Tape Counter, Speaker, And Subject	Narrative
000	This is Donna Palkowsky. Today is the 20 th day of June, 2005. I am
	interviewing for the first time Mr. John Cox. This interview is taking
Donna	place in the home of John Cox at 3442 North 281, Burnet, Texas. And
Palkowsky	your name is
Introduction	
Cox	My name is John Cox.
Introduction	
Palkowsky	John, we'd like to know where you were born and when you were born.
Personal Info	
Cox	I was born in Bismarck, Illinois on November 3, 1917.
Personal Info	
Palkowsky	And what were the names of your parents
Personal Info	
Cox	Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cox.
Personal Info	
Palkowsky	Did you have any siblings?
Personal Info	
Cox	I had one older sister named Zola and one younger brother named Harry,
	Jr.
Personal Info	
Palkowsky	Okay. And, where and when did you enlist?
Enlistment	
Cox	I enlisted the 18 th of November; no, the 18 th of December, 1939 at
	Jefferson Barracks, St. Louis, Missouri for the Philippine Islands.
Enlistment	
Palkowsky	For the Philippine Islands?
Enlistment	
Cox	Yes.
Enlistment	
Palkowsky	Okay. What were the factors that influenced your joining and was it the
	Navy or the Army or what was it?

Tape Counter, Speaker, And Subject	Narrative
Enlistment	
Cox	I enlisted to go into the Army Air Corps at that time. My feeling was that
Enlistment	I expected the United States to enter the war in Europe and being assigned to the Philippine Islands I thought I was the farthermost away from any hostilities. But I was wrong.
Palkowsky	You want to tell us a little bit about experience between 1939 and 1941 when war was declared?
War Declaration	
	Lissly my hosis tunining of Manch Elettin Calls in 1 11 10 1
Cox	I took my basic training at March Field in California and sailed for the Philippines in April of 1940. My best friend and I enlisted together and
Basic	we both sailed to the Philippines and arriving there in May of 1940.
Training	
Palkowsky	And what was his name?
Best Friend	
Cox	His name was Bob Anderson. We were high school friends; had been for
Best Friend	a number of years. I was assigned to be a mechanic, which I wanted to be. Bob was sent to Clark Field; therefore, we were separated. I became an aircraft mechanic in the Philippines and that is where old airplanes are
Military Title and Job	sent to die. We had old airplanes. We had a B-3; a B-10 which I flew in one time; an 0-47 and an 0-19 and then one of the other squadrons had P-26's: the fighter squadron. At that time they called it Pursuit Squadron. I
Promotions	26's; the fighter squadron. At that time they called it Pursuit Squadron. I went to become an aircraft mechanic; went to what they called at that time A&M Aircraft Mechanic School in the Philippines. I was assigned to, at that time they called it the 27 th Materiel Squadron; now a materiel squadron in those days was like a base flight is today in the Air Corps, or the Air Force. So, we had different people doing different jobs but I was one of the mechanics. I became different; had different jobs; worked on different aircraft. I was a Private. I was a Private so long I thought PVT was my initials. But, promotions were slow. The only time we got a promotion in those days was when the ship came in, which came in every three months. Those that had served 2 years there would be sent back to the States and they would bring in new people. I vividly recall, as I walked down the gangplank, arriving in Manilla. All the troops were watching us and they all were saying, "You'll be sorry; you'll be sorry". Well, three months later I'm down there and as the new people come in I'm saying, "You'll be sorry". That was kind of a joke we had. We neverhow long do you want me to talk?
Palkowsky	We want your story.

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject Memories	
Cox	Ob goodnoog So on way I had different jobs. At one time I was on
Cox	Oh, goodness. So, anyway, I had different jobs. At one time I was on the work crew. Incidentally there was; along in early 1941 I'm walking
Military Job	down the street and I see these two new people coming toward me and I thought they sure looked familiar. They were from my home town of
Seeing	Danville, Illinois. So, it ended up there were 4 of us from Danville,
Familiar	Illinois in the Philippines.
Friends	
Palkowsky	What were their names?
Seeing	
Familiar	
Friends	
Cox	One of them was
Seeing	
Familiar	
Friends	
Palkowsky	That's okay. They'll come. You can give them to us as you remember.
Seeing	
Familiar	
Friends	
Cox	Okay. It will come to me. Harry Johnson was one of them and Chuck
	Kanean, I believe it was. His aunt was my aunt my marriage and it was
Seeing	one of those things that nobody could get straightened outhow your
Familiar	aunt could be his aunt and you're not related. But, it was just by
Friends	marriage. But, anyway, so there was another couple of men that had
	enlisted together and they had been separated and they were from Wray,
Build up in	Colorado. One of them was named John Brady; he and I became quite
the	good friends. I don't recall his name but he became good friend of Bob
Philippines	Anderson at Clark Field. So about every month or few weeks I would
T · C ·	either go to Clark Field to see Bob or he would come to Manilla.
Life in	Actually they would rather come to Manilla because there was more
Manilla,	activity because the Clark Field in the Philippines was just a little old
Philippines	village outside the base. Anyway, then along in 1941 they began to build
	up the strengths in the Philippines. We got some B-18's in and I helped
	assemble them at the base and we got some P-40's in. Activity began to
	pick up. Up to that time, our duty days were just a half a day from 7:00
	'till 11:00. And afternoons were for rest. When I first got there, I know
	I'd say, "I'm not gonna sleep in the afternoon, that's waste of time". But,

Tape Counter, Speaker, And Subject	Narrative
	you know, being in the tropics and it was hot and it was before air conditioning days; well, you know we'd eat and I'd sit around and nobody would be there; they'd all be in bed asleep. So, finally, you know I got so I'd be right in there with them, sleeping every afternoon until about 3:00 or 3:30 and we'd get up. And, in those days we drew \$21 a month as the salary. Three dollars was taken out for KP and bunk boys. At that time we did not pull KP and these bunk boys made our bed; took care of our uniforms. All of uniforms and fatigues were tailor made. And then twenty-five cents was taken out for the Old Soldier's Home.
Palkowsky	Now were these bunk boys
Life in Manilla, Philippines	
Cox	They were Philippinos.
Life in Manilla, Philippines	
Palkowsky	Okay. That's what I was going to ask.
Life in Manilla, Philippines	
Cox Life in Manilla, Philippines	Yeah, they were Philippinos. Now we all had a little kind of racket that we would work because we didn't have much money because usually on pay day I would draw around; at that time, we called it peso. It was 2 pesos for one dollar and we were paid in pesos and in those days we only got paid once a month which was the last day of the month because you never to pay anything in advance from the Government. So, I would
Money	usually draw around \$10 and the reason I say \$10; my pay would actually be \$17.25 but they would let us have \$7 of PX chits. And, then we also
Cigarettes	could have \$3 worth of what we called show tickets. At that time a show
Рау	in the base was ten-cents and there would be 30 of these little coupons and the PX chits was what we'd buy cigarettes with. We were allowed 3 cartons of cigarettes a month. They were 50 cents a carton. And at that time I didn't smoke so I would take my 3 cartons of cigarettes out into the barrio and I'd get a \$1 a carton so I would make a dollar and a half. Along about that time of course we're paying(???) \$5.00 to a 20% man. Now a 20% man was a man that you'd borrow \$4.00 and

Tape Counter,	Narrative
Speaker, And	
Subject	you'd pay him back \$5.00 on payday. Now along about that time I hit a
Bought a car	lucky streak and on one payday I won about \$300 dollars and one of the Sergeants was going back to the States and he had 1934 Buick he was wanting to sell. So, another Staff Sergeant came to me and his name, I
with a Staff Sergeant and	remember was JerikeyI can't spell it but his name was Jerikey and he says, "Cox, I don't have any money but so-and-so", and I don't
How he Ended up with the Car	remember his name 'cause I never knew him; in those days you know Staff Sergeants and above were pretty high because they hadin those days I recall a Staff Sergeant had to have 12 years in before you could make Staff. A Tech had to have 16 years and a Master had to have 20
Taxi Cab Driver	nake Stahl. A feen had to have fo years and a Master had to have 20 years in. So, they were usually older and they had their own living quarters. But, anyway, he came to me and he said that this man wanted to sell it but he didn't have any money but he could get it if I'd go in partners with him and he'd pay me the next month his share. So, I said, "Okay". So, that first weekend he wanted the car on a Friday night and he said, "Will it be okay if I use the car tonight, Cox"? And, I said, "Yeah, and tomorrow" 'cause I said, "Sunday morning I'll get up and go to Clark Field". So, I didn't see him all day Saturday and Sunday morning I got up early and dressed and went out and there was no car and I kept looking around and finally I saw one of the Sergeants walk by and I said, "Have you seen Jerikey"? And, he said, "Not since last night; he was drunk as a skunk". And, I said, "Oh, boy". So, I saw him; he came in that afternoon so I told him, "Well, the deal's off; either you pay me or I'm taking the car over". So, I ended up with the car. So, I became a taxi cab on paydays.
Palkowsky	Did you make money?
Taxi Cab Driver	
Cox	Oh, yes. And, they would let me charge \$7 worth of gas on the base and it was ten cents a gallon. So, you know I'd haul them into town for \$3.00
Taxi Cab	and you know I'd make 2 or 3 trips right after payday afternoon and
Driver	payday night so you know I had a little racket. I remember one guy he hadI forget what you call themgirlfriends in the Philippines but in
Deals	Japan it was josan (????). But, anyway I'll say josan (???) girlfriend; they had this little nest outside and on payday he have a keg of beer and
Salary	peanuts and thing like that and for a dollar you could go there and drink all the beer you wanted. You know everybody had to have their little deal. When the 17 th Pursuit Squadron came over, which these two boys from Danville were in the 17 th in Selfridge Field, Michigan. They had some Staff Sergeants that were crew chiefs on the P-26's and I was

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Promotion	driving the gas truck. Well, at that time they had raised our salary to \$30 a month if you was a Private. But, you had to have 4 months service. Well, there was two of these Staff Sergeants that were crew chiefs that
Tomotion	were still drawing \$21 a month. That's how fast they got promoted to come overseas. So, that kinda irritated me. Well, then I got promoted to 4 th Class Specialist. Now, I don't think they had them in the States but in
	the Philippines. We had Specialist's ratings and the Private First Class; First Class Specialist would draw \$36. They were paid \$6 a month extra.
	A Second Class Specialist paid \$9, I think, and it went on up to Fourth Class Specialist paid \$20 a month extra and a Fifth Class Specialist paid \$25 and a Sixth paid \$20. So a PEC with a Sixth Class Specialist would
	\$25 and a Sixth paid \$30. So, a PFC with a Sixth Class Specialist would draw \$66 a month.
Palkowsky	Now what was the pay scale?
Такоwsку	Now what was the pay scale:
Salary	
Cox	Okay. The pay scale at that time was a Private was \$30; PFC was \$36.
Salary	
Palkowsky	So, pay scale, you're saying?
~ .	
Salary	X.
Cox	Yes.
Salary	
Palkowsky	That's what I wasn't
Salary	
Cox	Yeah. The pay scale for a Corporal was \$42 and a Buck Sergeant, I
Salary/Bonus	believe was \$54, Staff Sergeant \$66, Tech Sergeant \$72 and M/Sgt \$84, I believe it was. So, anyway, suddenly I became quite wealthy; you know, \$60 a month was what I was drawing. \$50 a month, I mean, and oh, then
Driving a	if you were overseas you got a \$10 bonus so I didn't know where I was
Gas Truck	going to spend it all. And, so I was driving the gas truck and it was a
	WWI type and we only had 2 of them on the base and the other one was
Busy 20 th	usually broke down. But, anyway, the 20 th Pursuit Squadron pushed
Pursuit	those airplanes out of the hangar. Now, if you've never seen a P-26 it's a
Squadron	little airplane; a little radial engine and stubby wings and they'd line them up out there on the flight line and then they'd preflight them if you're
P-26	familiar with the Air Force you'd always preflight an airplane and they'd
Description	get out there and preflight the airplane, start the engine, blow smoke
	around and then they'd call for a gas truck and we only had one. You'd

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And Subject	
Subject	go down thereand also they had oil; they carried oil with it and in
	those days you wasn't allowed to drag the hose and it didn't have the
Fill Up the	type later on in WWII where you had compressed air where you pressed
Airplane	a button and it would roll the hose up. You wound it up by hand;
	everything was by hand. Actually it was a WWI truck so that's all I
	knew. So I would pull down there and the crew chief would want maybe
	5 gallons of gas and a quart of oil and then I'd roll the hose up and move
	forward about 15 feet and do it again and then the Second Lieutenants all came out and they'd want me to go to this airplane and that airplane and
Friends	so I became familiar with their faces and they became familiar with mine
	and I'm telling you all this because it ties into something later on. So, we
	became friends; not sociable friends, but friends and everything. So, then
	they went on maneuvers and up at called IBA which was on the China
	Sea. So, I was sent along then to take care of the fuel and the oil; to keep track of it, the order, and I left my car behind. It seemed to me it was
	about 60 kilometers up to this little strip up there and I'd been there about
	a week and one evening sitting there at the tent we see this car come in,
Car Not For	you know, and wondered, "Who's got a car". It circles around, comes up
Sale	to the tent and it's my car and it's the 20% man. And, his last name was
	Melanie and I said, "Melanie, what are you doing with my car". He said, "I found it out in the barrio". And, he said, "The rear end on it was
	burned up". So, he says, "I went down and got a used rear end and I
	fixed it up and I want to buy it". And, I said, "Well, really, it's not for
	sale". So, I talked to the Lieutenant who was in charge of us about taking
	him back that night and he said, "Yeah". So, we went back to Nichols
Secuting for	Field that night because that's where I was stationed, at Nichols Field in
Scouting for Girls	Manilla. And the next day I came back up so it made it real nice for me then because of an afternoon I wouldn't have much to do so I would get
Child	in the car and this Chuck Kanean was up there, from Danville, so we
	would go to the little villages around and meet the peopleand actually
	looking for the girls. And, so we kinda worked out a deal where we
	thought we were interested in English school teachers because they were
	supposed to be teaching English so we went to a couple of villages and, yes, the school's there, so we would go in and there would be a nice
	looking Philippino girl teaching English to about 15 of the little kids and
	we couldn't even understand her and she was speaking English. So, that
	deal didn't work out very good. But, I have some pictures of when we
German	went to this Catholic school and met this Catholic priest and he was a
Catholic Priest	German and we had a quite interesting visit with him. He was telling us about his family and he had a brother in the German Navy and he seemed
111030	to be a real nice fellow so we went on and after I'd had the car there for 3
L	

Tape Counter, Speaker, And Subject	Narrative
Park the Car Sold the Car	or 4 days or maybe a week the Lieutenant says, "Cox, you're gonna have to park your car". And, I said, "Why". He said, "Well, you know all the other fliers, the Lieutenants, are kinda getting irritated because they see you have a car; they're not allowed a car and you're having a good time" and so he says, "You'll just have to park it". So, I said, "Okay". So, anyway, I finished my time and I went back to base and that would be the end of October 1941. Payday was November 1 st , this would be the weekend after payday November 1 st ; we had been playingoh, and I had sold my car that week to this 20% man. You know you get a feeling about doing something and I told him on payday, "Melanie, you still want the car" and he said, "Yeah". So, we went down and got the papers
Blackjack	transferred and I sold him the car and I forget I think he paid me what I'd paid for it. But, anyway, that weekend after I'd sold the car we was
U U	playing blackjack in the barracks on my bed and it got crowded. So,
Transfer	someone said, "Let's go to the day room". Well, I still was in fatigues and we were not allowed in fatigues in the day room but we'd gone in and just sat at this big round table and I don't know who was dealing but the First Sergeant came in and he said, "Cox, come here". And, I thought, "Well, I'm in trouble". So, we go out and there's a bench outside the orderly room and he said, "Sit down there". And, he leaves and comes back with a couple of other men I knew and he says, "Come on" and I thought, "Well, I'm really in trouble, taking us in to the CO" which was a First Lieutenant. And, he said, "Okay, do any of you men having any objection being sent to a foreign country for a period of 6 months and probably not return". I said, "What did you say, Lieutenant" because I'm really expecting to get chewed out. I'm thinking, "Gee, transferring me; this is really bad". So, he said, "Now listen, do you have any objection being sent to a foreign country for a period of 6 months and probably not return". I said, "No sir, no sir". And, he said, "I wish I was going with you". So he said, "Pack everything you've got and be ready to leave Monday morning at seven o'clock".
Palkowsky	Would they consider the Philippines as a foreign country?
Transfer Cox	He just said a foreign country and I'm in the Philippines.
Transfer	The just said a foreign country and I in in the I implifies.
Palkowsky	Yeah, that's what I'm saying.
Transfer	
Cox	Well, you know we're thinking, "Wonder where we're going".

