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Rural Land Values in the Southwest: First Half, 1999



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Technical Report 1335

Real Estate Center

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Preface

This analysis contains estimated values and trends reported by informed observers of the Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Texas land markets. Panelists were chosen for their knowledge of local markets and their willingness to contribute information. Consequently, sample sizes for the summarized statistics are limited and do not allow statistical testing. Although the results do indicate general current market conditions, they do not represent long-term values or trends for any particular farm or ranch.

Appendix B is a table of median responses for each region where panelists provided estimates. The median is the middle price in a ranked list of prices. Medians are not unduly influenced by extremely high or low prices. Therefore, a median provides a stable estimate of

typical market prices.

To allow timely and accurate reports, both the number of respondents and follow-up contacts in each area are limited. Some panelists may not be able to provide information for every survey. For this reason, some areas may not appear in the regional analyses of every report. The lack of information for each region can cause large swings in state-wide median values. Therefore, large changes in state-wide values from one year to the next may not indicate real market-wide trends.

Summary

After five years of robust land markets throughout the southwest, panelists see little evidence that the string of rising prices has run its course. Despite low commodity prices and widespread drought, the growing economy continues to support active purchases throughout most of the region. Some observers voiced concerns of a potential slowdown. However, when predicting market levels for spring 2000, only the New Mexico panel forecasts no change in all classes of land values. Like their New Mexico counterparts, Texas observers foresee no change in cropland values. However, the Texas panel looks for increases in values for all other major classes of land. The remaining states all registered expectations for continued upward price movement for all land categories.

Panelists' comments create a picture of markets beset by shortages of quality properties amid strong demand from numerous buyers. Those observers flashing warnings frequently mentioned the length of the continuing economic expansion, the engine driving these rising markets, as a cause for concern. If the expansion should falter, markets could weaken quickly. However, none of the observers had any evidence that a slowdown has begun. On balance, the estimated values and projections reflect a booming market for ranchlands with recreational appeal and a stable market for cropland into the coming year.

Arizona

Observers of the Arizona land market continue to dwell on low commodity prices and continuing confrontations with environmental groups over grazing on public lands as problems for current land market participants. Nevertheless, urban expansion creates an insatiable appetite for land, propelling land prices higher throughout the state. Continuing the pattern reported in the fall, the panel saw increasing numbers of properties, both for sale and sold, compared to spring 1998. Because of this strong level of activity, the Arizona panel forecast vigorously rising prices for all classes of land through spring 2000.

The Arizona market remains focused on investment activity. Investors compose the most active buying group, according to 60 percent of the panel. The remaining panelists split evenly between producers (farmers and ranchers) and consumers as dominant in their local markets. Once again, financial stress registered as the dominant motive among sellers, according to 44 percent of respondents.

Panelists contributed the following information about the Arizona market:

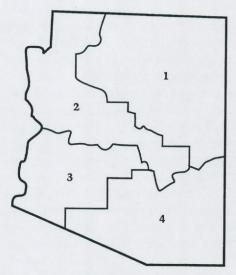
Irrigated cropland:

- a median value of \$2,250 per acre;
- typical sold property size of 240 acres;
- highest regional median price of \$10,350 per acre in land market area (LMA) 3 (see Appendix B);
- lowest regional median price of \$650 per acre in LMA 2; and
- a forecast 5 percent increase in values by spring 2000.

Native rangeland:

- a median value of \$100 per acre;
- typical sold property size of 640 acres;
- highest regional median price of \$1,500 per acre in LMA 1;
- lowest regional median price of \$100 per acre in LMA 4; and
- a forecast 2 percent increase in values by spring 2000.

Arizona Land Market Areas



Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

The Arizona panel contributed ten observations on current land markets.

Commentary

The following comments contributed by Arizona panelists provide insight into local land market developments.

- Our ranches are about gone (Arizona broker).
- The market participants are depressed by low commodity prices. Still, we have a strong seller market with sales fueled by 1,031 funds from urban land sales (Arizona appraiser-broker).
- We have strong demand for irrigated farmland suitable for production of winter vegetables. During the winter months the Yuma area is one of the major producers of lettuce, cauliflower, broccoli and many specialty crops (Southern Arizona appraiser).
- Issues affecting our markets are:
 - county and federal government buying land or development rights in concert with Nature Conservancy;
 - the viability of USFS, BLM and slate grazing leases due to environmental lawsuits; and
 - no growth movements limiting developers purchases would reduce

deeded land by about \$200 to \$50 per acre.

Arizona's population continues to expand. As a result, land close-in is selling for development or speculative investment. Because of this, rural land is experiencing some increase in value (Tempe area appraiser).

New Mexico

Alone among the southwestern states, New Mexico looks forward to no appreciable increase in land prices through spring 2000. Environmental concerns as well as the plight of agriculture appear to have blunted rising demand from urban expansion according to a New Mexico panelist. New Mexico did report extremely strong prices for irrigated cropland, possibly reflecting purchases to secure water rights. Several panelists noted especially visible activity involving the City of El Paso in nearby New Mexico locations.

In contrast to the other southwestern states, farmers and ranchers dominate the New Mexico market, according to 50 percent of respondents in spring 1999. Consumers weigh in strongly with 43 percent of the panel identifying them as predominant in their market. Reflecting producers' dominance, 43 percent of the panel specified agricultural production as the primary motive for New Mexico land buyers.

Purchases for recreational use or rural homesites ranked first according to an added 43 percent of the panel. Financial stress and sales for estate settlement was the predominant seller motive according to 62 percent of the New Mexico observers. This heavy emphasis on agriculture, coupled with scant likelihood of profitable commodity markets, prompted New Mexico panelists to look for no growth in land values by spring 2000.

Panelists indicated the following about the New Mexico market:

Irrigated cropland:

- a median value of \$3,300 per acre;
- typical sold property size of 80 acres;
- highest regional median price of \$ 7,000 per acre in LMA 5;
- lowest regional median price of \$ 375 per acre in LMA 8; and

 forecast of no change in land values for the next six months.

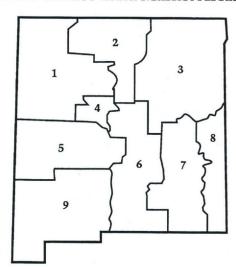
Non-irrigated cropland:

- a median value of \$250 per acre;
- typical sold property size of 200 acres;
- highest regional median price of \$500 per acre in LMA 5;
- lowest regional median price of \$200 per acre in LMAs 4 and 8; and
- forecast of no change in land values for the next six months.

Native rangeland:

- a median value of \$80 per acre;
- typical sold property size of 3,000 acres;
- highest regional median price of \$175 per acre in LMA 5;
- lowest regional median price of \$35 per acre in LMA 7; and
- forecast of no change in land values for the next six months.

New Mexico Land Market Areas



Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

The New Mexico panel consisted of reports from 14 observers.

Commentary

The following comments from New Mexico panelists provide insight into local land market developments.

 Water is increasingly important. El Paso is demanding more water to accommodate

- more development (Southeastern New Mexico broker).
- After a couple of years of moderately rising prices, stability appears to have returned to the land market. Higher prices are being paid by Albuquerque buyers. Continued migration of Albuquerque retirees to the Valley area in Socorro County has driven prices of smaller farm parcels up as rural homesites. Currently, landowners are concerned about new impact studies on area grazing with high focus on protecting endangered species (Southern New Mexico appraiser).
- There are now 55 dairies in Chaves and North Eddy counties. These will have between 350 and 500 cows per dairy. The market for dairy farms is now limited (Southern New Mexico appraiser).
- Federal regulations designed to reduce or eliminate grazing on some permits, particularly on Forest Service land, has affected land values (New Mexico appraiser).

Oklahoma

Similar to land market patterns in Texas and Arizona, Oklahoma panelists report a lack of good quality land for sale amid growing demand for recreational properties. Observers in Oklahoma see environmental concerns affecting agricultural operations because regulation has curtailed some land uses. Because of the rising economy, most Oklahoma respondents look forward to a rising market throughout 1999 and into 2000.

The Oklahoma panel indicates a market of mixed character, populated nearly equally by farmers, ranchers and consumers. Producers bought heavily in the spring 1999 Oklahoma land markets, with 57 percent of the panel naming farmers and ranchers as the driving forces in their areas. Consumers dominate according to 43 percent of respondents. Purchase for an agricultural input brought most buyers to the market in 1999, according to 57 percent of the panel. The remaining panelists name recreation as the driving motive for landbuyers in their markets. Panelists split evenly between estate settlement and retirement as the dominant motives for land sellers.

