

R 1220.3
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1987/88

REPORT

of the

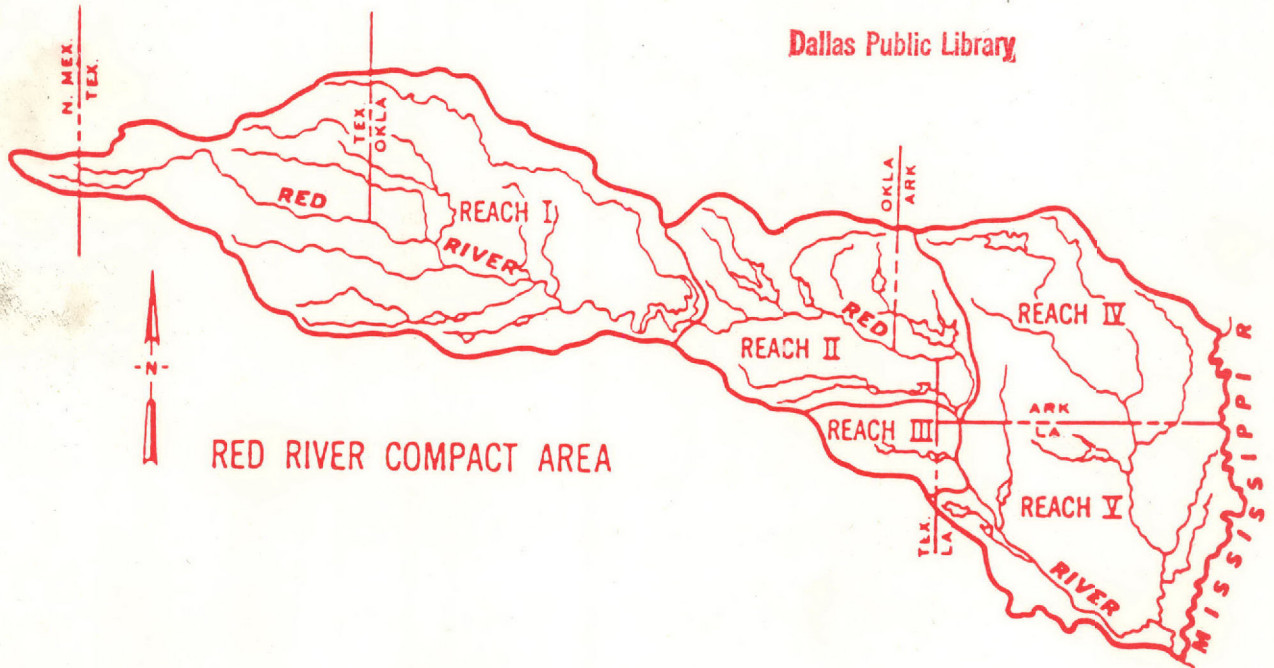
RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION

1988

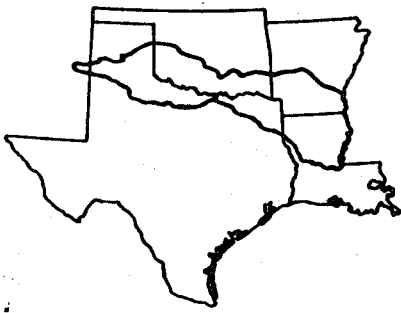
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RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION

One Capitol Mall, Suite 2D
Little Rock, Arkansas 72201
(501) 682-3986

May 31, 1989

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Chairman
LMVD, Corps of Engineers
P. O. Box 80
Vicksburg, MS 39180-0080

J. Randy Young, P.E.
Vice-Chairman
One Capitol Mall, Suite 2D
Little Rock, AR 72201

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Colonel Nathan Reiter, Jr.
P. O. Box 6660
Texarkana, TX 75505

Allen P. Beinke, Jr.
P. O. Box 13087
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Austin, TX 78711

The President
United States of America

The Honorable Bill Clinton, Governor
State of Arkansas

The Honorable Charles Roemer, III, Governor
State of Louisiana

The Honorable Henry Bellmon, Governor
State of Oklahoma

The Honorable William P. Clements, Governor
State of Texas

Gentlemen:

Pursuant to Section 10.02 paragraphs (d) and (e) of the Red River Compact, Arkansas-Louisiana-Oklahoma-Texas, and as directed by the Red River Compact Commission (RRCC) at its ninth annual meeting, submitted herewith is a copy of the report of the RRCC, together with an accounting of all funds received and expended by it in the conduct of its work for FY 1988. A budget covering the anticipated expenses of the Commission for FY(s) 1989 through 1991 is also included in the report.

The ninth annual meeting was chaired by Major General Thomas Allen Sands, United States Army, appointed July 8, 1988 as Federal Commissioner to the Compact Commission. The meeting was hosted by the State of Louisiana and held in Alexandria on April 25, 1989. Reports of the committee chairmen were made and accepted and committee responsibilities assigned. A resolution of appreciation was adopted for Mr. Marty J. Chabert, former Louisiana member to the Compact Commission. Mr. Randy Young, P.E., Arkansas Commissioner, was elected Vice-Chairman by acclamation. Mrs. Pris Houchens, Administrative Assistant with the Arkansas Soil and Water Conservation Commission, was elected Secretary-Treasurer.

The tenth annual meeting will be hosted in 1990 by the State of Arkansas in Hot Springs.

Sincerely,

Thomas A. Sands
Thomas A. Sands, Chairman
Major General, U.S. Army
Federal Commissioner

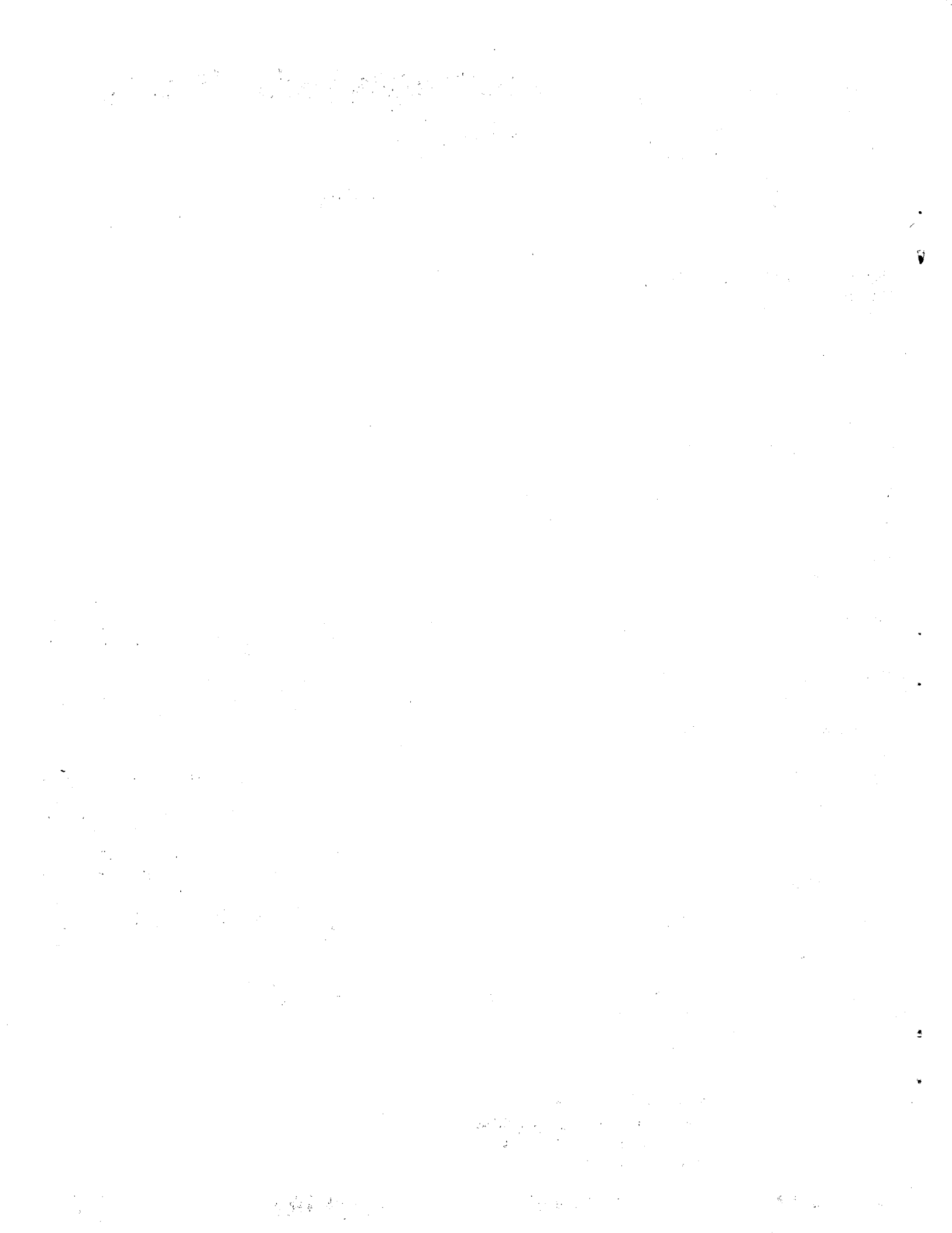
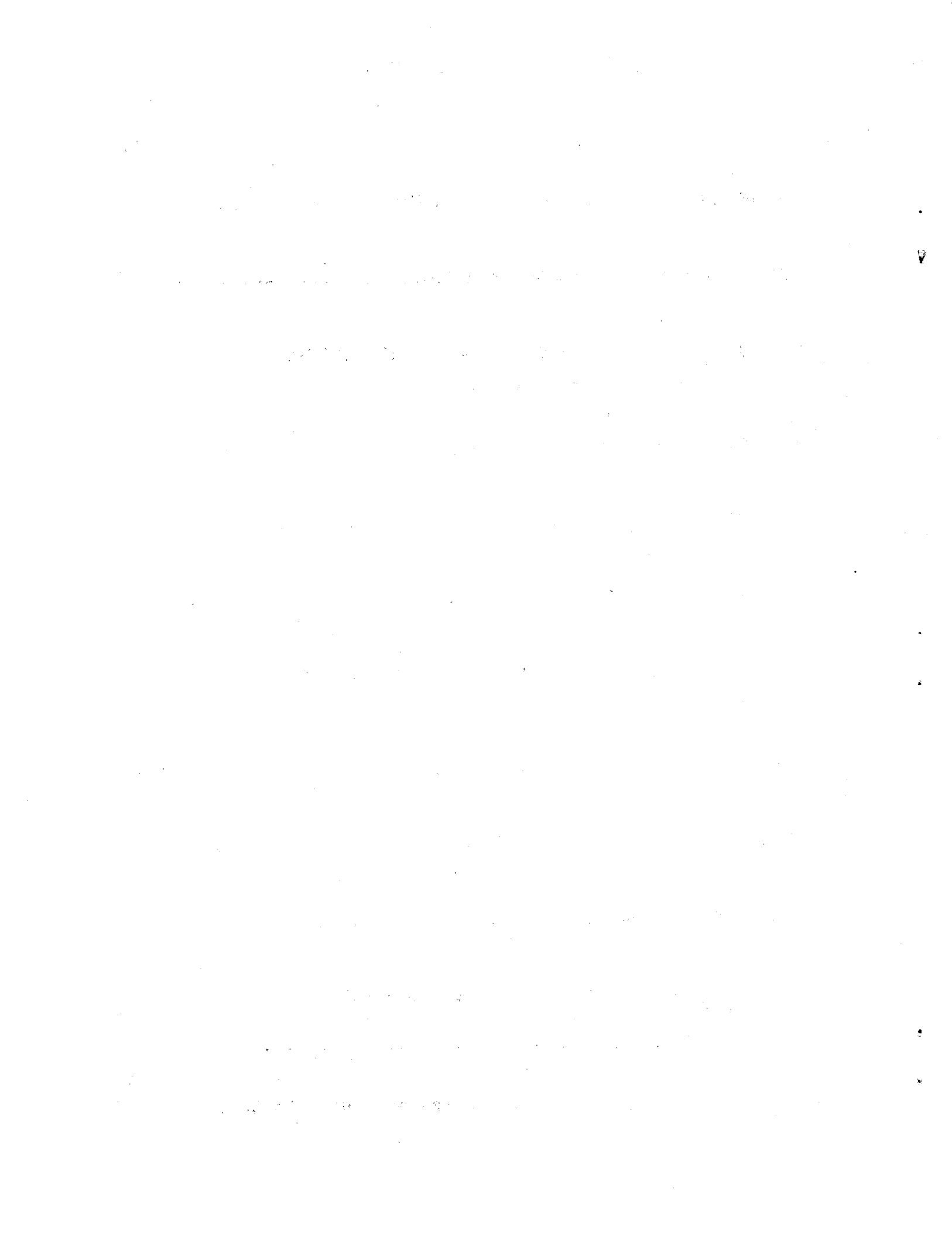


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**RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION OFFICERS
and COMMITTEE CHAIRMEN**

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P. O. Box 80
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LEGAL COMMITTEE - CHAIRMAN

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RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION
COMMITTEE MEMBERS

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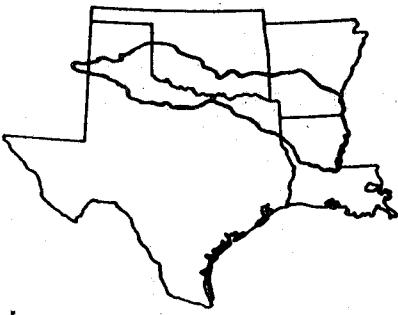
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RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION

FY-89/90 BUDGET

July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1990

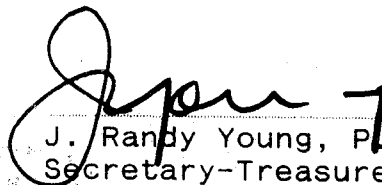
Adopted April 26, 1988

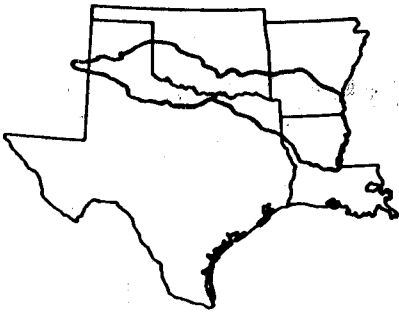
<i>Fund Balance (3/9/88)</i>	\$3,513.07
<i>Projected Cash Receipts by 6/30/88</i>	\$ 60.00
<i>Projected Expenditures through 6/30/88</i>	\$100.00
<i>Projected Fund Balance</i>	\$3,473.07

	FY-89	FY-90
<i>Personnel Services, Office Expenses, Rent, & Travel</i>	\$ 400.00	\$500.00
<i>Audit</i>	350.00	350.00
<i>Treasurer's Bond</i>	75.00	75.00
<i>Postage, Stationery, & Office Supplies</i>	175.00	225.00
<i>Printing & Reports</i>	1,500.00	1,350.00
<i>Contingency</i>	1,500.00	1,500.00
TOTAL	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00

STATE ASSESSMENTS

In accordance with Article IX, Section 9.04.C, of the Compact, the amount of such budget shall be borne equally by the signatory states in an equal amount. Therefore, the FY-89 assessments are \$500.00 per state and the FY-90 assessments are \$500.00 per state.


 J. Randy Young, P.E.
 Secretary-Treasurer



RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION

FY-90/91 BUDGET

July 1, 1989 through June 30, 1991


Adopted April 25, 1989

<i>Fund Balance (3/20/89)</i>	\$4,162.71
<i>Projected Cash Receipts by 6/30/89</i>	\$100.00
<i>Projected Expenditures through 6/30/89</i>	\$800.00
<i>Projected Fund Balance</i>	\$3,462.71

	FY-90	FY-91
<i>Personnel Services, Office Expenses, Rent, & Travel</i>	\$500.00	\$600.00
<i>Audit</i>	350.00	350.00
<i>Treasurer's Bond</i>	75.00	75.00
<i>Postage, Stationery, & Office Supplies</i>	225.00	225.00
<i>Printing & Reports</i>	1,350.00	1,350.00
<i>Contingency</i>	1,500.00	1,400.00
TOTAL	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00

STATE ASSESSMENTS

In accordance with Article IX, Section 9.04.C, of the Compact, the amount of such budget shall be borne equally by the signatory states in an equal amount. Therefore, the FY-90 assessments are **\$500.00** per state and the FY-91 assessments are **\$500.00** per state.