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Transfer	
Palkowsky	You didn't ask where?
Transfer	
Cox	No, didn't ask where. Well, he didn't know. So, Monday morning we got our footlocker packed you know and this truck came; a 6x6; we
Transfer	called the 6x6's and they called our names and we got in it. We're all three Privates but I'm ranking Private because I'm 4 th Class Specialist. I think one of them was a PFC. So, anyway, they take us down to Headquarters and we go into this room and there is 17 other men; I didn't know any of them. So, we sat there and they tell us, "You're going to be under secret orders and you're going to this other building and get your assignment". Well, we was all in the back of this truck and as we got out something made me say, "Just a minute; let's don't rush into this". So, as the men lined up going into kind of an aisle in this Quonset hut there were 2 desks here and we're actually the last 3 men and I could hear this
	one Sergeant saying, "You're going to Rabul; you're going to Singapore;
Transfer to	you 3 men are going to Darwin and we were the last 3 men and he said,
Port Moresby	"You're going to Port Moresby. So, you know, they put our names down
Dropor	and everything and we go into another room and they take our pictures for passport and so then they brief us and say, "You're going to a foreign
Proper Conduct	country; you're American military men; you will conduct yourself in a
Conduct	military manner; you have your assignments; now those going to
Leave in a	Singapore and Rabul will leave in the morning. Those going to Darwin
Week	and Port Moresby will leave a week from tomorrow. You are relieved of
	all duties; you're under secret orders; you're not to tell anybody where
Secret Orders	you're going" and secretly I'm real happy because I think I've got a week
	and I don't have to work and everybody's envious of me, you know. So,
	we go back to the barracks and they take us back to the base and we go to
	the dayroom and get an Atlas out, you know, and we're looking and I
	have no idea where Port Moresby is; you know, it don't mean anything to
Port	me. And, I'd heard of Singapore. We find Darwin, it's Australian; well, there's Darwin. And, we're looking at Dutch East Indies; we find Rabul
Moresby,	over here and all of a sudden I say, "Port Moresby; that's in New
New Guinea	Guinea" at the top of the page. So, we're saying, "Let's go have a
Liew Sumeu	Coke". So, we go to what we used to call the 10 th hole where they would
	take our chits, you know, and we're sitting there drinking a Coke and I
	see this Buck Sergeant come in and he's from the Artillery because we
	wore campaign hats in those days, and he had red ribbon around there.
	Now the Air Force is blue and yellow so he comes in and stops at the first
	table and says something to them and they point to us and he comes over

Tape Counter, Speaker,	Narrative
And	
Subject	and he gave "Are you Drivete John Cor" "Vee" Jynes told to have you
Leaving Early	and he says, "Are you Private John Cox". "Yes". I was told to have you and your men be ready to leave in the morning at 6:00. I said, "You're wrong, Sergeant, we don't yet for another week". He said, "I don't know about that; I was just told to come and give you direct orders for you to be ready early in the morning". We thought, "Oh, hell". So, the next morning this truck picks us up and takes us down to the dock and it's the Inter-Island steamer, Donna Maria, and there was 7 other men there; I didn't know them. And, a Captain Porter was our officer in charge. There was 10 of us. We all had private staterooms. The only job we had to do; one of them had to be on duty all day in case one fell overboard. So, we left about noon and, you know, I think the next day then we stopped at Zamboanga now that's the southern most tip of the
Temporary	Philippines. And, they told us, "Don't say nothing about where you're
Leave	going. You can go ashore because we're going to refuel and take on water but you're not to tell anybody where you're going because they're going to be asking you". So, we went ashore and people would say, "Where you going; where you from; what's your name". "We don't
Port	know", so 9 days later we ended up at Port Moresby; the Australians
Moresby, Australia	were there to meet us and we unloaded 280 500-lb bombs and over a million rounds of 50 caliber ammunition. Then I found out what we were to be. We were to be a refueling crew for the B-17's coming to the
Refuel Crew	Philippines that were shot down at Pearl Harbor on December 7 th . Now
Job	at Port Moresby there was the fieldshad no name so the one that the Americans were to use was called Seven Mile. It was seven miles from downtown Port Moresby; it was a five thousand foot runway that had been built; paid for by the Americans. Now this is information that the Australians told me.
Palkowsky	So this was after Pearl Harbor.
Time Frame	No. This was before Dearl Harbor. This was in November yet
Cox	No. This was before Pearl Harbor. This was in November yet.
Time Frame	
Myers	Well, this makes it sound like they knew Pearl Harbor was going to happen.
Pearl Harbor	
Cox	Yes, we were trying to get reinforcements to the Philippines. This strip had already been finishednow there was nothingno buildings. The
Runway Strip	only thing at this runway was over 2,000 drums of hundred octane fuel which wasalong the side of the runway. So, it was just all grass and
1941	this must have been probably around the 18 th of November, 1941. So,

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And Subject	
Subject	then I found out that there was 3 American Navy people flying there.
Royal Air	This was a squadron, a reconnaissance squadron, a Royal Australian Air
Force	Force Reconnaissance Squadron and they flew PBY's and this one, I
Reconnaissan	called him Captain Hutchison because he wore Captain bars; he and I
ce squadron	became quite friends so I would go up with him in a PBY and they would
	be on reconnaissance. That PBY would take off at seemed to me a
	hundred miles an hour and climb at a hundred and cruise at a hundred
PBY Plane	and dive at a hundred and land at a hundred. It was a real slow airplane.
	Then, fire machine gunsthey had a rock out there in a little island
	outside, off shore aways and target practicing. Our machine gun added a
	blister on the PBY. One time there was a British Sunderland aircraft came and they checked him out in it and let me go along so I became
Australian	quite happy with my assignment. Now the Australian Air Force was
Air Force	quite rank conscious. Privates slept in one barracks, PFC's was in
	another, you know, Sergeant's Mess, which would be equivalent to our
	Staff Sergeants had their own mess. They invited us; Private Swensk
	was with me and they invited he and I up there one night and we ate off
	of plates and they had silver and they had bus boys that were waitin' on
	them. It was as nice as any officer's club I was in later on. So, they were
	quite rank conscious and I was assigned to a crew to work on PBY's but I
	got fired the first day because they would pull preflight and they didn't have it on land; But out in the water and you'd go out in a dinghy and
	open up the cowling and the wrench would slip out of my hand and go
	over in the water and they finally told me, "Yank, we can't afford you;
Fired	you're losing all of our spanners". So, I got fired the first day on that job
	but after I'd been there about a week they came to me; the Australian
Seven Mile	Sergeant and says, "One of your planes have landed out at Seven Mile
Transfer	and they want you out there". So, they took me out there and it was a B-
	17 and this Captain Hutchison was talking to this 3-star General and they
	were refueling their plane out of these barrels which at that time we had a
	wobble pumpit was half a gallon, half a gallon, you know. So, I'm out there pumping one of those and this Australian Corporal comes up
	and says, "Yank, that ranking officer over there wants to talk to you".
	Well, as a Private I knew his rank was a Lieutenant General and, you
	know, what do you doI went up to him and saluted and said, "Private
	Cox reporting as instructed". So, he told me, "I'm Lieutenant General
Visit with Lt.	Bereton." He was in charge of the 9 th Air Force in Europe later.
General	Anyway, he said, "I just want you to know that we know you're here and
Bereton	there'll be more of your countrymen here but I do want you to know that
	you're not forgotten". And about that time a Colonel came up and he
	says, "The airplane is ready". And, so they take off and this Captain

Hutchison turns to me and he says, "Now, Cox, what rank was that
officer". I was so surprised because here I'm thinking he was a Captain
and he doesn't know his superior and I look at him kind of funny, I
guess, and he said, "I guess you wonder why I don't know" and I said, "Yes, sir, I sure do". He said, "I'm Navy". He says, "I'm a Lieutenant in he Navy" and he says, "I was stationed at Pensacola and then they ransferred me here". So, I'm explaining the different ranks and he's explaining how the Admirals and the Generals are the same so on December the 7 th , that weekend in Port Moresby, an Australian ship had
anded there and there was a bunch of the Aussies going to the middle east and so they had a big party downtown and I went to the party and came back and the next morning the radio operator says, "Hey, Yank, you blokes are in World War with us now" and I said, "What do you
nean". He says, "They bombed Pearl Harborwe got word about three
o'clock this morning".
Well, now let me ask you hereso where were you actually. This is one
of the things we want to know through this. Where were you actually on December 7^{th} and who were you with and then what was your reaction when you found out.
Okay. I was at Port Moresby, New Guinea with the Royal Australian Air Force.
And who were your friends that you were with? I mean, did you have close friends?
There was two other men with me; Privates Swensk and Thompson. The
hree of us had been in the Philippines together. All right. Immediately
hen the Aussies did not leave the next day which they were supposed to
lo. I was quite surprised in one way that they bombed Pearl Harbor and
again I was not surprised because the Japanese had been infiltering in the
Philippines and we had been warned about any military secrets; talking to he civilians because at that time there was Japanese spies everywhere.
But, I'm thinking how happy I was not to be in the Philippines. So, we bondered and talked about what's going to happen with us. Then the Australians said, "We'd better move all the gasoline drums along the

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Water and Lime Juice	runway" so we got a detail together and I remember this. They had a
Lime Juice	glass gallon jar, filled it with water and poured lime juice in it and you know it's hot and sweaty and I said, "Is that all the water you're gonna
	take for 4 of us". "Yeah, that's enough, Yank". I said, "I can drink that
	much myself". He said, "Aw, you won't". Well, he was right because
	that lime juice in there just killed my taste. Anyway, we went out and
Moving Gas	they had a crew of natives to help us move all this fuel, all these gasoline
Drums	drums, and we would put 50 drums together and dispersed them probably
	a quarter of a mile away from the runway on each side of the runway.
	Now at that time there were weeds; there was no trees; it was just all
Evacuating	grass. Then they began to evacuate the civilians from the other islands
Civilians	around there. I know they had a Ford Tri-motor airplane that was
	bringing civilian women and children from Rabul. And it had no seats;
	they just had benches in there for them to sit on and they would fly them
	in to Port Moresby. How they got out of there I do not know. This went
	on until Christmas Eve, December 24 th , when we were told that we were to take our ammunition and bombs down to the dock; that we were
Leaving Port	leaving the next day by boat. And, I said, "Where are we going". "We
Moresby,	don't know". I had about \$26 yet in American money and so I had
Australia	decided that we were going back to the Philippines. You know, they
	needed us. So, I said, "I'm going down to buy me some good old
	Scotch". So, I went down and spent all my money for Scotch and I think
	I ended up with six bottles. And, we worked Christmas Eve until 11:00
	loading these bombs on a truck and taking them down to the dock. The
	next morning, which would be Christmas morning of 1941, I'm down
	there counting the bombs and there's another little island steamer in there
Having a	and this Captain said, "Hey, Yank, come and have a drink with me". So,
Drink	I'm down there in his cabin, it's cool, and I'm drinking Scotch and water and this voice out there said, "Hey, Yank, where are you". And, I said,
	"Here". I go up and said, "What do you want". And, he said, "We got a
Going to	wireless in and you're to go to Townsville, Australia tomorrow. Captain
Townsville,	Hutchison is going to fly you in the morning to Townsville". And, I said,
Australia	"Well, what about the other people". "We don't know; they just asked
	you by name". So, the next morning I say goodbye to these troops and I
	fly to Townsville; nine hour flight, all day in that PBY, and we land and
	this Australian officer says, "Well, your countrymen were here but they
	got tired of waiting for you so they said for you to go to the Lenox Hotel
Lance II (1	and wait; they'll be back". So, this Australian officer gets this staff car
Lenox Hotel	and they take me to the Lenox Hotel in Townsville, Australia. So, the
	next morning I get up and Ioh, meanwhile, I had gone back when I'd found out I was leaving I went back and sold my liquor and got my \$25
L	1000000000000000000000000000000000000

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject Dreakfoot	healt. So that's all I had. The next maming Last up and I have steal
Breakfast	back. So, that's all I had. The next morning I get up and I have steak and eggs, you know, 'cause that Australian food is lousy. You know they like sheep's tongue and I'd never eaten sheep's tongue 'till then. I tried it with the thick skin on it and I've tried peeling it and I've tried being drunk when I ate it and they did not have water to drink. They drank hot tea and I said, "Don't you have water". "No, this tea is better for you because it makes you cooler in the long run". Well, it would; you'd perspire awful for maybe 30 minutes but then you'd be cool because I guess the perspirationbut, anyway, I had these steak and eggs. First good meal I'd had in a month and so I walked downstairs and I walk out in front of this hotel. I'm standing there and I go (take a deep
Brigadier	breath) and I kinda turned and there was that Brigadier General Claggett
General	(???). Now I knew who he was 'cause he had come to the Philippines
Claggett	along in September of '41 and had a big inspection in October and we
	were told at the time, "He'll find something wrong with every manyou wait and see 'cause he's a big one on show-down inspections". So, I remember that morning I was standing out there and I'd even stood on my bunk to take my trousers on because starched, you know, and I didn't want any creases in it and I'd made sure. I even stood in front of the mirror, you know; I just knew everything was perfect. And as they came
	down the First Sergeant's got his tablet, you know, and as you're looking straight ahead but you still see coming down about every man he's getting for something and when he got in front of me of course you stand
	and look straight ahead. I could feel his eyes going up and down my uniform and he said, "Rust spots on the shirt". Rust spots on the shirt.
	So I knew who Brigadier General Claggert (???) was and when I got
	back to the barracks I did look and you know there was 3 or 4, about the size of a pin head of rust, on my shirt. So, anyway, as I stepped out of
	the hotel there sat Brigadier General Claggert (???). "Good morning,
	General", you know. "Who are you". "Private John Cox". He says,
	"Are you one of Captain Pell's (???) men". "Yes, sir". "Oh, okay, that's
	why you're here". I said, "Yes, sir". "You know where I'm going"?
	"No, sir". "I'm on my way back to the States". And, I say, "You are"? "Yeah, I'm going to fly back today". And about that time this cab pulls
	up and says, "General Claggert, I'm here". "Good morning, have a good
	trip, General", you know. Well, I heard later when he got back to the
	States they busted him back to Colonel. He was in charge of the Air
	Force in the Philippines when the war broke out, I guess, so I was told.
Military	As a Private, you're not in on all the meetings. But, anyway, I was there a week and I'd walk down the street and people would stop me, "Where
Tourist	
Tourist	are you from". "Well, I'm from the States". "A Yank; how many of you

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
	are you". "Right now, I'm it". "Is any more coming"? "Oh, yeah". I
	didn't know. But, anyway, I'd been there a week and one evening here
Getting	comes six Americans in. I knew one of them. He was the radio operator
Picked Up	from the Philippines in my squadron and so what had happened they had
	lost a cylinder. You know in the old radial engine when we say we lose a
	cylinder you can change the cylinder so they'd made a forced landing out
	there and then the Royal Australian Air Force had flown in a part so
	that's why they were late picking me up. So, they picked me up and I
Going to	knew the radio operator. He was in my squadron in the Philippines and it was a B-18. So, we flew to Brisbane that day. Now, you know, this is
Brisbane	after the war started. You want me to stop or go on.
Diffounc	arter the war started. Tou want hie to stop of go on.
Palkowsky	Go on.
Continue	
Cox	I can talk'cause I've relived this so much. So we flew to Brisbane and
5.40	there was some P-40's that they were putting together there. The convoy
P-40s	that was on the way to the Philippines when the war broke out they had
Amberly	rerouted them to Australia and so they were putting together P-40's at Amberly Field and we landed at Amberly Field. The crew chief on the
Field	B-18 was a Staff Sergeant and he was from Clark Field. Well, the
1 loid	airplane was from Clark Field. I did not know the pilots and I don't
	remember their names today because I only saw them that one time.
	When I was with the Australians they had issued me Australian uniforms
	so I had two sets of uniforms so I would alternate my clothes. Anyway,
Darwin	two days later we took off to go to Darwin. And a Lieutenant Shorty
Lt. Shorty	Wheless and he was a B-17 pilot in the 19 th Bomb Squadron at Clark
Wheless	Field and he told me some interesting tales. He had been on
Deserveisser	reconnaissance the day the war broke out. Now the early B-17's did not
Reconnaissan ce Mission	have tail guns and that's what they had in the Philippines so he was on patrol, reconnaissance when he was jumped on by, I don't remember how
Against	many of the Japanese zeroes, but what they would do, they would just
Japan	line up behind this B-17 and just set there with their 25 caliber machine
- apair	gun and just riddle the airplane. The gunners had armor protection for
	their body but not for their legs. So, their legs were being shot up pretty
	bad. The pilots had armor protection in back of them but the bullets
	coming through were going into the instrument panel and he said the co-
	pilot; he called him by name but I don't, had a short sleeved shirt on
5.115	and these bullets would nip this shirt as they'd go by because he was just
Del Monte,	sitting there and they couldn't do anything and they landed at Del Monte.
Philippines	Now, I want to go back a little ways if I can. Del Monte in the

Tape Counter, Speaker, And Subject	Narrative
	Philippines was a secret base and it was also where the Del Monte Plantation was; they had pineapples down there. When I told you I flew in the B-10 I got to fly down into Del Monte one weekend in the B-10 and spent the night so during the war the Japanese never found this base. So, now this is information passed on to me by crew chiefs of the B-17. They would leave Australia, fly into Del Monte to pick up people. Now they would have a roster of the people they wanted from the 19 th Bomb Squadron. This crew chief on the B-17 told me that they would have the names they wanted but when they would land there Del Monte, he said there would be a lot of people come out wanting to get on board. But, rank had no preference. He said, "We would take so-and-so, he might be a Buck Sergeant, a Tech Sergeant, some Lieutenant, maybe a Major", but he says, "They knew who they wanted by name". And, they would fly in there and they would keep it barricaded during the day with empty drums on the runway. It was just a grass runway and that was the only sign that you knew it was a field. That's why the Japanese never found it because it was never listed.
Myers	What were they picking these people up for?
Del Monte, Philippines	
Cox	To get back to Australia.
Del Monte, Philippines	
Myers	For a mission?
Del Monte, Philippines	
Cox	Well, we had no people.
Australia	
Myers	In Australia?
Australia	
Cox Australia	Yeah, Americans. They were just guys that escapedlike I was. I wasn't an escapee but I was unassigned and there was somethree B- 18's got out of the Philippines. One was shot down in Java and then I became crew chief on one; which was the one I was telling you about. The other onewell, they finally parked my B-18 along in the spring of '42 for spare parts and gave me the other B-18 so I could keep one

