) 33 (1011)	135 (5551) 123 (2082) 259 (7633)

Table 1. (Cont'd).

	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Total
1979-80								
High use Low use Total	27 (913) 15 (173) 42 (1086)	18 (433) 12 (286) 30 (719)	21 (1010) 21 (650) 42 (1660)	17 (308) 14 (107) 31 (415)	18 (475) 15 (545) 33 (1020)	15 (474) 16 (463) 31 (937)	17 (666) 15 (485) 32 (1151)	133 (4279) 108 (2709) 241 (6988)
1980-81								
High use Low use Total	17 (870) 8 (96) 25 (966)	17 (535) 8 (71) 25 (606)	22 (1099) 9 (231) 31 (1330)	17 (322) 9 (91) 26 (413)	17 (583) 8 (302) 25 (885)	18 (1076) 7 (256) 25 (1332)	17 (690) 8 (342) 25 (1032)	125 (5175) 57 (1389) 182 (6564)

Appendix E: Estimation of total landings

ESTIMATION OF TOTAL LANDINGS

The Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) has conducted extensive recreational surveys for three fishing strata in seven bay systems for two yrs (Heffernan et al. 1976, Breuer et al. 1977). TPWD has also conducted reduced surveys (weekend boat ramps only) for 5 yr (McEachron and Green 1981, Green et al. 1978, McEachron et al. 1980). Total landings (number of fish harvested) estimates from the 2 years of surveying three fishing strata on weekends and weekdays and data from weekend boat fishing during the same time were used to develop regression models to estimate the total landings from weekend boat fishing statistics. This was done to study the feasibility of estimating the total harvest from the reduced survey which would enable total harvest estimates to be made for years in which only reduced surveys were conducted.

The 2 yrs of data from each of the bay systems were used to estimate a total harvest for a high use season (15 May-20 November) and a low use season (21 November-14 May). Corresponding weekend boat landings were estimated using weekend boat data only. These estimates (total estimated landings from three strata and total weekend boat landings) along with mean number of fish landed by boat fishermen per weekend day, mean man-h fished by boat fishermen per weekend day and total number of piers and wade-bank areas (access points) available were used to develop regression models. These data were processed using the BMDP2R program from the Biomed statistical package. The general model used was:

$$Y = a + B_1 X_1 + B_2 X_2 + B_3 X_3 + B_4 X_4$$

where Y was the total landings from all three strata within a bay system and season, a was the intercept, X_1 was the mean number of fish landed per weekend day, X_2 was the estimated number of fish harvested at boat ramps on the weekend, X_3 was the estimated mean number of man-h fished on a weekend day and X_4 was the total number of pier and wade-bank fishing areas available (Table 1).

The first attempt to develop a model was for the total fish landings (all species combined). Inspection of the residuals from the first attempt to fit data to the model showed two data sets as being atypical (the residuals from these data were greater than three standard deviations). An explanation for these large residuals could not be found on any empirical ground regarding total access points or geographical relationship to a population center. The most likely explanation for the discrepancy was probably an inaccurate catch rate from a small sample size. These two data sets were removed and the analysis was performed again. The fit of the model was greatly improved (i.e. R went from 0.96 to 0.99 and the standard error of the estimate went from 166 to 51). The resultant model for estimating total landings (all species combined) included two variables; the estimated mean number of fish landed per weekend day by boat fishermen and the total number of access points (lighted pier and wade-bank areas) available (Table 2).

Models for estimating the total landings for each of the individual species were attempted using an analysis of covariance. The same general model and the same variables used in developing the total harvest for all species combined was used. An inspection of the residuals showed that the same two data points that had been a problem in the first analysis were also giving problems in this analysis. They were removed and the analysis was attempted again. Significant improvements were made in the fit of all these models and reductions in standard errors were realized. Significant differences were found for the intercepts and coefficients between the species models; however, seven of the models were consistent in that total weekend boat landings and mean man-h of boat fishing per weekend day were selected as significant predictor variables. All of these models had high coefficients of determination (R^2) ranging from 0.81 for gafftopsail catfish to 0.99 for Atlantic croaker (Table 2). Total landings for southern flounder and sheepshead were only correlated with total number of pier and wade-bank access areas available. These models were much less efficient than the other species models, coefficients of determination were 0.45 and 0.44, respectively.

Examination of residuals indicated that the linear models performed well and there was no reason to suspect any of these relationships of being curvilinear.