 J. Randy Young, P.E.
 Secretary-Treasurer

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS
JUNE 30, 1988 AND 1987

BURT, GOBLE & HARRELL

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

10411 W. MARKHAM STREET
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS 72205
(501) 224-7900

1004 BURMAN DRIVE
JACKSONVILLE, ARKANSAS 72076
(501) 982-4497

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS
RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

WE HAVE EXAMINED THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS OF RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION AS OF JUNE 30, 1988 AND 1987, AND THE RELATED STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES AND FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEARS THEN ENDED. OUR EXAMINATION WAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED AUDITING STANDARDS AND, ACCORDINGLY, INCLUDED SUCH TESTS OF THE ACCOUNTING RECORDS AND OTHER SUCH AUDITING PROCEDURES AS WE CONSIDERED NECESSARY IN THE CIRCUMSTANCES.

AS DESCRIBED IN NOTE 2, THE COMMISSION POLICY IS TO PREPARE ITS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ON THE BASIS OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS. ACCORDINGLY, THE ACCOMPANYING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE NOT INTENDED TO PRESENT FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS IN CONFORMITY WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES.

IN OUR OPINION, THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REFERRED TO ABOVE PRESENT FAIRLY THE ASSETS AND FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS OF RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION AS OF JUNE 30, 1988 AND 1987, AND THE REVENUE COLLECTED AND EXPENSES PAID DURING THE YEARS THEN ENDED, ON THE BASIS OF ACCOUNTING DESCRIBED IN NOTE 2.

Burt, Goble & Harrell
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

AUGUST 31, 1988
JACKSONVILLE, ARKANSAS

RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCE
JUNE 30, 1988 AND 1987

	<u>1988</u>	<u>1987</u>
CASH	<u>\$ 3,431</u>	<u>\$ 4,537</u>
FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 3,431</u>	<u>\$ 4,537</u>

RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION
 STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES AND FUND BALANCE
 FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1988 AND 1987

	<u>1988</u>	<u>1987</u>
REVENUE		
INTEREST INCOME	\$ 220	\$ 295
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>220</u>	<u>295</u>
EXPENSES		
OFFICE EXPENSES	326	176
PRINTING AND REPRODUCTION	494	434
PROFESSIONAL FEES	250	250
PUBLIC OFFICIAL BOND	75	75
POSTAGE	144	38
CONFERENCE FACILITY RENTAL	37	366
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>1,326</u>	<u>1,339</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES (EXPENSES OVER REVENUE)	(1,106)	(1,044)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>4,537</u>	<u>5,581</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 3,431</u>	<u>\$ 4,537</u>

RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 1988 AND 1987

NOTE 1. GENERAL COMMISSION INFORMATION

THE PRINCIPAL PURPOSES OF THIS COMPACT ARE:

- (a) TO PROMOTE INTERSTATE COMITY AND REMOVE CAUSES OF CONTROVERSY BETWEEN EACH OF THE AFFECTED STATES BY GOVERNING THE USE, CONTROL AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE INTERSTATE OF THE RED RIVER AND ITS TRIBUTARIES:
- (b) TO PROVIDE AN EQUITABLE APPOINTMENT AMONG THE SIGNATORY STATES OF THE WATER OF THE RED RIVER AND ITS TRIBUTARIES:
- (c) TO PROMOTE AN ACTIVE PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL AND ALLEVIATION OF NATURAL DETERIORATION AND POLLUTION OF THE WATER OF THE RED RIVER BASIN AND TO PROVIDE FOR ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAWS RELATED THERETO:
- (d) TO PROVIDE THE MEANS FOR AN ACTIVE PROGRAM FOR THE CONSERVATION OF WATER, PROTECTION OF LIVES AND PROPERTY FROM FLOODS, IMPROVEMENT OF WATER QUALITY, DEVELOPMENT OF NAVIGATION AND REGULATION OF FLOWS IN THE RED RIVER BASIN: AND
- (e) TO PROVIDE A BASIS FOR STATE OF JOINT STATE PLANNING AND ACTION BY ASCERTAINING AND IDENTIFYING EACH STATE'S SHARE IN THE INTERSTATE WATER OF THE RED RIVER BASIN AND THE APPORTIONMENT THEREOF.

NOTE 2. ACCOUNTING POLICY

THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE PRESENTED ON THE BASIS OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS; CONSEQUENTLY CERTAIN REVENUE AND THE RELATED ASSETS ARE RECOGNIZED WHEN RECEIVED RATHER THAN WHEN EARNED, AND CERTAIN EXPENSES ARE RECOGNIZED PAID RATHER THAN WHEN THE OBLIGATION IS INCURRED. ACCORDINGLY, THE ACCOMPANYING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE NOT INTENDED TO PRESENT FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS IN CONFORMITY WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES.

STREAMFLOW GAGE DATA

**(as recommended for inclusion in the annual report
by the Engineering Committee at the Ninth Annual
Meeting of the Red River Compact Commission,
April 25, 1989)**

TOTAL MONTHLY FLOWS, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND, FOR WATER YEAR OCTOBER 1987 THRU SEPTEMBER 1988

	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
REACH I, SUBBASIN 1												
07300000 - Salt Fork Red River, Wellington, Texas	556	890	1108	1708	1871	1933	1186.8	283.9	598.2	339.3	95.8	1374.9
07301300 - North Fork Red River, Shamrock, Texas	0.27	132.31	1249.2	4910	2816	3527.6	2504	226.69	298.08	399.01	0.97	999.70
07301410 - Sweetwater Creek, Kelton, Texas	201.3	321.9	490	634	528	1093	804	451	308.0	185.1	49.50	1226.7
REACH I, SUBBASIN 2 (Provisional Data)												
07316500 - Washita River, Cheyenne, Oklahoma	364.0	453	591	1161	970	1894	1678	1063	440.4	198.8	6.27	238.2
07301420 - Sweetwater Creek, Sweetwater, Oklahoma	290.6	484	866	1057	828	1626	1351	953	633	481.5	68.66	1547.8
07301500 - North Fork Red River, Carter, Oklahoma	1752	3208	5833	5041	3878	6839	8420	3934	2485	1234	27.31	9027.18
07300500 - Salt Fork Red River, Mangum, Oklahoma	721	1218	2655	3162	1683	3735	3654	1328	529.62	583.04	0.0	1370.67
REACH I, SUBBASIN 4												
07308500 - Red River, Burkburnett, Texas	15663	15188	19967	32276	18591	61124	44746	30323	23178	18518	7420	86230
07315500 - Red River, Terra, Oklahoma	34073	29596	73898	76196	22428	163449	115070	29498	16438	27970	9786	128106
07316000 - Red River, Gainesville, Texas	36081	38045	143516	125500	58060	221670	178080	47493	28093	37535	10689	122671
REACH II, SUBBASIN 3												
07340000 - Little River, Horatio, Arkansas	22875	147251	289100	326410	126860	143380	200102	16424	10379	20848	47308	14224
REACH IV, SUBBASIN 2												
07362000 - Ouachita River, Camden, Arkansas	33378	317061	970810	771100	342620	319840	342160	64190	38528	37928	42270	44183
07362100 - Smackover Creek, Smackover, Arkansas	99.9	13093.1	45102	30109	14319	16820	13891	1803	404.6	190.9	114.3	119.1
07363500 - Saline River, Rye, Arkansas	1557	48492	292950	389630	119180	93840	108800	12625	3702	10895	4022	1769
07369680 - Bayou Macon, Eudora, Arkansas												

New Station - Data Will Be Available In 1989 Water Year

RED RIVER BASIN

07331500 LAKE TEXOMA NEAR DENISON, TX

LOCATION.--Lat 33°49'05", long 96°34'20", in NE1/4 sec.33, T.8 S., R.7 E., Bryan County, OK, Hydrologic Unit 11130210, in control tower of Denison Dam on Red River, 1.2 mi upstream from Shawnee Creek, 1.8 mi upstream from Sand Creek, 4.0 mi northwest of Denison, 6.0 mi southwest of Colbert, and at mile 725.9.

DRAINAGE AREA.--39,719 mi², of which 5,936 mi² is probably noncontributing.

PERIOD OF RECORD.--July 1942 to current year. Monthend contents only for some periods, published in WSP 1311.

REVISED RECORDS.--WSP 1211: Drainage area.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder. Datum of gage is National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929. Prior to Mar. 30, 1944, non-recording gage at same site and datum. Prior to Oct. 1, 1948, supplementary nonrecording gage in Cumberland pool at the same datum.

REMARKS.--Lake is formed by a rolled earthfill dam. The controlled outlet consists of eight 20-foot-diameter conduits and the uncontrolled outlet is a concrete, ogee-type weir spillway. Flow was diverted through conduits July 27, 1942; regulated storage began Oct. 31, 1943; power pool was first filled March 15, 1945. Capacity, based on 1969 survey, 5,312,000 acre-ft at elevation 640.0 ft, crest of spillway, 2,643,000 acre-ft at elevation 617.0 ft maximum power pool; 1,031,000 acre-ft at elevation 590.0 ft, minimum power pool, in Denison pool. Dead storage, 11,000 acre-ft at elevation 610.0 ft in Cumberland pool. When contents are below 2,105,000 acre-ft, the lake is divided into two pools by protective levees around the Cumberland oil field on the Washita River arm with bottom outlet channel for the upper pool (known as Cumberland pool) at elevation 610 ft. At higher elevations the two pools are considered as being at a common level, contents being computed from gage in Denison pool. Figures given herein represent total contents of both pools. Reservoir is used principally for flood control and power development. Revised capacity table, based on survey in 1969, used since Oct. 1, 1977. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers satellite telemeter at station.

COOPERATION.--Records provided by U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

EXTREMES FOR PERIOD OF RECORD.--Maximum contents, 5,991,300 acre-ft June 5, 1957 (elevation, 643.18 ft); minimum since power pool was first filled, 1,565,100 acre-ft Sept. 16, 1964; minimum elevation, 599.96 ft Mar. 1, 2, 1957.

EXTREMES FOR CURRENT YEAR.--Maximum contents, 2,999,000 acre-ft Dec. 31, Jan. 1 (elevation, 620.81 ft); minimum, 2,251,000 acre-ft Sept. 15-17 (elevation, 612.03 ft).

Capacity table (elevation, in feet, and contents, in acre-ft)

612	2,248,000	616	2,557,000	620	2,920,000
614	2,399,000	618	2,733,000	622	3,117,000

RESERVOIR STORAGE, (AC-FT), WATER YEAR OCTOBER 1987 TO SEPTEMBER 1988
2400-HR VALUES

DAY	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1	2520000	2434000	2433000	2986000	2673000	2500000	2680000	2589000	2492000	2452000	2383000	2262000
2	2510000	2430000	2428000	2969000	2662000	2507000	2696000	2577000	2492000	2450000	2377000	2262000
3	2510000	2428000	2426000	2949000	2658000	2515000	2712000	2570000	2495000	2447000	2380000	2263000
4	2514000	2425000	2425000	2926000	2642000	2527000	2737000	2557000	2496000	2448000	2375000	2262000
5	2514000	2422000	2428000	2901000	2629000	2584000	2769000	2546000	2494000	2450000	2371000	2261000
6	2509000	2421000	2460000	2888000	2612000	2650000	2777000	2539000	2493000	2448000	2368000	2259000
7	2505000	2423000	2467000	2865000	2596000	2699000	2773000	2537000	2493000	2446000	2364000	2258000
8	2498000	2431000	2474000	2839000	2582000	2719000	2760000	2538000	2492000	2446000	2358000	2258000
9	2493000	2439000	2467000	2818000	2571000	2717000	2751000	2536000	2491000	2446000	2352000	2257000
10	2490000	2431000	2459000	2794000	2558000	2703000	2732000	2535000	2488000	2445000	2348000	2256000
11	2484000	2424000	2450000	2771000	2546000	2697000	2716000	2534000	2487000	2446000	2343000	2256000
12	2478000	2414000	2452000	2777000	2532000	2695000	2707000	2530000	2485000	2449000	2338000	2255000
13	2471000	2411000	2440000	2773000	2523000	2686000	2701000	2526000	2483000	2451000	2336000	2253000
14	2467000	2413000	2443000	2768000	2525000	2676000	2692000	2522000	2481000	2451000	2330000	2252000
15	2460000	2438000	2429000	2763000	2515000	2668000	2686000	2515000	2480000	2449000	2326000	2251000
16	2457000	2436000	2418000	2760000	2509000	2659000	2683000	2517000	2478000	2447000	2322000	2251000
17	2453000	2428000	2413000	2761000	2510000	2668000	2691000	2514000	2477000	2445000	2318000	2256000
18	2451000	2424000	2410000	2766000	2524000	2678000	2689000	2512000	2475000	2444000	2316000	2262000
19	2452000	2415000	2467000	2771000	2524000	2678000	2685000	2507000	2474000	2441000	2311000	2264000
20	2440000	2410000	2512000	2777000	2523000	2675000	2683000	2505000	2472000	2440000	2308000	2264000
21	2435000	2403000	2555000	2780000	2523000	2667000	2681000	2503000	2472000	2437000	2301000	2307000
22	2433000	2410000	2587000	2784000	2520000	2656000	2679000	2502000	2472000	2433000	2298000	2356000
23	2433000	2402000	2611000	2770000	2522000	2648000	2678000	2499000	2470000	2429000	2294000	2401000
24	2432000	2411000	2636000	2758000	2517000	2643000	2667000	2495000	2466000	2425000	2291000	2430000
25	2429000	2412000	2695000	2742000	2510000	2645000	2662000	2493000	2463000	2420000	2287000	2453000
26	2439000	2420000	2763000	2735000	2503000	2645000	2654000	2490000	2460000	2416000	2282000	2474000
27	2439000	2429000	2835000	2725000	2505000	2641000	2639000	2488000	2457000	2410000	2277000	2488000
28	2437000	2432000	2913000	2715000	2502000	2635000	2625000	2485000	2456000	2406000	2274000	2499000
29	2434000	2435000	2952000	2703000	2502000	2641000	2612000	2482000	2460000	2402000	2269000	2519000
30	2432000	2439000	2986000	2695000	---	2651000	2604000	2481000	2456000	2396000	2267000	2526000
31	2433000	---	2999000	2690000	---	2660000	---	2476000	---	2391000	2265000	---
MAX	2520000	2439000	2999000	2986000	2673000	2719000	2777000	2589000	2496000	2452000	2383000	2256000
MIN	2429000	2402000	2410000	2690000	2502000	2500000	2604000	2476000	2456000	2391000	2265000	2251000
(†)	614.44	614.52	620.81	617.52	615.31	617.19	616.55	615.00	614.70	613.87	612.22	615.61
(Φ)	-96,000	+6,000	+560,000	-309,000	-188,000	+158,000	-56,000	-128,000	-20,000	-65,000	-126,000	+261,000

CAL YR 1987 MAX 4635000 MIN 2402000 (Φ) +353,000
WTR YR 1988 MAX 2999000 MIN 2251000 (Φ) -3,000

(†) Elevation, in feet, at end of month.
(Φ) Change in contents, in acre-feet.

RED RIVER MAIN STEM

07331600 RED RIVER AT DENISON DAM NEAR DENISON, TX

LOCATION.--Lat 33°49'08", long 96°33'47". Grayson County, Hydrologic Unit 11140101, on right bank 1,800 ft downstream from Denison Dam powerhouse, 0.4 mi upstream from Shawnee Creek (spillway flow return), 4.5 mi north of Denison, and at mile 725.5.

