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TEXAS YOUTH COMMISSION

ANNUAL EVALUATION REPORT

REPORT PERIOD

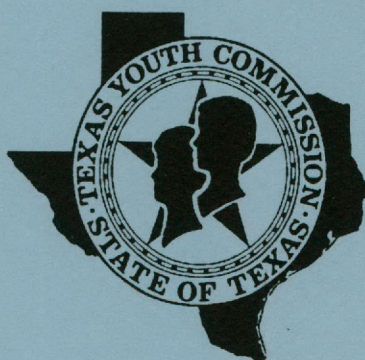
FISCAL YEAR 1992

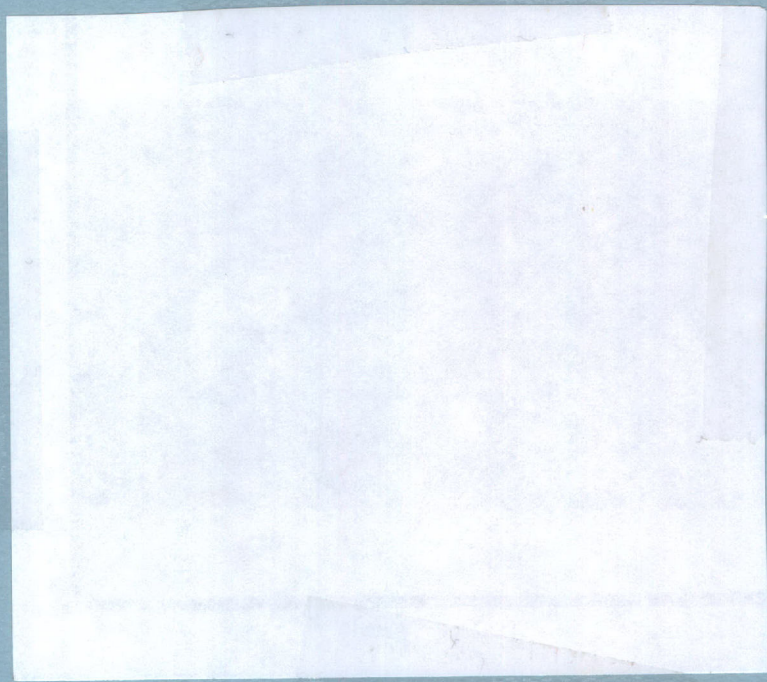
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TEXAS YOUTH COMMISSION

ANNUAL EVALUATION REPORT

REPORT PERIOD

FISCAL YEAR 1992

Prepared by:

Department of Research and Planning

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April 16, 1993

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Introduction

At the of each fiscal year the Texas Youth Commission summarizes in an annual report the characteristics and behavior of the youth under it's jurisdiction. This report contains ten tables, each summarizing data for a particular measure or related group of measures. Also included for each table are definitions of the measures reported and a discussion of important highlights or changes from the previous year.

The focus of the report is fiscal year 1992, (September 1, 1991 through August 31, 1992). Because much of the discussion involves comparison of measures with the previous year, tables from fiscal year 1991 have also been included and immediately follow the fiscal year 1992 table in each section.

TABLE I

New Commitments by Region and County

Definition:

Table I is a summary of new commitments by region and county for fiscal year 1992. The counties are listed in decreasing order of the number of youth committed to TYC during this period.

Main Points:

- ▲ Total new commitments have remained within 100 of each other for the last several years.
- ▲ Total new commitments have decreased by 3.7% from FY 1991.
- ▲ Central Region had an increase in new commitments of 16% and South Region had an increase of 10% from FY 1991.
- ▲ East Region had a decrease in new commitments of 6%, North Region had a decrease of 9%, and West Region had a decrease of 35% from FY 1991.
- ▲ Dallas County had an increase of new commitments of 14% and Bexar had an increase of 41% from FY 1991.
- ▲ Harris County had a decrease of new commitments of 6%, Tarrant County had a decrease of 27%, Travis County had a decrease of 21% and El Paso County had a decrease of 44%.
- ▲ Harris County accounted for 22% of the new commitments in FY 1992; Harris, Dallas, Bexar and Tarrant accounted for 50%.