The regression models were used to estimate total fish landings in each yr (15 May of one calendar year through 14 May of the next) starting with 1 June 1974. Annual estimates were made (Table 3) by adding the high use season of one yr (i.e. 15 May 1975-20 November 1975) to the low use season of the next yr (21 November 1975-14 May 1976). Only one change was made to the estimating procedure after the development of these models: any zero or negative estimate was altered to the total estimated weekend boat landings. This means that the estimates were always greater than or equal to the estimated weekend boat landings (in any case they were never less than 0).

Table 1. Estimated total landings for lighted piers, wade-bank areas and boat ramps and estimated weekend (NC) boat landings, estimated mean man-h fished by boat fishermen per weekend day, estimated mean number of fish landed by boat fishermen per weekend day and total number of lighted piers and wade-bank areas for each bay system by year and season (all variables are expressed in units x 1000 except mean fish landed per day and access points

system	Year	Season	Estimated total landings	Estimated WE boat landings	Mean man-h per weekend day	Mean fish landed per weekend day	Access points
				NA BOWS TWINGTHIS	per meakering day	per weekend day	pomes
Galveston	74-75	High	3910	1336	26.1	23436	74
	74-75	Low	1165	298	9.7	5729	74
	79-80	High	1591	466	1.9	8959	87
	79-80	Low	442	56	4.3	1077	87
Matagorda	75-76	High	444	136	4.0	2390	26
	75-76	Low	172	62	2.4	1187	26
	79-80	High	303	75	3.8	1443	37
	79-80	Low	117	33	1.6	631	37
San Antonio	74-75	High	206	121	3.4	2114	g
	74-75	Low	141	73	1.1	1395	ā
	79-80	High	101	.39	1.4	756	5
	79-80	Low	25	13	1.0	241	9 9 5 5
Aransas	74-75	High	444	175	4.0	3064	19
-	74-75	Low	415	48	1.4	921	19
	79-80	High	175	50	2.4	. 953	23
	79-80	Low	97	13	0.4	254	23
Corpus Christi	75~76	High	272	94	1.8	1655	47
	75-76	Low	305	42	1.0	802	47
	79-80	High	220	47	1.5	903	54
	79-80	Low	212	35	1.5	675	5 4
Upper Laguna							
Madre	74-75	High	633	358	6.4	6283	19
	74-75	Low	381	146	5.7	2808	19
	79-80	High	328	124	6.7	2377	73
	79-80	Low	147	56	2.1	1075	23 23

Table 1. (Cont'd).

Bay	Year	a	Estimated	Estimated	Mean man-h	Mean fish landed	Access
system		Season	total landings	WE boat landings	per weekend day	per weekend day	points
Lower Laguna	75-76	High	1281	185	6.6	3251	4 9
Madre	75-76	Low	212	56	3.5	1085	49
	79-80	High	376	70	2.5	1352	64
	79-80	Low	303	62	2.1	1189	64

The high use season was the fall of one year combined with the summer of the next year (i.e. 1 Sept. 1974-20 Nov. 1974 and 15 May 1975-31 Aug. 1975) and the low use season was the winter and spring (i.e., 21 Nov. 1974-14 May 1975).

Table 2. Regression coefficients used to estimate total landings (number of fish) for each species and all species combined from weekend recreational boat fishing (Y and all variables except total access points are expressed in 1000s).

			Variable	es			
Species	Intercept(a)	Fish/day(X ₁)	Weekend boat landings(X ₂)	Man-h fishing day(X ₃)	Total access points(X ₄)	Coefficient of determination(R ²)	se(Y)
Spotted seatrout	-16.14	<u></u>	1.28	25.75	_	0.90	67
Red drum	- 5.31	-	0.69	1.92	-	0.85	5
Black drum	- 6.35		1.62	4.62	-	0.84	15
Southern flounder	-27.11	- .	-	· 🖦	1.60	0.45	45
Sheepshead	- 4.30		, -	· <u>-</u>	0.54	0.44	15
Atlantic Croaker	- 5.61	- ·	1.62	9.56	-	0.99	24
Sand seatrout	- 5.80	-	1.48	10.68	-	0.91	48
Gafftopsail catfish	- 3.15	-	1.60	11.27	-	0.81	5
Others	-20.19	-	1.71	11.71	-	0.93	26
Total	-90.9	0.16	-	_	3.74	0.99	.51

^aCoefficients are shown only for variables that were significant in predicing the harvest for that species in the model: $Y=a+B_1X_1+B_2X_2+B_3X_3+B_4X_4$.