DRAINAGE AREA.--39,720 mi², of which 5,936 mi² is probably noncontributing. At site used prior to October 1961, drainage area was 39,777 mi², of which 5,936 mi² probably was noncontributing.

WATER DISCHARGE RECORDS

PERIOD OF RECORD.--October 1923 to current year. Monthly discharge only for some periods, published in WSP 1311. Prior to October 1934, published as "near Denison, TX", and October 1934 to September 1961, published as "near Colbert, OK". Gage-height records collected at various sites in this vicinity 1892-93, 1906-28, 1931-49 are contained in reports of the National Weather Service.

REVISED RECORDS.--WSP 807: 1935 (M). WSP 1211: Drainage area. WSP 1241: 1924-29, 1932-33, 1934 (M), 1935.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder. Datum of gage is 500.00 ft above National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929. Oct. 9, 1923 to Sept. 24, 1934, nonrecording gage, and July 29, 1942 to Sept. 30, 1961, water-stage recorder, at county road bridge 2.5 mi downstream. Prior to Oct. 1, 1931, at datum 6.85 ft higher; Oct. 1, 1931 to Sept 24, 1934, at datum 7.07 ft higher; and July 29, 1942 to Sept. 30, 1961, at datum 2.64 ft lower; Sept. 25, 1934 to July 28, 1942, water-stage recorder at railway bridge 1.9 mi downstream at datum 7.36 ft higher.

REMARKS.--Records good. Flow regulated since October 1943 by Lake Texoma (station 07331500).

COOPERATION.--Gage-height record and 4 discharge measurements provided by U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; records computed by U.S. Geological Survey.

AVERAGE DISCHARGE.--20 years (water years 1924-43) prior to regulation by Lake Texoma, 5,684 ft³/s (4,118,000 acre-ft/yr); 44 years (water years 1945-88) since regulation by Lake Texoma, 4,734 ft³/s (3,430,000 acre-ft/yr).

EXTREMES FOR PERIOD OF RECORD.--Maximum discharge, 201,000 ft³/s May 21, 1935 (gage height, 31.8 ft, at site and datum then in use); maximum gage height, 32.0 ft Apr. 25, 1942 (at site and datum used in 1943); minimum daily discharge, 12 ft³/s Jan. 10, 1944.

EXTREMES OUTSIDE PERIOD OF RECORD.--Flood of May 26, 1908, reached a stage of 45.5 ft (at site and datum used July 29, 1942 to Sept. 30, 1961); from record of National Weather Service.

EXTREMES FOR CURRENT YEAR.--Maximum discharge, 20,800 ft³/s Mar. 10 (gage height, 11.11 ft); minimum daily, 157 ft³/s July 12.

DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND, WATER YEAR OCTOBER 1987 TO SEPTEMBER 1988
MEAN VALUES

DAY	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1	5840	3890	3860	17100	10700	3530	10900	9250	1920	2030	2130	912
2	5860	3890	3870	17200	10700	6760	10800	9250	1860	2010	1970	936
3	243	3930	1670	17300	10700	10100	10700	9170	1890	2020	1950	918
4	113	3910	2750	17200	10800	11000	12600	9220	2590	2000	1970	901
5	5700	3120	124	17300	10700	10900	15600	9150	2640	2040	1950	892
6	3180	3120	289	17300	10800	10900	18300	6800	2090	2050	2060	895
7	3110	1950	2840	17200	10800	10800	20400	6060	1960	2050	2060	722
8	3130	818	3290	15000	10800	16900	19400	5570	1840	2060	2220	710
9	3970	3020	5900	13600	9470	20600	17800	6080	1820	2020	2230	715
10	3110	3850	5890	13700	9410	20600	17700	4130	1920	2020	2070	710
11	3110	3850	5860	11500	9390	17800	15400	4120	1530	2070	2050	707
12	3110	5460	304	10600	9480	14600	12300	4220	1470	157	2010	710
13	3480	2820	6210	10600	6710	14600	11600	4210	1420	2010	2040	708
14	3120	117	6890	10600	6240	13100	11600	4220	1480	2030	2050	703
15	4010	283	6650	10500	6270	11500	9310	4210	1590	1670	2050	732
16	3090	5930	7040	10600	5620	11500	7800	2840	1520	2040	2060	728
17	2310	5880	4300	10500	3210	11700	7790	3050	1510	2060	2050	549
18	2300	5960	4000	10500	3240	11500	7720	3050	1520	2050	2040	564
19	3400	5730	4590	10500	5560	11500	7740	3060	1490	2080	2040	236
20	5180	4890	4090	10500	5450	11500	7750	3060	1890	2070	2060	205
21	2310	2830	3950	10500	4620	11600	8860	2460	1570	2060	2050	203
22	159	121	5770	15300	5490	11600	10600	2420	2100	2090	2050	196
23	2270	5730	6460	16600	1950	11600	10500	2270	2090	2070	1650	204
24	3890	3900	6750	16500	6500	8240	10600	2490	2110	2060	1650	209
25	2420	4360	7430	13400	6400	5600	10500	2280	2670	2060	1660	200
26	4040	235	5590	10700	6270	5570	10500	2290	2660	2400	1660	200
27	5080	124	2280	10600	2680	5590	10600	2290	2690	2120	1290	204
28	5060	111	1970	10600	3410	5640	10600	1930	3350	2110	1280	221
29	5080	113	5790	10600	3590	5610	9270	1890	2680	2100	920	224
30	5070	1470	10300	e10600	---	5580	9230	1900	2630	2130	918	204
31	3890	---	13300	e10700	---	7290	---	1880	---	2120	909	---
TOTAL	106635	91412	150007	405400	206960	335310	354470	134820	60500	61857	57097	16218
MEAN	3440	3047	4839	13080	7137	10820	11820	4349	2017	1995	1842	541
MAX	5860	5960	13300	17300	10800	20600	20400	9250	3350	2400	2230	936
MIN	113	111	124	10500	1950	3530	7720	1880	1420	157	909	196
AC-FT	211500	181300	297500	804100	410500	665100	703100	267400	120000	122700	113300	32170
CAL YR 1987	TOTAL	4470628	MEAN	12250	MAX	51200	MIN	65	AC-FT	8867000		
WTR YR 1988	TOTAL	1980686	MEAN	5412	MAX	20600	MIN	111	AC-FT	3929000		

e Estimated.

RED RIVER BASIN

07337000 RED RIVER AT INDEX, ARK.
(National stream-quality accounting network station)

LOCATION.--Lat 33°33'07", long 94°02'28", in NW¼SW¼ sec.7, T.14 S., R.28 W., Miller County, Hydrologic Unit 11140106, near right bank on downstream side of southbound bridge on U.S. Highway 71 at Index, 2.2 mi south of Ogden, 20.6 mi upstream from Little River, and at mile 485.3.

DRAINAGE AREA.--48,030 mi², of which 5,936 mi² is probably noncontributing.

WATER-DISCHARGE RECORDS

PERIOD OF RECORD.--July 1936 to current year. Gage-height records collected at same site since 1917 are contained in reports of National Weather Service.

REVISED RECORDS.--WSP 1211: Drainage area.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder. Datum of gage is 246.87 ft above National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929. Prior to Dec. 12, 1939, nonrecording gage, and Dec. 12, 1939, to July 19, 1979, water-stage recorder, at site 500 ft downstream at present datum.

REMARKS.--No estimated daily discharges. Water-discharge records good. Some regulation since Oct. 31, 1943, by Lake Texoma (Texas), 241 mi upstream, capacity, 5,392,900 acre-ft, since Sept. 28, 1967, by Pat Mayse Lake (Texas), capacity, 352,700 acre-ft, and since Jan. 18, 1974, by Hugo Lake (Oklahoma) capacity, 966,700 acre-ft. Satellite telemeter at station.

AVERAGE DISCHARGE.--52 years, 12,050 ft³/s, 8,730,000 acre-ft/yr.

EXTREMES FOR PERIOD OF RECORD.--Maximum discharge, 297,000 ft³/s Feb. 23, 1938, gage height, 34.25 ft; minimum, 378 ft³/s Nov. 28, 1956.

EXTREMES FOR CURRENT YEAR.--Maximum discharge, 87,700 ft³/s Dec. 28, gage height, 19.75 ft; minimum daily, 1,030 ft³/s Sept. 29.

DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND, WATER YEAR OCTOBER 1987 TO SEPTEMBER 1988
MEAN VALUES

DAY	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1	4720	6890	11900	46100	14500	9900	18900	13900	3580	3080	2790	2180
2	3920	6420	9430	49200	14900	8630	20300	13500	3320	3320	2780	2070
3	3240	6100	9230	50000	16000	8550	22800	12900	3490	3600	2680	2000
4	2590	5800	8850	49300	16600	8880	24800	12100	3550	3980	2640	1860
5	3150	5210	8520	44900	19600	15600	25700	11500	3610	3790	2600	1700
6	4950	4750	7920	40700	21400	26900	28100	11300	3620	3510	2620	1700
7	5490	4550	7460	38900	19800	28200	29900	11200	3700	3190	2600	1610
8	4250	4510	6540	38000	17700	27300	30100	11100	3670	2970	2570	1680
9	2800	5100	6480	36900	16200	27400	30000	11000	3570	2890	2520	1780
10	3000	6490	10700	36000	15500	26100	28200	10000	3730	2850	2490	1650
11	3940	8240	14100	34100	15000	25200	26500	9010	3730	2820	2480	1570
12	3820	8270	11100	31600	14400	27000	27000	8550	3450	3010	2620	1530
13	3690	6340	9060	31100	13100	28400	23200	8230	3220	3220	2850	1490
14	3840	5260	11500	32100	12100	25700	21700	7680	3110	4040	3450	1430
15	3910	5590	13700	35700	11400	20800	19000	6480	3040	4540	3620	1390
16	3740	8200	12600	37700	10700	18800	17400	6130	2980	5050	3170	1350
17	3700	19400	16700	35000	9380	17800	16800	6000	2830	5620	2880	1320
18	3810	31900	22000	31800	9480	16100	16600	5900	2720	4710	2900	1320
19	3900	37600	20500	29700	12700	15300	17200	5800	2660	3970	2860	1330
20	4030	32600	18000	27700	19200	18200	19200	5580	2640	3460	2760	1340
21	4140	25600	20900	26500	24200	24100	25200	4950	2640	3020	2770	1340
22	3870	19700	30500	26600	25000	25100	26700	4730	2610	2940	2820	1330
23	3520	16100	32100	26200	21900	23100	23400	4600	2570	2910	2740	1320
24	3680	14300	30900	24200	19300	20300	19200	4600	2590	2830	2890	1280
25	4530	14800	35400	22300	18800	17900	15100	4550	2620	2780	3110	1250
26	4630	15700	53500	24200	17300	16300	14900	4360	2600	2750	3020	1180
27	3900	14800	77500	24300	14800	16500	15000	4040	2600	2790	2750	1110
28	3530	18000	86500	22100	12900	15500	14700	3870	2630	2820	2600	1060
29	5100	20800	74900	18600	10900	13100	14400	3800	2780	2790	2420	1030
30	6690	16700	54400	16000	---	12600	14100	3760	2850	2750	2300	1080
31	7130	---	47000	14900	---	15400	---	3640	---	2730	2240	---
TOTAL	127210	395720	779890	1002400	464760	600660	643900	234760	92950	104730	85540	44280
MEAN	4104	13190	25160	32340	16030	19380	21460	7573	3098	3378	2759	1476
MAX	7130	37600	86500	50000	25000	28400	30100	13900	3730	5620	3620	2180
MIN	2590	4510	6480	14900	9380	8550	14100	3640	2570	2730	2240	1030
AC-FT	252300	784900	1547000	1988000	921900	1191000	1277000	465600	184400	207700	169700	87830
CAL YR 1987	TOTAL 7317840	MEAN 20050	MAX 86500	MIN 2590	AC-FT 14510000							
WTR YR 1988	TOTAL 4576800	MEAN 12500	MAX 86500	MIN 1030	AC-FT 9078000							

RED RIVER BASIN

07364150 BAYOU BARTHOLOMEW NEAR MCGEHEE, ARK.

LOCATION.--Lat 33°37'40", long 91°26'45", in NE¼SW¼ sec.30, T.12 S., R.3 W., Desha County, Hydrologic Unit 08050001, near center of stream on downstream side of bridge on State Highway 4, 2.7 mi west of McGehee, 17.5 mi downstream from Ables Creek, at at mile 200.5.

DRAINAGE AREA.--576 mi².

PERIOD OF RECORD.--October 1938 to September 1942, October 1945 to current year. Gage-height records collected and occasional discharge measurements made by U.S. Army Corps of Engineers at this site since August 1938. Daily stages 1940 to date and results of discharge measurements 1938, 1947 to date are published in reports of U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

REVISED RECORDS.--WRD Ark. 1979: Drainage area.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder. Datum of gage is 120.48 ft above National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929, supplementary adjustment of 1941. Prior to Sept. 7, 1949, nonrecording gage at same site. October 1938 to June 6, 1972, at datum 1.00 ft higher. Since Jan. 20, 1971, auxiliary water-stage recorder 14 mi upstream.

REMARKS.--Records good except for estimated daily discharges, which are fair.

AVERAGE DISCHARGE.--47 years (1939-42, 1946-88), 676 ft³/s, 15.94 in/yr, 489,800 acre-ft/yr.

EXTREMES FOR PERIOD OF RECORD.--Maximum discharge, 6,870 ft³/s May 11, 1958, gage height, 25.49 ft, present datum; minimum, 0.20 ft³/s Aug. 15-23, 1956.

EXTREMES OUTSIDE PERIOD OF RECORD.--Maximum stage since at least 1930, that of May 11, 1958. Flood in 1932 reached a stage of 23.4 ft, present datum, from floodmarks.

EXTREMES FOR CURRENT YEAR.--Maximum discharge, 4,600 ft³/s Jan. 7; maximum gage height, 20.80 ft Jan. 8; minimum daily discharge, 4.0 ft³/s July 9-12.

DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND, WATER YEAR OCTOBER 1987 TO SEPTEMBER 1988
MEAN VALUES

DAY	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1	56	28	2320	3850	2120	829	678	695	64	7.0	52	86
2	48	29	2270	4090	1860	790	767	654	61	5.9	84	85
3	43	31	2190	4270	1600	763	837	613	60	e5.5	125	84
4	38	29	2090	4400	1360	714	863	568	54	e5.0	148	81
5	34	28	1970	4450	1140	666	880	517	43	e5.0	146	70
6	31	29	1850	4510	971	611	892	459	33	e4.5	128	63
7	29	30	1730	4590	870	554	881	398	27	e4.5	103	59
8	27	31	1590	4580	823	536	853	343	22	e4.5	78	56
9	26	39	1470	4570	778	669	811	288	19	e4.0	55	56
10	25	56	1350	4490	739	733	764	233	17	e4.0	39	58
11	24	81	1240	4320	709	744	724	186	16	e4.0	33	63
12	23	121	1120	4090	672	745	682	147	15	e4.0	29	70
13	23	154	1010	3850	635	748	644	116	16	10	27	73
14	23	183	905	3610	591	728	612	93	17	34	27	70
15	23	223	811	3310	562	699	588	76	18	57	33	64
16	23	686	712	3020	555	669	561	65	17	67	42	59
17	23	1240	615	2840	570	632	525	57	16	71	50	53
18	23	1560	527	2660	619	600	605	50	16	75	55	47
19	23	1750	462	2740	712	576	687	45	16	90	61	42
20	23	1880	431	3020	809	563	719	41	16	111	67	37
21	23	1990	389	3310	890	560	733	36	19	128	69	34
22	23	2090	355	3580	956	561	750	33	22	133	67	31
23	23	2180	333	3720	1000	558	785	31	22	122	65	28
24	23	2230	364	3780	1030	549	824	30	21	100	78	26
25	23	2270	574	3750	1040	561	844	30	19	79	81	24
26	23	2280	800	3640	1020	577	841	27	17	69	80	22
27	23	2280	1370	3470	977	584	825	25	15	67	83	21
28	23	2340	2000	3240	929	586	800	25	13	60	85	21
29	24	2350	2580	2980	874	576	769	32	11	51	84	20
30	25	2340	3090	2720	---	557	732	47	8.7	46	84	20
31	26	---	3510	2420	---	582	---	61	---	46	85	---
TOTAL	847	30558	42028	113870	27411	19820	22476	6021	730.7	1473.9	2243	1523
MEAN	27.3	1019	1356	3673	945	639	749	194	24.4	47.5	72.4	50.8
MAX	56	2350	3510	4590	2120	829	892	695	64	133	148	86
MIN	23	28	333	2420	555	536	525	25	8.7	4.0	27	20
AC-FT	1680	60610	83360	225900	54370	39310	44580	11940	1450	2920	4450	3020
CFSM	.05	1.77	2.35	6.38	1.64	1.11	1.30	.34	.04	.08	.13	.09
IN.	.05	1.97	2.71	7.35	1.77	1.28	1.45	.39	.05	.10	.14	.10

CAL YR 1987 TOTAL 234666.6 MEAN 643 MAX 3620 MIN 9.6 AC-FT 465500 CFSM 1.12 IN. 15.16
WTR YR 1988 TOTAL 269001.6 MEAN 735 MAX 4590 MIN 4.0 AC-FT 533600 CFSM 1.28 IN. 17.37

e Estimated

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

PHILOSOPHY DEPARTMENT

PHILOSOPHY 101

LECTURE 1

THE PHILosophical Method

1. Introduction

2. The Philosophy of Language

PREAMBLE

The States of Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas, pursuant to the acts of their respective Governors or legislatures, or both, being moved by considerations of interstate comity, have resolved to compact with respect to the water of the Red River and its tributaries. By Act of Congress, Public Law No. 346 (84th Congress, First Session), the consent of the United States has been granted for said states to negotiate and enter into a compact providing for an equitable apportionment of such water; and pursuant to that Act the President has designated the representative of the United States.

Further, the consent of Congress has been given for two or more states to negotiate and enter into agreements relating to water pollution control by the provisions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (P. L. 92-500, 33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.).

The Signatory States acting through their duly authorized Compact Commissioners, after several years of negotiations, have agreed to an equitable apportionment of the water of the Red River and its tributaries and do hereby submit and recommend that this compact be adopted by the respective legislatures and approved by Congress as hereinafter set forth:

ARTICLE I

PURPOSES

SECTION 1.01. The principal purposes of this Compact are:

- (a) To promote interstate comity and remove causes of controversy between each of the affected states by governing the use, control and distribution of the interstate water of the Red River and its tributaries;
- (b) To provide an equitable apportionment among the Signatory States of the water of the Red River and its tributaries;
- (c) To promote an active program for the control and alleviation of natural deterioration and pollution of the water of the Red River Basin and to provide for enforcement of the laws related thereto;
- (d) To provide the means for an active program for the conservation of water, protection of lives and property from floods, improvement of water quality, development of navigation and regulation of flows in the Red River Basin; and
- (e) To provide a basis for state or joint state planning and action by ascertaining and identifying each state's share in the interstate water of the Red River Basin and the apportionment thereof.

ARTICLE II

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 2.01. Each Signatory State may use the water allocated to it by this Compact in any manner deemed beneficial by that state. Each state may freely administer water rights and uses in accordance with the laws of that state, but such uses shall be subject to the availability of water in accordance with the apportionments made by this Compact.

SECTION 2.02. The use of water by the United States in connection with any individual Federal project shall be in accordance with the Act of Congress authorizing the project and the water shall be charged to the state or states receiving the benefit therefrom.

SECTION 2.03. Any Signatory State using the channel of Red River or its tributaries to convey stored water shall be subject to an appropriate reduction in the amount which may be withdrawn at the point of removal to account for transmission losses.

SECTION 2.04. The failure of any state to use any portion of the water allocated to it shall not constitute relinquishment or forfeiture of the right to such use.

SECTION 2.05. Each Signatory State shall have the right to:

- (a) Construct conservation storage capacity for the impoundment of water allocated by this Compact;
- (b) Replace within the same area any storage capacity recognized or authorized by this Compact made unusable by any cause, including losses due to sediment storage;
- (c) Construct reservoir storage capacity for the purposes of flood and sediment control as well as storage of water which is either imported or is to be exported if such storage does not adversely affect the delivery of water apportioned to any other Signatory State; and
- (d) Use the bed and banks of the Red River and its tributaries to convey stored water, imported or exported water, and water apportioned according to this Compact.

SECTION 2.06. Signatory States may cooperate to obtain construction of facilities of joint benefits to such states.

SECTION 2.07. Nothing in this Compact shall be deemed to impair or affect the powers, rights, or obligations of the United States, or those claiming under its authority, in, over and to water of the Red River Basin.

SECTION 2.08. Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to include within the water apportioned by this Compact any water consumed in each state by livestock or for domestic purposes; provided, however, the storage of such water is in accordance with the laws of the respective states but any such impoundment shall not exceed 200 acre-feet, or such smaller quantity as may be provided for by the laws of each state.

SECTION 2.09. In the event any state shall import water into the Red River Basin from any other river basin, the Signatory State making the importation shall have the use of such imported water.

SECTION 2.10. Nothing in this Compact shall be deemed to:

- (a) Interfere with or impair the right or power of any Signatory State to regulate within its boundaries the appropriation, use, and control of water, or quality of water, not inconsistent with its obligations under this Compact;
- (b) Repeal or prevent the enactment of any legislation or the enforcement of any requirement by any Signatory State imposing any additional conditions or restrictions to further lessen or prevent the pollution or natural deterioration of water within its jurisdiction; provided nothing contained in this paragraph shall alter any provision of this Compact dealing with the apportionment of water or the rights thereto; or
- (c) Waive any state's immunity under the Eleventh Amendment of the Constitution of the United States, or as constituting the consent of any state to be sued by its own citizens.

SECTION 2.11. Accounting for apportionment purposes on interstate streams shall not be mandatory under the terms of the Compact until one or more affected states deem the accounting necessary.

SECTION 2.12. For the purposes of apportionment of the water among the Signatory States, the Red River is hereby divided into the following major subdivisions:

- (a) Reach I - the Red River and tributaries from the New Mexico-Texas State boundary to Denison Dam;
- (b) Reach II - the Red River from Denison Dam to the point where it crosses the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary and all tributaries which contribute to the flow of the River within this reach;
- (c) Reach III - the tributaries west of the Red River which cross the Texas-Louisiana state boundary, the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary, and those which cross both the Texas-Arkansas state boundary and the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary.
- (d) Reach IV - the tributaries east of the Red River in Arkansas which cross the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary; and
- (e) Reach V - that portion of the Red River and tributaries in Louisiana not included in Reach III or in Reach IV.

SECTION 2.13. If any part or application of this Compact shall be declared invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, all other severable provisions and applications of this Compact shall remain in full force and effect.

SECTION 2.14. Subject to the availability of water in accordance with this Compact, nothing in this Compact shall be held or construed to alter, impair, or increase, validate, or prejudice any existing water right or right of water use that is legally recognized on the effective date of this Compact by either statutes or courts of the Signatory State within which it is located.

ARTICLE III

DEFINITIONS

SECTION 3.01. In this Compact:

- (a) The States of Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas are referred to as "Arkansas," "Louisiana," "Oklahoma," and "Texas," respectively, or individually as "State" or "Signatory State," or collectively as "States" or "Signatory States."
- (b) The term "Red River" means the stream below the crossing of the Texas-Oklahoma state boundary at longitude 100 degrees west.
- (c) The term "Red River Basin" means all of the natural drainage area of the Red River and its tributaries east of the New Mexico-Texas state boundary and above its junction with Atchafalaya and Old Rivers.
- (d) The term "water of the Red River Basin" means the water originating in any part of the Red River Basin and flowing to or in the Red River or any of its tributaries.
- (e) The term "tributary" means any stream which contributes to the flow of the Red River.
- (f) The term "interstate tributary" means a tributary of the Red River, the drainage area of which includes portions of two or more Signatory States.
- (g) The term "intrastate tributary" means a tributary of the Red River, the drainage area of which is entirely within a single Signatory State.
- (h) The term "Commission" means the agency created by Article IX of this Compact for the administration thereof.
- (i) The term "pollution" means the alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of water by the acts or instrumentalities of man which create or are likely to result in a material and adverse effect upon human beings, domestic or wild animals, fish and other aquatic life, or adversely affect any other lawful use of such water; provided, that for the purposes of this Compact,

"pollution" shall not mean or include "natural deterioration."

- (j) The term "natural deterioration" means the material reduction in the quality of water resulting from the leaching of solubles from the soils and rocks through or over which the water flows naturally.
- (k) The term "designated water" means water released from storage, paid for by non-Federal interests, for delivery to a specific point of use or diversion.
- (l) The term "undesignated water" means all water released from storage other than "designated water."
- (m) The term "conservation storage capacity" means that portion of the active capacity of reservoirs available for the storage of water for subsequent beneficial use, and it excludes any portion of the capacity of reservoirs allocated solely to flood control and sediment control, or either of them.
- (n) The term "runoff" means both the portion of precipitation which runs off the surface of a drainage area and that portion of the precipitation that enters the streams after passing through the portions of the earth.

ARTICLE IV

APPORTIONMENT OF WATER - REACH I

OKLAHOMA - TEXAS

Subdivision of Reach I and apportionment of water therein.

Reach I of the Red River is divided into topographical subbasins, with the water therein allocated as follows:

SECTION 4.01. Subbasin 1 - Interstate streams - Texas.

- (a) This includes the Texas portion of Buck Creek, Sand (Lebos) Creek, Salt Fork Red River, Elm Creek, North Fork Red River, Sweetwater Creek, and Washita River, together with all their tributaries in Texas which lie west of the 100th Meridian.
- (b) The annual flow within this subbasin is hereby apportioned sixty (60) percent to Texas and forty (40) percent to Oklahoma.

SECTION 4.02. Subbasin 2 - Intrastate and Interstate streams - Oklahoma.

- (a) This subbasin is composed of all tributaries of the Red River in Oklahoma and portions thereof upstream to the Texas-Oklahoma state boundary at longitude 100 degrees west, beginning from Denison Dam and upstream to and including Buck Creek.
- (b) The State of Oklahoma shall have free and unrestricted use of the water of this subbasin.

SECTION 4.03. Subbasin 3 - Intrastate streams - Texas.

- (a) This includes the tributaries of the Red River in Texas, beginning from Denison Dam and upstream to and including Prairie Dog Town Fork Red River.
- (b) The State of Texas shall have free and unrestricted use of the water in this subbasin.

SECTION 4.04. Subbasin 4 - Mainstem of the Red River and Lake Texoma.

- (a) This subbasin includes all of Lake Texoma and the Red River beginning at Denison Dam and

continuing upstream to the Texas-Oklahoma state boundary at longitude 100 degrees west.

(b) The storage of Lake Texoma and flow from the mainstem of the Red River into Lake Texoma is apportioned as follows:

- (1) Oklahoma 200,000 acre-feet and Texas 200,000 acre-feet, which quantities shall include existing allocations and uses; and
- (2) Additional quantities in a ratio of fifty (50) percent to Oklahoma and fifty (50) percent to Texas.

SECTION 4.05. Special Provisions.

- (a) Texas and Oklahoma may construct, jointly or in cooperation with the United States, storage or other facilities for the conservation and use of water; provided that any facilities constructed on the Red River boundary between the two states shall not be inconsistent with the Federal legislation authorizing Denison Dam and Reservoir project.
- (b) Texas shall not accept for filing, or grant a permit, for the construction of a dam to impound water solely for irrigation, flood control, soil conservation, mining and recovery of minerals, hydroelectric power, navigation, recreation and pleasure, or for any other purpose other than for domestic, municipal, and industrial water supply, on the mainstem of the North Fork Red River or any of its tributaries within Texas above Lugert-Altus Reservoir until the date that imported water, sufficient to meet the municipal and irrigation needs of Western Oklahoma is provided, or until January 1, 2000, whichever ever occurs first.

ARTICLE V

APPORTIONMENT OF WATER - REACH II

ARKANSAS, OKLAHOMA, TEXAS AND LOUISIANA

Subdivision of Reach II and allocation of water therein.

Reach II of the Red River is divided into topographic subbasins, and the water therein is allocated as follows:

SECTION 5.01. Subbasin 1 - Intrastate streams - Oklahoma.

- (a) This subbasin includes those streams and their tributaries above existing, authorized or proposed last downstream major damsites, wholly in Oklahoma and flowing into Red River below Denison Dam and above the Oklahoma-Arkansas state boundary. These streams and their tributaries with existing, authorized or proposed last downstream major damsites are as follows:

<u>Stream</u>	<u>Site</u>	<u>Ac-ft</u>	<u>Location</u>	
			<u>Latitude</u>	<u>Longitude</u>
Island-Bayou	Albany	85,200	33°51.5'N	96°11.4'W
Blue River	Durant	147,000	33°55.5'N	96°04.2'W
Boggy River	Boswell	1,243,800	34°01.6'N	95°45.0'W
Kiamichi River	Hugo	240,700	34°01.0'N	95°22.6'W

- (b) Oklahoma is apportioned the water of this subbasin and shall have unrestricted use thereof.

SECTION 5.02. Subbasin 2 - Intrastate streams - Texas.

- (a) This subbasin includes those streams and their tributaries above existing authorized or proposed last downstream major damsites, wholly in Texas and flowing into Red River below Denison Dam and above the Texas-Arkansas state boundary. These streams and their tributaries with existing, authorized or proposed last downstream major damsites are as follows:

<u>Stream</u>	<u>Site</u>	<u>Ac-ft</u>	<u>Location</u>	
			<u>Latitude</u>	<u>Longitude</u>
Shawnee Creek	Randall Lake	5,400	33°48.1'N	96°34.8'W
Brushy Creek	Valley Lake	15,000	33°38.7'N	96°21.5'W
Bois d'Arc Creek	New Bonham Reservoir	130,600	33°42.9'N	95°58.2'W
Coffee Mill Creek	Coffee Mill Lake	8,000	33°44.1'N	95°58.0'W
Sandy Creek	Lake Crockett	3,900	33°44.5'N	95°55.5'W
Sanders Creek	Pat Mayse	124,500	33°51.2'N	95°32.9'W
Pine Creek	Lake Crook	11,011	33°43.7'N	95°34.0'W
Big Pine Creek	Big Pine Lake	138,600	33°52.0'N	95°11.7'W
Pecan Bayou	Pecan Bayou	625,000	33°41.1'N	94°58.7'W
Mud Creek	Liberty Hill	97,700	33°33.0'N	94°29.3'W
Mud Creek	KVW Ranch Lakes (3)	3,440	33°34.8'N	94°27.3'W

- (b) Texas is apportioned the water of this subbasin and shall have unrestricted use thereof.

SECTION 5.03. Subbasin 3 - Interstate Streams - Oklahoma and Arkansas.

- (a) This subbasin includes Little River and its tributaries above Millwood Dam.
- (b) The States of Oklahoma and Arkansas shall have free and unrestricted use of the water of this subbasin within their respective states, subject, however, to the limitation that Oklahoma shall allow a quantity of water equal to 40 percent of the total runoff originating below the following existing, authorized or proposed last downstream major damsites in Oklahoma to flow into Arkansas:

<u>Stream</u>	<u>Site</u>	<u>Ac-ft</u>	<u>Location</u>	
			<u>Latitude</u>	<u>Longitude</u>
Little River	Pine Creek	70,500	34°06.8'N	95°04.9'W
Glover Creek	Lukfata	258,600	34°08.5'N	94°55.4'W
Mountain Fork River	Broken Bow	470,100	34°08.9'N	94°41.2'W

- (c) Accounting will be on an annual basis unless otherwise deemed necessary by the States of Arkansas and Oklahoma.