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
England	airplane flying. But, we had no people. And, no airplanes and no parts. It's hard for people today and even during WWII when I went to England during WWIII went over to England and we had all brand new equipment and yet when war broke out down there in the Southwest Pacific we had nothing. So, I think the second day I was in Brisbane we took off and Lieutenant Shorty Wheless, which later became Lieutenant
Palkowsky	General. Everybody made General except me. What was your top rank?
Faikowsky	what was your top rank?
Rank	
Cox	Chief Warrant Officer. So, we came up to Darwin and landed and this
Rank	gas truck comes up and there is Private Swensk that was in the Philippines with me and we'd left behind and I said, "My gosh, you
Meeting up	didn't go back to the Philippines" and he said, "No, we came to Darwin".
with Private	
Swensk in	And, so I was happy to see him and that's the only time I ever ran across
	him again because the Japanese was bombing Darwin so much then that we would land at Bachelor Field which was about 30 miles from there
Darwin	
Japan	and we'd land there of an evening and take off early the next morning.
Attacked Darwin	
Myers	See I didn't know that the Japanese hombed Australia
Wyers	See I didn't know that the Japanese bombed Australia.
Japan	
Attacked	
Darwin	
Cox	Oh, the northern part. They were bombing the northern part quite frequently.
Japan	· · · · · · · · · · · ·
Attacked	
Darwin	
Palkowsky	This was early war, wasn't it?
Time Frame	
Cox	Oh, yeah. I'm speaking of January and February of '42. See, I got to Australia December 26 th and then they picked me up, I think, a week later
Time Frame	which probably would be the first week of January when I got back with
	the Americans.
Myers	Did anything happen to those people you left back at Port Moresby?
Port	
Moresby,	

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Australia	
Cox	Yeah, they ended up back at Darwin.
Port	
Moresby,	
Australia to	
Darwin	
Myers	They all got evacuated out.
Port	
Moresby,	
Australia to	
Darwin	
Cox	Yeah, they left by boat and instead of going back to the Philippines they went to Darwin and loaded there.
Port	
Moresby,	
Australia to	
Darwin	
Palkowsky	Now did any of your buddies; I mean any of the people that you knew well or was close to; were any of them injured in the war?
Injuries/Deat	
hs Buddies	
Cox	Two of them died; the ones in the Philippines, two of them died in prison camps. Bob Anderson and Chuck Kanean died in prison camp. Harry
2 Buddies	Johnson which was on the burial detail lived and he told me since then all
Died in	about the prison war camp. Bob died in April of '42 and I think Chuck
Prison Camp	died in June of '42.
Palkowsky	Do you know what prison camp they were in.
2 Buddies	
Died in	
Prison Camp	
Cox	The big one.
2 Buddies	
Died in	
Prison Camp	
Myers	In Japan.
2 Buddies	

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Died in	
Prison Camp Cox	No, in the Philippines.
Cox	No, in the Philippines.
2 Buddies	
Died in	
Prison Camp	
Palkowsky	So, were you present when any of the buddies were killed.
Anyone	
killed in	
presence?	
Cox	No. Well, not at that time.
Anyone	
killed in	
presence?	
Palkowsky	I meant in your service.
Anyone	
killed in	
presence?	
Cox	Oh, yeah. Where was I? Oh, yeah, my buddies from the Philippines. I was also told that the ones going out of the Philippines that were
Philippines	supposed to go Rabul and Singapore never got out. The ship never
Buddies	picked them up. They were captured. So, again, I was lucky. When I
Captured	was with this Shorty Wheless, we took off, and he was telling me about
Left with	the B-17's in the Philippines. Oh, and incidentally, well, let me go on with this particular story. You know I getso, coming back from
Shorty	Darwin all of a sudden we began to throw oil out of this one engine;
Wheless	number one engine. So, we find this, well we call them ranches, they call
	them stations. It was a sheep station out in the middle of the outback and
Forced	it looked like a safe place to make forced landing so we landed and the
Landing	grass was about this tall.
Myers	About a foot tall?
Forced	
Landing	
Cox	Yeah. And we landed there and everything was all right. Oh, we had an Aussiethis one Aussie was so airsick. They just drug him out of the
Forced	airplane and laid him out here about from here to the windows away from

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	the similar and from the last on the similar of the second state o
Landing	the airplane and found a leak on the airplane. It was a push rod housing
Fixing the	that was leaking, was able to repack it with water pump packing and meanwhile this pickup had come from this sheep station and taken allI
Plane	think we had around 10 passengers, and they picked them up and had
1 iunio	taken them up to the station and so I'm working on it; starting the engine.
	Nowadays, you know, you have to have a fire guard and a truck and
	everything. Here I am starting the engine myself and I'm running it and I
	don't see any oil coming out of it. So, get all through and the truck
Leaving in a	comes back and it's an old Dodge pickup, about a '34 model I imagine.
Truck to Pick	Get in it and pick up this passenger, he's sick, you know, and throw him
Up a Sick Aussie	in the truck and as we start off I'm sitting on the back, on the edge, and I look over and there was the biggest snake I'd ever seen. He was about as
Aussie	big around as my arm and he must have been 15 feet long and he wasn't
Surprise	10 foot from this poor old sick guy. I don't know how long that snake
Snake	had been there or whether it was moving or not; and it was brown. He
	was a big one. Anyway, we got up there and you know in Australia
	when they drill for water the water comes up hot and they call them a
Thirsty	bore. Where we drill they bore. Anyway, they hadeverybody else had
	been thirsty and had drunk all the cold water. You know they'll have a
	big tank out there and so I ended up drinking pretty hot water but I was real thirsty and hot water will quench your thirst. I found that out that
	day. Anyway, we spent the night there and we found out that there was a
	rail line that ran 2 days a week and it was about 30 miles from there and
	so the Australian says, "If we didn't mind they'd just go by train the rest
	of the way". So, this rancher or this Australian said he'd take them to the
	train. So we didn't mind so we went back. Well, I think on the next
T .	flightI want to tell you thisit was kind of interesting. On the next
	•
winttington	
Flight to	we're doing. So we fly into Darwin to spend the night at Batchelor Field
Darwin	and went to take off the next morning and the next morning this
	Lieutenant Whittington comes out and I says, "We going to Java". He
,, <u>,</u> ,	said, "No, it's been changed. They found out that we've had a lot of
	1
C0-P1101	
Flight to	•
-	•
	came in there and we let down and it's desert, it's like west Texas, and
Lt. Whittington Flight to Darwin New Job: Co-Pilot Flight to Cloncurry	flight we have this Lieutenant Whittington. He was a Second Lieutenant and a First Lieutenant Lt. Coats and he's from the Philippines and so we're going to Java so we fly up to Darwin. And what we're doing, I'm in this B-18 and we're hauling supplies and passengers is actually what we're doing. So we fly into Darwin to spend the night at Batchelor Field and went to take off the next morning and the next morning this Lieutenant Whittington comes out and I says, "We going to Java". He said, "No, it's been changed. They found out that we've had a lot of trouble there and this plane isn't combat ready", which it wasn't. So he says, "You're co-pilot". "Well, okay, you know". So we take off and he's Second Lieutenant and I'm a Private and we landed at Cloncurry. Now Cloncurry was in the middle of the outback and that was always a refueling place and we always spent the night there. But, anyway, we

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	I'm telling you we hit that ground and we bounced up in the air and he
Pilot's Training Picking up Passengers from Java	I m telling you we nit that ground and we bounced up in the air and he throttled forward and dropped the flaps and we stagger around and finally come in again and we made an approach of, I think, about 10 miles and it was a pretty good landing. And, after we landed and cut the engine he turned to me and said, "Cox, how come your face was so white". And, I said, "Well, it's the first time I ever hit the ground so hard we could bail out". And, he said, "It's the first time I ever landed this airplane". He'd never flown a B-18. So, I'm telling you early in the war that's what we had. Those pilots that we had had been checked out in P-40's. Now they only had 8 to 10 hours in a P-40. They'd never flown a twin-engine airplane so I'm pointing out early in the war people don't believe all this. But anyway, we laugh about that years later, you know. But, anyway, we got back and the next trip we made up there he said, "We got a bunch of passengers". I said, "We have". "Yeah". Here come all these Lieutenants from the Philippines; there must have been 15 of them. I don't know, I guess they'd been in Java; boy, they see me they say, "Hi, Cox", you know. Glad to see me and glad to get into civilization and everything. But, anyway, so a lot of themthey got some of the pilots out of there. They might have taken them out in the B-17, you know, because I've read an article here on this one Captain. They had a plane that they was flying night from Manilla down to Del Monte at night and taking people down there. And so that might be how they got them out. I never know but it was kind of like happy days, you know. And, I never saw them again although we had P-40's flying protection for us later on in New Guinea.
Myers	Okay, you ready to stop here. Is this a good stopping place?
Stop Time?	
Cox	Yeah.
Stop.	
Myers	This is Jo Ann Myers. Today is the 5 th of July, 2005. I'm interviewing
and	for the second time, Mr.
2 nd Interview	
Introduction Cox	John Cox
COX	JOHN COX
2 nd Interview	
Introduction	
Myers	This interview is taking place in the home of John Cox. Now the last
	time we talked you told us about being in Australia and your war stories

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
2 nd Interview	in Australia. So now after Australia you went to New Guinea so let's
Introduction	start there. When you went to New Guinea.
New Guinea	
Cox	Well, first in Australia when I had the B-18 it was not considered safe to
Flying	cross the water to go to New Guinea so we ended up flying supplies in
Supplies in	Australia. I had more experiences in Australia as poor maintenance and
Australia	poor training that actually I had in New Guinea. Flying the B-18, Pappy
	Gunn which had been a civilian pilot in the Philippines, flying a
Pappy Gunn	Philippine airlines aircraft was our squadron commander. His wife and
Rescue	daughter were captured in the Philippines and he wanted to fly back into
	Del Monte to try and rescue them. We put bigger engines on his airplane
	which the air force version was a C-45. Put tanks in there and did fly
	back to Philippines along in February of 1942 but had no success in
Gunn Family	finding his wife and daughter. I understand later that they did survive the
Survives in	war in a prison war camp in the Philippines and were all right. So, those
Prison Camp	were the conditions under which we were flying in the early part of the
	war. He and I then flew on to Brisbane and then he remained with the
	aircraft flying and then we'd have a different co-pilots at times and
	sometimes I would be co-pilot. He was a Second Lieutenant and I'm a
	Private and we decided that we were probably the lowest rank aircrew in the Air Force at that time. But, anyway, along in April we began to get
22 nd Troop	some replacements in and they formed another squadron which was
Carrier	called the 22^{nd} Troop Carrier Squadron and he was transferred to that.
Squadron	So, I had another Second Lieutenant called Graham. Well, we had a lot
~ 1~~~~~	of experiences. When we would take off he would shove the stick
2^{nd} Lt.	forward and we would be like cutting grass and then he would pull the
Graham	stick back and we would zoom up into the air. And every trip we made
	to Darwin we'd get lost. At that time the auto pilot didn't work. It
	would keep the aircraft at a certain altitude but it would not hold it's
	course so we always had to sit up there and fly it. So, we would take
Flying and	turns flying because it would get pretty monotonous but we would
Getting Lost	always get lost becausethose that had been out in west Texas years
	agothat's the way western Australia was and we would see a green
	area and we'd say, "Oh, that's on our left; now when we come back it'll be on our right". So, we want to make sure because the only means of
	be on our right". So, we want to make sure because the only means of navigation we had was a compass. So, there was no radio contact. We
	did have a Shell roadmap, but there were no roads out there to speak of.
	There were trails, but no highways. Well, we would come back and we
	would see this green area and we'd say, "Uh oh, we're off course, let's
	get over there". So, we'd fly and we would realize we was lost and we'd
	get over there . So, we diffy and we would realize we was lost and we'd

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Rain Squalls	circle around and finally get orientated enough to find our next town which we were going to refuel at. Well, I guess a couple of months later we finally found out why these green spots seemed to move. Out there
	they would have rain squalls in the area like in the desert and that area would green up and what we'd seen the week before had already turned brown and that's why we were getting lost all the time. Lieutenant
Lt. Graham	GrahamI asked him one time, "Why do you shove the stick forward all the time like that". He said, "Well, I was a fighter pilot; I had about 8 or 10 in a P-40 before I came overseas and that's the only flying I've had". So, it was a case of where trial and error method of flying. Of
	course I'd never had any flight training at that time but you know you do what you have to do. But, anyway, we would go different places. One particular flight I remember so well, we was up at Darwin and came out
	and we had about 6 or 8 Australian Army Aussies as passengers and I
Drysdale	said, "Where we going this time". He says, "It's a little Drysdale (???)
Mission	Mission". I said, "I've never heard of it". And, it said, "Well, I haven't
	either but it's along the west coast of Australia". So, we fly there and
	after about an hour out of Darwin we see this "X" that's sort of cut into
	the jungle. The trees were about, oh some of them were about a hundred
	feet tall, but it was a jungle like and there was this "X" that they had cut
	the trees down. So, we went in to land there and had almost slowed
	down some when suddenly the airplane just dug it into the ground. I was
	thrown up into the instrument panel, wasn't hurt, but what had happened this was all conduced the lending goer buried itself in the cond and the
	this was all sandy and the landing gear buried itself in the sand and the fuselage is on the ground and so we get out and look at it. And this was
	just an outpost and so we're scratching our head and trying to figure out
	what are we going to do. We were short of airplanes and we sure needed
	this airplane back so there was some Aussies already there and they said,
	"You need to get this aircraft out of here because we're bombed every
	night and the Japanese will destroy the aircraft". So we finally figured
	out we would unload everything and see if we could dig it out. Well, we
	loaded everything and we drained all the gasoline out except 200 gallons
	and we just dug like a trench wave in front of each wheel sloping upward
	and then we went out and cut some trees down about as big around as our
	arm and they were about 10 feet long and laid them long wise in these
	trenches like because there was no equipment there to pull the aircraft out
	so we had to get the aircraft out with it's own power. So, Lieutenant
	Graham got up in there and started the engines and as the aircraft began
	to move out then, pull itself out, as the wheels came up on these logs one
	of these logs raised up and the propeller hit it. It was bent so we cut the
	engines off. Bent one prop blade forward about 6 inches; the other prop

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
	blade was bent backwards about 6 inches and the third blade was undamaged. Well, we were scratching our heads again and he said, "Cox, you reckon you can straighten that". Well, I never knew how stiff those props were and you know all I had was a ball peen hammer and you know I said, "Nope, I can't do it". But, the engine seemed to be all right so then we cut the trees into about 18" to 2 feet across and laid then down like Lincoln logs. Then we started the engines up and it pulled itself out and we got it turned around. By then it's late in the afternoon; we'd been there all day fighting that thing; hot; dry. So, then we left all the equipment that we had on board; all the supplies that we were supposed to deliver. We unloaded everything except 200 gallons of gasoline. There was 4 of us on the airplane and we were going to try and take off. Now, this number one engine with the damaged prop was vibrating pretty bad but you know you do what you have to do. Well, we tried to go this one way and we couldn't get up enough speed; we'd get up about 30-35 miles an hour airspeed so then when we came down to the intersection of the other runway then we turned around and taxied up there and that threw us up in the direction of some big trees. But we decided we have to do what you have to do so we started down and we got to the intersection of the other cross-wise and co-pilot said, "Pull head or the atick" heaven Combarn always heave the atick for word. Well
	back on the stick" because Graham always had the stick forward. Well, when he pulled back on the stick the aircraft began to lift itself a little bit and at 68 mph we lifted off going right toward those big tall trees. We did clip the top of the trees but we took off and was heading for an Australian airbase which was about an hour inland. So, when we got there it was dark and we buzzed it and they turned out all the lights.
	Well, we buzzed it again and kept calling on the radio and finally then they answered and they had no runway lights but they did light some smoke pots as we called them along the edge of the runway. Well, we
	came in and landed and at the time I saw all these troops standing there with their rifles along the runway and I thought, "What a reception; they're sure anxious to see us". Well, when we did taxi up to this so-
	called hangar and cut the engines we found out they thought we might be Japanese and they wasn't going to take any chances. Well, they couldn't fix the prop, you know they didn't have anything. So, we scratched our
	head again and decided to wear our parachutes and take off and see if we can't get to Brisbane. So, we did. Well, I'm telling you that airplane
	vibrated all the way but it held together and we got to Brisbane and they changed the prop that night and told us to fly to Melbourne the next day
Flying to	for an engine change. Well, we flew to Melbourne the next day and the
Melborne,	engine change consistedthey didn't have any engines in Australia for

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Australia	this particular type. They were wright cyclone engines, 9 cylinder; I
Eiving the	forget the official designation. Seem to me I want to say 930 or 960
Fixing the Plane	wright cyclone engine. Well, they did, they disassembled the engine; checked everything and put it back together. We were there three or four
1 Iane	days. We got ready to leave and Lt. Graham said, "Well, let's take off
	tonight". I said, "Well, we have to have an hour's flight time that's the
	regulations". And, I said, "Any time you change engines; overhaul
Quality	engines, you have to have an hour's flight time in the area in case
Assurance	anything was not corrected properly". Well, he kind of fussed about it
Flight	but I was animate about it so we took off and we flew an hour and then
C .	we landed and picked up a bunch of passengers and I remember a
	Lieutenant Thomas was the co-pilot. Well, we took off and it must have
	been seven o'clock that night. It was dark. And, about an hour coming
	back up we got lost; fog; rain; flying along and we see this light down
	there so we dived down. I said, "What are you going to do". He said,
T 1 · · ·	"We'll dive down there and see where we're at". So, we dove down
Flying to	there and it was a car going through the Pass-in the mountains so he
Brisbane	pulled up realscared us alland he pulled back on the stick and we got up to about 80 mph and I said, "Lieutenant, you better push the stick
	forward or we're gonna stall". So, he pushed it forward so then we dived
	down and we got up to 200 mph which we usually cruised at 150. And, I
	said, "You better pull back on the stick". Well, the co-pilot never said a
	word because it was the first time he'd flown, I guess, with us. I hadn't
	seen him before so then finally got leveled off and we were about 6 or
	7,000 feet, I guess, in the fog and Lieutenant Graham said, "Cox, you get
	up here in my seat and I'm going back in the back where I can turn a
	light on and try and figure out where we're out". So, I got up there and
	the co-pilot said, "If you was in charge of this airplane, what would you
	do". And, I said, "Well, I'd climb up to 10,000 feet and head towards the
	coast and then when I got to the coast I'd follow the coast up to Prichana". So we did and that's about an hour. All of a sudden we
	Brisbane". So, we did and that's about an hour. All of a sudden we could see lights and we came out of the fog and there was the coastline so
	we turned up the coastline and Lieutenant Graham comes back and we
	change seats and we land at Brisbane. And, Lt. Graham said, "I'll go
	check to see what our schedule is and what time we take off in the
	morning". And, Lt. Thomas says to me, "You know who got us here
	tonight, Cox". And, I thought he was gonna say it was me but I said,
God	"No". And, he said, "It was God". And, I said, "You're right on that".
	So anyway the next morning Lt. Thomas comes and another co-pilot and
	I asked about Lt. Graham and he said, "Well, he's not flying with us".
Lt. Graham	Well, you know, okay. But, I found out later that they had relieved him