Table 3. Regression estimates a of total recreational saltwater fish landings (number of fish x 1000).

				Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Spotted seatrout								
1974-75	972	_	304	312	_	356	<u>.</u>	1944
1975-76	1195	415	281	330	94	825	345	3486
1976-77	291	71	111	188	63	332	317	1374
1977-78	631	188	87	131	74	125	246	1483
1 978-79	605	191	58	111	89	98	198	1350
1979-80	500	118	76	127	85	193	179	1278
1980-81	391	182	100	82	80	478	165	1477
Red drum							•	
1974-75	76	_	36	28	· -	37	_	178
1975-76	93	48	29	37	22	39	40	309
1976-77	37	22	29	26	17	22	28	181
1977-78	72	25	24	27	16	- 19	27	210
1978-79	57	32	27	18	18	18	23	194
1979-80	49	33	23	19	21	24	24	192
1980-81	46	38	23	19	20	43	. 23	211
Black drum								
1974-75	140	-	9	10	_	38	_	196
1975-76	228	42	18	44	10	43	36	422
L976-77	79	11	28	11	10 2 3	18	20	170
.977-78	160	28	7	7	3	10	23	238
.978-79	141	29	7	5	4	8	16	211
.979-80	117	21	2	20	7	10	11	189
1980-81	128	66	6	4	8	41	13	266

Table 3. (Cont'd).

				Bay	system	······································		
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Southern flounder								
1974-75	182	<u></u>	7	18	_	37	_	245
1975-76	183	29	4	12	96	15	103	441
1976-77	192	35	4 5 2 2 6	7	103	- 10	115	467
1977-78	205	45	5	10	109	13	125	512
1978-79	215	55	2	16	115	16	138	557
1979-80	224	64	2	19	119	19	151	599
1980-81	224	64	6	19	119	19	151	602
Sheepshead								
1974-75	71	-	2	13	~ ·	12	-	98
1975-76	71	19	4	11	42	12	44	204
1975-77	74	22	1 3	12	44	13	49	215
1977-78	113	25	3	13	46	14	52	266
1 978-79	82	28	0	15	49	15	56	246
1979-80	85	31	1	16	50	16	60	261
1980-81	85	31	1	16	50	16	60	260
Atlantic croaker							•	
1974-75	704	_	30	36	_	111	_	882
1975-76	2016	98	42	66	30	162	87	2503
L976-77	519	41	18	32	19	56	55	741
L 977- 78	897	56	18	23	21	52	53	1120
L978-79	564	65	18	20	32	78	45	821
1979-80	540	42	15	18	31	43	32	720
1980-81	311	74	20	16	40	115	31	607

Table 3. (Cont'd).

	•			Bay	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Sand seatrout								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	888 631 466 423 620 361 259	124 42 63 67 49 62	32 49 20 22 18 18 23	45 155 67 32 28 18 31	- 91 63 40 44 44 70	80 108 48 31 30 41 104	111 61 84 48 36 40	1046 1270 767 695 854 565 590
Gafftopsail catfish							٠,	
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	43 58 19 22 36 17 18	- 17 19 25 24 2 4	4 7 3 4 2 1 0	2 7 3 1 3 0 1	3 2 1 4 2 1	3 8 0 0 0 0	- 4 0 1 2 0 0	53 104 46 53 71 22 31
Other species								
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81	343 604 102 254 238 236 214	- 63 12 38 46 23 51	19 41 10 8 7 1 2	20 54 18 9 9 7 8	12 4 2 9 6 14	53 98 19 7 7 15 105	70 44 31 31 10 12	435 942 207 350 348 298 407

Table 3. (Cont'd).

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Вау	system			
Year	Galveston	Matagorda	San Antonio	Aransas	Corpus Christi	Upper Laguna Madre	Lower Laguna Madre	Coastwide Total
Total harvest								•
1974-75	4102	-	563	625	-	701	***	5992
1975-76	4954	881	411	730	555	1519	707	9757
1976-77	2238	283	209	382	472	653	784	5021
1977-78	2896	504	76	254	430	211	681	5051
1978-79	2646	501	40	180	439	1 91	558	4555
1979-80	2161	374	64	250	476	308	650	4283
1980-81	1550	469	66	155	571	744	592	4148

 $^{^{}m a}$ Estimates were made for a 1 year period beginning on May 15 and ending the next year on May 14.

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