SECTION 5.04. Subbasin 4 - Interstate streams - Texas and Arkansas.

- (a) This subbasin shall consist of those streams and their tributaries above existing, authorized or proposed last downstream major damsites, originating in Texas and crossing the Texas-Arkansas state boundary before flowing into the Red River in Arkansas. These streams and their tributaries with existing, authorized or proposed last downstream major damsites are as follows:

<u>Stream</u>	<u>Site</u>	<u>Ac-ft</u>	<u>Location</u>	
			<u>Latitude</u>	<u>Longitude</u>
McKinney Bayou Trib.	Bringles Lake	3,052	33°30.6'N	94°06.2'W
Barkman Creek	Barkman Reservoir	15,900	33°29.7'N	94°10.3'W
Sulphur River	Texarkana	386,900	33°18.3'N	94°09.6'W

- (b) The State of Texas shall have the free and unrestricted use of the water of this subbasin.

SECTION 5.05. Subbasin 5 - Mainstem of the Red River and tributaries.

- (a) This subbasin includes that portion of the Red River, together with its tributaries, from Denison Dam down to the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary, excluding all tributaries included in the other four subbasins of Reach II.
- (b) Water within this subbasin is allocated as follows:
- (1) The Signatory States shall have equal rights to the use of runoff originating in subbasin 5 and undesignated water flowing into subbasin 5, so long as the flow of the Red River at the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary is 3,000 cubic feet per second or more, provided no state is entitled to more than 25 percent of the water in excess of 3,000 cubic feet per second.
 - (2) Whenever the flow of the Red River at the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary is less than 3,000 cubic feet per second, but more than 1,000 cubic feet per second, the States of Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Texas shall

allow to flow into the Red River for delivery to the State of Louisiana a quantity of water equal to 40 percent of the total weekly runoff originating in subbasin 5 and 40 percent of undesignated water flowing into subbasin 5; provided, however, that this requirement shall not be interpreted to require any state to release stored water.

- (3) Whenever the flow of the Red River at the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary falls below 1,000 cubic feet per second, the States of Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Texas shall allow a quantity of water equal to all the weekly runoff originating in subbasin 5 and all undesignated water flowing into subbasin 5 within their respective states to flow into the Red River as required to maintain a 1,000 cubic foot per second flow at the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary.
- (c) Whenever the flow at Index, Arkansas, is less than 526 c.f.s., the states of Oklahoma and Texas shall each allow a quantity of water equal to 40 percent of the total weekly runoff originating in subbasin 5 within their respective states to flow into the Red River; provided however, this provision shall be invoked only at the request of Arkansas, only after Arkansas has ceased all diversions from the Red River itself in Arkansas above Index, and only if the provisions of Sub-sections 5.05 (b) (2) and (3) have not caused a limitation of diversions in subbasin 5.
- (d) No state guarantees to maintain a minimum low flow to a downstream state.

SECTION 5.06. Special Provisions.

- (a) Reservoirs within the limits of Reach II, subbasin 5, with a conservation storage capacity of 1,000 acre feet or less in existence or authorized on the date of the Compact pursuant to the rights and privileges granted by a Signatory State authorizing such reservoirs, shall be exempt from the provisions of Section 5.05; provided, if any right to store water in, or use water from, an existing exempt reservoir expires or is cancelled after the effective date of the Compact the exemption for such rights provided by this section shall be lost.

- (b) A Signatory State may authorize a change in the purpose or place of use of water from a reservoir exempted by subparagraph (a) of this section without losing that exemption, if the quantity of authorized use and storage is not increased.
- (c) Additionally, exemptions from the provisions of Section 5.05 shall not apply to direct diversions from Red River to off-channel reservoirs or lands.

ARTICLE VI

APPORTIONMENT OF WATER - REACH III

ARKANSAS, LOUISIANA, AND TEXAS

Subdivision of Reach III and allocation of water therein.

Reach III of the Red River is divided into topographic subbasins, and the water therein allocated, as follows:

SECTION 6.01. Subbasin 1 - Interstate streams - Arkansas and Texas.

- (a) This subbasin includes the Texas portion of those streams crossing the Arkansas-Texas state boundary one or more times and flowing through Arkansas into Cypress Creek-Twelve Mile Bayou watershed in Louisiana.
- (b) Texas is apportioned sixty (60) percent of the runoff of this subbasin and shall have unrestricted use thereof; Arkansas is entitled to forty (40) percent of the runoff of this subbasin.

SECTION 6.02. Subbasin 2 - Interstate streams - Arkansas and Louisiana.

- (a) This subbasin includes the Arkansas portion of those streams flowing from Subbasin 1 into Arkansas, as well as other streams in Arkansas which cross the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary one or more times and flow into Cypress Creek-Twelve Mile Bayou watershed in Louisiana.
- (b) Arkansas is apportioned sixty (60) percent of the runoff of this subbasin and shall have unrestricted use thereof; Louisiana is entitled to forty (40) percent of the runoff of this subbasin.

SECTION 6.03. Subbasin 3 - Interstate streams - Texas and Louisiana.

- (a) This subbasin includes the Texas portion of all tributaries crossing the Texas-Louisiana state boundary one or more times and flowing into Caddo Lake, Cypress Creek-Twelve Mile Bayou or Cross Lake, as well as the Louisiana portion of such tributaries.
- (b) Texas and Louisiana within their respective boundaries shall each have the unrestricted use

of the water of this subbasin subject to the following allocation:

- (1) Texas shall have the unrestricted right to all water above Marshall, Lake O' the Pines, and Black Cypress damsites; however, Texas shall not cause runoff to be depleted to a quantity less than that which would have occurred with the full operation of Franklin County, Titus County, Ellison Creek, Johnson Creek, Lake O' the Pines, Marshall, and Black Cypress Reservoirs constructed, and those other impoundments and diversions existing on the effective date of this Compact. Any depletions of runoff in excess of the depletions described above shall be charged against Texas' apportionment of the water in Caddo Reservoir.
- (2) Texas and Louisiana shall each have the unrestricted right to use fifty (50) percent of the conservation storage capacity in the present Caddo Lake for the impoundment of water for state use, subject to the provision that supplies for existing uses of water from Caddo Lake, on date of Compact, are not reduced.
- (3) Texas and Louisiana shall each have the unrestricted right to fifty (50) percent of the conservation storage capacity of any future enlargement of Caddo Lake, provided, the two states may negotiate for the release of each state's share of the storage space on terms mutually agreed upon by the two states after the effective date of this Compact.
- (4) Inflow to Caddo Lake from its drainage area downstream from Marshall, Lake O' the Pines, and Black Cypress damsites and downstream from other last downstream dams in existence on the date of the signing of the Compact document by the Compact Commissioners, will be allowed to continue flowing into Caddo Lake except that any manmade depletions to this inflow by Texas will be subtracted from the Texas share of the water in Caddo Lake.

(c) In regard to the water of interstate streams which do not contribute to the inflow to Cross Lake or Caddo Lake, Texas shall have the unrestricted right to divert and use this water on the basis of a division of runoff above the state boundary of sixty (60) percent to Texas and forty (40) percent to Louisiana.

(d) Texas and Louisiana will not construct improvements on the Cross Lake watershed in either state that will affect the yield of Cross Lake; provided, however, this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of Section 2.08.

SECTION 6.04. Subbasin 4 - Intrastate streams - Louisiana.

(a) This subbasin includes that area of Louisiana in Reach III not included within any other subbasin.

(b) Louisiana shall have free and unrestricted use of the water of this subbasin.

ARTICLE VII

APPORTIONMENT OF WATER - REACH IV

ARKANSAS AND LOUISIANA

Subdivision of Reach IV and allocation of water therein.

Reach IV of the Red River is divided into topographic subbasins, and the water therein allocated as follows:

SECTION 7.01. Subbasin 1 - Intrastate streams - Arkansas.

- (a) This subbasin includes those streams and their tributaries above last downstream major damsites originating in Arkansas and crossing the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary before flowing into the Red River in Louisiana. Those major last downstream damsites are as follows:

<u>Stream</u>	<u>Site</u>	<u>Ac-ft</u>	<u>Location</u>	
			<u>Latitude</u>	<u>Longitude</u>
Ouachita River	Lake Catherine	19,000	34°26.6'N	93°01.6'W
Caddo River	DeGray Lake	1,377,000	34°13.2'N	93°06.6'W
Little Missouri River	Lake Greeson	600,000	34°08.9'N	93°42.9'W
Alum Fork, Saline River	Lake Winona	63,264	32°47.8'N	92°51.0'W

- (b) Arkansas is apportioned the waters of this subbasin and shall have unrestricted use thereof.

SECTION 7.02. Subbasin 2 - Interstate Streams - Arkansas and Louisiana.

- (a) This subbasin shall consist of Reach IV less subbasin 1 as defined in Section 7.01 (a) above.
- (b) The State of Arkansas shall have free and unrestricted use of the water of this reach subject to the limitation that Arkansas shall allow a quantity of water equal to forty (40) percent of the weekly runoff originating below or flowing from the last downstream major damsite to flow into Louisiana. Where there are no designated last downstream damsites, Arkansas shall allow a quantity of

water equal to forty (40) percent of the total weekly runoff originating above the state boundary to flow into Louisiana. Use of water in this subbasin is subject to low flow provisions of subparagraph 7.02(b).

SECTION 7.03. Special Provisions.

- (a) Arkansas may use the beds and banks of segments of Reach IV for the purpose of conveying its share of water to designated downstream diversions.
- (b) The State of Arkansas does not guarantee to maintain a minimum low flow for Louisiana in Reach IV. However, on the following streams when the use of water in Arkansas reduces the flow at the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary to the following amounts:
 - (1) Ouachita - 780 cfs
 - (2) Bayou Bartholomew - 80 cfs
 - (3) Boeuf River - 40 cfs
 - (4) Bayou Macon - 40 cfs

the State of Arkansas pledges to take affirmative steps to regulate the diversions of runoff originating or flowing into Reach IV in such a manner as to permit an equitable apportionment of the runoff as set out herein to flow into the State of Louisiana. In its control and regulation of the water of Reach IV any adjudication or order rendered by the State of Arkansas or any of its instrumentalities or agencies affecting the terms of this Compact shall not be effective against the State of Louisiana nor any of its citizens or inhabitants until approved by the Commission.

ARTICLE VIII

APPORTIONMENT OF WATER - REACH V

SECTION 8.01. Reach V of the Red River consists of the mainstem Red River and all of its tributaries lying wholly within the State of Louisiana. The State of Louisiana shall have free and unrestricted use of the water of this subbasin.

ARTICLE IX

ADMINISTRATION OF THE COMPACT

SECTION 9.01. There is hereby created an interstate administrative agency to be known as the "Red River Compact Commission," hereinafter called the "Commission." The Commission shall be composed of two representatives from each Signatory State who shall be designated or appointed in accordance with the laws of each state, and one Commissioner representing the United States, who shall be appointed by the President. The Federal Commissioner shall be the Chairman of the Commission but shall not have the right to vote. The failure of the President to appoint a Federal Commissioner will not prevent the operation or effect of this Compact, and the eight representatives from the Signatory States will elect a Chairman for the Commission.

SECTION 9.02. The Commission shall meet and organize within 60 days after the effective date of this Compact. Thereafter, meetings shall be held at such times and places as the Commission shall decide.

SECTION 9.03. Each of the two Commissioners from each state shall have one vote; provided, however, that if only one representative from a state attends he is authorized to vote on behalf of the absent Commissioner from that state. Representatives from three states shall constitute a quorum. Any action concerned with administration of this Compact or any action requiring compliance with specific terms of this Compact shall require six concurring votes. If a proposed action of the Commission affects existing water rights in a state, and that action is not expressly provided for in this Compact, eight concurring votes shall be required.

SECTION 9.04.

- (a) The salaries and personal expenses of each state's representative shall be paid by the government that it represents, and the salaries and personal expenses of the Federal Commissioner will be paid for by the United States.
- (b) The Commission's expenses for any additional stream flow gauging stations shall be equitably apportioned among the states involved in the reach in which the stream flow gaging stations are located.
- (c) All other expenses incurred by the Commission shall be borne equally by the Signatory States and shall be paid by the Commission out of the "Red River

Compact Commission Fund." Such Fund shall be initiated and maintained by equal payments of each state into the fund. Disbursement shall be made from the fund in such manner as may be authorized by the Commission. Such fund shall not be subject to audit and accounting procedures of the state; however, all receipts and disbursements of the fund by the Commission shall be audited by a qualified independent public accountant at regular intervals, and the report of such audits shall be included in and become a part of the annual report of the Commission. Each state shall have the right to make its own audit of the accounts of the Commission at any reasonable time.

ARTICLE X

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION

SECTION 10.01. The Commission shall have the power to:

- (a) Adopt rules and regulations governing its operation and enforcement of the terms of the Compact;
- (b) Establish and maintain an office for the conduct of its affairs and, if desirable, from time to time, change its location;
- (c) Employ or contract with such engineering, legal, clerical and other personnel as it may determine necessary for the exercise of its functions under this Compact without regard to the Civil Service Laws of any Signatory State; provided that such employees shall be paid by and be responsible to the Commission and shall not be considered employees of any Signatory State;
- (d) Acquire, use and dispose of such real and personal property as it may consider necessary;
- (e) Enter into contracts with appropriate State or Federal agencies for the collection, correlation and presentation of factual data, for the maintenance of records and for the preparation of reports;
- (f) Secure from the head of any department or agency of the Federal or State government such information as it may need or deem to be useful for carrying out its functions and as may be available to or procurable by the department or agency to which the request is addressed; provided such information is not privileged and the department or agency is not precluded by law from releasing same.
- (g) Make findings, recommendations or reports in connection with carrying out the purposes of this Compact, including, but not limited to, a finding that a Signatory State is or is not in violation of any of the provisions of this Compact. The Commission is authorized to make

such investigations and studies, and to hold such hearings as it may deem necessary for said purposes. It is authorized to make and file official certified copies of any of its findings, recommendations or reports with such officers or agencies of any Signatory State, or the United States, as may have any interest in or jurisdiction over the subject matter. The making of findings, recommendations, or reports by the Commission shall not be a condition precedent to the instituting or maintaining of any action or proceeding of any kind by a Signatory State in any court or tribunal, or before any agency or officer, for the protection of any right under this Compact or for the enforcement of any of its provisions; and

- (h) Print or otherwise reproduce and distribute its proceedings and reports.

SECTION 10.02. The Commission shall:

- (a) Cause to be established, maintained, and operated such stream, reservoir and other gaging stations as are necessary for the proper administration of the Compact;
- (b) Cause to be collected, analyzed and reported such information on stream flows, water quality, water storage and such other data as are necessary for the proper administration of the Compact;
- (c) Perform all other functions required of it by the Compact and do all things necessary, proper and convenient in the performance of its duties thereunder;
- (d) Prepare and submit to the governor of each of the Signatory States a budget covering the anticipated expenses of the Commission for the following fiscal biennium;
- (e) Prepare and submit an annual report to the governor of each Signatory State and to the President of the United States covering the activities of the Commission for the preceding fiscal year, together with an accounting of all funds received and expended by it in the conduct of its work;

- (f) Make available to the governor or to any official agency of a Signatory State or to any authorized representative of the United States, upon request, any information within its possession;
- (g) Not incur any obligation in excess of the unencumbered balance of its funds, nor pledge the credit of any of the Signatory States; and
- (h) Make available to a Signatory State or the United States in any action arising under this Compact, without subpoena, the testimony of any officer or employee of the Commission having knowledge of any relevant facts.