Oklahoma panelists look forward to rising prices across all land types in spring 2000.

Panelists provided the following information about the Oklahoma market:

Irrigated cropland:

- a median value of \$1,000 per acre;
- typical sold property size of 160 acres;
- highest regional median price of \$ 1,500 per acre in LMA 15;
- lowest regional median price of \$ 500 per acre in LMA 6; and
- forecast of 1 percent increase in land values for the next six months.

Non-irrigated cropland:

- a median value of \$725 per acre;
- typical sold property size of 160 acres;
- highest regional median price of \$1,500 per acre in LMA 8;
- lowest regional median price of \$388 per acre in LMA 6; and
- forecast of 3 percent increase in land values for the next six months.

Native rangeland:

- a median value of \$350 per acre;
- typical sold property size of 400 acres;

- highest regional median price of \$143 per acre in LMA 6;
- lowest regional median price of \$800 per acre in LMA 8; and
- forecast of 2 percent increase in land values for the next six months.

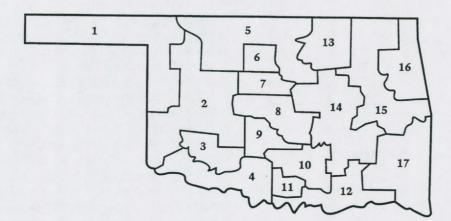
The Oklahoma panel contributed seven observations on current land markets.

Commentary

The following comments contributed by Oklahoma panelists provide insight into local land market developments.

- Finding good quality land to purchase is a problem in current markets (Oklahoma appraiser).
- A corporate pork operation is selling off its excess land because Oklahoma regulations have prohibited expansion. There was considerable objection to the lagoon smell (Oklahoma broker).
- Native country still is in demand for the hunters. Quality wheat farms still will bring \$1,000 per acre for surface only. However, I sense some nervousness among the lending community (Oklahoma broker).

Oklahoma Land Market Areas



Texas

The Texas panel frequently noted the role of the expanding economy as a support for growing markets for Texas rangeland and timberland. The high level of business activity even dampened negative influences in cropland markets, creating a climate of price stability despite low prices for agricultural products. The eager pool of potential land buyers continue to face markets with shortages of good quality properties. These circumstances produce a Texas market with a high level of sales and increasing prices for Texas ranches.

Consumers (according to 60 percent of panel responses) continue to be the primary buyers in Texas markets with investors (22 percent of responses) entering as an important factor as well. The farmer and rancher presence remains steady (18 percent) at the lowest level since 1988. Consumer purchases dominate the market, prompting observers to identify recreation (40 percent) and use for rural home sites (23 percent) as the prevalent motivation for buyers.

Purchases as investments (32 percent) increased markedly from fall 1998 levels (13 percent) while acquisition for use in agricultural production (12 percent) lags well behind. Once again, retirement and estate settlement most frequently prompt sellers into the market (67 percent).

Financial stress (13 percent) receded from the significant level registered in fall 1998 (22 percent). All of these factors lead Texas panelists to look for a considerable increase in rangeland and timberland values by spring 2000, with steady cropland prices.

Panelists offered the following about the Texas market:

Irrigated cropland:

- median value of \$725 per acre;
- typical sold property size of 250 acres;
- highest regional median price of \$1,750 per acre in LMA 10;
- lowest regional median price of \$265 per acre in LMA 33; and
- a forecast of no change in land values for the next six months.

Non-irrigated cropland:

a median value of \$500 per acre;

- typical sold property size of 200 acres;
- highest regional median price of \$2,250 per acre in LMA 26;
- lowest regional median price of \$150 per acre in LMAs 1 and 5; and
- a forecast of no change in land values for the next six months.

Native rangeland

- a median value of \$563 per acre;
- typical sold property size of 400 acres;
- highest regional median price of \$15,175 per acre in LMA 23;
- lowest regional median price of \$43 per acre in LMA 8; and
- a forecast of 5 percent increase in land values for the next six months.

The Texas panel contributed 93 observations on current land markets.

Commentary

The following comments contributed by Texas panelists add insight into local land market developments.

- Ranches are being purchased by hunters, investors, end users and retirees. They are seldom if ever bought by ranchers.
 Ranching families are being pressured by markets, drought, taxes and lack of subsidies (Hill Country area broker).
- With the burst of building, this area is worried about coordination of land development, housing, water and protection of watershed due to development (Hill Country area appraiser).
- We are exceeding the high unit value of 1987. We are experiencing a longer marketing time overall—desirable properties have many lookers which is also characteristic of the lower priced land. The market is complex due to the diversity of land types in the Hill Country. Value is based upon the eye appeal of the property. Paved road frontage, wooded with minimal cedar and underbrush, surface water influences, hilltop views and electrical service tend to be the most important factors to purchasers (Hill Country area appraiser).
- We are in a strong land market that seems to be fueled by a good economy. Land prices have increased from 20 to 50

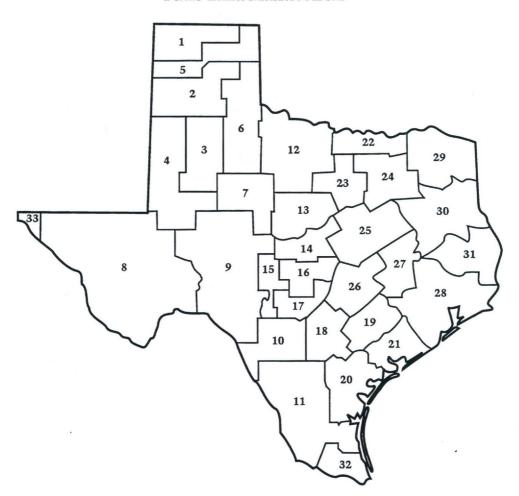
percent during the past year. I have no idea how much higher the prices may get, but I anticipate them to rise some more during the next year, provided the economy remains strong. The values of land in this area are based primarily upon recreational use rather than quality, from a productive standpoint. Most of the time the least productive land demands the greatest price (Hill Country — North appraiser).

- Buyers report fewer available good quality recreational lands (Hill Country — North broker).
- Majority of the buyers are salaried and from urban areas, and are looking for a rural homesite or investment. Market is very strong (Hill Country lender).
- Currently, the most important issue in this market is the availability of suitable tracts for sale. However, available inventories are generally lower and offerings have slowed (San Antonio area broker).
- There is still a very hot market for small and transitional tracts in Kendall and eastern Kerr Counties. There is some slight slowing of demand, but activity still remains far above average. So long as the economy is good, the Boerne area will continue to flourish. Investors are becoming more prevalent in the market (San Antonio area banker).
- Hunting and recreational use are important elements of the market now. This
 makes it important to hang on to agricultural use exemptions (San Angelo area
 appraiser).
- The number of rural properties offered for sale at competitive prices remains low. Buyers are primarily buying for subdivision or recreational homesites. Generally, asking prices are significantly above proven price levels. Buyers are very selective, paying top prices for only the choice acreage tracts (Central Texas appraiser).
- We have a very strong demand for good farmland-rangeland and a small supply of good farmland-rangeland (Coastal prairie broker).

- Buyers are moving to the country (Coastal Prairie North broker).
- Because we are in timber country, timber prices continue to have a large impact on land values. Rural homesites are appreciating rapidly (East Texas broker).
- In Brazos County, 50 to 100 acre rural homesights will sell for \$2,000 to \$3,000 per acre. In surrounding counties, demand is at a high for rural homesites and in some areas demand is high for 500 to 1,000 acre places for rural recreation. These buyers can buy anything and will pay higher prices for the right combination of wooded and improved pasture. Lakes are very important (Brazos area broker).
- For agriculture tracts, the problem of irrigation water availability continues.
 Development and recreational uses still command the highest prices (Lower Rio Grande Valley area appraiser).
- The important issues in the Houston market are the timing of and financing for development (Houston area broker).
- Urban transitional land is in strong demand. There is strong activity north of Fort Worth and in east Parker County for investment and single-family residential land. Some sellers have indicated a fear of rising interest rates and have decided to sell while profits are good (Fort Worth area appraiser).
- People have been coming to Granbury by the car load to get out of the crime and traffic in the Fort Worth-Dallas Metroplex and to get a small place in the country or to have a place to hunt and fish. We have the lowest inventory since I entered the business in 1959. One can hardly find any ranch and hunting land for sale unless it is more than 300 acres, and then big investors are buying this land for commercial hunting purposes and charging \$1,500 and up to shoot a trophy buck, elk, etc. (\$5,000 for the trophy elk). Hunting leases bring as much or more than grass leases, depending on whether or not it includes exotic animals. One rich visitor spent \$17,000 for one week of bird

- hunting and fishing—and he had to throw the fish back that he caught (Dallas area broker).
- Recreational potential is beginning to place some pressure on our ranch land market as compared to a straight agricultural production ranch. This is something new for our area. At the present time my estimate is that recreational potential may
- increase the market value by \$50 to \$75 per acre (Wichita Falls area appraiser).
- However, we have a good inventory. However, we have a good supply of sellers as our land prices rise with population growth. Sellers are taking advantage of sales in strong markets here, then going north into Cooke and Montague counties and buying more land (North Texas broker).