I. NEW COMMITMENTS BY REGION AND COUNTY
For Fiscal Years 1988-1992

	<u>FY 88</u>	<u>FY 89</u>	<u>FY 90</u>	<u>FY 91</u>	<u>FY 92</u>
<i>By Region:</i>					
CENTRAL	378	292	296	388	452
EAST	495	612	771	688	645
NORTH	477	552	535	541	495
SOUTH	179	208	220	190	209
WEST	386	253	209	193	125
TOTAL	1,915	1,917	2,031	2,000	1,926
<i>By County:</i>					
HARRIS	330	443	572	457	428
DALLAS	122	199	169	180	205
BEXAR	158	89	127	134	189
TARRANT	175	167	186	184	135
NUECES	43	36	53	50	65
TRAVIS	40	36	33	80	63
MCLENNAN	29	30	23	30	55
HIDALGO	48	44	48	53	51
CAMERON	37	49	50	41	46
EL PASO	158	112	115	82	46
BRAZORIA	13	28	41	30	42
GALVESTON	26	33	55	56	39
JEFFERSON	17	18	18	42	39
BELL	17	14	18	29	35
FORT BEND	15	18	12	24	21
COLLIN	6	12	21	19	20
POTTER	12	10	11	21	16
LUBBOCK	30	26	32	29	15
HARRISON	10	7	4	10	13
TOM GREEN	9	5	9	6	13
VICTORIA	11	8	14	7	13
HOCKLEY	7	9	9	10	11
SAN PATRICIO	6	19	10	5	11
TAYLOR	6	11	11	7	11
MONTGOMERY	20	11	9	8	10
SMITH	7	10	7	9	10
WICHITA	5	15	11	9	10
All other counties (committing fewer than 10 during FY '92)	558	458	363	388	314
TOTAL	1,915	1,917	2,031	2,000	1,926

TABLE II

Student Characteristics of Commitments to TYC

Definition:

Table II provides the demographic information in terms of age, sex, race, offender class and ethnicity of the new commitments to TYC during FY 1992. Characteristics are also cross-tabulated to give a breakdown by pairs of characteristics.

Main Points:

- ▲ Males were 94% of the new commitments.
- ▲ Ethnic minorities were 81% of the new commitments.
- ▲ U.S. citizens were 95% of the new commitments.
- ▲ Violent offenders (Sentenced, Type A Violent, and Type B Violent) were 28% of the new commitments in FY 1992. This is an increase in both number and percentage over all commitments in FY 1991.
- ▲ 86% of new commitments were in the age group 14-16.

TABLE III

Student Characteristics in Population

Definition:

Table III provides information about the sex, race, offender classification (Part 1) and age of students (Part 2), by program or facility on the last day (August 31st) of fiscal year 1992. It is a snapshot of the characteristics of students at the date indicated. This table provides a comparison among facilities and programs with regard to student demographic characteristics.

Main Points:

- ▲ Males constitute 94% of the TYC population.
- ▲ Violent offenders constitute 32% of the population.
- ▲ Ethnic minorities constitute 80% of the population.
- ▲ Approximately 86% of the total population was in the 14-17 year age group.
- ▲ The agency had 398 youth ages 18 and over in its population at the end of this period, an increase of 103% over FY 1991. Of these, 348 were at home and 50 were in primary treatment programs.

III. STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS IN POPULATION (Part 1 of 2)
At 8/31/92

	SEX		RACE/ETHNICITY				OFFENDER CLASSIFICATION								TOTAL
	M	F	Black	Anglo	Hispanic	Other	Sen- tenced	Type A Violent	Type B Violent	Chronic Serious	Controlled Sub. Dealer	Firearms Offender	General Offender	VCP	
TOTAL	3738	246	1521	807	1626	30	191	97	970	446	102	166	2002	10	3984
RECEPTION CENTERS	80	2	34	13	35	0	0	5	21	4	4	3	45	0	82
TRAINING SCHOOLS	1092	50	586	204	340	12	153	71	410	198	47	37	226	0	1142
CORSICANA RTC	71	17	23	43	22	0	2	0	20	4	1	2	59	0	88
EVINS	49	0	0	1	48	0	0	0	19	8	0	4	18	0	49
COMMUNITY	484	55	175	156	205	3	9	2	51	20	4	15	435	3	539
Halfway Houses	151	15	56	32	78	0	5	1	21	8	1	3	127	0	166
Contract Care	333	40	119	124	127	3	4	1	30	12	3	12	308	3	373
HOME	1962	122	703	390	976	15	27	19	449	212	46	105	1219	7	2084
Family	1913	116	692	367	956	14	20	16	438	206	46	103	1194	6	2029
Independent Living	49	6	11	23	20	1	7	3	11	6	0	2	25	1	55
Giddings	268	17	151	55	76	3	149	71	65	0	0	0	0	0	285
Brownwood	192	33	88	38	99	0	2	0	99	58	5	7	54	0	225
Crockett	160	0	105	22	29	4	0	0	60	39	16	10	35	0	160
Gainesville	299	0	161	70	65	3	0	0	112	56	18	15	98	0	299
West Texas	173	0	81	19	71	2	2	0	74	45	8	5	39	0	173
Ayres	24	0	11	7	6	0	5	0	7	0	0	1	11	0	24
Beto	16	0	5	0	11	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	13	0	16
Dallas	24	0	8	5	11	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	23	0	24
Nueces	24	0	5	5	14	0	0	0	3	2	1	1	17	0	24
Schaeffer	25	0	9	6	10	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	22	0	25
Turman	27	0	14	2	11	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	23	0	27
Valley	11	0	0	3	8	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	5	0	11
Willoughby	0	15	4	4	7	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	13	0	15

III. STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS IN POPULATION (Part 2 of 2)
At 8/31/92

	AGE										TOTAL
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
TOTAL	2	19	76	277	734	1228	1249	323	53	22	3983
RECEPTION CENTERS	0	3	4	8	28	34	5	0	0	0	82
TRAINING SCHOOLS	0	0	29	114	283	406	287	17	5	1	1142
CORSICANA RTC	1	4	7	20	25	27	4	0	0	0	88
EVINS	0	2	5	8	10	18	5	1	0	0	49
COMMUNITY	0	6	11	59	127	174	136	24	2	0	539
Halfway Houses	0	0	0	11	44	52	47	12	0	0	166
Contract Care	0	6	11	48	83	122	89	12	2	0	373
HOME	1	4	20	68	261	569	812	281	46	21	2083
Family	1	4	20	68	261	568	788	262	40	16	2028
Independent Living	0	0	0	0	0	1	24	19	6	5	55
Giddings	0	0	4	26	64	87	88	10	5	1	285
Brownwood	0	0	8	15	68	85	48	1	0	0	225
Crockett	0	0	1	15	36	69	39	0	0	0	160
Gainesville	0	0	2	20	69	120	83	5	0	0	299
West Texas	0	0	14	38	46	45	29	1	0	0	173
Ayres	0	0	0	0	0	1	15	8	0	0	24
Beto	0	0	0	1	8	5	2	0	0	0	16
Dallas	0	0	0	2	6	11	5	0	0	0	24
Nueces	0	0	0	1	5	12	5	1	0	0	24
Schaeffer	0	0	0	1	9	7	8	0	0	0	25
Turman	0	0	0	2	7	9	7	2	0	0	27
Valley	0	0	0	2	3	5	1	0	0	0	11
Willoughby	0	0	0	2	6	2	4	1	0	0	15

III. STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS IN POPULATION (Part 1 of 2)

At 8/31/91

	SEX		RACE/ETHNICITY				OFFENDER CLASSIFICATION						TOTAL
	M	F	Black	Anglo	Hispanic	Other	Sen- tenced	Violent	Repeat	VCP	Chronic Serious	Non- Violent	
TOTAL	3572	260	1358	858	1594	22	131	826	7	11	375	2482	3832
RECEPTION CENTERS	106	5	44	24	43	0	1	21	0	2	9	78	111
TRAINING SCHOOLS	1066	42	502	228	372	6	108	430	0	0	161	409	1108
CORSICANA RTC	66	18	27	47	10	0	1	13	0	2	0	68	84
EVINS	45	0	0	2	43	0	0	9	0	0	8	28	45
COMMUNITY	555	62	212	161	241	3	9	68	0	5	29	506	617
Halfway Houses	137	16	62	27	63	1	6	9	0	3	3	132	153
Contract Care	418	46	150	134	178	2	3	59	0	2	26	374	464
HOME	1734	133	573	396	885	13	12	285	7	2	168	1393	1867
Family	1717	129	566	385	883	12	11	278	6	1	168	1382	1846
Independent Living	17	4	7	11	2	1	1	7	1	1	0	11	21
Giddings	282	13	144	64	85	2	107	187	0	0	1	0	295
Brownwood	185	29	84	36	93	1	1	84	0	0	48	81	214
Crockett	153	0	92	31	29	1	0	36	0	0	30	87	153
Gainesville	249	0	122	66	60	1	0	69	0	0	37	143	249
West Texas	197	0	60	31	105	1	0	54	0	0	45	98	197
Ayres	21	0	7	7	7	0	4	4	0	0	1	12	21
Beto	23	0	3	0	20	0	0	2	0	0	1	20	23
Dallas	20	0	8	4	8	0	1	1	0	0	0	18	20
Middleton	20	0	13	3	4	0	1	0	0	1	0	18	20
Nueces	16	0	3	3	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	16
Schaeffer	19	0	12	2	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	18	19
Turman	18	0	11	2	5	0	0	1	0	0	1	16	18
Willoughby	0	16	5	6	5	0	0	0	0	2	0	14	16

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III. STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS IN POPULATION (Part 2 of 2)