ARTICLE II

POLLUTION

SECTION 11.01. The Signatory States recognize that the increase in population and the growth of industrial, agricultural, mining and other activities combined with natural pollution sources may lead to a diminution of the quality of water in the Red River Basin which may render the water harmful or injurious to the health and welfare of the people and impair the usefulness or public enjoyment of the water for beneficial purposes, thereby resulting in adverse social, economic, and environmental impacts.

SECTION 11.02. Although affirming the primary duty and responsibility of each Signatory State to take appropriate action under its own laws to prevent, diminish, and regulate all pollution sources within its boundaries which adversely affect the water of the Red River Basin, the states recognize that the control and abatement of the naturally-occurring salinity sources as well as, under certain circumstances, the maintenance and enhancement of the quality of water in the Red River Basin may require the cooperative action of all states.

SECTION 11.03. The Signatory States agree to cooperate with agencies of the United States to devise and effectuate means of alleviating the natural deterioration of the water of the Red River Basin.

SECTION 11.04. The Commission shall have the power to cooperate with the United States, the Signatory States and other entities in programs for abating and controlling pollution and natural deterioration of the water of the Red River Basin, and to recommend reasonable water quality objectives to the states.

SECTION 11.05. Each Signatory State agrees to maintain current records of waste discharges into the Red River Basin and the type and quality of such discharges, which records shall be furnished to the Commission upon request.

SECTION 11.06. Upon receipt of a complaint from the governor of a Signatory State that the interstate water of the Red River Basin in which it has an interest are being materially and adversely affected by pollution and that the state in which the pollution originates has failed after reasonable notice to take appropriate abatement measures, the Commission shall make such findings as are appropriate and thereafter provide such findings to the governor of the state in which such pollution originates and request appropriate corrective action. The Commission, however, shall not take any action with respect to pollution which adversely affects only the state in which such pollution originates.

SECTION 11.07. In addition to its other powers set forth under this Article, the Commission shall have the authority, upon receipt of six concurring votes, to utilize applicable Federal statutes to institute legal action in its own name against the person or entity responsible for interstate pollution problems; provided, however, sixty (60) days before initiating legal action the Commission shall notify the Governor of the state in which the pollution source is located to allow that state an opportunity to initiate action in its own name.

SECTION 11.08. Without prejudice to any other remedy available to the Commission, or any Signatory State, any state which is materially and adversely affected by the pollution of the water of the Red River Basin by pollution originating in another Signatory State may institute a suit against any individual, corporation, partnership, or association, or against any Signatory State or political or governmental subdivision thereof, or against any officer, agency, department, bureau, district or instrumentality of or in any Signatory State contributing to such pollution in accordance with applicable Federal statutes. Nothing herein shall be construed as depriving any persons of any rights of action relating to pollution which such person would have if this Compact had not been made.

ARTICLE XII

TERMINATION AND AMENDMENT OF COMPACT

SECTION 12.01. This Compact may be terminated at any time by appropriate action of the legislatures of all of the four Signatory States. In the event of such termination, all rights established under it shall continue unimpaired.

SECTION 12.02. This Compact may be amended at any time by appropriate action of the legislatures of all Signatory States that are affected by such amendment. The consent of the United States Congress must be obtained before any such amendment is effective.

ARTICLE XIII

RATIFICATION AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF COMPACT

SECTION 13.01. Notice of ratification of this Compact by the legislature of each Signatory State shall be given by the governor thereof to the governors of each of the other Signatory States and to the President of the United States. The President is hereby requested to give notice to the governors of each of the Signatory States of the consent to this Compact by the Congress of the United States.

SECTION 13.02. This Compact shall become effective, binding and obligatory when, and only when:

- (a) It has been duly ratified by each of the Signatory States; and
- (b) It has been consented to by an Act of the Congress of the United States, which Act provides that:

Any other statute of the United States to the contrary notwithstanding, in any case or controversy:

which involves the construction or application of this Compact;

in which one or more of the Signatory States to this Compact is a plaintiff or plaintiffs; and

which is within the judicial power of the United States as set forth in the Constitution of the United States;

and without any requirement, limitation or regard as to the sum or value of the matter in controversy, or of the place of residence or citizenship of, or of the nature, character or legal status of, any of the other proper parties plaintiff or defendant in such case or controversy:

The consent of Congress is given to name and join the United States as a party defendant or otherwise in any such case or controversy in the Supreme Court of the United States if the United States is an indispensable party thereto.

SECTION 13.03. The United States District Courts shall have original jurisdiction (concurrent with that of the Supreme Court of the United States, and concurrent with that of any other Federal or state court, in matters in which the Supreme Court, or other court has original jurisdiction) of any case or controversy involving the application or construction of this Compact; that said jurisdiction shall include, but not be limited to, suits between Signatory States; and that the venue of such case or controversy may be brought in any judicial district in which the acts complained of (or any portion thereof) occur.

SIGNED AND APPROVED on the 12th day of May 1978 at Denison Dam.

John P. Saxton
John P. Saxton, Commissioner
State of Arkansas

Arthur R. Theis
Arthur R. Theis, Commissioner
State of Louisiana

Orville B. Saunders
Orville B. Saunders, Commissioner
State of Oklahoma

Fred Parkey
Fred Parkey, Commissioner
State of Texas

R. C. Marshall
R. C. MARSHALL, Major General
Representative
United States of America

RULES FOR THE INTERNAL ORGANIZATION
OF THE
RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION

(as amended April 25, 1984)

RULES FOR THE INTERNAL ORGANIZATION
OF THE
RED RIVER COMPACT COMMISSION
(as amended April 25, 1984)

ARTICLE I
THE COMMISSION

- 1.1 The Commission is the "Red River Compact Commission," which is referred to in Article X of the Red River Compact.
- 1.2 The credentials of each Commissioner shall be filed with both the chairman and the secretary of the Commission. When the credentials of a new Commissioner are received, the secretary shall promptly notify each of the other Commissioners of the name and address of the new Commissioner.
- 1.3 Each Commissioner shall advise in writing the office of the Commission as to his address at which all official notices and other communications of the Commission shall be sent to him. Any change of address shall be promptly communicated in writing to the office of the Commission.

ARTICLE II
OFFICERS

- 2.1 The officers of the Commission shall be a chairman, a vice-chairman, secretary and a treasurer.
- 2.2 The Commissioner representing the United States shall be the chairman of the Commission. The chairman shall preside at meetings of the Commission. His duties shall be those usually imposed upon such officers and as may be assigned by these rules or by the Commission from time to time.
- 2.3 The vice-chairman shall be elected from among the Commissioners. He shall hold office for a term of one year, but shall continue to serve until his successor is elected. The vice-chairman shall serve as chairman in the event the President of the United States fails to appoint a federal Commissioner, or in the absence of the federal Commissioner.
- 2.4 The secretary shall be selected by the Commission. He shall serve for the term and perform the duties as the Commission shall direct. In case of a vacancy in the office of the secretary, the Commission shall select a new secretary as expeditiously as possible.
- 2.5 The treasurer shall be selected by the Commission. The treasurer shall furnish a fidelity bond, the cost of which shall be paid by the Commission. The treasurer shall receive, hold and disburse all funds which come into the his hands.

- 2.6 The secretary and treasurer may be members of the Commission, and their offices may be combined by the Commission. Any one person may hold both offices.

ARTICLE III PRINCIPAL OFFICE

- 3.1 The principal office of the Commission shall be either the office of the chairman or the secretary, as the Commission shall direct.
- 3.2 Official books and records of the Commission shall be kept at the principal office.

ARTICLE IV MEETINGS

- 4.1 The annual meeting of the Commission shall be held on the last Tuesday of April of each year.
- 4.2 Special meetings of the Commission may be called by the chairman at any time. Upon the written request of each of the Commissioners of two states setting forth the matters to be considered at such meeting, the chairman shall call a special meeting.
- 4.3 Reasonable notice of all special meetings of the Commission shall be sent by the chairman, to all members of the Commission by ordinary mail at least ten days in advance of each meeting and the notice shall state the purpose thereof.
- 4.4 Emergency meetings of the Commission may be called by the chairman at any time upon the concurrence of at least two states and such meetings may be conducted by long-distance telephone conference call or other electronic means. Any such long-distance telephone conference call or other electronic communication shall be recorded and made available for public inspection in accordance with the laws of the respective signatory states. Each of the signatory states shall be represented by at least one Commissioner during such an emergency conference and concur in the action.

An emergency is defined as a situation involving an eminent threat of injury to persons or damage to property or eminent financial loss when the time requirements for public notice and travel to a special meeting would make such procedure and travel impractical and increase the likelihood of injury or damage or eminent financial loss.

4.5 Notice to the public shall be given of all Commission meetings. Except as otherwise provided, the chairman shall furnish notice of all meetings to the Commissioners of each signatory state, whose responsibility it shall be to give said notice to the public in accordance with the laws of their respective states. In the event of an emergency meeting held by telephone or other electronic communication, no advance notice is required.

All meetings of the Commission shall be held at the principal office unless another place shall be agreed upon by the Commissioners.

4.6 Minutes of the Commission shall be preserved in suitable manner. Minutes, until approved, shall not be official and shall be furnished only to members of the Commission, its employees and committees.

4.7 Commissioners from three of the signatory states shall constitute a quorum. However, if an emergency meeting is conducted as provided for in rule 4.4, or if a proposed action of the Commission affects existing water rights in a state, and that action is not expressly provided for in the Compact, eight concurring votes shall be required. Any other action concerned with the administration of the Compact or requiring compliance with specific terms of the Compact shall require six concurring votes.

4.8 At each regular or annual meeting of the Commission, the order of business, unless agreed otherwise, shall be as follows:

- Call to order;
- Approval of Agenda;
- Approval of the minutes;
- Report of Chairman;
- Report of Secretary;
- Report of Treasurer;
- Report of Commissioners;
- Report of Committees;
- Unfinished business;
- New business;
- Adjournment;

4.9 All meetings of the Commission, except executive sessions and except as otherwise provided, shall be open to the public. Executive sessions shall be open only to members of the Commission and such advisers as may be designated by each member and employees as permitted by the Commission; provided, however, that the Commission may call witnesses before it when in such sessions.

The Commission may hold executive sessions only for the purposes of discussing;

- (a) The employment, appointment, promotion, demotion, disciplining or resignation of a Commission employee or employees, members, advisers, or committee members.
- (b) Pending or contemplated litigation, settlement offers, and matters where the duty of the Commission's counsel to his client, pursuant to the Code of Professional Responsibility, clearly conflicts with the public's right to know.
- (c) The report, development, or course of action regarding security, personnel, plans, or devices.

No executive session may be held except on a vote, taken in public, by a majority of a quorum of the members present. At least one Commissioner from each of the signatory states must agree to the holding of an executive session.

Any motion or other decision considered or arrived at in executive session shall be voidable unless, following the executive session, the Commission reconvenes in public session and presents and votes on such motion or other decision.

ARTICLE V COMMITTEES

5.1 There may be the following standing committees:

Engineering Committee;
Legal Committee; and
Budget Committee.

5.2 The committees shall have the following duties:

- (a) The Engineering Committee shall advise the Commission on all engineering matters that may be referred to it.
- (b) The Legal Committee shall advise the Commission on all legal matters that may be referred to it.
- (c) The Budget Committee shall prepare the annual budget and shall advise the commission on all fiscal matters that may be referred to it.

5.3 Commissioners may be members of committees. The number of members of each committee shall be determined from time to time by the Commission. The Commissioners of each state shall designate the member or members on each committee representing the State, and each State shall have one vote.

- 5.4 The chairman may appoint a non-voting member of each committee.
- 5.5 The chairman of each committee shall be designated by the Commission from members of the committee; however, in the event a chairman is unable to perform his duties, the committee shall appoint an interim chairman.
- 5.6 The Commission may from time to time create special committees and assign it tasks. The Commission may also determine the composition of the special committees.
- 5.7 Formal committee reports shall be made in writing and filed with the Commission.

**ARTICLE VI
RULES AND REGULATIONS**

- 6.1 So far as is consistent with the Compact, the Commission may adopt rules and regulations and amend them from time to time. Rules and regulations to be adopted shall be presented by resolution and approved by a quorum as set out in Rule 4.7. Copies of proposed resolutions for rule adoption shall be presented in writing to each of the Commissioners at least thirty days before the meeting upon which they are to be voted. However, at its meeting, by unanimous vote, the Commission may waive this notice requirement.
- 6.2 Rules and regulations of the Commission may be compiled and copies may be prepared for distribution to the public under such terms and conditions as the Commission may prescribe.

**ARTICLE VII
FISCAL**

- 7.1 All funds of the Commission shall be deposited in a depository or depositories designated by the Commission under the name of the "Red River Compact Commission Fund".
- 7.2 Disbursement of funds in the hands of the treasurer, for items included in the approved budget, shall be made by check signed by him and the vice-chairman or by such person as may be designated by the Commission. Disbursement of funds for non-budgeted items shall be made by check signed by the treasurer and vice-chairman upon voucher approved by at least six of the Commissioners, four of whom shall be from different signatory states.
- 7.3 At the annual meeting of each year, the Commission shall adopt a budget covering an estimate of its expenses for the following two fiscal years.

- 7.4 The payment of expenses of the Commission and of its employees shall not be subject to the audit and accounting procedures of the states.
- 7.5 All receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be audited periodically as determined by the Commission by a qualified independent public accountant to be selected by the Commission and the report of the audit shall be included in and become a part of the annual report of the Commission.
- 7.6 The fiscal year of the Commission shall begin July 1, of each year and end June 30 of the next succeeding year.

**ARTICLE VIII
ANNUAL REPORT**

- 8.1 The Commission shall make an annual report and transmit it on or before the last day of May to the governors of the signatory states to the Red River Compact and to the President of the United States.
- 8.2 The annual report shall cover the activities of the Commission for the preceding year, and include, among other things, the following:
 - (a) The estimated budget;
 - (b) Report of the last audit of Red River Compact Fund;
 - (c) All hydrologic data which the Commission deems pertinent;
 - (d) Statements as to cooperative studies of water supplies made during the preceding year;
 - (e) Such other pertinent matters as the Commission may require.

RULES AND REGULATIONS TO COMPUTE AND ENFORCE
COMPACT COMPLIANCE

- A. REACH II, SUBBASIN 5
- B. REACH I, SUBBASIN 1
- C. REACH III, SUBBASIN 3

RED RIVER COMPACT INTERIM RULES AND REGULATIONS
To Compute and Enforce Compact Compliance
REACH II, SUBBASIN 5

(Adopted 4/30/87)

1. These rules and regulations to be used to compute and enforce Compact compliance within Subbasin 5 of Reach II, Red River Compact, are adopted subject to the following conditions and assumptions.
 - a. It is fully understood that these rules and regulations should be modified as new or improved gaging stations are constructed, whenever experience or detailed studies demonstrate the need for modification, and if the Commission should modify its interpretation of Compact provisions relating to this Subbasin.
 - b. Definitions:
 - (1) "Diversion" as used in these rules and regulations, is the net loss to a water source from use by a diverter, and is computed as the diversion from the water source minus the part of the diversion which is returned to the water source. Normally, return flows must be measured to be considered; however, the EAC may consider and recommend exceptions. As used herein, "diversion" is equivalent to "net diversion" from a water source and to "depletion" or "consumptive use" of a water source.
2. Management of Compact Compliance Computations
 - a. Management Using State Centers
 - (1) State EAC representatives will establish State Computation Control Centers
 - (a) State representatives will gather data, exchange data and meet via conference call to check on computation results, if necessary.
 - (b) EAC will determine compliance with Compact.
 - b. Management Period for Weekly Flow and Diversions
 - (1) Next week's State diversions will be allocated based on last week's compliance computations.
 - (2) It is each State's responsibility to limit its total State diversion allocation among its State diverters.