Texas Land Market Areas



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Appendix A Summary by State

Guide to Using of Tables

The tables included in this analysis contain estimated values and trends reported by informed observers of the Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Texas land markets. Panelists were chosen both for their knowledge of local markets and their willingness to contribute information. Consequently, sample sizes are limited and do not allow statistical testing.

Readers should use the statistics from the tables as an indicator of general current market conditions more than long-run values or trends. Readers should not regard the reported statistics as an indicator of the current market value for any particular farm or ranch.

Each table contains median responses for the state or region indicated in the title. The median is the middle price in a ranked list of prices. Because medians are not unduly influenced by extremely high or low prices (outliers), the median provides a more stable indicator for typical properties when numbers of respondents are small. When panelists do not provide estimates, tables are omitted.

Table Composition

Each table in the report contains the same basic information. When panelists do not provide information for an item, a hyphen or minus sign (-) appears in the table. Otherwise, the numbers reported represent the median for information reported by all of the panelists. Table elements are as follows:

Location and Date. The title line of each table identifies the geographic location for the data in the table. State titles simply contain the state name and date of the survey. However, titles for individual land market area reports identify the state, land market area, date and a list of counties making up the land market area.

Land Categories. Tables list each type of land contained in the study under the column headed Rural Land. The categories reflect generic labels that refer to frequently encountered land uses. Because local conditions affect the technological requirements for specific land uses, types of land included in the categories may vary from one location to another. For example, if most irrigated land in an area included a functioning pump and well, the value of the well would most likely be included in the price per acre for that region. If the majority of local land sales included water rights but no wells or pumps, the quoted price would not include the value of such equipment. Readers should take care to identify local customs applying to their envisioned land use to fully understand the reported statistics.

Land categories include the following:

- Irrigated cropland—This category encompasses land dedicated to raising crops under the typical local irrigation regimen. It reflects land value with or without considering irrigation equipment, as local custom dictates. Equipment such as center pivot systems are frequently sold separately.
- Non-irrigated cropland—This category includes land dedicated to row-crop agriculture without irrigation. Reported values should include the typical value of land without improvements.
- Improved pasture—Improved pasture
 refers to land used to produce forage for
 livestock and game. Improved pastures
 have been altered from their natural state.
 Improvements include such items as
 leveling, planting non-native grasses,
 terracing, etc. The character of this
 category can vary greatly from one
 location to another.
- Native rangeland—Native rangeland encompasses lands that remain substantially in their natural state. These lands frequently consist of rough canyons and mountains where livestock grazing and hunting provide the greatest share of their return. Native range requires few inputs, depending on natural processes for the forage produced.

- Urban fringe—Land in this category
 frequently remains in some agricultural
 use while it ripens for development.
 Prices paid for this land reflect its potential for a more highly valued use in the
 future. Values vary widely based on
 location.
- Orchard or vineyard land—Refers to land used to support permanent plantings of orchards or grapes.
- Timberland—Reflects the typical timberland sales from the local market. The amounts reported may or may not contain standing timber depending on activity in the local market.

Native rangeland (cost per animal unit). This line of the table reports the cost acquiring enough land to support one cow for a year. For example, in an area with a stocking rate of one cow for every 10 acres and a typical price of \$400 per acre, the cost per animal unit would amount to \$4,000. For higher quality land with a stocking rate of one cow for every five acres, the cost per animal unit would spring to \$2,000. Thus, both the quality of land and price per acre affect the cost per animal unit of native rangeland. When lower quality land, as defined by its carrying capacity, possesses superior scenic and other recreational features, the cost of acquiring enough land to support a cow may actually exceed the cost of acquiring more productive, but less scenic, properties. This situation exists because higher quality land supports a cow on many fewer acres and nonagricultural producers desire to own the lower quality land for its scenic amenities. Prices across the different quality levels (low, average and high) increase with quality but the cost per animal unit actually falls with increases in quality. When this occurs, the local market likely contains many non-agricultural buyers.

Minerals. Land sales can involve transfer of mineral rights. Specifically, unless sellers reserve a portion of the minerals for their continued ownership, the new owner acquires title to the mineral rights owned by that seller. In areas with oil and gas production, mineral rights can provide a substantial return for their owners, and sellers frequently reserve the minerals for themselves. However, in times of slack demand for land, sellers often must transfer some or all of the minerals to attract a buyer. Further, in areas devoid of mineral

production, sellers frequently transfer all of the mineral rights to the buyer because of their diminished importance. Thus, the transfer of mineral rights can affect both the price and volume of land sales. To indicate the role of mineral rights in the typical transaction, the table contains two items reporting typical levels in current transactions.

- Sales with minerals transferred—This line reports the median proportion of sales involving transfer of some mineral rights in current sales. For example, 25 percent indicates that only one-fourth of all sales includes some mineral rights.
- Percentage of minerals transferred—This line reports the median percentage of mineral rights transferred in the typical sale. For example 25 percent indicates that buyers typically obtain 25 percent of the mineral rights.

Land Quality. The columns under the title Median Price Per Acre report the median reported land value (animal unit amounts are reported as "cost" rather than value) for each land use. The table covers Low Quality, Average Quality and High Quality land for each land use listed on the left-hand side of the table.

Typical Size. Unit prices vary with size of properties, with large properties typically selling for less per acre than smaller properties. Therefore, understanding reported values requires an understanding of the size of property in a market. This column reports the median size of transaction for typical sales in the current market.

Change in Value 12-Month Projection. This column reports the consensus forecast for land value changes over the coming year. The reported statistics represent the median percentage increase or decrease in land values anticipated in the market.

Annual Change in Number. These two columns report changes in overall supply and demand for the subject markets. The *For Sale* column indicates median estimates of percentage changes in the number of properties offered for sale. The *Sold* column contains median estimates for percentage changes in the number of properties sold.

Annual Cash Rent Per Acre. This column contains the median of reported cash rents for different land uses. The reported rent includes

both rent for agricultural uses plus any revenue from hunting leases. Few areas throughout the Southwest have active cash rental markets.

Therefore, information in this column is often sketchy. However, it provides a valuable guide where information is available.

| | | | A | rizona | | | | - |
|-----------------------|--|---------|-------|---------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Annual Change in Number (%) | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Descrit and | T | | *** 1 | Size | in Value | For | | Per Acre |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | (acres) | (%) | Sale | Sold | (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 1,200 | 2,250 | 3,500 | 240 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 115 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Native rangeland | 85 | 100 | 300 | 640 | 2 | 5 | 2 | |
| Per animal unit | 1,500 | 2,000 | 4,500 | | | | | * (|
| Urban fringe | 3,750 | 5,500 | 7,500 | 160 | 8 | | ~ | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 4,250 | 6,500 | 9,000 | 100 | 0 | 5 | 5 | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 50% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 57%

| | | | New | Mexico | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|---------------------------|--------|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac | | | Spring 2000 Projected | Char | nual nge in | Annual |
| | (\$) | | | Typical Size | Change in Value | Numb For | er (%) | Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | (acres) | (%) | Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 1,550 | 3,300 | 4,250 | 80 | 0 | 5 | 13 | 163 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 200 | 250 | 400 | 200 | 0 | 30 | 70 | - |
| Improved pasture | - | - | | 640 | - | 10 | 10 | - |
| Native rangeland | 45 | 80 | 110 | 3,000 | 0 | 5 | 50 | 3 |
| Per animal unit | 3,000 | 3,550 | 4,000 | | | | | , |
| Urban fringe | 1,500 | 4,750 | 5,000 | 9 | 0 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 7,000 | 11,000 | 11,500 | 35 | 3 | 3 | 50 | |
| Timberland | _ | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |

Sales with minerals transferred: 11% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

| | | | Ok | lahoma | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|----------------------------|---|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical Size (acres) | Spring 2000 Projected Change in Value (%) | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | | | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 750 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 160 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 50 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 475 | 725 | 1,200 | 160 | 3 | 5 | 10 | 30 |
| Improved pasture | 375 | 450 | 600 | 160 | 1 | (1) | 5 | 20 |
| Native rangeland | 230 | 350 | 425 | 200 | 2 | 10 | 10 | 12 |
| Per animal unit | 3,750 | 3,900 | 4,025 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 650 | - | 1,200 | 40 | 6 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,300 | 160 | - | 1 | 1 | |
| Timberland | 213 | 263 | 340 | 140 | 1 | 3 | 3 | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 25% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 50%

| | | | T | exas | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Ren |
| Rural Land | ucies) | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) | | |
| Irrigated cropland | 500 | 725 | 1,200 | 250 | 0 | 8 | 5 | 60 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 425 | 500 | 675 | 200 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 21 |
| Improved pasture | 700 | 800 | 950 | 150 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 15 |
| Native rangeland | 500 | 563 | 700 | 400 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 11 |
| Per animal unit | 7,600 | 7,500 | 7,125 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,500 | 2,500 | 3,500 | 50 | 5 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 750 | 1,100 | 2,500 | 40 | (3) | 0 | 0 | |
| Timberland | 600 | 800 | 1,500 | 70 | 10 | 4 | 4 | |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 50%

Appendix B Summary by Land Market Area

Arizona Counties by Land Market Areas

There were no reports for land market areas that are omitted in the following report.

Land Market Area 1

Apache Coconino Navajo

Land Market Area 2

Gila Mohave Yavapai Land Market Area 3

Maricopa Yuma

Land Market Area 4

Cochise Graham Greenlee Pima Pinal Santa Cruz

New Mexico Counties by Land Market Areas

Land Market Area 1—Navajo Plateau

Cibola McKinley Sandoval San Juan Land Market Area 6—Sacramento Range Plateau

Lincoln Otero Torrance

Land Market Area 2—Rocky Mountains

Rio Arriba Santa Fe Taos Land Market Area 7—Pecos Valley

Chaves De Baca Eddy

Land Market Area 3—Raton-Great Plains

Colfax
Guadalupe
Harding
Mora
Quay
San Miguel
Urion

Land Market Area 8—High Plains

Curry Lea Roosevelt

Land Market Area 4—Albuquerque-

Belen Bernalillo Valencia Land Market Area 9—Mexican Highlands

Dona Ana Grant Hidalgo Luna Sierra

Land Market Area 5—Datil-Plateau

Catron Socorro

Oklahoma Counties by Land Market Areas

Land Market Area 1

Beaver Cimarron Ellis Harper Roger Mills Texas

Land Market Area 2

Beckham
Blaine
Caddo
Custer
Dewey
Greer
Harmon
Washita
Woodward

Land Market Area 3

Comanche Kiowa

Land Market Area 4

Cotton Jackson Jefferson Stephens Tillman

Land Market Area 5

Alfalfa Grant Kay Major Noble Payne Woods

Land Market Area 6

Garfield

Land Market Area 7

Kingfisher Logan

Land Market Area 8—Oklahoma City

Canadian Cleveland Oklahoma Pottawatomie

Land Market Area 9

Grady McClain

Land Market Area 10

Garvin Johnston Murray Pontotoc

Land Market Area 11

Carter

Land Market Area 12

Atoka Bryan Choctaw Love Marshall

Land Market Area 13

Osage Pawnee

Land Market Area 14

Coal
Creek
Hughes
Lincoln
Okfuskee
Okmulgee
Pittsburg
Seminole

Land Market Area 15

Craig
Haskell
McIntosh
Muskogee
Nowata
Rogers
Sequoyah
Wagoner
Washington

Land Market Area 16

Adair Cherokee Delaware Mayes Ottawa

Land Market Area 17

Latimer Le Flore McCurtain Pushmataha

Texas Counties by Land Market Areas

Land Market Area 1

Dallam Hansford Hartley Moore Ochiltree Sherman

Land Market Area 2

Armstrong Briscoe Carson Castro Deaf Smith Gray Parmer Randall Swisher

Land Market Area 3

Borden Crosby Dawson Floyd Garza Hale Lubbock Lynn

Land Market Area 4

Andrews
Bailey
Cochran
Ector
Gaines
Hockley
Howard
Lamb
Martin
Midland
Terry
Yoakum

Land Market Area 5

Hemphill Hutchinson Lipscomb Oldham Potter Roberts

Land Market Area 6

Childress Collingsworth Cottle
Dickens
Donley
Hall
Kent
King
Motley
Stonewall
Wheeler

Land Market Area 7

Fisher Jones Mitchell Nolan Runnels Scurry Taylor

Land Market Area 8

Brewster Crane Culberson Hudspeth Jeff Davis Loving Pecos Presidio Reeves Terrell Ward Winkler

Land Market Area 9

Coke
Concho
Crockett
Edwards
Glasscock
Irion
Kinney
Reagan
Schleicher
Sterling
Sutton
Tom Green
Upton
Val Verde

Land Market Area 10

Frio Maverick Medina Uvalde Zavala

Land Market Area 11

Brooks
Dimmit
Duval
Jim Hogg
Kenedy
La Salle
McMullen
Starr
Webb
Zapata

Land Market Area 12

Archer
Baylor
Clay
Foard
Hardeman
Haskell
Jack
Knox
Shackelford
Stephens
Throckmorton
Wichita
Wilbarger
Young

Land Market Area 13

Brown Callahan Coleman Comanche Eastland Erath

Land Market Area 14

Hamilton McCulloch Mills Lampasas San Saba

Land Market Area 15

Kimble Menard Real

Land Market Area 16

Burnet Gillespie Llano Mason

Land Market Area 17

Bandera Blanco Kendall Kerr

Land Market Area 18

Atascosa Bexar Comal Guadalupe Karnes Wilson

Land Market Area 19

Colorado DeWitt Fayette Gonzales Lavaca

Land Market Area 20

Aransas
Bee
Goliad
Jim Wells
Kleberg
Live Oak
Nueces
Refugio
San Patricio

Land Market Area 21

Calhoun Jackson Matagorda Victoria Wharton

Land Market Area 22

Cooke Fannin Grayson Montague

Land Market Area 23

Hood Johnson Palo Pinto Parker Somervell Tarrant Wise

Land Market Area 24

Collin
Dallas
Denton
Ellis
Hunt
Kaufman
Rains
Rockwall
Van Zandt

Land Market Area 25

Bell
Bosque
Coryell
Falls
Freestone
Hill
Limestone
McLennan
Navarro

Land Market Area 26

Bastrop Caldwell Hays Lee Milam Travis Williamson

Land Market Area 27

Brazos Burleson Grimes Leon Madison Robertson Washington

Land Market Area 28

Austin Brazoria Chambers Fort Bend Galveston Hardin Harris Jefferson Liberty Montgomery Orange San Jacinto Walker Waller

Land Market Area 29

Bowie
Camp
Cass
Delta
Franklin
Hopkins
Lamar
Marion
Morris
Red River
Titus
Upshur
Wood

Land Market Area 30

Anderson Cherokee Gregg Harrison Henderson Houston Nacogdoches Panola Rusk Shelby Smith