At 8/31/91

	AGE										TOTAL
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
TOTAL	4	18	79	306	705	1297	1228	153	34	8	3832
RECEPTION CENTERS	0	3	7	17	36	40	8	0	0	0	111
TRAINING SCHOOLS	0	1	29	119	244	437	246	26	4	2	1108
CORSICANA RTC	0	4	9	17	19	21	14	0	0	0	84
EVINS	0	0	2	9	13	14	7	0	0	0	45
COMMUNITY	3	3	18	69	124	228	150	17	5	0	617
Halfway Houses	0	0	2	11	34	59	36	7	4	0	153
Contract Care	3	3	16	58	90	169	114	10	1	0	464
HOME	1	7	14	75	269	557	803	110	25	6	1867
Family	1	7	14	75	269	556	797	101	22	4	1846
Independent Living	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	9	3	2	21
Giddings	0	0	5	24	46	108	86	20	4	2	295
Brownwood	0	0	3	21	47	94	47	2	0	0	214
Crockett	0	0	3	19	38	66	26	1	0	0	153
Gainesville	0	0	1	19	72	103	52	2	0	0	249
West Texas	0	1	17	36	41	66	35	1	0	0	197
Ayres	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	6	2	0	21
Beto	0	0	2	3	6	10	2	0	0	0	23
Dallas	0	0	0	1	6	10	2	0	1	0	20
Middleton	0	0	0	0	4	10	4	1	1	0	20
Nueces	0	0	0	4	3	6	3	0	0	0	16
Schaeffer	0	0	0	1	4	7	7	0	0	0	19
Turman	0	0	0	0	7	6	5	0	0	0	18
Willoughby	0	0	0	2	4	8	2	0	0	0	16

TABLE IV
Program Population

Definition:

Table IV provides the number admitted, number served, number released, number discharged, average daily population (ADP) and average length of stay (ALS) for all program types and TYC-staffed facilities during FY 1992. These numbers are defined as follows:

1. An admission is an assignment to a program or facility. Each assignment of a youth to a program is counted separately. An admission can be either temporary or permanent.
2. Number served is the number of unique youth assigned to a program or facility who, at some time during this period, were on a status other than detention, escape or furlough. Multiple admissions of a youth to a particular program are ignored, i.e., the youth is only counted once.
3. Release/Discharges are assignments which ended at a program or facility, including assignments ending due to discharge. Each release of a youth is counted separately. Only releases or discharges from permanent assignments are counted.
4. Discharges are assignments that ended by agency discharge, including both permanent and temporary admissions.
5. ADP is calculated as the average number of youth per day who are assigned to a program or facility on a temporary or permanent basis, and are not absent for the entire day due to detention, escape or furlough. ADP for home excludes youth placed out-of-state.
6. ALS for program type is the average elapsed time between admission to and release from a program or facility for those youth released during the period. For each type of program with more than one facility (Institutions, Halfway Houses, Contract Care Types), the ALS is calculated cumulatively within each program despite the number of facility assignments if the assignments are consecutive. ALS is not calculated on temporary admissions or for days in which the youth's status is furlough, detention, or escape.

ALS for initial residential is the average elapsed time between the youth's first admission to the agency and first release to home or agency discharge. This time is credited to the first permanent assignment other than the Reception Center, and does not mean that the entire length of stay was in that program.

Main Points:

- ▲ While the program ALS of Community Programs are shorter than that of the Institutions (Training Schools and Corsicana), the initial residential length of stay in Training Schools other than Giddings is about the same as that of Contract Care (7.40 months vs. 8.28 months), and greater than that of Halfway Houses (6.05 months).

- ▲ The difference between initial residential length of stay and program length of stay is greater for Community Programs than for Institutions because 80% of the youth released from Institutions are placed at home or discharged, compared to 62% from Community Programs (see Table 5).