- (3) The weekly period for use and flow data will start and end at 8:00 a.m. on Tuesday of each week.
 - (4) Data collection and dissemination will be completed on Tuesday of each week.
 - (5) Computation of Compliance will be completed on Wednesday of each week.
 - (6) Each State can request an update at any time.
- c. Management Improvement Studies - The EAC will monitor the effect on accounting management of the following factors and will report thereon to the Commission whenever procedure changes appears desirable.
- (1) Errors caused by travel time.
 - (2) Future restrictions computed from past week's data.
 - (3) Failure to consider channel loss.
 - (4) Failure to consider ungaged return flows.
 - (5) Failure to consider flow trends.
 - (6) Addition of needed gages.
3. Enforcement of Compact Compliance Requirements
- Each State will be responsible for insuring that the sum of the diversions by State users does not exceed the total State diversion authorized by the Red River Compact. In this regard, each State will be responsible for establishing clear legal authority within its State for enforcing the restrictions imposed by the Red River Compact.
4. Data Reporting Procedures
- a. Streamflow Gaging Station Records. The EAC will make arrangements with the Corps of Engineers, the U.S. Geological Survey and with States as required to collect daily and/or weekly data, as needed, and forward to the State Computation and Control Centers.
 - b. Diversion Records. Each State will be responsible to collect daily and/or weekly data, as needed, and forward to the State Computation and Control Centers.
 - c. Archived Records. Records will be archived by Commission Chairman.
5. General Compliance Requirements of Section 5.05, Red River

Compact

a. Section 5.05 (b)(1):

(1) Compact prescribes:

"The Signatory States shall have equal rights to the use of the runoff originating in subbasin 5 and undesignated water flowing into subbasin 5, so long as the flow of the Red River at the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary is 3,000 cubic feet per second or more, provided no state is entitled to more than 25 percent of the water in excess of 3,000 cubic feet per second."

(2) In computing the Subbasin 5 water allocation, when the flow of the Red River at the Arkansas-Louisiana State Boundary is 3,000 cfs or more and the total runoff and undesignated flow of Subbasin 5 is greater than or equal to 7,500 cfs but less than or equal to 12,000 cfs, Louisiana's allocation shall be 3,000 cfs and each of the three upstream states will equally share the runoff and undesignated flow in excess of 3,000 cfs.

(3) When the total runoff and undesignated flow of Subbasin 5 is 12,000 cfs or more, each of the signatory states shall be entitled to 25% of the total runoff and undesignated flow.

(4) State compliance with Section 5.05 (b)(1) does not need to be determined except when specifically requested by a Compact State.

b. Section 5.05 (b)(2):

(1) The Compact states:

"Whenever the flow of the Red River at the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary is less than 3,000 cubic feet per second, but more than 1,000 cubic feet per second, the States of Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Texas shall allow to flow into the Red River for delivery to the State of Louisiana a quantity of water equal to 40 percent of the total weekly runoff originating in subbasin 5 and 40 percent of undesignated water flowing into subbasin 5; provided, however, that this requirement shall not be interpreted to require any state to release stored water."

(2) In computing the Subbasin 5 water allocation to

Louisiana when flow of Red River at the Arkansas-Louisiana State boundary is less than 3,000 cfs but more than 1,000 cfs, the Subbasin 5 runoff for each of the three upstream States and the undesignated water flowing into Subbasin 5 from each upstream State totalled, and the three upstream States should allow to pass to Louisiana 40 percent of the total, or 1,000 cfs, whichever is greater.

- (3) When the Subbasin 5 runoff plus undesignated water totals at least 2,500 cfs and not more than 7,500 cfs, each of the three upstream States are allocated 60 percent of its runoff plus undesignated inflow and the other 40 percent is to be allowed to flow into the Red River for delivery to Louisiana.
- (4) When the Subbasin 5 runoff plus undesignated water totals at least 1,000 cfs but less than 2,500 cfs, the allocation to Louisiana is 1,000 cfs because of Compact Section 5.05 (b)(3). The total Subbasin 5 runoff plus undesignated water is compared to the Louisiana allocation of 1,000 cfs and a percentage is established. Each of the three upstream States will be entitled to divert and use a quantity computed using (100 percent minus the established percentage) times (the total of runoff from its Subbasin 5 areas plus undesignated water flowing into its Subbasin 5 areas).
- (5) This Compact compliance determination should be made whenever the flow of the Red River at the Arkansas-Louisiana State boundary falls below 3,000 cfs and is more than 1,000 cfs.

c. Section 5.05 (b)(3):

- (1) The Compact states:

"Whenever the flow of the Red River at the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary falls below 1,000 cubic feet per second, the States of Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Texas shall allow a quantity of water equal to all the weekly runoff originating in subbasin 5 and all undesignated water flowing into subbasin 5 within their respective states to flow into the Red River as required to maintain a 1,000 cubic foot per second flow at the Arkansas-Louisiana state boundary."

- (2) In computing the Subbasin 5 allocation when the

flow of the Red River at the Arkansas-Louisiana State boundary falls below 1,000 cfs, and when the Subbasin 5 runoff and undesignated water flowing into Subbasin 5 total 1,000 cfs or less, all flow must be passed to Louisiana.

- (3) When the Subbasin 5 runoff and undesignated water flowing into Subbasin 5 total more than 1,000 cfs but less than 2,500 cfs, Louisiana is allocated 1,000 cfs. This 1,000 cfs Louisiana entitlement is compared to the total runoff plus undesignated water and a percentage is established. Each of the three upstream States will be entitled to divert and use a quantity computed using (100 percent minus the established percentage) times (its total State runoff and undesignated water inflow).
- (4) See rules for Compact Section 5.05 (b)(2) when the Subbasin 5 runoff and undesignated water flowing into Subbasin 5 total 2,500 cfs or more up to 7,500 cfs.
- (5) This Compact compliance determination should be made whenever the flow of the Red River at the Arkansas-Louisiana State boundary falls below 1,000 cfs.

d. Section 5.05 (c):

- (1) The Compact states:

"Whenever the flow at Index, Arkansas, is less than 526 c.f.s., the states of Oklahoma and Texas shall each allow a quantity of water equal to 40 percent of the total weekly runoff originating in subbasin 5 within their respective states to flow into the Red River; provided however, this provision shall be invoked only at the request of Arkansas, only after Arkansas has ceased all diversions from the Red River itself in Arkansas above Index, and only if the provisions of Subsections 5.05 (b)(2) and (3) have not caused a limitation of diversions in subbasin 5."

- (2) In computing the Subbasin 5 allocation when flow of Red River at Index Arkansas is less than 256 cfs, the States of Oklahoma and Texas are to pass 40 percent of weekly runoff from respective Subbasin 5 areas.
- (3) This Compact compliance determination will be made only when requested by Arkansas, only after Arkansas has ceased all diversions from the Red

River, and only if the provisions of subsections 5.05 (b)(2) and (3) have not caused a limitation of diversions in Subbasin 5.

6. Procedures (Disregarding Designated Flows) to Compute State Runoff, Runoff plus Undesignated Inflows, and Flow of Red River at Arkansas-Louisiana State Boundary.

a. Oklahoma.

(1) Runoff plus Undesignated Inflows of Denison Dam to DeKalb Gage:

(a) Kiamichi River near Hugo, OK, Gage flow, plus Muddy Boggy Creek near Unger, OK, Gage flow plus Blue River near Blue, OK Gage flow, plus

(b) Fifty percent of (DeKalb Gage flow, plus Texas and Oklahoma diversions, minus gaged flows at Kiamichi River near Hugo, Ok, Muddy Boggy Creek near Unger, OK, Blue River near Blue, OK, and Sanders Creek near Chicota, Texas, streamflow Gages).

(2) Runoff plus Undesignated Inflows, DeKalb Gage to Oklahoma-Arkansas State line: Fifteen and one-half (15.5) percent of (Index Gage flow, minus DeKalb Gage flow, plus Oklahoma, Texas and Arkansas diversions downstream from DeKalb Gage).

(3) Runoff only, Denison Dam to Oklahoma-Arkansas State line.

(a) Fifty percent of (DeKalb Gage flow, minus Red River at Denison Dam Gage flow, plus Texas and Oklahoma diversions upstream from DeKalb Gage, minus Blue River near Blue, OK, Gage flow, minus Muddy Boggy Creek near Unger-Okla. Gage flow, minus Kiamichi River near Hugo-Okla. Gage flow minus Gage flow), plus

(b) Fifteen and one-half (15.5) percent of (Index Gage flow, minus DeKalb Gage flow, plus Oklahoma, Texas and Arkansas diversions between DeKalb and Index Gages).

b. Texas

(1) Runoff plus Undesignated Inflows, DeKalb Gage to Index Gage:

(a) Sanders Creek near Chicota Gage flow, plus

(b) Fifty percent of: (DeKalb Gage flow, plus

Texas and Oklahoma diversions, minus gaged flows at Kiamichi River near Hugo, OK, Muddy Boggy Creek near Unger, OK, Blue River near Blue, OK, and Sanders Creek near Chicota, TX, streamflow Gages).

- (2) Runoff plus Undesignated Inflows, DeKalb Gage to Index Gage: Fifty (50) percent of (Index Gage flow, minus DeKalb Gage flow, plus Oklahoma, Texas and Arkansas diversions downstream from DeKalb Gage).
 - (3) Runoff plus Undesignated Inflows, Sulphur River Gage: One hundred percent of (Sulphur River near Texarkana Gage flow) minus (Texas diversions from river below gage) plus (Texas diversions below Texarkana Dam).
 - (4) Runoff Only, Denison Dam to Index Gage: Fifty percent of (Index Gage flow, minus Red River at Denison Dam Gage flow, plus Oklahoma and Texas and Arkansas diversions upstream from the Index Gage, minus Blue River near Blue, OK, Gage flow, minus Muddy Boggy Creek near Unger-Okla. Gage flow, minus Kiamichi River near Hugo-Okla. flow, minus Sanders Creek near Chicota-Texas Gage flow).
- c. Arkansas Runoff plus Undesignated Inflows
- (1) Oklahoma-Arkansas State Line to Index Gage: Thirty-four and one-half (34.5) percent of (Index Gage flow, minus DeKalb Gage flow, plus Oklahoma and Texas and Arkansas diversions between DeKalb and Index Gages).
 - (2) Index Gage to Hosston Gage
 - (a) Hosston Gage flow, plus Louisiana diversions above Hosston Gage, minus Index Gage flow, minus (Sulphur River near Texarkana Gage flow less Texas diversions from river below gage), plus Arkansas diversions downstream from Index Gage.
- d. Louisiana Streamflow at Arkansas-Louisiana State Boundary
- (1) Red River flow at Arkansas-Louisiana State boundary equals (Gage flow) plus (Louisiana diversions from Red River downstream from the State boundary and upstream from gage).
 - (2) Data needed to make interim Louisiana calculations

- (a) For Red River flows up to 5,000 cfs Hosston Gage flow, plus Louisiana diversions from Red River upstream from Hosston Gage.
 - (b) For Red River flows of 5,000 cfs or larger Shreveport Gage flow, plus Louisiana diversions from Red River upstream from Shreveport Gage, minus Twelvemile Bayou near Dixie-La Gage flow, plus Louisiana diversions from Twelvemile Bayou below Twelvemile Bayou near Dixie-La Gage.
- (3) Effect of Flow Trends, Scheduled Change of Reservoir Releases, and Other Events Certain to Significantly Change Flow at Arkansas-Louisiana State Boundary During Coming Week.

In addition to the Arkansas-Louisiana State boundary flow estimated based on subparagraph (2) (a) or (b) above, the EAC will also advise the Commission of probable significant changes in State boundary flow which should result from flow trends, scheduled change of reservoir releases, and other such known events.

7. Procedures (Using Designated Flow Data) to Compute State Runoff plus Undesignated Inflows and Flow of Red River at Arkansas-Louisiana State boundary. Procedures outlined in paragraph 6 above will be followed except that designated inflows, designated outflows and diversion of designated flows will be accounted for whenever appropriate.

RED RIVER COMPACT RULES AND REGULATIONS
To Compute and Enforce Compact Compliance
REACH I, SUBBASIN 1

(Adopted 4/30/87)

1. General

These rules and regulations to be used to compute and enforce Compact compliance within Subbasin I of Reach 1, Red River Compact, are adopted subject to the following conditions and assumptions.

- a. It is fully understood that these rules and regulations should be modified as new or improved gaging stations are constructed, whenever experience or detailed studies demonstrate the need for modification, and if the Commission should modify its interpretation of Compact provisions relating to this Subbasin.

2. Management of Compact Compliance Computations

a. Management Using State Centers

- (1) Texas and Oklahoma representatives will establish State Computation and Control Centers.

- (a) State representatives will gather data, exchange data and meet prior to the annual Commission meeting to check on computation results.

- (b) The EAC will determine compliance with Compact.

b. Management Period for Compact Compliance Computations

- (1) Computation will be on the calendar year basis.
- (2) Water data for a calendar year should be exchanged prior to March 15 of the following year.
- (3) Compact Compliance Computation for a calendar year should be completed by April 15 of the following year.

3. Enforcement of Compact Compliance Requirements

Texas will be responsible for insuring that the sum of Texas uses does not exceed the total Texas water use authorized by the Red River Compact, and Texas will be responsible for establishing clear legal authority within Texas for enforcing the restrictions imposed by the Red River Compact.

4. Data Reporting Procedures

- a. Streamflow Gaging Station Records. The EAC will make arrangements with federal and State agencies, as required, to collect calendar year data as needed, and forward to the Texas and Oklahoma Computation Control Centers.
- b. Archived Records. Records will be archived by the Commission Chairman

5. General Compliance Requirements of Section 4.01 Red River Compact

- a. SECTION 4.01. Subbasin 1 - Interstate Streams - Texas

(1) The Compact prescribes:

"(a) This includes the Texas portion of Buck Creek, Sand (Lebos) Creek, Salt Fork Red River, Elm Creek, North Fork Red River, Sweetwater Creek and Washita River, together with all their tributaries in Texas which lie west of the 100th Meridian."

"(b) The annual flow within this subbasin is hereby apportioned sixty (60) percent to Texas and forty (40) percent to Oklahoma."

SECTION 4.01 is modified in part by SECTION 4.05. Special Provisions, as follows:

"(b) Texas shall not accept for filing, or grant a permit, for the construction of a dam to impound water solely for irrigation, flood control, soil conservation, mining and recovery of minerals, hydroelectric power, navigation, recreation and pleasure, or for any other purpose other than for domestic, municipal, and industrial water supply, on the mainstem of the North Fork Red River or any of its tributaries within Texas about Lugert-Altus Reservoir until the date that imported water, sufficient to meet the municipal and irrigation needs of Western Oklahoma is provided, or until January 1, 2000, which ever occurs first."

- (2) Pertinent extracts from the Supplemental Interpretive Comments of Legal Advisory Committee, as approved by the Red River Compact Commission on the 19th day of September 1978, are as follows:

Pages 9 and 10 " * * * * * The flow of interstate tributaries is generally divided 60 percent to the upstream State and 40 percent to the downstream State. Because flows in Reach I are primarily from flood flows, an annual basis of accounting was adopted"

* * * * *

"Section 4.05(b) reflects the compromise of a long-standing dispute between Oklahoma and Texas over the water of the North Fork of the Red River and Sweetwater Creek. * * * * *"

"Under the Compromise Texas will limit development on North Fork and Sweetwater Creek to projects justified on the basis of municipal, industrial, and domestic needs until the year 2000. However, if sufficient imported water becomes available in Western Oklahoma before 2000, Texas will be free to pursue full development of its 60% of these interstate tributaries. * * * * *"

- (3) Until January 1, 2000 (assuming that imported water is not provided prior to that date in sufficient amounts to meet municipal and irrigation needs of Western Oklahoma) special restrictions apply to Texas water use in its North Fork Red River watershed upstream from the Lugert-Altus Reservoir. Therefore, some of the Compact compliance rules for the North Fork Red River watershed upstream from the Lugert-Altus Reservoir (para 5.f.(3) & (4) and g.(3) & (4) below) expire on January 1, 2000, if still in effect at that time.

b. Buck Creek Watershed in Texas

Buck Creek watershed covers about 300 square miles in Texas. There are no existing gaging stations on Buck Creek in Texas or in Oklahoma. Since neither the Texas nor Oklahoma use of flow from Buck Creek is significant at this time, it is not required to make an annual accounting of the flow in Buck Creek. It also appears that establishing gaging stations and channel loss values so that future annual accountings could be made is not economically justified at this time. Annual accounting procedures for this watershed should be developed to provide a 60:40 apportionment whenever requested by either Oklahoma or Texas.

c. Sand (Lebos) Creek Watershed in Texas

Sand Creek watershed covers about 65 square miles in Texas. There are no gaging stations on Sand Creek in Texas or in Oklahoma. Since neither Texas nor Oklahoma makes significant use of flow from Sand Creek, it is not necessary to make an annual accounting of the flow in Sand Creek, and it does not seem to be economically justified at this time to establish gaging stations and determine channel loss values so that future annual accountings could be made. Annual accounting procedures for this watershed should be developed to provide a 60:40 apportionment whenever requested by either Oklahoma or Texas.

d. Salt Fork Red River Watershed in Texas

Salt Fork Red River watershed in Texas covers about 1,380 square miles, of which 209 are non-contributing.