Таре	Narrative
Counter, Speaker, And	
Subject	
Transferred Distinguishe	and they transferred him to the 19 th Bomb Squadron as a tech supply officer. But, anyway, maybe I shouldn't be telling this but there was times whenI got my Distinguished Flying Crosses for flying into
d Flying Crosses	combat zone in an unarmed aircraft but I think I had moreI should have got those DFC in Australia because it was pretty hairy at times.
(DFC)	have got mose DFC in Australia because it was pretty hairy at times.
Myers	Because you were flying with idiots, huh?
DFC	
Cox	Yes. After we had Lt. Thomas things got better but one day we're coming back from Darwin to Brisbane and all of a suddenand that was
DFC	in April, I believe, or May of 1942the number one engine begins to blow smoke and oil and we're in the middle of nowhere and we're
Plane	debating rapidly, "Do we bail out". I get the parachutes; the same
Trouble	parachutes that had never been inspected; we'd kicked them and pushed them around and used them for pillows. That time we picked them up gingerly and put them on but the co-pilot got the map out and he says,
Emergency	"There's a little town up here about 30 miles that says there's an
Landing in Winton	emergency strip there; shall we try and make it". And we said, "Yeah". So we did and it was a little town called Winton. It was a population of a little less than a thousand people but they had a little emergency strip there so we came in and landed and the people in the town came out to greet us. They had seen all the smoke and oil as we was flying in so there was one hotel there so they had a telephone so we call in and report
Left in Winton	it. Well, we were all there a week in this little town and then they flew an airplane in. It was a DC-3 and they picked up the rest of the crew and left me there with the aircraft and also picked up the engine and said they'd probably be back when it got ready. Well, there was a garage man there that had a garage and he told me, "Yank, I've got a pickup; if you've got petrol; you can use my pickup". I said, "I've got petrol". So, I had transportation there and I would go out to the airplane every day and every third day I would run one engine to keep everything working
B-17 Forced Landing in Winton	all right. I was there 3 weeks. I'd probably still be there if a B-17 with a General on it hadn't made a forced landing out into the boonies. And, they had got lost just as we had got lost because there was no communications at that time. But, anyway, that night the man that owned the hotel told me, "Hey, Yank, you want to go with the people out there; one of your planes; your Yankee friends have made a forced landing out there; you want to go pick them up". I said, "How far is it out there". He said, "Oh, about 30 miles". I said, "Oh, I'll just wait".

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Borrowed a	Well, the next morning I had borrowed a Victrola and this hotel which
Victrola	was an old Western style with a veranda or porch going all around the
	inside and each room had two doors. One to go out on the porch side on the back of it and then you had the hall on the front. So, I'm laying there
	in bed and I hear this noise and I look up and I see this Major looking at
Major Visit	my Victrola and I thought, "Uh oh, we've got company; I better get up".
inagor vibre	So, got up and went down to eat and there in the dining room was about 6
	or 8 high ranking officers in there and a fellow in a Navy uniform and
Corporal	they're looking at me and they're talking to each other and then looking
Rank	at me again. Finished eating and I got out so this Colonel comes up to
	me and said, "Who are you". And, I said, "Corporal Cox". I was a
	Corporal at that time. So, he goes over and tells this Brigadier General so
Meeting	the General says, "Corporal, come here". So, I go over and saluted in the
Bridgadier	military manner. And he said, "What outfit you in; why are you here".
General	And, I said, "Well, I have a B-18 and we lost an engine and I'm waiting
Lyndon B. Johnson	for an engine to come in". He said, "Is that Hampton's (???) outfit".
JOHNSON	And, I said, "Yes, sir". He said, "Is that airplane still here". And, I said, "Yes, sir". Well, he said, "We'll have to do something about that". And
	about that time this B-17 buzzed the town and it was called the
	"Swoosh". Now that was a B-17 that had come out of the Philippines
	with the early version of a tail gunner. And, but anyway getting back to
	this Navy officer; I found out later that was Lyndon B. Johnson. And,
	Roosevelt had sent him over on a fact finding mission and General Royce
	was taking him around when they made this emergency landing. I didn't
	find that out until much later. But, I thought that was something. But,
	anyway, this B-17 landed out there so we all went out there and bid
	goodbye and it took off. Well, in a week's time I had an engine with a
Marana	crew and my vacation was over with.
Myers	So, did you actually get to meet Lyndon Johnson or you just found out who he was later.
Meeting	who he was latel.
Bridgadier	
General	
Lyndon B.	
Johnson	
Cox	I just found out who he was. But, he heard my story but he never said
	anything and at that time I didn't know Lyndon Johnson from a hole in
Meeting	the wall.
Bridgadier	
General	
Lyndon B.	

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Johnson	
Myers	Well, he was still a Congressman then? He was in the Navy, wasn't he?
5	
Meeting	
Bridgadier	
General	
Lyndon B.	
Johnson	
Cox	Yes. So, anyway, when I got back to the base. Oh, we had to land at
	Charleyville which was about an hour and a half flight because that was
Leaving for	all the gasoline left in the aircraft and the aircraft people had gone out
Charleyville	there and scratched their initials on the paint so we got back to the base
	and Captain Hampton says, "How come you got all these initials on the
	airplane". And, I said, "Well, I couldn't stand out there 24 hours a day".
Almost Court	He says, "In the military you're on duty 24 hours a day; I'll court-martial
Martialed	you". I didn't say anything but they took the aircraft up in to be gone
	over and check the engines and everything because it had been on the
Plane	ground about a month. Anyway, after the airplane was repainted they
Repainted	gave it back to me and Lt. Thomas and Staff Sergeant was the co-pilot
	and we had 7 Staff Sergeants that were pilots. At that time they had gone
	through regular pilot training and instead of them giving commissions to
	Second Lieutenants they were all Staff Sergeants. Anyway, we was
Flew to	onthey'd shuffle flights aroundand this one time we'd been up to
Darwin	Darwin again and coming back and all the oil began to come out of the
Again and	front of the nose of the aircraft and it was about a 30 minute flight away
More Plane	from a new field that had been built called Iron Range. There was no
Trouble	airport personnel there but engineers so we made this emergency landing
	there and I could see the oil was coming out of the prop governor but it was on the nose of the number one engine again. So, we taxied up there
	and I thought there was a revetment there that I thought he was going to
	turn into but all of a sudden the pilot swung the tail around and drug the
	tail across the revetment and broke the tail. The stabilizer, one side was
	on the ground and the other was up in the air and it tore the fuselage
	about two-thirds of the way around. And, we had been up to Horn Island
	and had picked up, I believe if I remember right, there was 4 maintenance
	people with their tool boxes. They'd been up there salvaging a B-17 so
	we got out and looked at it and scratched our heads again and talked it
	over and I'd say there was no airport personnel there. There was just
	engineers that had built the runway so they had nothing, of course. They
	had boards and could smooth dirt but they didn't know how to work on
	airplanes. But I had these 4 mechanics so anyway we decidedand

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Rank	there was a Master Sergeant in charge of those people and at that time
Change:	I'm a Buck Sergeant so we decided we'd jack the aircraft up and maybe
Buck	we could straighten up the tail section and take boards and put boards on
Sergeant	it and get the tail and get the airplane back together. So, these boards
	were 1x4's and 1x6's and we would put them on the inside to straighten the tail. We thought we had it pretty straight. I just had a stick and we
Trying to Fix	would measure and we'd look and say, "I believe it needs to go up a little
the Plane	bit higher on this side". And, we went to work and had lots of boards.
the Fluite	They had a saw mill there so they were rough cut boards; they wasn't
	planed or anything. When you say a 1x6 it was really a 1x6 and so they
	started doing that and I started to work on the prop governor and what
	had happened it was cotter keyed but due to vibration the cotter key had
	fallen out and the nut had backed up and allowed the top of the governor
	to come up and I'd never worked on a prop governor and there I was
	trying to put it back together and it had a bunch of gears in it. Well, I'd
	put these gears in there and put it back on the aircraft. I didn't want to
	run the engine but you know by then we had the tail which we thought
	was on there pretty good but when you run an engine it shakes the whole
	aircraft and we had to run it. Well, normally it was supposed to pull 37- 1/2" of manifold pressure and 20, I believe it was 2700 rpm's. Well, I
	could only get 2000 rpm and around 30" of manifold pressure so we cut
	it off and I took that governor apart again and switch those gears around.
	Finally I got it to whereabout the 3 rd or 4 th time I did thatI got it to
	where I could pull 35" of manifold pressure and I believe it was 2350 or
	2400 rpm's but nobody wanted to fly out with it so Lt. Thomas says,
	"Will you go with me and see if we can get the airplane off the ground".
	I said, "Yeah, I'll go with you". So, finally we loaded up with fuel which
	was 800 gallons of gas and while we had boarded the tail back on this
	vertical stabilizer and a horizontal stabilizer was just forward of that.
	Well, the tail wheel which was supposed to pivot; we had so many boards
	there it wouldn't pivot so to get the aircraft to the runway the engineers
	put it on a trailer and then there was a truck that pulled the aircraft to the runway. We were there about a week and that's when I decided I did not
	like jungles 'cause their tents where we slept at was in the jungle. And, if
	you haven't slept in a jungle you don't know how scary that is,
Jungles	particularly at night. Everything was wet and muddy; the canopy of the
	trees was up high; the only time the sun shines through there is maybe at
	noon. All the noise at night; it's really dark and you know normally
	when you're that age you don't have to get up at night and go to the
	bathroom but when it was like that you had a latrine down the way that
	you was supposed to go to and then this path but they had a rope and

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
	posts along there because it was so dark you couldn't see and you'd feel
	your way to the latrine and just invariably I'd try and hold it until I
	couldn't. So, I don't like the jungle. Well, we got ready to take off and
	meanwhile we was supposed to check in so what the radio operator did
	was we fixed up a code and I was to be radio operator and crew chief and
	co-pilot. I was to check in every hour so that they'd know where we
	were and they would give the weather report. Now we just used dots and
	dashes in those days and so I had this sheet of paper and I was to call in overv hour and I made it date and dechas and I forget just how it was but
	every hour and I made it dots and dashes and I forget just how it was but after we took off and the airplane flew a little crooked for awhile until we
	got adjusted to the trim 'cause we didn't have the tail on real straight.
	So, the first hour I'd go back there and I'd look and it was rainy and I'd
	go back there and the tail seemed to be all right and I'd climb up in the
	seat. Meanwhile, that 800 gallons of gas and supposedly a 8-hour flight
	and we normally burn a hundred gallons an hour so we cut back on the
	fuel mixture as much as we could. In those aircraft in those days you had
	a fuel mixture and the leaner that you run the fuel the hotter the engine
	would get and you'd have markings on there; green and then red. So, we
	would lean the engines back until they were just barely in the green and
Checking the	incidentally when we landed 8 hours and I think 40 minutes later we still had almost a hundred gallons of gas. But, anyway, after the first hour I
Weather	went back and turned on the transmitter and I dot, dot, dash, you know,
vv outlier	and they was supposed to be standing by and they may give me code how
	the weather was supposed to be. So, I would turn the transmitter on and I
	would finish my dots and dashes and then I would turn the transmitter off
	and turn the receiver on and what did I getdit,dit,dit,ditI didn't
	know what they said. You know I was kind of scratching my head and I
	then put in I received a message and I'd go up and the Lt. Thomas would
Flew to	say, "How's the weather". And, I'd say, "It's okay". Well, I think we
Brisbane	flew 6 hours in rain. Anyway, every hour I'd check in but I never knew
Almost Court	what they said. But, anyway, when we landed in Brisbane, Captain Hampton came out to the airplane and said, "Cox, I ought to court-
Martialed	martial you for bringing this airplane back". But, I knew he was all wind
Again	because he promoted me to Staff Sergeant the next day. But, anyway,
	then the aircraft; I never saw it again. They towed it up to the service
Promoted to	area and I was on the ground crew there for a couple of weeks and I kept
Staff	telling them, "I need and airplane, I need an airplane". So, then they
Sergeant	gave me a DC-3 which was at that time we called them C-53's and I went
	to New Guinea.
Given a DC-	
3 to go to	

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
New Guinea	
Myers	Okay, so now you're on your way to New Guinea.
Going to	
New Guinea	
Cox	Yes. What we was doing there; we would fly up to New Guinea and the
D	Japanese, of course, were in New Guinea. They were on the other side of
Dropped	the mountains and so we had Australian troops that were in thenow
Supplies to	this was all jungle and we're at Port Moresby. During the day we would
Port Moresby	fly; air drop supplies to them; that was early in the war and we did it by
Long	trial and error. And, we would fly; always took off at daylight because
Japs	the fogs would build in over the Kakota Pass and, but we didn't have far
Attacking	to fly because the Japs were about 10 miles from the base at that time and
	we would fly up there and air drop supplies to themthe Aussies. And, in a clearing and we wouldand the Japanese, the nasty old things, they
Slooping in	would try and shoot us downso finally they got some P-40's up there
Sleeping in the Plane	
the Plane	and they would fly formation with us and protect us. We would stay in the aircraft at right, clean in the aircraft, the radio energies and L. We
	the aircraft at night; sleep in the aircraft, the radio operator and I. We
	had a cot and we would put it up and sleep in it at night. Now every
	evening it was raining and that's when I would take a shower, get out there and the water would run off the wings and we would take our
	shower there. That was our shower and I had another set of fatigues that
	I'd put on that I'd call that my pajamas. We didn't have a mess hall but
Eating	they would pick us up there. There would be about 4 or 5 aircrafts from
Lating	our squadron that would be up there and they would come and pick us up
	and take us on the other side of the field, or the strip we called it, and
	there was a mess hall there and we'd eat there and then come back.
	Sometimes we'd get in late and they would bring us vitamin pills and
	we'd have vitamin pills for our supper that night. We didn'tyou know
	they talk about the C-Rations and stuffwe didn't have anything like
	that at that time of the war. We didn't have much of anything. And,
Port Moresby	when I had first got to Port Moresby, New Guinea in November of '41
	there was nothing there and when I got back there in August of '42 there
	was quite a bit of activity there. There was the B-25's there and some B-
	17's. Now they didn't spend the night there because the Japanese would
	bomb us every night. They would wait until about midnight; you know it
	would get dark around 8 o'clock, maybe 9. And, they'd wait until you
	got to sleep and then they'dwe used call them Washing Machine
Washing	Charlie and he'd come over and circle around there for 2 or 3 hours and
Machine	anti-aircraft would have search lights and they was trying to find and they
Charlie	would shoot up. But, then on certain nights we knew there was to be a

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Bombing	lot of bombers because of their superstitions or something but on the nights of the 7 th , the 11 th , the 17 th and 27 th they'd always send, I don't
	know how many bombers over, but they'd always bomb us heavy on
	those nights. I wasn't too scared of the bombs but it was the scrapnel
	from the anti-aircraft guns that was just like hail and some of them would
	be pretty good chunks of metal and it would come down. Finally I would
	watch and I would take my cot and put it underneath the wing of the
	aircraft because we had bomb craters out thereyou know, you'd run
	out there and it would be dark and you'd jump in there and the scrapnel
	would start coming down and you know, which is worse. But, this went
	on a lot but then finally we got enough reinforcements and along in, I
	guess, December of '42 they sent bombers over to their base to keep them away. So, you know it was a cat and mouse game all the time. But,
	we would always take off at daylight and usually about noon the weather
Aircraft	would close in. And, we would stay up there and sleep in the aircraft. I
Damage	had some damage to my aircraft from bullets but always remember one
	and you talk about luck. On a preflight this one morning I looked up in
	the wheel well; now the wheel well is where the wheel goes up after you
	take off and there's a lot of hydraulic lines and fuel lines in the well and
	that's where all your plumbing is, on the strut I could see where a shell or a bullet and these strute were round but had hit this strut right in the
	a bullet and these struts were round but had hit this strut right in the middle and fractured but did not glance off it any way. Because if it had
	it would have hit some of the lines because there all type of lines in there.
	But, anyway, I think that was about the most damaging and lucky thing I
	saw. But, we would stay up there until the aircraft was due for a hundred
Flying to	hour inspection and then we would fly back to Brisbane for maintenance.
Brisbane for	We'd be there a couple of days and then be back up there. Well, I don't
Maintenance	know, I got my first Distinguished Flying Cross, I believe in November
Distinguish	of '42 for going 50 missions in the enemy territory, combat zone they
Distinguishe d Flying	called it. I'd flown 50 missions. Then the whole squadron moved up there at Christmas of '42 and then there was more aircraft coming in
Cross	from the States. Meanwhile, we would still fly every day, every day.
	And, some days we'd only get 2 missions in and other days we'd get
	several. Along in January of '43 the Japanese had been driven back at
Japs Driven	that time there was an airstrip called Wau. It was on the side of a
Back	mountain; you landed uphill and you took off downhill. We would fly in
	there; the Aussie commando we would fly them in supplies and never cut
Flying	the engine; land uphill and they would jump out and run into the jungle.
Supplies to Aussie in	Japanese were on the other side throwing mortar shells. One day we
Aussie in Wau	went in there and landed and they had bombed it that night and they didn't fill in these shell holes; they'd just been filled in with loose dirt.
11 au	ardin t min menese shen notes, they a just been miled in with 100se dift.