IV. PROGRAM POPULATION

For Period: 9/1/91 – 8/31/92

	--Number Admissions--		Number Served	Number Released/ Discharged	Number Discharged Only	ADP	--Average Length of Stay--	
	Permanent	Temporary					Program Type	Initial Residential
RECEPTION CENTERS	2144	499	2500	2173	0	97	0.53 mos.	--
TRAINING SCHOOLS	2244	93	2840	2213	52	1162	6.36 mos.	8.96 mos.
CORSICANA RTC	94	4	177	91	2	88	13.48 mos.	22.24 mos.
EVINS	124	36	166	121	0	46	4.75 mos.	5.38 mos.
COMMUNITY	1555	682	1994	1692	175	692	3.94 mos.	7.56 mos.
Halfway Houses	630	75	728	624	54	157	3.29 mos.	6.05 mos.
Contract Care	925	607	1266	1068	121	535	4.34 mos.	8.28 mos.
HOME	3120	361	4346	2775	1725	1932	7.72 mos.	--
Family	3010	361	4219	2702	1677	1886	7.79 mos.	--
Indep. Living	110	0	127	73	48	46	5.08 mos.	--
TOTAL	9281	1675	12023	9065	1954	4017		
Detail:								
Giddings	228	35	495	246	28	290	16.78 mos.	22.12 mos.
Brownwood	561	20	680	549	8	219	4.86 mos.	7.45 mos.
Crockett	325	11	438	318	6	160	5.97 mos.	7.41 mos.
Gainesville	703	17	837	652	8	296	4.89 mos.	7.74 mos.
West Texas	427	10	586	448	2	197	5.47 mos.	6.82 mos.
Ayres	50	10	74	53	7	21	5.32 mos.	5.00 mos.
Beto	79	7	100	83	8	22	3.64 mos.	6.62 mos.
Dallas	91	16	122	86	4	21	3.22 mos.	6.43 mos.
Middleton	5	0	26	30	4	2	3.28 mos.	6.94 mos.
Nueces	108	10	123	99	5	20	2.67 mos.	4.33 mos.
Schaeffer	70	13	90	72	7	22	3.48 mos.	6.61 mos.
Turman	110	16	132	97	9	22	2.63 mos.	6.05 mos.
Valley *	60	1	60	48	4	11	2.40 mos.	4.99 mos.
Willoughby	57	2	68	56	6	16	3.80 mos.	6.22 mos.

* - Valley House closed July, 1990

IV. PROGRAM POPULATION

For Period: 9/1/90 - 8/31/91

	--Number Admissions--		Number Served	Number Released/ Discharged	Number Discharged Only	ADP	--Average Length of Stay--	
	Permanent	Temporary					Program Type	Initial Residential
RECEPTION CENTERS	2165	549	2578	2155	8	106	0.57 mos.	--
TRAINING SCHOOLS	2186	56	2876	2245	47	1161	6.50 mos.	9.39 mos.
CORSICANA RTC	69	4	159	71	8	89	15.31 mos.	20.47 mos.
EVINS	96	11	110	60	0	36	4.29 mos.	5.39 mos.
COMMUNITY	2003	963	2754	2071	271	667	3.69 mos.	7.59 mos.
Halfway Houses	642	67	914	684	109	169	3.17 mos.	6.45 mos.
Contract Care	1361	896	2105	1387	162	498	3.95 mos.	8.09 mos.
HOME	3059	323	4558	3144	2000	1796	8.57 mos.	--
Family	3012	323	4511	3107	1973	1780	8.59 mos.	--
Indep. Living	47	0	63	37	27	16	6.34 mos.	--
TOTAL	9578	1906	6780	9746	2334	3855		
Detail:								
Giddings	211	8	486	189	16	288	17.86 mos.	22.19 mos.
Brownwood	529	18	689	552	9	227	5.03 mos.	8.88 mos.
Crockett	306	8	421	291	5	149	6.33 mos.	8.65 mos.
Gainesville	688	9	888	751	10	298	5.57 mos.	7.82 mos.
West Texas	452	13	604	462	7	199	5.27 mos.	6.25 mos.
Ayres	60	9	95	63	33	21	3.76 mos.	4.37 mos.
Beto	77	6	117	82	5	22	3.31 mos.	7.19 mos.
Dallas	71	3	107	78	13	22	3.87 mos.	6.14 mos.
Middleton	69	8	120	71	5	24	3.26 mos.	6.83 mos.
Nueces	109	16	144	121	13	22	2.82 mos.	5.40 mos.
Schaeffer	98	11	128	96	11	21	2.81 mos.	7.13 mos.
Turman	95	9	132	94	13	22	3.49 mos.	5.47 mos.
Valley *	0	0	13	8	6	0	0.66 mos.	9.32 mos.
Willoughby	63	5	95	71	10	16	2.52 mos.	6.12 mos.

* - Valley House closed July, 1990

TABLE V

Population Movement

Definition:

Table V shows the population movement between the different program types and facilities for FY 1992. The left-most column shows the program from which the movement took place, and the top heading shows the program to which the movement went. The table does not include movements in or out of temporary assignments.

Main Points:

- ▲ Reception Centers assigned 63% of their population to Primary Treatment Institutions (Training Schools, Corsicana, and Evins). This is an increase of 5% over FY 1991.
- ▲ 76% of the students from Primary Treatment Institutions returned home.
- ▲ 56% of the students from Community programs returned home, 23% returned to Primary Treatment Institutions, 12% moved to another Community program, and 9% were discharged.
- ▲ 60% of total home assignments were discharged and 27% were returned to Primary Treatment Institutions in 1992, compared to 65% and 19% respectively in 1991.