The USGS streamflow gage number 07300000, Salt Fork Red River near Wellington, Texas, is about 16 miles upstream from the Oklahoma-Texas State line and measures flow from a 1,222 sq. mi. drainage area, of which 209 is probably non-contributing. The average annual discharge (1953-1966) was 52,600 AF/yr, and the average annual discharge since Greenbelt Reservoir was completed (1967-1977) has been 33,250 AF/yr.

The USGS streamflow gage 07300500, Salt Fork Red River at Mangum, Oklahoma, is about 29 miles downstream from the Oklahoma-Texas State line and measures flow from a 1,566 sq. mile drainage area, of which 209 is probably non-contributing. The average annual discharge (1937-1977) has been 62,450 AF/yr.

(1) The actual annual delivery at the Oklahoma State line is computed as follows:

- (a) The annual flow at the Wellington gage,
- (b) Minus channel losses to Wellington gage flows between gage and State line (until this specific channel loss value is available, the Compact compliance calculations will be made ignoring this channel loss adjustment),
- (c) Plus Texas' flow between Wellington gage and the State line. (This flow will be computed based on intervening drainage area between Wellington and Mangum gages adjusted for both Texas and Oklahoma man-made depletions.), and

- (d) Minus Texas' man-made depletions downstream from the Wellington gage.
- (2) The scheduled annual delivery at the Oklahoma State line is 40 percent of the natural flow at State line without diversions or impoundments, and would be computed as 40 percent of the following:
 - (a) The actual annual delivery (para 5.d.(1) above),
 - (b) Plus all man-made depletions in Texas, and
 - (c) Minus the increased channel losses in Texas which would have incurred had Texas depletions not occurred (until this specific channel loss value is available, the Compact compliance calculations will be made ignoring this channel loss adjustment).
- (3) Compact compliance is achieved as long as actual delivery exceeds scheduled delivery.

e. Elm Creek Watershed in Texas

Elm Creek watershed covers about 360 square miles in Texas which includes the North Elm Creek tributary. There is no streamflow gage on Elm Creek in Texas. The USGS gage number 07303400, Elm Fork of North Fork Red River near Carl, Oklahoma, is about 6 miles downstream from the Oklahoma-Texas State line, and was used to measure flow from a 416 square mile drainage area but discharge measurements at this site were discontinued in 1980. The average annual discharge (20 years) was 30,280 AF/yr. No Compact compliance accounts can be made until the Gage near Carl has been reestablished.

- (1) The actual annual delivery at State line is computed as follows:
 - (a) Flow at the State line. (This flow will be computed based on the drainage area and on the flow measured at Carl gage, adjusted for both Texas and Oklahoma depletions.), and
 - (b) Minus Texas' man-made depletions.
- (2) The scheduled annual delivery at State line is 40 percent of the natural flow at State line without diversions or impoundments and would be computed as 40 percent of the following:
 - (a) The actual annual delivery (para 5.e.(1) above),

- (b) Plus man-made depletions in Texas, and
 - (c) Minus the increased channel losses in Texas which would have been incurred if Texas had not depleted the flow (until this specific channel loss value is available, the Compact compliance calculations will be made ignoring this channel loss adjustment).
- (3) Compact compliance is achieved as long as the actual delivery exceeds the scheduled delivery.

h. Washita River Watershed in Texas

There is no streamflow gage on the Washita River in Texas. The USGS streamflow gage number 07316500, Washita River near Cheyenne, Oklahoma, is over 21 miles downstream from the Oklahoma-Texas State line, and measures flow from a 794 square mile drainage area, of which about 441 square miles are in Texas. The average annual discharge at the Cheyenne gage (44 years) has been 20,720 AF/yr.

- (1) The actual annual delivery at Oklahoma State line is computed as follows:
 - (a) The annual flow at the Cheyenne gage,
 - (b) Plus channel losses to the State line flow between the State line and the gage (until this specific channel loss value is available, the Compact compliance calculations will be made ignoring this channel loss adjustment),
 - (c) Minus Oklahoma's flow between the State line and Cheyenne gage. (This flow will be computed based on the drainage area upstream from the Cheyenne gage, adjusted for both Texas and Oklahoma man-made depletions.), and
 - (d) Minus Texas' man-made depletions.
- (2) The annual scheduled delivery at State line is 40 percent of the natural flow at State line without diversions or impoundments, and would be computed as 40 percent of the following:
 - (a) The actual annual delivery at State line (para 5.h.(1) above),
 - (b) Plus man-made depletions in Texas, and

- (c) Minus the increased channel losses which would have occurred if Texas had not made any diversions (until this specific channel loss value is available, the Compact compliance calculations will be made ignoring this channel loss adjustment).
- (3) Compact compliance is achieved as long as the actual delivery exceeds the scheduled delivery.

**RED RIVER COMPACT RULES AND REGULATIONS
To Compute and Enforce Compact Compliance
REACH III, SUBBASIN 3**

(as amended 4/25/89)

1. These rules and regulations to be used to compute and enforce Compact compliance within Subbasin 3 of Reach III, Red River Compact, are adopted subject to the following conditions and assumptions.
 - a. It is fully understood that these rules and regulations should be modified whenever experience or detailed studies demonstrate the need for modification, and if the Commission should modify its interpretation of Compact provisions relating to this Subbasin.
 - b. Definitions:
 - (1) "Diversion", as used in these rules and regulations, is the net loss to a water source from use by a diverter, and is computed as the diversion from the water source minus the part of the diversion which is returned to the water source. Normally, return flows must be measured to be considered; however, the Engineering Committee may consider and recommend exceptions. As used herein, "diversion" is equivalent to "net diversion" from a water source and to "depletion" or "consumptive use" of a water source.
 - (2) "Drawdown", as used in these rules and regulations, means that period commencing on the first day water ceases spilling over the existing Caddo Lake spillway (or the raised spillway, if Caddo Lake is enlarged), and continuing so long as the Caddo Lake surface elevation continues to fall, until the day when appreciable inflow reaches Caddo Lake, causing the Caddo Lake surface elevation to rise leading to a spill from Caddo Lake.
2. Management of Compact Compliance Computations
 - a. Management Using State Centers
 - (1) State Engineering Committee representatives will establish State Computation Control Centers.
 - (a) State representatives will gather data, exchange data and meet via conference call to check on computation results, if necessary.

(b) The Engineering Committee will compute compliance with Compact.

b. Management Period for Weekly Flow and Diversions

- (1) Next week's State diversions will be allocated based on last week's compliance computations.
- (2) It is each State's responsibility to limit its total State diversion allocation among its State diverters.
- (3) The weekly period for use and flow data will start and end at 8:00 a.m. on Tuesday of each week.
- (4) Data collection and dissemination will be completed on Tuesday of each week.
- (5) Computation of Compliance will be completed on Wednesday of each week.
- (6) Each State can request an update at any time.

c. Management Improvements Studies - The Engineering Committee will monitor the effect on accounting management of the following factors and will report thereon to the Commission whenever procedure changes appear desirable.

- (1) Errors caused by travel time.
- (2) Future restrictions computed from past week's data.
- (3) Failure to consider channel loss.
- (4) Failure to consider unengaged return flows.
- (5) Failure to consider flow trends.
- (6) Addition of needed gages.

3. Enforcement of Compact Compliance Requirements

Each State will be responsible for insuring that the sum of the diversions by State users does not exceed the total State diversion authorized by the Red River Compact Commission. In this regard, each State will be responsible for establishing clear legal authority within its State for enforcing the restrictions imposed by the Red River Compact.

4. Data Reporting Procedures

- a. Streamflow Gaging Station Records. The Engineering Committee will make arrangements with Corps of Engineers, the U.S. Geological Survey and with States as required to collect daily and/or weekly data, as needed, and forward to the State Computation and Control Centers.
- b. Diversion Records. Each State will be responsible to collect weekly data, as needed, and forward to the State Computation and Control Centers.
- c. Archived Records. Records will be archived by the Commission Chairman

5. General Compliance Requirements of Section 6.03 Red River Compact

a. Section 6.03 (b)(1):

(1) The Compact states:

"Texas shall have the unrestricted right to all water above Marshall, Lake O' the Pines, and Black Cypress damsites; however, Texas shall not cause runoff to be depleted to a quantity less than that which would have occurred with the full operation of Franklin County, Titus County, Ellison Creek, Johnson Creek, Lake O' the Pines, Marshall, and Black Cypress Reservoirs constructed, and those other impoundments and diversions existing on the effective date of this Compact. Any depletions of runoff in excess of the depletions described above shall be charged against Texas' apportionment of the water in Caddo Reservoir."

(2) Texas may use the bed and banks of the streams or tributaries available within this Subbasin to convey its developed water downstream from the aforesaid dam sites to specified authorized users. Such water would retain its identity and would not be subject to the Caddo Lake drawdown provisions of Section 5.b. of these rules until passing the designated point of diversion. Appropriate transportation losses will be approved by the Red River Compact Commission.

(3) Until both Marshall Reservoir (with an estimated capacity of 782,300 acre-feet and yield of 325,000 acre-feet annually) and Black Cypress Reservoir (with estimated capacity of 824,400 acre-feet and yield and 220,000 acre-feed annually) have been constructed, it will be virtually impossible for

Texas to deplete runoff in excess of that authorized. In the future, whenever potential Texas depletions above Marshall, Lake O' the Pines, and Black Cypress damsites become a concern to Louisiana, procedures to compute Texas depletion of runoff in excess of that authorized by Section 6.03 (b)(1) of the Compact should be developed by the Engineering Committee and presented for Commission consideration.

b. Section 6.03 (b)(2):

(1) The Compact states:

"Texas and Louisiana shall each have the unrestricted right to use fifty (50) percent of the conservation storage capacity in the present Caddo Lake for the impoundment of water for state use, subject to the provision that supplies for existing uses of water from Caddo Lake, on date of Compact, are not reduced."

(2) Whenever water is spilling over the existing spillway at 168.5 feet above mean sea level, each state may withdraw or divert water from Caddo Lake without restriction.

(3) Whenever Caddo Lake is not spilling over the existing spillway at 168.5 feet above mean sea level, the total consumptive use by each state shall not exceed 8,400 acre-feet during the drawdown period, provided that neither state shall divert more than 3,600 acre-feet during any one month or 4,800 acre-feet during any two consecutive months.

c. Section 6.03 (b)(3)

(1) The Compact states:

"Texas and Louisiana shall each have the unrestricted right to fifty (50) percent of the conservation storage capacity of any future enlargement of Caddo Lake, provided the two states may negotiate for the release of each state's share of the storage space on terms mutually agreed upon by the two states after the effective date of this Compact."

(2) This Compact provision requires no separate computation procedures but other rules may be changed if enlargement of Caddo Lake occurs. If enlargement of Caddo Lake is authorized in the

future, the Engineering Committee should review and modify as necessary Rule 5 (b) and Rule 6.

d. Section 6.03 (b)(4):

(1) The Compact states:

"Inflow to Caddo Lake from its drainage area downstream from Marshall, Lake O' the Pines, and Black Cypress damsites and downstream from other last downstream dams in existence on the date of the signing of the Compact document by the Compact Commissioners, will be allowed to continue flowing into Caddo Lake except that any manmade depletions to this inflow by Texas will be subtracted from the Texas share of the water in Caddo Lake."

(2) As indicated in paragraph 5 a. (2) above, it is virtually impossible for Texas at the present time to reduce inflow to Caddo Lake below that which would occur with both Marshall and Black Cypress Reservoirs constructed and operating. However potential Texas depletions become a concern to Louisiana, procedures to compute excess depletion by Texas of inflow to Caddo Lake should be developed by the Engineering Committee and presented for Commission Consideration.

e. Section 6.03 (c)

(1) The Compact states:

"In regard to the water of interstate streams which do not contribute to the inflow to Cross Lake or Caddo Lake, Texas shall have the unrestricted right to Divert and use this water on the basis of a division of runoff above the state boundary of sixty (60) percent to Texas and forty (40) percent to Louisiana."

(2) The Engineering Committee will review known Texas diversion data for the previous year and report to the Commission any Texas non-compliance with Compact Section 6.03 (c).

f. Section 6.03 (d)

(1) The Compact states:

"Texas and Louisiana will not construct improvements on the Cross Lake watershed in either state that will affect the yield of Cross Lake; provided, however, this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of Section 2.08."

- (2) The Engineering Committee will renew any known improvements on the Cross Lake watershed and report to the Commission any non-compliance with Compact Section 6.03 (d).

6. Caddo Lake Content Accounting Procedure During Drawdown Periods

- a. Whenever water is spilled from Caddo Lake, both state's accounts are full and no accounting is necessary. Accounting shall start the first day of no-spill following each period of spilling and shall continue until the first day of spill in the next period of spilling. The accounting procedure for computing the quantity of water in Caddo Lake during periods of drawdown belonging to the States of Louisiana and Texas shall be as follows:
 - (1) At the beginning of the drawdown, the Caddo Lake contents belong 50 percent to each state. Otherwise, begin with water ownership on Caddo Lake as shown in the most recent previous report.
 - (2) Each State shall be credited with one-half of the inflow to Caddo Lake since the previous report.
 - (3) Each State's account shall be reduced by its share of Caddo Lake evaporation losses during the period since the previous report.
 - (4) Each State's account shall be reduced by its diversions from Caddo Lake since the previous report.
 - (5) A State's account shall not exceed 50 percent of the capacity of Caddo Lake. If these accounting procedures result in a greater State content than 50 percent of the total capacity of Caddo Lake, the excess computed quantity shall be "spilled" into the other State's account as needed to bring the other State's account up, but in no case shall either State's account exceed 50 percent of the total capacity of Caddo Lake.
- b. Using a stage-area-capacity relationship concurred in by both States, the content of Caddo Lake at the end of each accounting period shall be determined and inflow for that period shall be computed as follows:
 - (1) From the present content, as determined above, subtract the content determined at the end of the previous period.

- (2) Add to the figure resulting from Step (1) the total Texas and Louisiana diversions since the end of the previous period.
- (3) Add to the figure resulting from Step (2) the computed gross evaporation since the end of the previous period as determined in c. (2) below. This results in total inflow.

c. Evaporation will be computed as follows:

- (1) The Weather Bureau's pan evaporation data shall be used to compute gross lake evaporation using a standard conversion coefficient agreed to by the engineer advisors of each State.
- (2) The average lake surface area for the accounting period shall be determined from the stage-area-capacity relationship concurred in by both States and multiplied by the gross lake evaporation as determined in Step (1) to determine the volume of evaporation for the period.

7. Availability of Diversion Records

Arrangements shall be made for all Texas and Louisiana diverters, during "drawdown" of Caddo Lake, to maintain daily diversion records open for inspection, and to provide weekly use data as required by Rule 2 b. (3).