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker, And	
Subject	
	Well, this pilot, I don't remember who he was, but he taxied up there and
	the airplane got stuck in that bomb hole and normally we would never cut
	the engines. The commandos would jump out and run right into the
	jungle. Well, I grabbed my Tommy gun and I was gonna go with them
	'cause the Japanese was on the other side but this Australian officer came
	up and said, "Wait just a minute" and I could hear him hollering and in a little bit there must have been 30 native people came out. I guess they
	hauled supplies. They came out and he jabbered to him in pidgeon
	English which they spoke and they got there and all around the aircraft
Flying Away	and pushed it out. So, 'course then we started the engines up right away
from Wau	and took off. But, we would fly in there 2 or 3 times a day and that went
Flow 50	on, I think, I flew 50 missions there in a matter of a month. And, I got
Flew 50 Missions in a	my second DFC on that. But, and also we began tonot only were the P-40's they would escort usthey would fly on our wing which I have
Month	some pictures and then the P-38's would be up at altitude and they would
	just kind of circle around because the Japanese and their Zeros of course
	were out after us all the time and we'd lose planes. The P-40's were no
P-40s	match for the Japanese Zeros. Now the P-40 wasn't as maneuverable but
Escorted	they could get up to altitude and then they would dive down on the Zeros
	and fly through their formation and just keep going. Because the Japanese planes were a little faster and more maneuverable. But, the P-
	38 could handle them real good so they would be dog fights and we'd be
Dog Fights	flying just above the tree tops because our airplanes were camouflaged
	and hard to see and we'd get away. But, anyway, we did that and
	thenI'm trying to think. We used to go into a lot of places; we'd haul
Army	in a loton the other side of the Owens Stanley Range where the Japanese were. The Army had landed on that side and they were fighting
Fighting Japs	the Japanese troops and we'd haul in reinforcements and supplies and
by Owens	then fly out the wounded. First we would fly in what we called the PSP
Stanley	strips. That's what they made the runways out of and we would fly them
Range	in and they would put them together and we would land. It would be
	muddy and we'd get mud all over our aircraft. One day coming back I could see this rain shower over there a few miles so I asked the pilot,
Washing the	"Would you drop the landing gear and flaps and fly through that rain
Plane in the	storm". He said, "What for". I said, "Wash the aircraft". Well, that
Rain	became standard operating procedure after that. But, at the base I saw a
	lot of aircraft from bombing raids. Parts were so hard to get that when an
Hard to Get	aircraft would come back damaged, couldn't get the gear down usually,
Parts for Planes	or one gear and they'd make a forced landing on the runway; all the mechanics would get out their tool boxes and start getting parts. And, so
1 141105	you know, parts were hard to get. Well, that reminds me, on this B-18 in
L	

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And Subject	
B-18 Plane	Australia one time; the starter on the number one engine went out and it
Trouble	was what we called the inertia starter; you'll get it and you'll start
1100010	outeeee, eeee, eeeeyou'd finally get it going and you'd reach up
	and pull this cable and engage the starter. And, I'd been griping about a
	month because there was no parts and I'd always kid the guys about my
	right should here is getting big and strong and my left shoulder was
	nothing, you know. Well, this one morning we was at Cloncurry and all
At Cloncurry	the pilots got aboard and the radio operator so I was standing there to
	crank number one engine so 'cause you always started it first and I cranked it and usually would start the first time I'd crank it. But, that
	morning I must have cranked that thing 3 times before it started but
Plane Does	finally it started and then they motioned the other engine started up.
Not Start	And, I thought, "Holy cow". So, I went over and I had a hard time. So, I
	got back in the aircraft and in those time out of Cloncurry that was sheep
Fly Trouble	country and there was so many flies, we would wear, well, call them pith
	helmets and then we would have a net over that because these flies would
	get in your eyes, up your nose, in your ears, and we wore long sleeved
	shirts and at that time the Army didn't have short sleeves. And, so then
	the aircraft would be full of flies. Well, we'd take off and I'd go back in the tail with some old dirty towels that I had and I would shoo all the
	flies up front and the pilot and co-pilot would open those windows up
	about an inch or so and that would suck the flies out. So, that morning
	after we took off I'm back there chasing flies up to the front. Finally we
	get all the flies out and I'm sitting there and I'm really exhausted. And,
Instruments,	the radio operator comes up to me and says, "The radio doesn't work".
Radio Doesn't	And, I said, "Holy cow". You know, what else can happen. And, I happened to look up and half the instruments weren't working and then it
Work	dawned on to me. I went back and turned the batteries on. When they
WOIK	got in the airplane the battery switches are about halfway back from the
Turned on	fuselage, well, they hadn't turned the battery on. So, I cranked those
the Battery	engines and started them on the magnetos. Well, anyway, in a car the
	coil and the distributorso that's whyand after I turned the battery
	on the instruments all started working and the radio worked. So, the
God	Lord sure looks after us dumb people. But, anyway, I kind of got off the story. Back in New Guinea L still had an old aircraft so this one morning:
"Fertile	story. Back in New Guinea I still had an old aircraft so this one morning; the name of the aircraft I had was "Fertile Myrtle" and so there was 4 of
Myrtle"	us Staff Sergeants that one morning and we were going up there to, I
Airplane in	believe it was called Bololo (???). Anyway, that's a gold field and you
New Guinea	had this little old clearing, this strip, right down by this little old stream
Going to	that you could jump across. But, you get up there and here were these
Bololo	big dredges that had been flown in, piece by piece, to get the gold. I

Tape Counter, Speaker,	Narrative
And	
Subject	
Sliding in the Grass and Mud into Creek	don't know how long it had been there but anyway we was to haul supplies in there so we'd taken off early and come in and there was a grassy area along side this stream. So, we came in and landed and the co-pilot; as I said there was 4 of us Staff Sergeants, and he says to the pilot, "Aren't we landing a little long" and he said, "Yeah, but I got it". Well, when we touched down the grass was wet and we just kept sliding and we slid off the end of the field into this creek which was pretty deep. And, I thought it was kind of amusing later on after the dust settled and I go to the back and opened the door and this Australian came up to me and says, "Can I have your broom". And, "Yeah; why". He said, "Are any of you hurt". "Nowhat do you want the broom for". "Oh", he said, "We don't have a broom, we can't clean out our tent or anything". So, he said, "You better get the airplane out of here today because the Japanese will be in here tonight". Well, called back to base. Now the airplane physically wasn't hurt. We'd just dropped off the end of the runway and it wasn't deep enough to hurt the underside of the fuselage.
Pushing	So, they sent a crew up and they brought jacks and big blocks of wood
Plane Back	and they kept jacking it up and jacking it up and finally we got it level
Up Onto	with the field and then we pushed it back and we got out of there that
Runway	evening but you know not many crews are made up of 4 Staff Sergeants.
Staff Sgts	Those Staff Sergeants got their commissions along, I believe, in May or April of '43 and then they were commissioned as Second Lieutenants.
Promoted to	They all went to work for the airlines after the war was over with. They
2 nd Lt. and	were discharged and got out as Captains and they all went to work for the
then to	airlines and all retired from the airlines as Captains so they did all right
Captain:	for themselves. But, then we started getting some replacement pilots in
Discharged	so this one morning we was still flying over the hump but we never, you know, fly through the clouds in that area. So, this morning two new
Replacement	Lieutenants and we took off and right where the dangerous part of the
s	hills were, the clouds were there and we'd go right through the clouds.
	I'm awful uneasy so we get on the other side and unload and come back;
	the clouds had built up. Normally when we had experience pilots and
	these clouds would build up 8, 10,000 feet and we'd circle around until
Kakota Pass	we could fly over the top and come back down. Now the gap; you could go through there at 5,000 feet at what they called Kakota Pass. But, early
Manuta 1 ass	of a morning you could see if just as clear most of the time and we'd fly
	right through there but then the clouds would start building up and you
	didn't know where it was. Well, coming back, we're flying in there, and
	finally I says, "Lieutenant, we don't fly in clouds in this area". He said,
	"Are you trying to tell me how to fly this airplane". I said, "No, but we
	don't fly through clouds in this area". "You're trying to tell me how to

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
_	fly this airplane". I said, "No, I'm not, Lieutenant but we don't fly
Reported by	through these clouds in this area". Well, we got back and I guess he
Lt.	reported me because the Operations Officer came and said, "Sergeant
	Cox, did you try to tell Lieutenant (I don't remember his name) how to
	fly". I told him we don't fly through clouds in this area; Major, you
	know, you've been across there and you know you don't fly through
	clouds in this area. He said, "I know it". I never had to fly with that guy
Muoro	again. Did he keep flying through there?
Myers	Did he keep flying unough mere?
What	
Happened	
After Lt.	
Flew in	
Clouds?	
Cox	I don't know. Because in about a month I got orders to go back to the
	States. Now there wasout of the Philippines there was 4 of us. One
Ordered to	got killed in New Guinea; his plane didn't come back. We didn't know if
go to the	he ran into a mountain or got shot down; his plane just never came back.
States	The other one, in Australia, he had a girl friend and he didn't want to fly.
	But, I guess somebody must have got mad at him with some authority
Buddies	and so they scheduled him to fly to New Guinea. Now I didn't know
	about this 'til laterso, in the morning he was supposed to leave, went
	out there and somebody had sabotaged these aircrafts. They'd cut the
	hydraulic lines and he said, "They're out to get me". I guess that went on
	a couple of mornings; they fixed the airplane. So, one night I guess they put a guard out there watching and sure enough the came out there and
	was cutting the line.
Myers	It was him?
Cox	It was him. So, they hauled him off and I never saw him again. Then the
	other man was a radio operator. He began to go bad so he was in the
Buddy	hospital and his back was bad; he couldn't walk; he suffered so bad and
Caught	all of a sudden one day I get these orders and he and I are; he was a Staff
Cutting Lines	Sergeant radio operator, he and I were both scheduled to go back to the
-	States. So, I took a Jeep and go to the hospital and I said, (his last name
Radio	was Prince) "How you feeling, Prince". "Ohhhh, I'm suffering
Operator	something terrible". And, I said, "What are they going to do with you".
Buddy	"I don't know; I can't hardly get around". I said, "Well, I guess you
	can't go back to the States with me". He said, "What do you mean,
	Cox". I said, "Well, we got orders". He said, "Can I look at them". I
	handed them to him and he said, "Hot dog" and jumped out of bed.

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	Hullatto
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Myers	He was feeling better, huh?
Radio	
Operator	
Buddy	
Cox	Got right up out of bed and we checked him and flew us to Brisbane the
Con	next day. Well, we got in there and he had a girl friend and he said,
Radio	"Cox, I want to see my girl friend". I said, "Well, you know, okay". So,
Operator	what we did, we got in there and we stayed out that night and the next
Buddy	afternoon we checked in and I remember this Major, you know, give him
	orders and says, "This says you were supposed to have checked in
	yesterday". And, I said, "Well, Major, we got in late and we figured
	maybe we better stay in town". He said, "This is a military base and it's
	open 24 hours a day". I said, "Yes, sir". I kept my mouth shut from then
Job Well	on. Well, anyway, we'd been there 2 or 3 days and in fact they took us
Done!!!	downtown to the General's office and they gave us our medals and
т	decorations and you know shook our hands, "Job well done". There must
Leave	have been 16 of us altogether. So, they let us go into town at night so the
	next night we got into town; Prince and I went in there and then the truck would come back about 10 o'clock and bring us back to base and so I'm
	waiting around the USO. Finally Prince shows up and we get on there
	and go back to the orderly room to sign in and the Sergeant says, "You
	ever look at bulletin boards". "Yeah, yeah, why". "We've been looking
	for you". I said, "You have". He said, "If you'd read the bulletin board
Late	you were supposed to have been back here at 6 o'clock 'cause you're
	scheduled to leave in the morning and go back to the States". I said,
	"Well, we're here". He said, "Well, we took you off the list". I said,
	"When will we get out of here". He said, "I don't know; whenever they
	have another airplane". I said, "Well, from now on you'll find me on my
Went to	bunk". And, I go back and thinking, "39 months I've been waiting to get
Bunk	back to the States and I miss an airplane; I just can't believe it". Well,
Lessie C	next day about mid morning I'm laying on my bunk and the First
Leaving for	Sergeant comes in and said, "Cox, how soon can you be ready to leave".
New	"I'm ready to go right now". He said, "Well, you got an hour". I woke Prince and so we left the next evening on what they called a B-24. We
Caledonia, New Zealand	flew and landed at New Caledonia, New Zealand. Some island out in the
and then to	Pacific in Honolulu and then 39 flying hours. I know we landed at
Hamilton	Hamilton Field and I got out and kissed the ground and said I'm never
Field.	gonna leave the States again. Wild horses couldn't drag me away. Boy,
	you know, 60 days later I'm ready to go. But, anyway, so I'll skip ahead
Baer Field,	a little bit. I had a leave and we were to report in to Baer Field at Fort

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Fort Wayne,	Wayne, Indiana. Sergeant Prince and I report in there to a little old
Indiana	building and a corporal he's acting First Sergeant. And, he got a paper,
Bicouac?	you know, "Sergeant Cox and Sergeant Prince, have you been on a bivouac". "What's a bivouac". "That's what I thought". We go out, we walk out 10 miles, bivouac, spend the night in a pup tent, and come back. Well, we've been living in a tent; we've been in a jungle. "It's not on
Service	your service record". I said, "No, those service records are in the
Records	Philippine Islands; give them to me and I'll put it down". "You don't touch these service records", you know. About that time a Second Lieutenant comes out, "What's the trouble". They said these Sergeants haven't been on bivouac and we're gonna schedule them on bivouac tomorrow. And, we said, "We're back from overseas and we've been living in a tent for months". "Not on your records". So we go out of
Going to see	there and said, "What are we gonna do". So, I said, "You know, let's go
the Flight	see the flight surgeon". So, we went to the flight surgeon and I tell him,
Surgeon	"We were promised a 30 day sick leave and we're back from overseas
Cat 15 dama	and we've been promised 30 days and we'd like to have it". He said, "I
Got 15 days Leave	can't give you 30 days, I can give you 15". "We'll take it".
Myers	Start high and accept whatever, huh?
WIYEIS	Start high and accept whatever, hun?
Leave	
Cox	So, he got us a 15 day sick leave. Well, we came back and were assigned
Leave	to this barrack and they're all recruits and there was a Buck Sergeant in charge. And, so the first morning they blow the whistle, fall out, so we fall out and they had roll call and then it was right face, forward march,
Assigned to	wonder where we're going. Well, they march us in the mess hall so that
New	day we just piddled around and these recruits were asking us what's it
Barracks	like to be overseas, you know. Of course we might have exaggerated a little bit. We had them scared to death. But, anyway, the next morning
Scaring New	they had this roll call and we made sure we was in the back row so when
Recruits	they gave "right face, forward march" we just stepped back and walked
	back into the barracks. Well, this Buck Sergeant came and said, "Cox,
	we've got to report you". I said, "I understand; we'll take our
	punishment". So, we go up there and you're gonna go on bivouac.
	You're gonna go this time; you're not gonna get out of it this time. So,
Warrant	we're walking down the street and we see this Warrant Officer Brady.
Officer	Now he had been a Staff Sergeant in our outfit and he'd come out of the
Brady	Philippines out of the 19 th Bomb Squadron and he'd made Warrant
	Officer and "Hey, Mr. Brady", you know, so we go over and, "What are you doing here". "Well, I've brought some orders down here". "Where
	you doing here. wen, i ve brought some bruers down here. Where

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
	are you stationed now". "Stout Field, Indianapolis". "You got to get us
	out of here; we're gonna be court martialed". And, he said, "Well, I'll
	see what I can do". We said, "Boy, they're after us". So, that next
Transferred	morning Prince and I got orders to transfer out of there. I'm to go to
to Sedalia	Sedalia Army Air Field at Knobnoster, Missouri and he went east
Army Air	someplace, I don't remember. But, anyway I left the next day and I had 2
Field,	Privates with me, by train, and we went to Knobnoster, Missouri. Well,
Knobnoster,	they didn't know whatI was again assigned to the Headquarters
Missouri	Squadron. Well, I thought I'm going to put in for Cadets so I went out
	and put in for Cadet and I think the next day they gave me a physical. I
Cadets	passed it. I went to the PX and bumped into what used to be this
Cart	Lieutenant Whittington, he was a Captain, and there he was at the
Capt.	counter. I said, "Captain Whittington" and I hadn't seen him since April
Whittington	of '42 and here this was September of '43 and he said, "What are you doing here Sergeant Cov". Logid "Well, Logit heads to the States". He
	doing here, Sergeant Cox". I said, "Well, I got back to the States". He
	said, "What are you doing". I said, "Nothing". And, he said, "How long you been in grade; how long you been a Staff Sergeant". I said,
	"Thirteen months". He said, "How about coming to my outfit; my line
	chief is a Tech Sergeant and he doesn't have 13 months service". And,
	he says, "You know Colonel Henry and Capts Glasburn and Crandall
Going to	were all forming a new group to go to England. And, would you come".
England	"Yeah". So, I think they cut orders on me the next day and I said, "I put
2	in for Cadet". And, he said, "Come here, I want to talk to you". So, I
	went in and he said, "Now, if you go into Cadets by the time you get
	through you'llthe war will be pretty well over with. You've flown a
	lot; if things work right by the time the war is over with you might be a
	Captain. If you'll come in my outfit I can get you promoted and you can
	get to be a Captain and you don't have to fly combat anymore". "Well,
Became Line	you know, he's got a point". So, I said, "Okay". So, I became line chief
Chief	and they promoted me to Tech Sergeant and that was in October, I
	believe it was. Anyway, we didn't have any C-47's but we had these
	little liaison aircrafts, I believe they were L-5's and they're flying around
	there and there was about 30 men already there and I'm asking these
	guys, "How come you're here" 'cause they seemed to be well versed in
	working on these L-5's, you know. They said, "Well, we're in a cadre
	and when they went overseas they left us behind". "Oh, is this the first
	time". "Well, we've been in 3 cadres". "Three, you've been in 3
Desame	outfits and they go overseas and they leave you behind". "Yeah". Well,
Became	you know, I don't know anything about all that stuff but anyway, I made
Warrant Officer	Warrant Officer in December of '43. At that time they called them Engineering Officers Now it's called Aircraft Maintenance Officer
Unicer	Engineering Officers. Now it's called Aircraft Maintenance Officer.