V. POPULATION MOVEMENT
Permanent Admissions
For Period: 9/1/91 - 8/31/92

	STUDENTS MOVED OUT	TO ----->									
		RECEP. CENTER	--PRIMARY TREATMENT INSTITUTIONS-- TRAINING SCHOOLS			--COMMUNITY--		-- HOME --		DIS-	
			GIDDINGS	OTHERS	CORSICANA	EVINS	HWHS	CONTRACTS	FAMILY	IND. LIV.	CHARGE
RECEPTION CENTERS	1967	0	169	974	49	55	252	466	2	0	0
% Moved from Rec. Centers to:		0.0%	8.6%	49.5%	2.5%	2.8%	12.8%	23.7%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
TRAINING SCHOOLS	2172	0	14	50	31	0	132	199	1688	13	45
Giddings	236	0	0	14	5	0	29	39	123	0	26
Brownwood	543	0	5	5	10	0	48	46	421	0	8
Crockett	314	0	1	18	5	0	8	50	226	0	6
Gainesville	635	0	5	3	7	0	38	40	528	10	4
West Texas	444	0	3	10	4	0	9	24	390	3	1
% Moved from Trng. Schools to:		0.0%	0.6%	2.3%	1.4%	0.0%	6.1%	9.2%	77.7%	0.6%	2.1%
CORSICANA	88	0	1	8	0	0	13	24	40	0	2
% Moved from Corsicana to:		0.0%	1.1%	9.1%	0.0%	0.0%	14.8%	27.3%	45.5%	0.0%	2.3%
EVINS	120	0	0	6	0	0	34	0	80	0	0
% Moved from Evins to:		0.0%	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	28.3%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%	0.0%
PRIMARY TREATMENT INSTITUTIONS	2380	0	15	64	31	0	179	223	1808	13	47
% Moved from Primary Treatment Institutions to:		0.0%	0.6%	2.7%	1.3%	0.0%	7.5%	9.4%	76.0%	0.5%	2.0%
COMMUNITY	1668	0	22	312	5	38	77	121	874	62	157
Halfway Houses	603	0	7	145	2	27	29	32	280	33	48
Contract Care	1065	0	15	167	3	11	48	89	594	29	109
% Moved from Community to:		0.0%	1.3%	18.7%	0.3%	2.3%	4.6%	7.3%	52.4%	3.7%	9.4%
HOME	2581	0	14	636	6	31	97	89	115	34	1559
Family	2509	0	14	635	6	31	95	87	98	33	1510
Independent Living	72	0	0	1	0	0	2	2	17	1	49
% Moved from Home to:		0.0%	0.5%	24.6%	0.2%	1.2%	3.8%	3.4%	4.5%	1.3%	60.4%
TOTAL	8596	0	220	1986	91	124	605	899	2799	109	1763

V. POPULATION MOVEMENT
Permanent Admissions
For Period: 9/1/90 - 8/31/91

TO ----->

	STUDENTS MOVED OUT	--PRIMARY TREATMENT INSTITUTIONS--									
		RECEP. CENTER	TRAINING SCHOOLS GIDDINGS	OTHERS	CORSICANA	EVINS	--COMMUNITY-- HWHS CONTRACTS		-- HOME -- FAMILY IND. LIV.		DIS- CHARGE
RECEPTION CENTERS	1965	0	124	960	32	23	265	554	1	0	6
% Moved from Rec. Centers to:		0.0%	6.3%	48.9%	1.6%	1.2%	13.5%	28.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.3%
TRAINING SCHOOLS	2134	0	35	37	20	13	163	323	1496	1	46
Giddings	180	0	0	3	1	0	21	59	80	0	16
Brownwood	527	0	22	9	9	8	59	108	304	0	8
Crockett	281	0	4	6	1	0	15	26	224	0	5
Gainesville	712	0	4	5	5	0	49	101	537	1	10
West Texas	434	0	5	14	4	5	19	29	351	0	7
% Moved from Trng. Schools to:		0.0%	1.6%	1.7%	0.9%	0.6%	7.6%	15.1%	70.1%	0.0%	2.2%
CORSICANA	66	0	0	1	0	0	9	16	32	0	8
% Moved from Corsicana to:		0.0%	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	13.6%	24.2%	48.5%	0.0%	12.1%
EVINS	60	0	0	2	0	0	8	2	48	0	0
% Moved from Evins to:		0.0%	0.0%	3.3%	0.0%	0.0%	13.3%	3.3%	80.0%	0.0%	0.0%
PRIMARY TREATMENT INSTITUTIONS	2260	0	35	40	20	13	180	341	1576	1	54
% Moved from Primary Treatment Institutions to:		0.0%	1.5%	1.8%	0.9%	0.6%	8.0%	15.1%	69.7%	0.0%	2.4%
COMMUNITY	2001	0	13	386	7	45	87	202	972	33	256
Halfway Houses	663	0	6	156	0	28	19	49	278	15	112
Contract Care	1338	0	7	230	7	17	68	153	694	18	144
% Moved from Community to:		0.0%	0.6%	19.3%	0.3%	2.2%	4.3%	10.1%	48.6%	1.6%	12.8%
HOME	2892	0	15	532	2	15	85	221	116	13	1893
Family	2855	0	15	532	2	15	85	221	109	11	1865
Independent Living	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	2	28
% Moved from Home to:		0.0%	0.5%	18.4%	0.1%	0.5%	2.9%	7.6%	4.0%	0.4%	65.5%
TOTAL	9118	0	187	1918	61	96	617	1318	2665	47	2209