Land Market Area 31

Angelina
Jasper
Newton
Polk
Sabine
San Augustine
Trinity
Tyler

Land Market Area 32

Cameron Hidalgo Willacy

Land Market Area 33

El Paso

| | | A | rizona Lan | d Market A | Area 1 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|------------|--|-------------|------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| | 7 | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Spring 2000 Projected Typical Change Size in Value (acres) (%) | Projected | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) | |
| Irrigated cropland | - | - | - | - | - | | - | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | | - | | | | | | |
| Improved pasture | - | - | | - | - | - | - | |
| Native rangeland | 500 | 1,000 | 1,500 | 200 | | | | - |
| Per animal unit | - | - | | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 2,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 200 | 15 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | | - | | | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | | | | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 100%
Percentgage of minerals transferred: - %

| | | Ar | rizona Land | d Market A | Area 2 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-------------|----------------------|---|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical Size (acres) | Spring 2000 Projected Change in Value (%) | Chai | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | | | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 650 | - | 800 | 360 | (10) | - | - | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | | - | | - | - | | | |
| Improved pasture | | - | | | - | | - | |
| Native rangeland | 285 | - | 320 | 420 | 2 | 5 | 2 | - |
| Per animal unit | 1,500 | 3,125 | 7,000 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 2,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 200 | 15 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | | | | - | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | | | |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 50%

| | 8 | A | rizona Land | d Market A | rea 3 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Annual Change in Number (%) | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 3,700 | 10,000 | 10,250 | 160 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 500 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | - | - | - | | - | 2 | - | - |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Native rangeland | 275 | - | 300 | 420 | 3 | (25) | 110 | - |
| Per animal unit | 1,500 | - | 7,000 | | | | | 12 |
| Urban fringe | 8,250 | - | 14,000 | 120 | 10 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 6,000 | 8,000 | 12,000 | 40 | 0 | 5 | 5 | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 63%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 100%

| | | A | rizona Land | d Market A | rea 4 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|----------------|--------|-----------|
| | | ng 1999 Me | | | Spring 2000 | and the second | nual | |
| | P | rice Per A | cre | | Projected | 2014 | nge in | Annual |
| | (\$) | | | Typical | Change | | er (%) | Cash Rent |
| | | | | Size | in Value | For | | Per Acre |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | (acres) | (%) | Sale | Sold | (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 750 | 1,625 | 2,500 | 565 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 100 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | - | - | | - | - |
| Native rangeland | 100 | 150 | 213 | - | 3 | (10) | 5 | - |
| Per animal unit | 1,500 | - | 4,500 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 2,500 | 3,500 | 5,000 | 160 | 5 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 2,500 | 5,000 | 6,000 | 160 | 0 | - ' | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | | | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 50%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 63%

| | | New | Mexico L | and Marke | t Area 1 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|---------------------|
| | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Annual Change in Number (%) | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 800 | 1,600 | 5,500 | 120 | 5 | (50) | (50) | 200 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Improved pasture | - | - | | - | - | | - | |
| Native rangeland | 43 | 92 | 130 | 10,000 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Per animal unit | 4,000 | 4,250 | 4,400 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 3,000 | 7,500 | 20,000 | 40 | 0 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 6,000 | 11,000 | 13,000 | 60 | 5 | 0 | 0 | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | | | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 25% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 13%

| | | New | Mexico L | and Marke | et Area 2 | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|----------|----------------------|---|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical Size (acres) | Spring 2000 Projected Change in Value (%) | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Ren |
| | Low | Average | High | | | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | | - | - | | | | | 11812 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | | - | | - | - | - | - | |
| Improved pasture | | - | - | | | | - | - |
| Native rangeland | | - | - | | | | | |
| Per animal unit | | - | - | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | | - | | | - | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | | | | | - | |
| Timberland | | - | | _ | - | | | |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Percentgage of minerals transferred: - %

| | | New | Mexico L | and Marke | t Area 3 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|----------|-----------------|--|-------------|------|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Annual Projected Change in Change Number (%) | | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 1,000 | 1,800 | 4,250 | 140 | 3 | 15 | (15) | 200 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Native rangeland | 40 | 85 | 110 | 10,000 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Per animal unit | 4,000 | 4,250 | 4,400 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 3,000 | 7,500 | 20,000 | 40 | 0 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 6,000 | 11,000 | 13,000 | 60 | 5 | 0 | 0 | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 50% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

| | | New | Mexico L | and Marke | t Area 4 | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---------|----------|-----------------|--|-------------|------|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Annual Projected Change in Change Number (%) | | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 1,900 | 3,050 | 5,750 | 85 | 3 | (50) | (50) | 150 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 200 | 250 | 400 | 200 | - | - | - | - |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Native rangeland | 40 | 80 | 118 | 10,000 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Per animal unit | 3,300 | 4,250 | 4,400 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 3,000 | 7,500 | 20,000 | 40 | 0 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 6,000 | 11,000 | 13,000 | 60 | 5 | 0 | 0 | |
| Timberland | - | | - | _ | - | | - | |
| Sales with minerals trans | sferred: 50 | % | | | - , | | | |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 38%

| | | New | Mexico La | and Marke | t Area 5 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 3,000 | 5,000 | 7,000 | 45 | 0 | | - | |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 250 | 300 | 500 | 200 | 0 | | | |
| Improved pasture | | - | - | 640 | - | | | |
| Native rangeland | 50 | 90 | 175 | 2,820 | 0 | | - | - |
| Per animal unit | 2,800 | 3,600 | 4,000 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,000 | 3,750 | 4,000 | 13 | 0 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | | | | | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | | | | | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 11%
Percentgage of minerals transferred: 50%

| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Ren |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 800 | 1,600 | 5,500 | 120 | 5 | (50) | (50) | 200 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | - | - 3 | - | | - | | | |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | | - | | - | - |
| Native rangeland | 40 | 85 | 110 | 10,000 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Per animal unit | 4,000 | 4,250 | 4,400 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 3,000 | 7,500 | 20,000 | 40 | 0 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 6,000 | 11,000 | 13,000 | 60 | 5 | 0 | 0 | |
| Timberland | - | | - | _ | | | | |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

| | | New | Mexico L | and Marke | t Area 7 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|----------|-----------------|--|-------------|------|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Annual Projected Change in Change Number (%) | | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 1,500 | 2,000 | 2,400 | 160 | 0 | 5 | 5 | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | - | - | - | - | - / | - | - | - 1 |
| Improved pasture | | - | - | - | | 10 | 10 | |
| Native rangeland | 35 | 60 | 90 | 4,000 | 0 | 5 | - | - |
| Per animal unit | 4,000 | 4,250 | 4,400 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 750 | 2,000 | 5,000 | 8 | (10) | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | | - | - | - | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 0%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 4%

| | | New | Mexico L | and Marke | t Area 8 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|----------|-----------------|--|-------------|------|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Annual Projected Change in Change Number (%) | | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 375 | 650 | 800 | 640 | 0 | 70 | 30 | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 200 | 250 | 300 | 320 | 0 | 30 | 70 | |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | ٠. | - | - | - | - |
| Native rangeland | 60 | 100 | 120 | 2,000 | 10 | 50 | 50 | - |
| Per animal unit | 3,000 | 3,500 | 4,000 | | | | - | |
| Urban fringe | 2,000 | 3,500 | 5,000 | 3 | 10 | 4 | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | | -, | |

Sales with minerals transferred: - %

Percentgage of minerals transferred: - %

| | | New | Mexico L | and Marke | t Area 9 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| | _ | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Cha | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size in Value (acres) (%) | | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 4,000 | 5,000 | 6,000 | 50 | 3 | (50) | (50) | 175 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | - | - | - | | - | | - | - |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | | - | | - | |
| Native rangeland | 55 | 85 | 100 | 5,320 | 5 | 3 | 35 | 3 |
| Per animal unit | 3,500 | 3,875 | 4,200 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 3,000 | 13,750 | 20,000 | 23 | 0 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 7,000 | 11,000 | 11,500 | 35 | 3 | 3 | 50 | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | | _ | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 75%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 63%

| | | Okl | ahoma Lai | nd Market | Area 2 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Chai | nual nge in oer (%) | Annual Cash Ren |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | - | - | | | - | | - | 1 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 400 | 680 | 1,200 | 160 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 35 |
| Improved pasture | 400 | 600 | 1,000 | 160 | 0 | (5) | 5 | 13 |
| Native rangeland | 230 | 350 | 500 | 320 | 2 | 10 | 10 | 11 |
| Per animal unit | 4,600 | 5,000 | 5,000 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 650 | 1,000 | 1,200 | | | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | - | | - | | | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | | | | | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 25%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

| | | Ok | lahoma Lai | nd Market | Area 5 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|------------|--------------|--|-------------|------|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Annual Projected Change in Change Number (%) | | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 750 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 160 | - | - | - | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 438 | 715 | 1,200 | 160 | 5 | 28 | 29 | 35 |
| Improved pasture | 375 | 513 | 800 | 160 | 0 | (5) | 5 | 15 |
| Native rangeland | 203 | 350 | 463 | 320 | 2 | 35 | 35 | 12 |
| Per animal unit | 4,300 | 4,650 | 4,650 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 650 | 1,000 | 1,200 | - | - | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 50%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 38%