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	But, anyway, and we began to get some old beat up C-47's in and we're
New Pilots	training them and the pilots are flooding the engines because they don't
itew i nots	know how to start an engine in cold weatherthey're new and I
	understand that. They're all new pilots. One time I was still on flying
	status and I needed some time and they had these little old L-5's and I
	went to operations and said I need a couple of hours flying time. "Well,
	we got an airplane going up there in a little bit; you fly with this
	Lieutenant So-and-so". So, we get in that little old airplane and we take
	off and it's in the fall, autumn, and it's a nice afternoon and we fly a little
	ways from the field and there's a grass pasture out there and there's 5 or
	6 or 7 of these little old planes flying around and they're landing and taking off and I'm getting uneasy because I'm used to twin-engine
	airplanes with a lot of metal around me and here this single engine with
	fabric and paper and so after flying about an hour, we land and
Smoking	everybody gets out and I say, "What's this". They say, "We're all gonna
Break	smoke a cigarette". So, we spend about 20 minutes on the ground, you
	know, and they said, "Well, we're gonna take off again". I say, "Are you
	gonna come back here later on". They say, "Yeah". I say, "I'll just lay
	here on the ground then and watch you". So, after about an hour they
	landed again and I took off so I got 2 hours flight time that afternoon but
Went to Polk	that's the only time I've flown in those little airplanes. But, anyway, we began to build up strength and we left Sedalia and went to Nebraska and
Field in	then we went to down to Polk Field. At Polk Field and a little bit over
Nebraska	strength and then I saw what was happening to these guys. Of a morning
	they wouldn't come in to work and I'd say, "Where's Sergeant So-and-so
	and Private So-and-so". "Oh, they're AWOL". I said, "What do you
	mean". They say, "Oh, they pull that every time; that's why they are in
Cadres Went	cadres". And, I said, "Oh, is that right". And, you know there was about
AWOL	20 of them and they wasn't worth shooting. They didn't come to work,
	they didn't follow orders and so my boss says, "Well, let's don't take them overseas" because we had to cut back strength and I said, "That's
	the ones I want to take". He said, "Why". I said, "They've been pulling
	that every time" and I said, "Let's take them overseas". And, "Well,
Got New	okay, they're in your department". So, I said, "I want them". So,
Planes at	anyway, when we got to Baer Field we picked up brand new airplanes.
Baer Field	Well, Colonel Henry which was this Group Executive Officer and I'd
	flown with him in New Guinea so we were not on first name basis but we
Bird Col.	were friends when he was a Lieutenant and I was a Private and here he
Henry	was now a Bird Colonel and I'm assigned to his airplane. And, I said,
	"Colonel, I'm in the other squadron; I'm supposed to be with my bunch".
	He said, "Cox, I know you're gonna check this airplane out" and he says,

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Flew to	"If I'm going down I'm taking you with me". So, we flew to England.
England	Now the only time it was kind of hairy was leaving from South America
Ascension	to Africa and there was what they called, I believe, Ascension. It was
Ascension	just a little old island out there and it was refueling and if you missed that you were in big trouble. But, we made it all right.
Myers	So where did you take off from to go to England?
WIYCIS	so where the you take on noni to go to England?
Take Off	
Cox	I went from Palm Beach. We landed first in Puerto Rico at Barenquin
	Field and then, see, two more stops. Second stop was in Brazil and spent
Flight Plan to	the night there and that was what they called the southern route; all the
England	airplanes going to England and we were there for 3 or 4 days because the
	B-17's were taking off and they'd take off early in the morning right over
	your barracks. And, you're hear them coming and you'd be lowering in
	your bed because you didn't know if they were going to make it or not.
	But what happened the weather had been bad in England and held up a
	few days for them to get in from England and so it was just backed up all
Myers	the way. So you go from Florida to Puerto Rico to South America.
wrycrs	so you go nom nonda to ruento kied to south America.
Flight Plan to	
England	
Cox	Yeah, Venezuela and then into Brazil and then the Ascension Islands and
	then on the west coast of Africa and then up to Marrakech and then from
Flight Plan to	Marrakech to England.
England	
Myers	Do you remember how long it took?
Flight Time	
Cox	Well, it was a couple of weeks. Now when we got ready to go overseas
CON	we had a physical there in Baer Field and they find out I have a hernia
Flight Time	and they said, "Well, you can't go". So, of course the group commander
	and all of my buddies, there were 7 of us all together had been together in
Almost	the Pacific and they get the flight surgeon and they come to me and said,
Didn't Go –	"Well, Cox, promise that you'll get operated on when you get to
Hernia	England". I said, "Okay". So, when we got to England, I went to check
	in and they wouldn't take me because they didn't know how many
D-Day	casualties they were going to have on D-Day.
Myers	That was coming up on D-Day?
D Dov	
D-Day	

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	Nanative
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Cox	Yeah, see we got to England in March of '44 and they didn't want to take
0011	me. So, then we practiced around in gliders and the guys were getting
Practiced	more proficient. We did have onewe lost a bunch of men in April of
Gliders in	'44. They had been in this other group and I think it was called the 438 th
England	Group. We were in the 442^{nd} and they had been in the 438^{th} Group and
8	they wanted to fly down there to see them. I don't know how far away
	they was from England. Usually the fields was about an hour apart.
Myers	Do you remember the name of the base that you were at in England?
	_ · j ·
England Base	
Cox	Fulbeck, not far from Nottingham. Famous, you know, for Robin Hood.
	We used to go to Nottingham a lot. That was about like Lake Victor.
Fulbeck	But, you know, over there in England they just had landing strips
Base,	everywhere you know. I knew where we were going before we ever left
England	the States because we knew where we was going. So, we practiced there
	and in fact one afternoon I went up in the glider. We had glider pilots
Practicing	and they asked me if I wanted to fly it. "Yep", you know. Well, that's
Gliders	the first and last time because I got to over controlling it and the tow
	plane thought I was horsing around with him and he started diving to the
	ground and then he'd pull up and the tow rope would have some slack in
	it and he'd yank us and I kept telling Travis, he was the glider pilot,
	"Take this thing". "You doing okay, Cox". Like I said I was over
	controlling it and finally got it leveled off and circled the field and cut
	loose and you don't go around in a glider, that's it, you know. So, when
D Davi	I got out of that I decided I'd had enough. I'm going to stick to twin
D-Day	engines. But, anyway, we went to several different places and we got
	ready for D-Day and first it was postponed for 24 hours, June 5^{th} , on account of weather and then June 6^{th} we had all these paratroopers on the
	base. Now they were restricted in a fenced area in the middle of the field
	and they were a mean bunch of looking guys. None of them had any hair
	on their arms because their knives and daggers they carry they checked it
	all the time to see if it was sharp and they was always shaving the hair off
	their arms or off their leg, you know. The night that we took off they was
	so loaded down they couldn't climb into the aircraft; we had to help push
	them up the steps to get in the aircraft. I think we hauled 22 to an
	airplane, I think. I had, like I say I was not on flying status at that time, I
Job: In	was in charge of maintenance so like I say in the Pacific I felt like I was
Charge of	directly involved in the war; in Europe I was kind of indirectly involved
Maintenance	in the war. Now as far as I was concerned there was two different wars.
	In the Pacific we had early, the first year or year and a half we had
	nothing; supply lines and everything was terrible. Then when I get ready

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker, And	
Subject	
	to go to England we had brand new airplanes, brand new equipment.
	Everything was brand new and plenty of it and we get to England and
Fulbeck	we're sleeping in Quonset huts. The food I thought was good; the other
Base,	guys complained about it 'cause they was only getting fresh meat 3 or 4
England	times a week. I never had fresh meat at all in the Pacific. So, I thought it
	was good but they complained about it. But, weon D-Day, that night, I say wethey took off about it seemed to be about 11 o'clock.
Myers	Okay, on the end of the last tape, tape 2, Mr. Cox was talking about
5	loading up the paratroopers and they were going to take off about
D-Day	midnight for D-Day, so let's go ahead from there.
Cox	They took off andheavily loadedand it seemed to me like it was
2.2	around 20. I think it would vary how much equipment these men carried
D-Day	how many people would be on the plane. Anyway, they took off. They
	came back around daylight the next morning. We were missing 3 aircraft if I remembering right.
Myers	The planes came back; these guys jumped out over Normandy.
	F
D-Day	
Cox	They jumped out over Normandy and the planes came back and I think
D Dour	we lost 2 or 3 planes that night. I know one crew survived. The French
D-Day: Normandy,	kept them underground. Part of their what we used to call "escape kit" had cards in it. They were kept in this cellar or this cave, I believe they
France	were in there 2 or 3 weeks. Anyway, when they came back they said
	they was never going to play solitaire again because that's all they played
	while they was waiting. But, said the French people would bring food at
	night to them but they just had to stay hidden. Said all they had to do
	was play solitaire and they never would play solitaire again. But,
	anyway, then the next day they hauled the gliders in. Colonel Whittington which was the squadron commander found out I was gonna
	go with them and so he gave me a direct order then that I would stay on
	the ground and I was to meet his aircraft every time he came back.
Myers	That probably saved your life.
D-Day	
Cox	And the purpose of that was so that I wouldn't be flying on missions
	because I kind of wanted to. So, I didn't get to fly on any of those first
D-Day	missions. I did fly on a resupply mission a week or two later but again he
Resupply	caught me and that time he was pretty upset with me. So, I think in
Mission	another week or two, I forget just when, we went to Italy for the invasion of Southern France. Again, Colonal Hanry which was the Group
	of Southern France. Again, Colonel Henry which was the Group Executive Officer scheduled me on his airplane which was in a different
	Executive Officer seneduce file off fils an plane which was fil a different

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	Nairative
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Went to Italy	squadron and I said, "Colonel Henry, you know I'm the maintenance
for South	officer of the 303 rd and here I am flying the 305 th airplane; don't look like
France	I trust my own airplane". He said, "You know the deal, Cox; I go down
Invasion	I'm taking you with me. I know you'll check the airplane over good
	before we take off". So, that was an interesting trip. We flew to
Gibraltar	Gibraltar and spent about 3 days in Gibraltar so I got to go to town;
	nothing there much, of course it was war time. And, then we flew into
Grassetta,	Italy and we landed at Grasetta (???) was the nearest town and we were
Italy	there for the invasion of southern France. We lost no airplanes on that
-	but we were there I'd say a month or so. There in Italy I got to go to
Rome, Italy	Rome. Oh, that was interesting deal on going to Rome. Pope Pius the 12^{th} was the Pope I believe at that time, well, this glider pilot and I had a
Pope Pius	24-hour pass or a 12-hour pass. We flew in there that morning on a
XII	shuttle and we went to the Cathedral and there was a tourist group going
	through there so we just kind of got on behind them and followed them
	in. Well, they took us inside the Chapel, took us all around and showed
	us this and that and then we went up to a room and they said the Pope
	will come through here in a little bit. So, Taylor and I were standing
	there along this railing and they carried the Pope through. We're not
	Catholic and we didn't understand the meaning of it but everybody else
	on that group were Catholics and they were going through their
	procedure which is very nice. So, then they left. So, we're standing
	kind of on the outside and this man comes up to us and said, "Would you
	like to see the Treasury". "Yeah, what is it". "Well, it's all our
	treasures". So, he took us in to some back rooms and it was full of all type of treasures that had been given to the Pope over the centuries.
Myers	You mean like gifts.
wryers	Tou mean fike gifts.
Pope Pius	
XII	
Cox	Gifts and there was hundreds of them. We didn't understand the
	importance of it at that time. Just really didn't. But, anyway, we saw all
Pope Pius	these things; gold ornaments, silver, and they're all cataloged which Pope
XII	had received that and who it was from. So, then we left there and when
Polk Field	we were at Polk Field before we went overseas one night they was on
	maneuvers and one of our planes had dropped some paratroopers into a
Paratrooper	lake and they had drowned. I don't recall how many; I didn't even know
Accident	about it at the time. Well, anyway, go fast forward, now we're in Rome
	and we're walking down the street and there's this bar and we go in there
Rome, Italy	and it was full of paratroopers and they're all having a big time and
	they're drunk. So, a couple of them came up to us and said, "What outfit

Tape Counter, Speaker, And Subject	Narrative
Col. Henry	you with". And, you know, unconsciously we said, "The 442 nd Troop Carrier Group". "Oh, I'm looking for those bastards out of the 303 rd Squadron; they're drowned a couple of my buddies and I'm looking for those guys". Well, we were in the 303 rd and we said, "Oh, well, we're in the 442 nd ". So, we turned around and got out of there and so that evening walking down the street and there's Colonel Henry coming out of this fancy hotel and he said, "Mr. Cox, what are you doing". "Well, we're down here for the day and getting ready to go out to the airport". He said, "Aw, you can stay the night". We said, "No, we can't; we got to be back". He said, "I'll make it all right". We said, "Well, we don't have any place to stay". He said, "You can stay in my room". We said, "Where's that". "Right here" and there was the sign "restricted to Colonels and above", you know. Here I am a Warrant Officer and Taylor is a flight officer and we said, "We can't stay here". He said, "I'll fix it right up; come on". So, he takes us in there and he says, "These are my buddies and they're going to stay in my room tonight". "Yes, sir; yes, sir". So, we stayed in his room that night. I don't know where he stayed. He wasn't there. He said, "I'll fix it up with Bob (that was Whittington); I'll fix it up with Bob and you'll be okay". So, okay, so we got to stay another day in Rome.
Myers	And in a nice hotel.
Col. Henry	
Cox Col. Henry Italian Fixes Watch	A really nice hotel; felt kind of guilty. So, anyway, that was just one of the experiences I had. We went back up there and we was staying in this little old camp so one day my watch quit running and this Italian comes through and he fixes watches and he said he'd fix my watch. I said, "Where do you live" and named this village and he pointed out there and you could see on this hill some huts and everything and he said, "I'll bring it back tomorrow". So, okaywell, tomorrow didn't come. So, after about a week I thought well I'm gonna go up there and see if I can find that guy. So, I got this Jeep and drove up there and in that area all these villages were built on top of peaks. They wasn't too awful high, I'd say probably 3 or 4,000 feet but they were all up there and so I'm driving down this little old narrow street and you know I'm by my self and I see a couple of men and I'm trying to tell them "watch repair""Oh, yeah, just across the street". I knocked on the door and he comes and he says yeah and I got my watch back.
Myers	Was it fixed
Italian Fixes	

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Watch	
Cox	Yeah, it was fixed and I paid him but I don't think I would have got it
Italian Fixes	back otherwise. But, we was there for the invasion of southern France
Watch	and we didn't lose any aircraft on that. We pulled in gliders on that and
Invasion of	paratroopers. But, we went back to England; then we got ready for
South France	invasion of Holland and I believe that was in September. And, that was
and Holland	quite a fiasco and we lost I think 2 airplanes on that. They pulled in
Went Back to	gliders from England in to Holland and the Germans was waiting and it
England	wasn't a successful thing. The British troops were all involve in that.
_	Then I guess in October we moved to France and we were at this strip. It
Went Back to	was a concrete strip and then there was apple orchards all around and we
France	were camped there and I know the first couple of days it was a weekend.
	I think we flew in there on a Friday and we set up our tents and on
	Sunday all the French people came around; you know like you have a fair
	in the States and all the people come and it was on a nice sunshiny, warm
	day and they're walking through our area and we're visiting with them
	and they're happy to see us. And, then the rains came the next day and it
	rained, and it rained, cold, mud. So, we had taken the de-icer tanks out of
	the aircraft and I got the idea you know we had these little old stoves in
	the tents and you'd have to scrounge around for wood. Well, I got the
	idea if I had engine oil and gasoline, I'd mix them together 50-50 and I'd
	fill this de-icer tank and I think it held about 5 gallons altogether and then
	I ran a piece of copper tubing down into the back of this stove and then
	I'd let this drip in there and I'd light it and then we'd have heat and then
	we had some portable generators and I brought one up and cranked it up
	and then I had a pipe in the tent and so for a couple of nights it was real
	nice. Had a warm tent and it was raining and cold and I'd be warm. There was 4 of us in there and we'd be warm and we'd visit and talk and
	shoot the bull like we always did. We could read, we had lights. Well,
	the next night the lights didn't get as bright and they kept getting
	dimmer. I think the third night I finally went out and checked and all the
	other guys had plugged into my generator and they began to hook up
	their stoves. Well, this one morning as we all left one of the other guys
	in one of the other tents went to turn off the valve underneath this de-icer
Big Fire!!!!	tent and instead he turned it the wrong way and opened it up all the way.
-8•	Well, a big fire happened and burned the tent down and all the guys'
	clothes so then they put out an order that we couldn't do that anymore.
	But, it just rained and rained and mud. I had this Jeep and the mud would
	be up almost coming in to the top of the wheels and finally they decided
Moved to St.	we had to move out of there and so then we moved to a little town called
Andre	St. Andre and there was two fighter strips there. The Germans had built