TABLE VI

Escapes from Facilities or Furlough

Definition:

Table VI summarizes escapes from facilities and from furlough for Fiscal Year 1992. Facility and furlough ADP's are also presented to facilitate comparison. Home ADP excludes students placed out-of-state.

"Monthly Rate per 100 ADP" provides an index for comparing escape rates between facilities or programs, regardless of size. It indicates how many escapes have occurred each month, on average, based on an ADP of 100. The higher rates indicate relatively high escape frequency. The index is based on the year-to-date escapes and YTD ADP, calculated as: $[(\# \text{ of escapes} / \# \text{ of months in the period}) / (\text{ADP}/100)]$. Simplified, the formula is: Average # of monthly escapes / 100 ADP.

Main Points:

- ▲ Youth are more likely to escape from Halfway Houses than from any other program (38 per month per 100 ADP). This is an increase of 7 per month over FY 1991.
- ▲ Training schools showed a decrease of about 40% (0.3 per month vs. 0.5 per month) from FY 1991.

VI. ESCAPES FROM FACILITIES OR FURLOUGH

For Period: 9/1/91 - 8/31/92

	ADP	Escapes from Facility	Monthly Rate per 100 ADP *	Furlough ADP	Escapes from Furlough	Monthly Rate per 100 ADP *
RECEPTION CENTERS	98	2	0.2	0	0	0.0
TRAINING SCHOOLS	1164	44	0.3	5	1	1.6
CORSICANA RTC	89	15	1.4	0	0	0.0
EVINS	46	4	0.7	0	0	0.0
COMMUNITY	564	1450	21.4	11	57	41.4
Halfway Houses	157	719	38.2	4	12	27.8
Contract Care	407	731	15.0	8	45	47.7
HOME	2060	1369	5.5			
Family	2014	1349	5.6			
Indep. Living	46	20	3.6			
TOTAL	4019	2884	6.0	17	58	28.5
Detail:						
Giddings	290	0	0.0	2	0	0.0
Brownwood	219	4	0.2	2	1	5.0
Crockett	160	20	1.0	0	0	0.0
Gainesville	296	9	0.3	1	0	0.0
West Texas	198	11	0.5	0	0	0.0
Ayres	21	40	15.8	0	1	17.7
Beto	22	108	40.8	0	0	0.0
Dallas	21	80	31.2	0	0	0.0
Middleton	2	4	18.5	0	0	0.0
Nueces	20	92	37.5	1	6	47.6
Schaeffer	22	115	43.9	0	0	0.0
Turman	22	171	65.2	1	0	0.0
Valley	11	79	62.2	0	2	208.3
Willoughby	16	30	15.8	0	3	89.3

* Monthly rate calculations are based on ADP stated to the nearest .01, although the table prints ADP stated to the nearest integer.

VI. ESCAPES FROM FACILITIES OR FURLOUGH
For Period: 9/1/90 - 8/31/91

	ADP	Escapes from Facility	Monthly Rate per 100 ADP *	Furlough ADP	Escapes from Furlough	Monthly Rate per 100 ADP *
RECEPTION CENTERS	108	2	0.2	0	0	n/a
TRAINING SCHOOLS	1161	70	0.5	10	8	6.6
CORSICANA RTC	89	10	0.9	0	0	n/a
EVINS	36	5	1.2	0	0	0.0
COMMUNITY	667	1695	21.2	15	47	26.7
Halfway Houses	169	634	31.2	3	4	11.1
Contract Care	498	1061	17.8	12	43	30.7
HOME	1796	1015	4.7			
Family	1780	1007	4.7			
Indep. Living	16	8	4.3			
TOTAL	3857	2797	6.0	25	55	18.5
Detail:						
Giddings	288	3	0.1	3	0	0.0
Brownwood	227	11	0.4	2	1	5.1
Crockett	149	27	1.5	0	0	0.0
Gainesville	298	8	0.2	5	7	11.9
West Texas	199	21	0.9	1	0	0.0
Ayres	21	49	19.9	0	0	n/a
Beto	22	98	37.0	0	0	0.0
Dallas	22	44	16.8	1	0	0.0
Middleton	24	82	28.8	1	0	0.0
Nueces	22	120	46.1	1	2	26.9
Schaeffer	21	153	59.6	0	0	0.0
Turman	22	64	24.5	0	2	34.7
Valley	0	**	**	0	**	**
Willoughby	16	24	12.4	0	0	0.0