| 7 | | Ok | lahoma Lai | nd Market | Area 6 | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---------|------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 500 | 625 | 805 | 240 | - | - | - 1 | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 388 | 550 | 850 | 160 | 7 - 7 | - | - | - |
| Improved pasture | 275 | 400 | 575 | 160 | - 1 | - | - | 23 |
| Native rangeland | 143 | 195 | 265 | 240 | - | - | - | 22 |
| Per animal unit | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,750 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,850 | 2,650 | 6,500 | 60 | - | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | - | | - | |
| Timberland | 200 | 275 | 330 | 120 | - | - | - | |
| Sales with minerals trans | sferred: 39 | % | | | | | | |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 42%

| | | Ok | lahoma Lai | nd Market | Area 7 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | - | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | - | - | | - | | - | - | |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 400 | 680 | 1,200 | 160 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 35 |
| Improved pasture | 400 | 600 | 1,000 | 160 | 0 | (5) | 5 | 13 |
| Native rangeland | 230 | 350 | 500 | 320 | 2 | 10 | 10 | 11 |
| Per animal unit | 4,600 | 5,000 | 5,000 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 650 | 1,000 | 1,200 | | - | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | | | - | - | | |
| Timberland | | - | | | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 25%
Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

| | | Okl | ahoma Lar | nd Market | Area 8 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Cha | nual nge in oer (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | - | - | | | - | - | - | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 600 | 940 | 1,500 | 120 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 35 |
| Improved pasture | 500 | 750 | 1,100 | 120 | 3 | (5) | 5 | 14 |
| Native rangeland | 365 | 575 | 800 | 200 | 4 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Per animal unit | 4,600 | 5,000 | 5,000 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 650 | - | 1,200 | | 10 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | | | - | - | - | The state of |
| Timberland | - | - | | | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 25%
Percentgage of minerals transferred: 38%

| | | Ok | lahoma Lai | nd Market | Area 9 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|------|---------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Annual Cash Rent | | |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | - | -, | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 500 | 750 | 1,100 | 160 | 0 | | - | 30 |
| Improved pasture | 350 | 450 | 600 | 160 | 0 | - | - | 20 |
| Native rangeland | 250 | 350 | 500 | 160 | 0 | - | - | 12 |
| Per animal unit | | - | - | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | - | - | - | - | - 1 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Timberland | - | | - | - | - | - | _ | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 0%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: - %

| | | Okl | ahoma Lan | d Market A | Area 15 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Bant |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Cash Rent Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 1,000 | 1,200 | 1,500 | 80 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 50 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 400 | 500 | 600 | 80 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 30 |
| Improved pasture | 400 | 450 | 500 | 160 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 20 |
| Native rangeland | 250 | 300 | 350 | 160 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 10 |
| Per animal unit | 2,500 | 2,100 | 2,100 | | | | 1 | 4 |
| Urban fringe | 500 | 550 | 600 | 20 | 2 | | | 150 |
| Orchard or vineyard | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,300 | 160 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Timberland | 225 | 250 | 350 | 160 | 1 | 3 | 3 | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 40%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 50%

| | | T | exas Land | Market A | rea 1 | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Chai | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Ren |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 400 | 700 | 1,200 | 565 | (10) | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 150 | 225 | 300 | 320 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Improved pasture | - | - | | | - | 0 | 0 | |
| Native rangeland | 100 | 150 | 175 | 1,070 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Per animal unit | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 600 | 800 | 1,500 | 50 | 10 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | | - | 0 | 0 | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | | | 0 | 0 | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 50% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 75%

| | | T | exas Land | Market A | rea 2 | | As a | |
|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 400 | 550 | 1,050 | 400 | (5) | | | 56 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 175 | 263 | 350 | 240 | 0 | | - | |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | | - | | | |
| Native rangeland | 90 | 138 | 193 | 910 | 0 | | _ | 8 |
| Per animal unit | - | - | | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 600 | 800 | 1,500 | 50 | 10 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | - | | - | | - | |
| Timberland | _ | - | - | | | | | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 55% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 75%

| | | T | exas Land | Market A | rea 3 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| | - | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Spring 2000 Projected Typical Change | | Char | Annual Change in Number (%) | |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 400 | 600 | 1,000 | 160 | 0 | 8 | 5 | 56 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 225 | 350 | 500 | 160 | 0 | 8 | 5 | 40 |
| Improved pasture | 175 | 250 | 275 | 320 | 0 | - | - | 30 |
| Native rangeland | 73 | 113 | 193 | 2,660 | 0 | 25 | 10 | 16 |
| Per animal unit | - | - | | | 1 1 1 | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,000 | 1,350 | 1,500 | 160 | 0 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | | - | | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 75% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

| | | T | exas Land | Market A | rea 4 | 9(1) | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | _ | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 400 | 600 | 1,200 | 320 | 25 | 15 | 10 | 125 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 250 | 300 | 400 | 350 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 15 |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | - | - | | | - |
| Native rangeland | 80 | 100 | 125 | 1,200 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Per animal unit | 3,590 | 3,675 | 3,950 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 600 | 900 | 1,500 | 3 | 3 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | | , F. | - | | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | | | - | - | - | |

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 19%

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Sales with minerals transferred: 50%

| | | T | exas Land | Market A | rea 5 | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | - | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 400 | 500 | 1,300 | 640 | (10) | - | - | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 150 | 225 | 300 | 320 | 0 | - | - | - |
| Improved pasture | | - | - | | - | | - | - |
| Native rangeland | 100 | 150 | 200 | 1,500 | 0 | | - | 8 |
| Per animal unit | | - | - | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 600 | 800 | 1,500 | 50 | 10 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | | | - | | | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | | | | | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 10%
Percentgage of minerals transferred: 100%

| | | T | exas Land | Market A | rea 7 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Chai | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Ren |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 650 | 875 | 1,200 | 160 | 3 | 4 . | - | 43 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 313 | 400 | 600 | 200 | (3) | 20 | (10) | 19 |
| Improved pasture | 345 | 388 | 450 | 370 | 5 | | 10 | 12 |
| Native rangeland | 260 | 300 | 350 | 800 | 5 | 10 | 30 | 11 |
| Per animal unit | 8,100 | - | 8,250 | | | | | The state of |
| Urban fringe | 1,250 | 1,575 | 2,150 | 258 | 0 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | | | | | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | | | | | | |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 32%

| | | T | exas Land | Market A | rea 8 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|------|---------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | ojected Change in | | |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 265 | 500 | 765 | 640 | 3 | - | - | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | - | - | - | - | | | | - |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Native rangeland | 43 | 103 | 143 | 11,000 | 2 | (15) | (20) | 3 |
| Per animal unit | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,100 | 2,375 | 3,635 | 540 | 6 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 80% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

| | | Т | exas Land | Market A | rea 9 | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low Average High | | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) | |
| Irrigated cropland | 875 | 1,000 | 1,500 | 160 | 1 | 30 | 25 | 48 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 325 | 575 | 725 | 188 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 20 |
| Improved pasture | 350 | 400 | 450 | 640 | 10 | (10) | 0 | 12 |
| Native rangeland | 260 | 338 | 413 | 1,500 | 10 | 10 | 18 | 8 |
| Per animal unit | 8,100 | - | 8,750 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 625 | 888 | 1,150 | 400 | 5 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Sales with minerals trans | sferred: 80 | % | | | | | | |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

| | | Te | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 10 | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 625 | 990 | 1,750 | 400 | 2 | 10 | 10 | 51 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 400 | 500 | 600 | 320 | 0 | 10 | 8 | 17 |
| Improved pasture | 400 | 500 | 500 | 410 | 5 | 50 | 38 | 17 |
| Native rangeland | 500 | 550 | 700 | 1,200 | 10 | 20 | 20 | 11 |
| Per animal unit | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,175 | 1,813 | 2,500 | 75 | 5 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 850 | 1,200 | 1,600 | 200 | (5) | 5 | (10) | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | _ | | | _ | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 62%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

| | | Te | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 11 | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Rural Land | - | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Chai | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Ren |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 675 | 825 | 1,125 | 225 | (5) | 10 | 5 | 155 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 425 | 500 | 675 | 325 | 0 | 10 | 5 | 20 |
| Improved pasture | 475 | 638 | 750 | 550 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 13 |
| Native rangeland | 500 | 675 | 800 | 750 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 |
| Per animal unit | 17,500 | 12,000 | 10,500 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 5,000 | 20,000 | 40,000 | 20 | 10 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 1,500 | 2,000 | 3,500 | 15 | 0 | 10 | 10 | |
| Timberland | - | - | | | | | _ | |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 27%