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And Subject	
St. Andre	two strips so we parked the airplanes on one strip and the aircraft took off
St. Thidre	and landed on the other strip. And, we were boarded in town. There was
In a	4 of us and we was in this farmhouse that the French had and shared with
Farmhouse	us. We were in 2 rooms and they were in the rest of the house. I don't
	know how many rooms they had but not many. Their bathrooms
	consisted of an outdoor type in the house. It was just a hole in the floor
A *	but it was in the house; we didn't have to go out in the rain. We were
Aircraft	thereoh, and the aircraft were parked wing tip to wing tip on both
	sides of the runway and we had the firstas they taxied in they would taxi by us to go down to where the 304 th was parked and the 305 th and the
	306 th . There was 4 squadrons and we were the first squadrons on the left
	hand side and then the 304 th was the first one on the right hand side.
	Well, one night after dark one of the airplanes from the 305 th squadron
	came in after dark and of course we were under blackout conditions.
	They taxied down the runway; they were too far on our side and they
	took all our pitock tubes off. Now a pitock tube was the little gadget that
	stuck down on the nose and then pointed and that was your air speed. And took every one of them. Well, you know, our line chief could weld
	aluminum and you know we were grounded for a couple of days but he
	was able to weld them back together and get our aircraft in commission.
	Our line chief was quite ingenious. Another thing that we didthey had
	somewe took some barrels and cut the top and bottom out of them and
	welded them together long wise and we'd take 3 of them and then we'd
	run tubes down through them and then fill that with water and it was like
Shower	a hot water heater and we fixed up(???). We had this building in that day that I guess the Germans had them and they were portable
Bliower	buildings; you'd take them apart and put them back together. So, we
	took it apart and made a shower so we had hot water showers down on
	the line. Well, it was such a good deal that Henry had the other
	squadrons come down and copy it so they could have hot water showers
	but we did things like that, you know. Oh, and another thing, Colonel
	Whittington, squadron commander, told me one time, "You know, Cox,
	if you see any equipment laying aside the road, you know, we could use more equipment". Well, I knew what that meant; transportation. So, in a
	few weeks time everybody had a Jeep, we had weapons carriers,
Equipment	everybodywe just had all kinds of equipment. Because a lot of it had
	been abandoned and we'd take it and the guys would fix it up. Usually
	something would be wrong with the engine or there would be flat tires
	and the Army would just keep going because at that time Patton was
Gas	marching across France and our job was to keep them in fuel in 5 gallon
	Jerry cans and so that was our jobto fly all this gasoline to them and as

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Surplus	they marched if a Jeep went bad they'd just leave it. So, that's what we were picking up. Well, we had so much of it the inspectors started coming around checking it out so they told us, "Everything is surplus now" and we knew what that meantget rid of it. So, we did that. We
	stayed there and towards the end of the war, the air echelon, we moved to
Metz,	Metz (???). Now that was right at the German border and in fact I was
Germany	there when the war ended. We were staying in what I call a monastery
Border	where the nuns used to stay when they were in training. It was a 3-story
Monastery	building and we were living there. After the war endedthey had a flight to Switzerland and we was to send an airplane so I told
	Whittington, "I'm gonna pull my rank; I'm gonna be crew chief on that
Going to	plane; I want to go to Switzerland". So, I relieved the crew chief and I
Geneva,	was the crew chief and I was the lowest ranking man on that crew. There
Switzerland	was a Brigadier General and the rest of them were Colonels and Majors
	and the radio operator was a Major. Anyway, we flew in to Switzerlandinto Geneva, Switzerland. And, there was 6 of us. Now I
	found out the General was going up to Bern, Switzerland and they were
	trying to locatehe was a finance man; the purpose of the flight was to
	try and find out all these accounts that the Germans had in Switzerland.
	And, so when we landed at Geneva they said we'd have to stay in
	Geneva which was all right with us but they had Swiss francs and we
	didn't have any Swiss francs. And, so we ended up, we rounded up \$25
	worth of Swiss francs. That meant that 6 of us had to stay together. We
	went to a night club that night and there was music and dancing and I
	swear all the men that were there were Germans in civilian clothing
	because they all had that type of haircut.
Myers	You mean from the Army.
Geneva,	
Switzerland	
Cox	Yeah, that they'd already got in Switzerland and they were in civilian
	clothes but they had that hair cut like they always had. So, we had to stay
Geneva,	together that night and the next day a Warrant Officer or finance officer
Switzerland	of the Embassy in Bern came down and give us partial payment which
D	wasI got a hundred dollars. I bought some stuff and I didn't hardly
Payment	get anything to speak of because the town was like Las Vegasit went
Cial	24 hours a day and there was dancing and music and lights. You know
Girls	we hadn't seen anything like it and pretty girls. You know they're all
	pretty. Some of them are just prettier than others. But, anyway, we got
	ready to leave the next afternoon and I know a lot of them had bought
	cameras and watches and I had some music boxes and I thought was a tie

Tape Counter,	Narrative
Speaker, And Subject	
Souvenirs	rack. Found out it was a toilet paper holder who had a musical toilet paper holder. I'm probably the only one that's got one. Still got it.
Customs	Nobody would take it. So, we got out to the airport and we decided, well, you know they're gonna want to check all this stuff so we went right straight to the airplane and right away this Swiss guard came out there and said, "You're supposed to stop". "Oh, we didn't know that", you know, but we talked our way out of it.
Myers	Was it like customs?
Customs	
Cox	Yeah.
Customs	
Myers	I didn't think they had something like that during the war.
Customs	
Cox	They did in Switzerland. And, so anyway, we took off. Well, it was
Customs	around in July we were going to have another flight in there so the night before I'm borrowing money and I was gonna buy watches and cameras
	and I don't know how many hundreds of dollars I had and I'm living up on the 3 rd floor and all of a sudden I hear this voice, "Hey, Cox, Cox, where are you". So, I go to the railing and look down and said, "Here I
Going Back	am". And, it's Colonel Henry. And, he says, "Get your stuff ready;
to the States via St. Andre	you're going back to the States". I says, "When". "In the morning", in fact we're gonna fly you back to St. Andre tonight. And, I said, "Well, gosh".
Myers Switzerland	You wanted to go to Switzerland, huh?
Cox Switzerland	Yeah, I wanted to go to Switzerland so I had to give all the money back. So, I left that night. Incidentally I'm ahead of myself. While we was there in Metz, I was down at the flight line one day and this Lieutenant, Army Infantry, came driving up in an olive drab painted Opal and he says, "Have you got anything going to Paris". "No, we don't have
Car	anything scheduled". He said, "Well, I'm trying to get to Paris". He said, "If I could get to Paris I'd give you this car".
Myers	An Opal?
Car	
Cox	Yeah. This Opal. I said, "Just a minute and let me go to Operations and
Car	see". So, I went in Operations and says, "Have we got anything going to Paris". "No". I says, "If we had a plane going to Paris this Lieutenant could get there and he's gonna leave this car". "Well, I think we have got one", you know. So, anyway, I ended up with this Opal. Well, it didn't have any registration numbers on it.
Myers	You couldn't take it anywhere?

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Car	
Cox	No, I was driving it around in Metz, you know. So, one evening I left
	Operations going to the barracks and I got these two Majors in the back
Metz	seat and don't you know they had a checkpoint on thisI only went the
	side streets and here the dirty rats had a checkpoint on this side street.
No	So, the MP's come up and said, "Could I see your registration, please".
Registration	Of course they was no numbers on it, you know. I'm digging around in
	the glove compartment, stalling for time, and finally said, "No, I guess I
	lost it". "Well, you'll have to come with us; you follow me and I'll take
	you to the post". So, they took me to the postmeanwhile these two
	guys sitting in the back seatyou'd think they were dummies not saying a word. So, they take me in and I go in there and they said the Provost
	Marshal will be along here and a minimum of a \$25 fine. So, they kept
	me in there about 15 minutes and they finally said, "Okay, I tell you
	what, we'll let you go if you promise you won't drive it again". I said, "I
	promise". So, I got in it and drove it up to this big monastery or
Car Left	whatever you want to call it and I took the key out and threw it out there
	in the weeds so I never could find it. So, when I left there that car was
	still there.
Myers	Nobody else could drive it either.
Car	
Cox	So, anyway, I went to Paris. The next day they took me to Paris and
	there was 7 of us officers; a Lieutenant Ames was the ranking officer and
Went to Paris	we had 210 enlisted men. So, he said, "Well, there's 7 of us officers, you
	know" and of course I'm the lowest rank, I'm only a Chief Warrant
	Officer and he says, "Well, how are we gonna do this; I tell you what,
	there's 7 of us; we each have how many First Sergeants in the group". Well, there was 7. "Okay, we're gonna have 7 squadron; 30 men to a
	squadron and a First Sergeant in each one and Cox you got 30".
Myers	That was your first command, huh?
1119015	That was your mist command, num.
First	
Command	
Cox	My first command. We took a train to Cherbong and they said, "Well,
	there's no ferry taking you to England". "What do you, no ferry".
First	"Well, it's already left". So, Colonel Ames said, "Just a minute". So, he
Command	was gone just about an hour and comes back and says, "They're fixing to
	ferry up now and take us". Some of the First Sergeants said, "Colonel
Cherbong	Ames for President". But, anyway, while we're there he says, "You
	know look at these submarine pens was there; I've seen pictures of
Col. Ames	these". He was an intelligence officer. He says, "Now I see why we

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Submarine	couldn't bomb them". These submarine pens had concrete on top must
Pens	have been 30 feet thick and of course they would bomb and they
	wouldn't penetrate but he says they finally got to what they called skip bombing and they'd come along and fly right toward the entrance and
Repo-Depot	skip this bomb in there and it would blow and one side would fall in.
in England	And he said that's how they finally destroyed these submarine pens. But,
8	you know it was very interesting in talking to him so we got to England
A-Bomb	and I was in this Repo-Depot. Well, you know we were there that they
Dropped	dropped the atomic bomb and in fact it came over the radio. It must have
-	been around 10 or 11 o'clock at night. I was in the bunk but we had the
Japs Sumon dan	radio on to the news and they said, "Japan has surrendered". Well,
Surrender	everybody jumped up and our area had chain link fence around with
	barbed wire on top. I don't know if it had been a prison camp or what but anyway. There was a women's auxiliary camp down the road away
Celebration!!	and all they came out and they threw blankets over the fence and all came
	in there singing and dancing around. It was quite a celebration. I didn't.
	And, I prayed that the war was over. I think everybody quit working
	because I think 2 or 3 weeks went by before everybody went back to
T. C	work and we got orders to go back to the States. Meanwhile I was
Time to Go Home	downtown one day and I don't remember the name of the town but I
Home	bump into the line chief and the flight chief of my squadron and they were on their way back to the States but they were in a different camp.
Missed Camp	So, that night we went there and I missed my bus back to camp which
Bus	was about 10 miles and they said, "Come on and stay with us". Officer
	and enlistedthat's okay, we'll get you in. Went in there and next
	morning they had roll call for everybody so they gave me a Sergeant's
Sergeant's	uniform and went out and stood there. I just stood there because they had
Uniform	people going through the barracks to make sure everybody was out, you
	know. Well, they all laughed about thatGood old Cox, you know. So, then after things calmed down about the middle of the forenoon I put my
	uniform on and walked out like I was an inspector you know, got out on
	the highway and left. It waswhen we got on the ship there was the
	same 210 men that we'd been in France with, you know. Same bunch.
Myers	So you probably had a party all the way back.
Party	
Cox	So we came back on this liberty boat. I think it was 10 days we was on
Stephen A	there and it was pretty rough weather but it was the Stephen A. Douglas.
Stephen A. Douglas	We called it the "sad sack" and we landed in Virginia. Well, we had a hero's welcome with the people, you know, and then we got on a troop
Douglas	nero s wereonie with the people, you know, and then we got on a troop

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Liberty Boat	train. And, that troop train had the windows open and it was hot, you
to Virginia,	know. We got on this troop train and boy, I'm telling you, the smoke and
USA	the ashes would come in and we ended up in Chicago. I don't remember
	the name of that nowit will come to me later. Anyway, that was on a
Troop Train	Friday evening so I'm telling you we took a shower that night and the
to Chicago, USA	water was just black off of us. The next morning which was Saturday
USA	morning we were in to be briefed and they're telling us we'll be there about 3 or 4 days and then we'd get orders to be discharged. Someone
Debriefing	said, "Well, what about those that are gonna stay in". Well, I was gonna
Debliering	get out. The ones that were gonna stay in they were gonna give them a
30 Day	30 day leave and we'll have orders in an hour and they can leave this
Leave	afternoon. Anybody want to stay in? "Yeah".
Myers	So that changed your mind, huh?
30 Day	
Leave	
Cox	Yeah, that changed my mind. Yeah, in an hour's time I got orders for a
30 Day	30 day leave and they took me in and this one Lieutenant which had
Leave	riddenwe'd met on the boat and when we got to Chicago and got off
	the train we were walking through the station and he said, "Oh, I left my
Lt. Forgets	ordersmy 201 file on the train". And, I said, "Well, you better get
Orders on Train	back there and get it". He said, "What car were we on". I said, "I don't know". But, anyway, he wasn't at camp the next day and so after I got
114111	home; I'd been there 2 or 3 days I get a telegram from him, "Send me a
	copy of your orders". Well, he wasn't on my orders, you know, so I sent
	a telegram, "You're not on my orders". And, I don't know, another 3 or
	4 more days went by and I guess he didn't get my telegram 'cause he
	said, "Please send a copy of your orders". So, I don't know what ever
	happened to him; he may still be out there.
Myers	He may have got stuck, huh?
Lt. Forgets	
Orders on	
Train	
Cox	Yeah, so I don't know what happened to him. But, anyway, I'd been
New Orders	home about 2 or 3 weeks and getting kind of bored and I get orders15
INCW OLUCIS	day extension so I tell my dad, "Gee, I wish I had a job", you know. Well, I'd been out about midnight that night and the next morning at 8
Dad Wants	o'clock my mother wakes me up and said, "Your father wants you". He
Him at the	wants me out at the factory. At that time there was a battery factory there
Factory	called Marlatt Batteries in Danville, Illinois and you got you a job out
	there. Well, I went out there and in a battery you've got all your plates;
	what we call the plate separators and they're welded together and then

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Batteries	they're put in the battery box and then you have a post that sticks up and
	they put acid in it. Well, I'm putting all these battery plates together. I
	got a little torch and lead, you know, and I got to work about 9:30. Well,
	about 10:30 the foreman which I knewI knew all these people because my dad had been there for yearsand he came through and said, "Now,
	Cox, I know this is strange to you but there's no smoking on the job".
	And, I said, "Oh, I know that", you know. Well, noon came and that was
	on a Thursday I remember that. Noon came and I went out and bought
	my lunch and then I worked that afternoon and they closed at 4. So, I
	think I worked 3 hours and a half that afternoon and probably 2 hours
	that morning and then the next day which was Friday I worked all day
Wanted to	and I think I drew a check that evening. It seemed to me like it was only
Stay in the	about \$12 or something and I said something about, "Man, I'm not
Military	making any money time I buy my meals". Some of the guys said,
Orders to	"We've been here for years and now you know what we go through". So, I decided that maybe I'd better stay in the service. So, anyway, I had
Leave for	orders then to go to San Antonio. I had bought a car in Missouri when I
San Antonio,	was there and I'd left it at home and so I had a car and I drove to San
TX USA	Antonio. I'd met this girl down there and this one night I went to pick
	her up she was out by Fort Sam Houston and she comes out with
	suitcases and shoes and I said, "What's going on". Well, I got kicked out
	of my apartment and I said, "Where you gonna stay at". "In your car",
Girl Needs	you know. "Holy cow", I'm not married, you know, I'm not used to this
Place to Stay	so she slept in the car that night and this Major Richards was my buddy there at that time, he was from Illinois, and I said, "Get rid of her". So,
	he took her and he took the car and found her an apartment and I gave
	them money for 2 weeks, I think. Anyway, I swore off women and so
Out on the	that night they were gonna go to town and I said, "Well, I'll take you to
Town	town" and then I'm going to the show. And, they said, "Well, we want to
	dance". So, we go into town and I let them out and I went to the show
	and then I went to the hotel, Gunter Hotel, down at the Rathskeller, so I
	go down to the Rathskeller and there was Major Richards and this
	Lieutenant and they're dancing and I thought, "Major Richards has got a
Major	good looking girl here". They came to the table and introduced me and it's her. So we go out to the base and take them home and Major
Richards Sets	Richards said, "Here's her phone number; you ought to call her up; she's
Up Cox	a nice girl". And, I did. We had seven dates and then I was transferred
1	to Florida.
Transferred	
to Florida	
Myers	Did you ask her to go with you?