| | | To | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 12 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|--------------|--|---|---------------|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Annual Projected Change in Change Number (%) | | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | Size in Value For | | Per Acre (\$) | |
| Irrigated cropland | 450 | 600 | 800 | 160 | 3 | - | - | 25 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 350 | 425 | 550 | 320 | (3) | - | - | 20 |
| Improved pasture | 375 | 438 | 513 | 375 | 3 | - | - | 14 |
| Native rangeland | 350 | 425 | 500 | 650 | 5 | - | - | 14 |
| Per animal unit | 10,000 | - | 8,250 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,500 | 2,500 | 3,500 | 18 | - | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 50%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 38%

| | | To | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 13 | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre | | | | Spring 2000 Projected | | nual nge in | Annual |
| | (\$) | | | Typical | Change | Numb | er (%) | Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 500 | 750 | 1,200 | 160 | 5 | - | - | 25 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 325 | 350 | 500 | 160 | (5) | - | - | 12 |
| Improved pasture | 400 | 450 | 550 | 100 | 5 | - | - | 14 |
| Native rangeland | 400 | 450 | 550 | 320 | 8 | - | - | 14 |
| Per animal unit | 10,000 | - | 8,250 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 2,000 | 2,500 | 3,500 | 15 | - | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | | - | - " | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 80%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 38%

| | | Te | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 14 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|---|-----------|---------------------|--------------|-------------|------|---------------|
| Rural Land | | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) Spring 2000 Projected Change in Number (%) | | Annual Cash Rent | | | | |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,200 | 120 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 450 | 600 | 650 | 200 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Improved pasture | 550 | 700 | 850 | 200 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 14 |
| Native rangeland | 500 | 625 | 925 | 300 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 10 |
| Per animal unit | 8,000 | 8,000 | 9,600 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,500 | 2,000 | 3,000 | 15 | | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | | - | | | | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | _ | | _ | _ | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 75%
Percentgage of minerals transferred: 75%

| | | Te | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 15 | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|---|-----------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change in Value (%) | Annual Change in Number (%) | | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | - | - | - | - | - | | | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | | - | - | 10 mm | | | - | - |
| Improved pasture | | - | - | - | | | | - |
| Native rangeland | 450 | 500 | 600 | 500 | 5 | 10 | 20 | 10 |
| Per animal unit | 13,500 | 12,500 | 12,000 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,200 | 2,400 | 3,600 | 20 | - | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | | | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | | _ | | | | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 90% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 50%

| | | T | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 16 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|-----------------|--|------------------|-----|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Annual Projected Change in Change Number (%) | | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale Sold | | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - " |
| Nonirrigated cropland | - | - | - | - | | - | - | |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Native rangeland | 800 | 1,200 | 1,500 | 200 | 8 | 11 | 11 | 16 |
| Per animal unit | - | - | - | | | | - 1 | |
| Urban fringe | | 2,000 | 3,500 | - | - | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | | - | - | |
| Timterland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 75%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 100%

| | | Te | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 17 | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------|--|-----------|-----------------|--|-------------|------|---------------------|
| 1, | _ | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Spring 2000 Annual Projected Change in Change Number (%) | | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 950 | 980 | 1,200 | 1,500 | 10 | 100 | 75 | - " |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 850 | - | 950 | 300 | 10 | 45 | 25 | 15 |
| Improved pasture | 1,050 | 1,300 | 1,450 | 500 | 10 | 45 | 38 | 16 |
| Native rangeland | 700 | 900 | 1,200 | 500 | 10 | 2 | 20 | 11 |
| Per animal unit | 10,500 | 11,250 | 12,000 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,750 | 2,750 | 4,500 | 200 | 10 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| Sales with minerals trans | sferred: 88 | % | | | | | | - |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

| | | Te | exas Land | Market Ar | rea 18 | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Chai | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | | - | - | | - | - | 1. | |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 1,000 | 1,175 | 1,375 | 150 | 1 | 10 | 0 | |
| Improved pasture | 913 | 1,075 | 1,350 | 150 | 1 | 10 | 5 - | - |
| Native rangeland | 700 | 925 | 1,175 | 150 | .0 | 10 | 5 | 13 |
| Per animal unit | 13,000 | 12,750 | 8,800 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 3,250 | 4,750 | 13,000 | 75 | 13 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | | | - | | - | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | | | - | | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 100% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 63%

| | | Te | exas Land | Market Ar | rea 19 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|--|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Cha | nual nge in oer (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 600 | 650 | 700 | 200 | - | (5) | (5) | 62 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 775 | 838 | 913 | 115 | 10 | 3 | 38 | 50 |
| Improved pasture | 1,200 | 1,500 | 2,000 | 100 | 10 | 5 | 17 | 28 |
| Native rangeland | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,800 | 100 | 10 | 15 | 49 | 17 |
| Per animal unit | 7,200 | 7,000 | 4,425 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,600 | 1,650 | 1,700 | 100 | | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | | | - | 10 | 20 | |
| Timberland | | - | | | | | | |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

| | | Te | xas Land | Market Ar | ea 20 | | | |
|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | | - | - | - | - 1 | - | - | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 713 | 875 | 1,050 | 170 | 1 | 50 | 14 | 45 |
| Improved pasture | 600 | 750 | 900 | 200 | 2 | 51 | 14 | 18 |
| Native rangeland | 550 | 650 | 800 | 200 | 2 | 51 | 21 | 14 |
| Per animal unit | 6,000 | 6,000 | 6,000 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 3,000 | 5,000 | 8,500 | 40 | 5 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | _ <u>-</u> | - | | | - | - | | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | | - | | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 75% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 38%

| | | Te | xas Land | Market Ar | ea 21 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|----------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 600 | 650 | 700 | 200 | | (5) | (5) | 62 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 700 | 775 | 825 | 150 | -, - | (10) | 0 | 50 |
| Improved pasture | 800 | 875 | 900 | 100 | - | (5) | 0 | 28 |
| Native rangeland | 650 | 700 | 775 | 7.77 | - | (5) | 0 | 22 |
| Per animal unit | 7,200 | 7,000 | 4,425 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,600 | 1,650 | 1,700 | 100 | - | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | | | - | 10 | 20 | |
| Timberland | | - | _ | - | - | _ | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 80% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

| | | Te | exas Land | Market Ar | rea 22 | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 400 | 550 | 700 | 650 | 0 | | - | 25 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 363 | 475 | 600 | 650 | 0 | | - | 19 |
| Improved pasture | 500 | 563 | 638 | 650 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 13 |
| Native rangeland | 550 | 613 | 688 | 650 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 11 |
| Per animal unit | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | | | - | | | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 23% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 50%

| Rural Land | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Annual Change in Number (%) | | Annual Cash Rent |
|-----------------------|--|---------|--------|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 933 | - | - | 300 | - | 5 | 5 | |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 775 | 913 | 1,925 | 50 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 20 |
| Improved pasture | 700 | - | 350 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 10 | 14 |
| Native rangeland | 700 | 900 | 15,175 | 100 | 8 | 15 | 15 | 12 |
| Per animal unit | 5,000 | - | 5,600 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,000 | 2,500 | 9,000 | 25 | 8 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | | - | 5 | 5 | |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

| | | Te | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 24 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Annual Change in Number (%) | | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 875 | 1,025 | 1,300 | 175 | 4 | 13 | 26 | 17 |
| Improved pasture | 800 | 1,050 | 1,500 | 193 | 4 | 25 | 27 | 25 |
| Native rangeland | 900 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 200 | 3 | 25 | 13 | 17 |
| Per animal unit | - | - | | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 1,500 | 2,150 | 3,250 | 67 | 5 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | | ٠. | - | | | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | _ | - | | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 60% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 50%

| | | Te | xas Land | Market Ar | rea 25 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Chai | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 700 | 1,050 | 1,500 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100-20 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 450 | 530 | 675 | 150 | 0 | 13 | 7 | 10.00 |
| Improved pasture | 483 | 540 | 650 | 185 | 0 | 30 | 8 | - |
| Native rangeland | 435 | 488 | 575 | 200 | 0 | 20 | 13 | 14 |
| Per animal unit | | - | - | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 4,500 | 5,000 | 7,000 | 50 | 4 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | | - | | - | - | | |
| Timberland | _ | - | - | | | _ | | |

Source: Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

| | | Te | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 26 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Annual Change in Number (%) | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 850 | 1,300 | 2,250 | 100 | 10 | 5 | 8 | 31 |
| Improved pasture | 900 | 1,400 | 1,875 | 93 | 13 | 5 | 20 | 17 |
| Native rangeland | 900 | 1,450 | 1,900 | 100 | 13 | 5 | 14 | 13 |
| Per animal unit | 5,000 | - | 5,400 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 2,000 | 4,500 | 7,000 | 50 | 15 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | - | | - | 0 | 0 | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | | - | | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 90% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 50%

| | | Te | xas Land | Market Ar | ea 27 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 1,000 | 1,250 | 1,550 | 200 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 60 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 750 | 875 | 1,000 | 200 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 35 |
| Improved pasture | 900 | 1,025 | 1,275 | 150 | 5 | 10 | 5 | 15 |
| Native rangeland | 750 | 925 | 1,100 | 150 | 5 | 15 | 15 | 11 |
| Per animal unit | | - | - | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 2,250 | 3,000 | 5,000 | 100 | 10 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | - | | - | | - | |
| Timberland | | - | | | | | | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 60% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 31%

| | 1 | T | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 28 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Annual Change in Number (%) | | Annual Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 350 | | 500 | 1,125 | (3) | 10 | - | 40 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 350 | 400 | 450 | 200 | 0 | - | - | 24 |
| Improved pasture | 1,400 | 1,600 | 2,000 | 100 | 0 | (10) | 0 | 13 |
| Native rangeland | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,750 | 100 | 0 | 33 | 38 | 10 |
| Per animal unit | - | - | - | | | | | 7 |
| Urban fringe | 1,750 | 2,500 | 3,750 | 55 | 5 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| Timberland | 250 | 600 | 600 | 145 | 0 | 0 | 5 | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 50%

Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

| | Texas Land Market Area 29 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | _ | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre | | | Spring 2000 Projected | | nual nge in | Annual | | | | |
| | | (\$) | | Typical | Change | | er (%) | Cash Rent | | | | |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) | | | | |
| Irrigated cropland | 550 | 650 | 750 | 100 | 2 | 11 | 8 | 80 | | | | |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 400 | 500 | 575 | 160 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 25 | | | | |
| Improved pasture | 475 | 600 | 650 | 200 | 2 | 10 | 9 | 32 | | | | |
| Native rangeland | 350 | 500 | 563 | 400 | 3 | 15 | 7 | 18 | | | | |
| Per animal unit | - | - | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 875 | 1,800 | 2,675 | 12 | 8 | | | | | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 750 | 950 | 2,500 | 40 | | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| Timberland | 500 | 725 | 900 | 350 | - | 10 | 8 | | | | | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 50%

| | | Te | xas Land | Market Ar | ea 30 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------------|---|-----------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | - | ng 1999 Me rice Per Ac (\$) | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change in Value (%) | Annual Change in Number (%) | | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | - | - | | | | - | - | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 600 | 750 | 1,000 | 50 | 10 | (20) | (20) | |
| Improved pasture | 750 | 850 | 1,050 | 50 | 5 | (20) | (20) | 30 |
| Native rangeland | 650 | 800 | 850 | 50 | 8 | (23) | (15) | 30 |
| Per animal unit | 2,500 | 3,500 | 4,000 | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 600 | 1,500 | 2,000 | 15 | (30) | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | | - | - | | | |
| Timberland | 650 | 1,050 | 2,000 | 70 | 25 | (10) | 0 | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 30% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

| | | Te | exas Land | Market A | rea 31 | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|-----------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Rural Land | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre (\$) | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected Change | Char | nual nge in er (%) | Annual Cash Rent |
| | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | | - | - | - | - | | - | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | | - | - | | | | - | 1 3 |
| Improved pasture | | - | | | - | | | - |
| Native rangeland | | - | | | - | | | |
| Per animal unit | | - | | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | | - | | | - 1 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | | - | - | | - | | | |
| Timberland | | | - | | | 10 | 10 | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 5% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 0%

| | | T | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 32 | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre | | | Typical | Spring 2000 Projected | Char | nual nge in | Annual |
| Rural Land | Low | (\$) Average | High | Size (acres) | Change in Value (%) | For Sale | er (%) Sold | Cash Rent Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 800 | 1,000 | 1,500 | 200 | (5) | 10 | 5 | - |
| Nonirrigated cropland | 400 | 500 | 800 | 400 | 0 | 10 | 5 | - |
| Improved pasture | 450 | 700 | 850 | 600 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 14 |
| Native rangeland | 500 | 750 | 900 | 1,000 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 14 |
| Per animal unit | _ | - | - | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 5,000 | 20,000 | 40,000 | 20 | 10 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | 1,500 | 2,000 | 3,500 | 15 | 0 | 10 | 10 | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 10% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 3%

| | | Te | exas Land | Market Ar | ea 33 | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Spring 1999 Median Price Per Acre | | | | Spring 2000 Projected | | nual nge in | Annual |
| | | (\$) | | Typical | Change | Numb | er (%) | Cash Rent |
| Rural Land | Low | Average | High | Size (acres) | in Value (%) | For Sale | Sold | Per Acre (\$) |
| Irrigated cropland | 265 | 500 | 765 | 640 | 3 | - | - | 100 |
| Nonirrigated cropland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Improved pasture | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Native rangeland | 45 | 125 | 145 | 12,000 | 2 | - | - | 2 |
| Per animal unit | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Urban fringe | 2,000 | 4,500 | 7,000 | 80 | 2 | | | |
| Orchard or vineyard | - | - | - | - | | - | | |
| Timberland | - | - | - | _ | - | - · | - | |

Sales with minerals transferred: 80% Percentgage of minerals transferred: 25%

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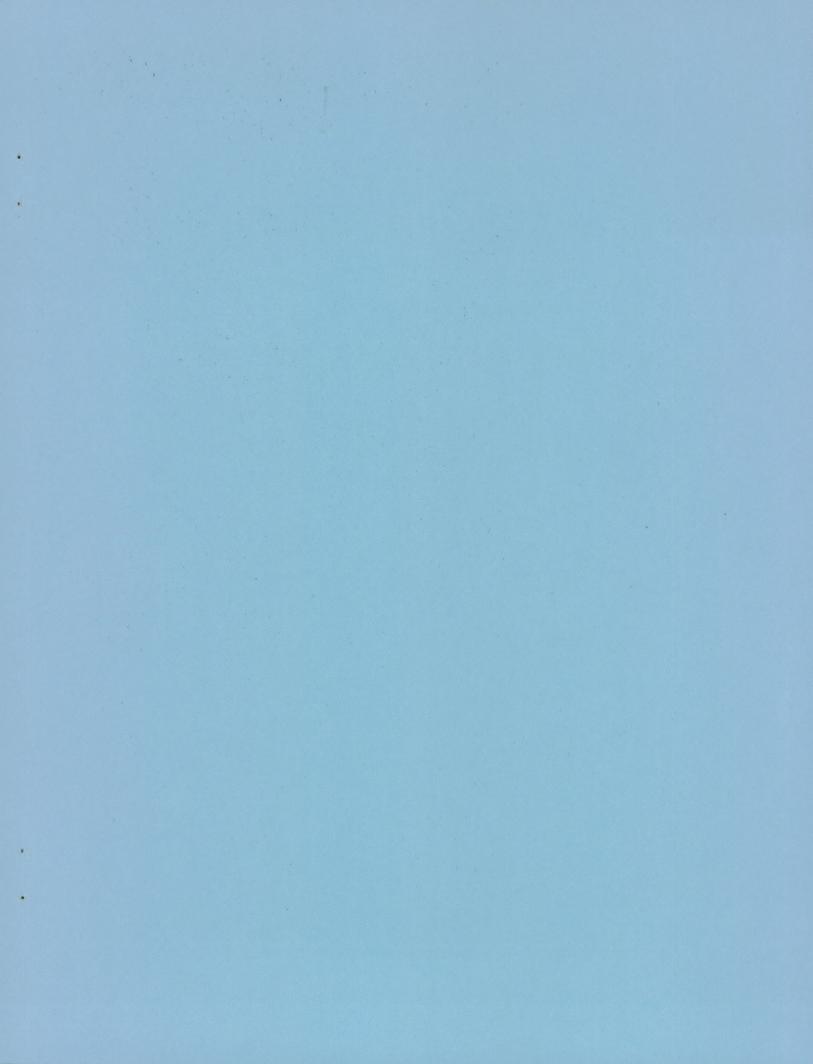
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