Tape Counter,	Narrative
Speaker,	
And Subject	
Girl	
Cox	No. She was working at the base and I called her on Christmas eve and
	asked her to marry me.
Wanted to	
Get Married	
Myers	Long distance.
Wanted to	
Get Married	
Cox	Yeah, I was on leave in Illinois at home and my folksI'd been downtown with some of the guys and I guess I came in around 10 o'clock
Wanted to	and I'd gone to bed and got to thinking about it so I got up, you know,
Get Married	downstairs, and the folks are there in bed and the phone was just around
	the corner, you know. So, I called long distance and I know my dad said,
	"I was laying on my stomach but I was afraid I'd miss the conversation".
Myers	Laughingthat is SO good.
Wanted to	
Get Married	
Cox	So, I asked her to marry me. I knew right away that I'd probably made a mistake because, "Well, you'll have to send me moneyhow am I
Wanted to	gonna get up there". It was Christmas eve.
Get Married	
Mrs. Cox	I was working but any money I had was in the bank.
Wanted to	
Get Married	
Cox	So, we decided that she would fly up and so I said, "Well, I'll get the
~ .	money tomorrow" and at that time you could send money by Western
Getting	Union. Well, you know, everything was closed. Well, my brotherall
Married	the money my brother had and all the money my dad had and mewe
	scrounged up a hundred and five dollars, I think it was, and I think it was
	almost \$5 to send a telegram and the money. So, I sent her a hundred
	dollars and I know the next day my dad said, "If she don't show up,
	we've all lost on this deal".
Myers	So, did you fly?
Getting	
Married	
Mrs. Cox	Yeah, because he was getting ready to leave and it was right at the end of
	the holidays and I was thinking that I was gonna go back to work. And, I
Getting	flew up there.
Married	

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Cox	Anyway, she got up there on Tuesday or Wednesday. It was a couple of days after Christmas and I know it was cold. Well, she got a plane in to
Getting	St. Louis and she had an aunt and uncle and she spent the night there and
Married	then had to catch a bus to Danville which was an all night deal. I know the next morning I went down to the bus station and she was coming in and she gets off the bus and she's got open toed shoes and a squirrely jacket, fur jacket down to her waist, you know. And, there's snow on the ground.
Mrs. Cox	I wasn't used to all that stuff.
Getting	
Married	
Cox	It was cold. She said, "Hello, honey". Well, since the last time I seen
Getting	her she'd pulled a tooth or two in front and she could eat peanuts out of a
Married	Coke bottle.
Mrs. Cox	I had a tooth gone because I was supposed to go back after Christmas and
Getting	he was gonna put a new one in where this one was abscessed. I didn't
Married	know I was gonna get married.
Cox	She could eat peanuts out of a Coke bottle.
Getting	1
Married	
Mrs. Cox	And would you believe it's been 59 years.
Marriage	
Myers	Oh, that is wonderful.
Marriage	
Cox	Be 60 on New Year's Eve. We got married on New Year's Eve.
Age/Weddin	C
g	
Mrs. Cox	Got married at his folk's home.
Wedding	
Cox	A couple of day later, I think, we went to Florida where I was stationed at
Went to	that time.
Florida	
Myers	So you went with him.
Went to	
Florida	
Mrs. Cox	Yeah, we got married and I didn't go home. We went on to Florida.
Went to	
Florida	
Cox	And, she's been with me ever since.
Marriage	
Myers	But, you didn't go back to work at the base.

Tape Counter,	Narrative
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Mrs. Cox's	
Base Job	
Mrs. Cox	No, because I was working in San Antonio at the time.
Mrs. Cox's	
Base Job	
Cox	But, you know I've often thoughtI knew her a month.
Mrs. Cox	
Mrs. Cox	No, I don't think it was a monthhad 7 dates.
Dating	
Myers	That is incredible. But, there must have been some kind of chemistry
Dating/Marri	there.
age	
Mrs. Cox	Yeah, well, we talked a lot about different thingsour likes and dislikes
Dating/Marri	and didn't even talk about marriage because I never dreamed we was
age	going to get married. I'd just met him. But our likes and dislikes and
	seems like everything just matched.
Myers	Just clicked.
Dating/Marri	
age	Vech What a deal I'm through with woman. I think she called her
Cox	Yeah. What a dealI'm through with women. I think she rolled her
Dating Mrs. Cox	eyes at me or something. He came in where we were sitting and I was in the chair and he sat down
Dating/Takin	next to me and we started talking that night when he took me home
g Her Home	because I lived out on Prospect Hill which was on the way to his base so
g ner nome	he just took me home and let me home and I think we had a date the next
	night too.
Cox	Well, I called you, you know, and you said you had to go to the USO but
Dating	you would meet me. Well, you didn't show up and so the next night I
U	called her, you know, and she said, "Well, I wanted to call you but I
	couldn't remember your name". I said, "It's a real hard name; it's Cox,
	C-O-X".
Myers	That's what it was. She wasn't all that enthusiastic and you had to go
Dating	after that. That's really a good story.
Mrs. Cox	We tell people that and they think, "My land and we went together for 2
Dating	or 3 years". He says, "Well, we had 7 dates".
Cox	I don't know who was the most afraid when she come up to Illinois, her
Marriage	or me.
Myers	Now that was pretty brave of you to go.
Marriage	
Mrs. Cox	It was and you know I wasn't used to that snow all over the ground. I
Wedding	had open toed shoes and a little old short jacket. I didn't have heavy

Tape Counter, Speaker,	Narrative
And	
Subject	
Date	clothes.
Myers	Yeah, but after having 7 dates and have somebody call long distance and
Dating/Marri	you go that distance to get married.
age	
Cox	Well, I figured she was pretty hard up.
Wife	
Mrs. Cox	We'd talked about our likes and dislikes, I think, and we pretty well liked
Marriage/Fa	the same thing. I never dreamed we would get married and my mother
mily	and daddy sure didn't dream we would and neither did his.
Myers	I bet your parents were shocked, did they try to talk you out of it?
Family	
Mrs. Cox	No. I was out of high school and working on my own and they felt like it
Family	was up to me to make the decision.
Cox	I hadn't even met them. After we got married and I was stationed in
Family	Tampa and 6 months later I got a leave, you know, and we go to San
	Antonio and that's when I met the family.
Mrs. Cox	This was during the holidays. It was Thanksgiving and they had gone
Family	out of town, they'd gone to the ranch.
Cox	She'd stayed homeand hooked me.
Dating	
Myers	Laughing. Just can't trust those girlsor those service men.
Dating	
Cox	She was staying at her aunt and uncles. I know we went over there one
Family	night, you know, and they said, "We're going to play cards". And, I said,
	"What's the name of it". They said, "Oh, heck". I forget how it works
	but after we got married I found out it was "Oh, hell".
Myers	Well, I think you probably have a lot more stories to tell about your
Military	service in the Air Force.
Service	
Mrs. Cox	Yeah, of course this all happened before I knew him that he's talking
A (11)	about now but I think it's so interesting because of all that happened to
Military	him. He just got out before the Japanese came in and he was lucky
Service	because I went to school with a boy
Cox	But, like I say, in the Pacific I was directly involved and it was a matter
N.C.1.4	of every day. It was a different type of flying, different missions and yet
Military	in Europe, you know, they're just like we are. They look like us, you
Service	know, and while it was deadly, you know like in New Guinea several
	times we were bombed. I think we had 380 bombers one night bomb us
	there in New Guinea where in England I don't recall any night being
London	bombed. Now, when I was in London which I forgot to tell you about
London,	that. Well, anyway, I was in London a couple of months, you know, in

Таре	Narrative
Counter, Speaker, And	
Subject	
England Hernia	my operations I was going to send back to the States. Well, they take me to England and they say, "Well, we're not gonna send you back to the States 'cause you've got a hernia on both sides". See, after they were going to promote me to a First Lieutenant and I said, "You know, I've got a hernia" and they said, "Yeah, but the flight surgeon said he's shying away from it". Well, when he checked me I had a hernia on both sides and that was in November.
Myers	That's why you didn't get Lieutenant?
Not	
Promoted to Lt.	
Cox	Yeah. So, they said, "Well, you're going back to the States". Well, when I got to England then they said, "Well, we're going to operate on
Not	you here". I said, "How long will I be here" and they said, "Two
Promoted to	months". Well, I said, "I'm not gonna let you operate on me" and they
Lt.	said, "Why". And, I said, "Because when the two months is up then
	you're gonna put me in a replacement depot and I'm not going to
No	replacement depot unassigned where they can just assign me any place;
Operation!!	I'm not going to do it". So, then they put their heads together and they said, "Okay, then we'll put you here on detached service and at the end of
Go to France	two months you'll go back to France". So, that's what they did. So, when the Battle of the Bulge I was in the hospital in England and now all around me was people that had been wounded. They've got their legs off, you know, and booby traps had got them, mines, and so I'm there on
Elective	elective surgery, more or less and at that time when you had a hernia
Surgery	operation you kept you in bed for 15 days and then after 15 days they'd
	let you dangle for a week and that's when you'd sit up on the edge of the bed and hang your feet over because you're really dizzy. Well, when I
Gave Back	was in bed one day here comes this Colonel through passing out Purple Hearts and he was just walking down the row with Commendations for
Purple Heart	Services Rendered, you know. Well, I'm in bed with all these guys and I
	said, "I'm not entitled to this" so I gave it back. How could I take a purple heart, you know, I wasn't wounded by enemy action and they
	were. But, anyway, then the first month after they let me walk, then you know, it was cold and nasty but they let us gome and another
Pass	manwe'd go into London of a day, 24 hour pass and we'd go in to London. And, that's when these V-2 bombs would come. Now you
V-2 Bombs	didn't hear them. All of sudden there'd just be a loud explosion. Now
V-1 Rockets	kind of like a buzzzz and when they quit that's when you knew it was
	when the V-1 rockets would come and you'd hear them. I would sound

Tape Counter, Speaker, And Subject	Narrative
Myers Whistle	Didn't make whistle or anything?
Cox	No. Some building would disappear or something like that. You just never knew. But, after the war I saw a map of London of that area of
V-2s Myers V-2s	England and you'd be surprised how many of those V-2's hit London. Yeah, there was a lot but there wasn't any aerial when you were there.
Cox	No, that had stopped. So, on D-Day when we went to France I saw no German planes. They was pretty well, the Allies or the Americans or the
D-Day	British owned the air; where in New Guinea we were getting bombed and strafed but we didn't see any of that in England or France. I'm not saying it wasn't there but I never saw any of us. It didn't hit us.
Myers Air	By the time you got there air superiority had already been won.
Superiority Cox	And, like I say Patton was going and we was hauling supplies to him until you knowin Iraq today they're talking about the convoys and I
Supplies	understand the convoys because an Army marches on it's stomach and in France of course there was none of that trouble but you'd have these
Iraq	convoy called(???) and these tank trucks and all these big trucks, what do they call thatthe Red
Myers	The Red Brigade?
Cox	Yeah, somethingit wasn't Brigade. Red Ball Express and you know they're hauling all kinds of stuff. That's all they did. Well, you know
Red Ball Express	like I say in that war and in the other war like the quartermaster and the supply outfits and your maintenance people you know they were so called behind the line all the time and relatively the infantry and the
Iraq	artillery you know suffered the most casualties. But, in Iraq it's the convoys; wherever you are it's dangerous. You know it's a different type
WWII in	of war altogether. I don't know that they'll ever have a war like WWII.
General	Again, you know, Viet Nam wasn't that type. And, so I don't know. I sometimes think, you know, I got my medals pretty easy compared to
Medals	what they do today so I don't know. Of course as time goes by you don't really recall the bad things as much as you do the funny things. I know over there in that tent in New Guinea the engineers would come and chop, cut down big trees and one of the guys had got this half a log and it
New Guinea:	was about 4 feet long. Well, we put that in our tent and we had a log
Burying Posts	underneath, just one leg and hollowed this log out and this log was about this thick and we hollowed that out underneath and then buried this post in the ground and then we smoothed that and we got some varnish and that waswe had a table in our tent and one time there in New Guinea

Таре	Narrative
Counter, Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
Buying	we're flying and this truck come by one day by my airplane and he says, "Are you Sergeant Cox". I said, "Yeah". "You're from Danville,
Candy	Illinois". I said, "I'm from Covington, Indiana". Well, that was 11 miles
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	away; you'd thought we were neighbors. And, he hauled supplies and he
	said, "Do you like candy". "Oh, yeah". He said, "I've got this chocolate" and I said, "I'll pay you for them". Well, in a day or two he
	brings in a cardboard box about this long and about that wide and it's full
	of chocolate covered caramels and they're in individual boxes, kind of
	triangle shaped and they were from Australia. I don't know how much I
	paid for them but I took them to my tent. Well, most generally if you got anything from home you'd share it with your tent mates and I thought,
	"You know this is something really good; I'm not gonna do that". So, I
	had them under my bunk, my cot, and we sat there and talk and I'd reach
	down there in the dark and I'd feel around and I'd get one, you know,
	and I'd chew it. And, that went on for several weeks and finally one day
	nobody was in there and I thought, "Now here's a chance" because some of the boxes I'm having trouble getting them out. It was daylight and
	they were all gone and I pulled it out and every one of those chocolates
Spiders in the	that was in boxes was covered in spider webs. It didn't hurt me because
Candy!	I'd been eating them, you know. And, we were issued .45 pistols, you
	know. Well, I had been issued one in the Philippines and I'd left because the supply sergeant says, "Here's your .45 and 21 rounds of ammunition;
.45 and	you know you save the last shell for yourself". I said, "I understand".
Ammunition	Well, of course I hadn't used it and earlier when I first got up to New
	Guinea that was my side arm. I had a shoulder holster and I wore it all
	the time. Well, then after we began to get more reinforcements and supplies came in then after we moved up to New Guinea they issued me a
	.45 so I kept that in my duffle bag in the tent. Well, and then things got
	better and they gave me a Tommy gun. So, I had a .45 Tommy gun and a
Tommy Gun	.45 pistol. Well, something must have happened one night and they had a shake down inspection so everybody was to stay in their tent and they
	came back and went through everything you had. I don't know what they
	were looking for but this Captain came in and I knew him very well, real
	well. And, he came inCederholm was his name and he said, "What are
Capt. Cederholm	you doing here with this gun, Cox; you were supposed to turn them in". And, I said, "Well, I didn't; I brought that out of the Philippines; I'll turn
	it in tomorrow". So, he said, "Okay 'cause you're supposed to turn those
	in". Well, Major Adams come through and he was squadron commander
	at that time and he said, "Cox, what are you doing with that gun; I told
Major Adams	you to turn that in". And, I don't know what made me say this but I said, "Well, that's my gun, Major". "What do you mean, that's your gun". I
	wen, that s my gun, wajor . what do you mean, that s your gun . I

Таре	Narrative
Counter,	
Speaker,	
And	
Subject	
	said, "I signed for that in the Philippine Islands and it's charged to me
.45 Pistol	and that's my gun". And, he said, "Okay but put it away because I don't
Souvenir	want to see it again". I put it away and when I came back to the States I
	went through customs in Hawaii. They said, "What are you doing with
	this gun". I said, "That's my gun; I brought it out of the Philippines".
	He said, "You taking it home for a souvenir". I said, "That's right" and
Myong	they didn't take it away from me. My grandson has it today.
Myers .45 Pistol	I'll be darned. Now isn't that something.
.45 Pistoi Souvenir	
Cox	I brought that out of the Philippines and like I said I don't know what
	made me resist Major Adams; that's my gun, I signed for it and that's my
.45 Pistol	gun; I signed for it in the Philippines. Okay. Well, my grandsonoh,
Souvenir	he's a little older than he is now but he was about 12 or 13 and always
	when he came he wanted to see it and finally I guess he was about 15 and
	I don't know what made me'cause he's the only grandson I've got
Grandchildre	that's a boy, you know. I had two, a boy and a girl and I said, "Okay,
n	David, I'm giving you this gun and you keep it". And, he's still got it.
	He took it down and it was made in 1915. Now the guns that was issued
	in WWII was a later model than that. The gun I had in the Philippines
	was what they called 1911 .45, Colt .45 but it was made in 1915, during
	WWI and the handle was straight on it and that's what we had.
Myers	Well, that's quite a souvenir.
.45 Pistol	
Souvenir	Co. he tools it too a gun shop and they looked heals on the seriel number
Cox .45 Pistol	So, he took it too a gun shop and they looked back on the serial number and they could tell it was made in 1915.
Souvenir	and they could tell it was made in 1715.
Myers	Well, that is really a good souvenir.
.45 Pistol	
Souvenir	
Cox	So, anyway I didn't know what to give my granddaughter and one day
Telescope	we were flying an Australian General into Wau in New Guinea and when
Souvenir	they got off and after we took off and got back to base and cleaning out
	the airplane he'd left this telescope on it. And, so I left it on the airplane
Grandchildre	and thought maybeyou know I never heard any more about it. So, I
n	said, "Finders keepers". So, I kept it so I here a year or two ago I
	thought, "I'll give that to my granddaughter" so I gave the grandson the
	gun so I gave her the telescope and told her it was an Australian
	(???) and I think it's from WWI the way it looks. You look through
	it and it's long, you can't see anything through it. Once you get it on a

Tape Counter, Speaker, And Subject	Narrative
	tripad it would be all right but when you're holding itso anyway, I gave that to her. But, yeah, I think I had a lot of experiences that a lot of guys didn't get, you know.
Myers Telescope Souvenir	That's right. It's unique because you were in both theatres of war and it's even more unique because you went from the Pacific to Europe. Usually they went the other way.
Cox 5 th Air Force Insignia	Well, you know and that was after the war ended in Europe. Well, after we went to Englandof course in the Pacific we was in the 5 th Air Force and so the squadron commander one day told me, "Cox, you can wear the 5 th Air Force on your right shoulder". And, I said, "Are they
England	gonna let us over here" and he said, "Yeah, it's special permission because we were in the Pacific". So, you had the regular Air Force insignia on it and I had the 5 th Air Force there which I'll show you what it looked like. Anyway, we hadin England they'd say, "What's that 5 th Air Force". I'd say, "Oh, I won the war down there and now I'm over here". But, there's the 5 th Air Force.
Myers 5 th Air Force Insignia	Oh, yeah. And, that's the one that you had? That's the patch you had?
Cox 5 th Air Force Insignia Wings	Yeah, in the Pacific and you wore that one your uniform on your right and here's my wings.
Myers Wings	Oh, yeah.
Cox Wings	Now that's enlisted wings.
Myers Wings	And the only people who flew got these.
Cox Orders	I have orders that I was authorized to wear these.
Myers Picture Time!	Let's lay these all out on the table and I'll take a picture of all this stuff.