* Monthly rate calculations are based on ADP stated to the nearest .01, although the table prints ADP stated to the nearest integer.

** Valley Halfway Houses was temporarily closed.

TABLE VII

Security and Detention Admissions

Definition:

Table VIII summarizes admissions to security units or detention facilities for FY 1992. ADP's are also presented to facilitate comparisons. Home ADP excludes students placed out-of-state.

"Average time between admissions per student" provides an index for comparing admission rates between facilities or programs. An index of 2.0 months for security or facility means that the average youth is admitted to security once every two months. The index is based on the year-to-date admission and YTD ADP, calculated as: $(ADP \times \# \text{ of months in period}) / \# \text{ of admissions}$.

Detention admissions are incidents in which students are placed in juvenile detention facilities or adult jails. Many detentions occur from behavior while students are on escape or furlough. Thus, detentions from the facility are separated from detentions from escape or furlough. For detentions, the "average time between admissions from facilities per student" examines only detentions from the facility and is based on facility ADP.

Main Points:

- ▲ Fiscal year 1992 security admissions decreased by 10% from 1991, dropping to 10,854 from 12,067.
- ▲ Giddings showed a significant decrease in frequency of security admissions from FY 1991 (from 2,718 to 1,645).
- ▲ West Texas also showed a decrease in frequency of security admissions from FY 1991 (from 1,807 to 1,516).
- ▲ Youth at home continued to have a higher detention rate (based on admissions from the facility) than do Community Programs (one per 17.7 months vs. one per 22.6 months).

VII. SECURITY AND DETENTION ADMISSIONS

For Period: 9/1/91 - 8/31/92

	SECURITY			DETENTION			Average time between adm. from facility per student
	ADP	Admissions	Average time between adm. per student *	ADP	from Escape or Furlough	from Facility	
RECEPTION CENTERS	98	584	2.0 mos.				
TRAINING SCHOOLS	1164	8247	1.7 mos.	1164	1	0	n/a
CORSICANA RTC	89	1506	0.7 mos.	89	1	0	0.0 mos.
EVINS	46	517	1.1 mos.	46	0	0	n/a
COMMUNITY				564	560	299	22.6 mos.
Halfway Houses				157	229	88	21.4 mos.
Contract Care				407	331	211	23.1 mos.
HOME				2060	562	1394	17.7 mos.
Family				2014	560	1384	17.5 mos.
Indep. Living				46	2	10	55.2 mos.
Detail:							
Giddings	290	1645	2.1 mos.	290	0	0	n/a
Brownwood	219	1443	1.8 mos.	219	0	0	n/a
Crockett	160	1097	1.8 mos.	160	0	0	n/a
Gainesville	296	2546	1.4 mos.	296	0	0	n/a
West Texas	198	1516	1.6 mos.	198	1	0	n/a
Ayres				21	9	2	126.0 mos.
Beto				22	22	9	29.3 mos.
Dallas				21	39	13	19.4 mos.
Middleton				2	3	2	12.0 mos.
Nueces				20	42	10	24.0 mos.
Schaeffer				22	40	19	13.9 mos.
Turman				22	47	20	13.2 mos.
Valley				11	6	5	26.4 mos.
Willoughby				16	21	8	24.0 mos.

* Monthly rate calculations are based on ADP stated to the nearest .01, although the table prints ADP stated to the nearest integer.

VII. SECURITY AND DETENTION ADMISSIONS

For Period: 9/1/90 - 8/31/91

	ADP	SECURITY Admissions	Average time between adm. per student *	DETENTION Admissions		Average time between adm. from facility per student	
				ADP	from Escape or Furlough		from Facility
RECEPTION CENTERS	108	586	2.2 mos.				
TRAINING SCHOOLS	1161	9690	1.4 mos.	1161	1	0	n/a
CORSICANA RTC	89	1179	0.9 mos.	89	1	0	0.0 mos.
EVINS	36	612	0.7 mos.	36	0	0	n/a
COMMUNITY				667	803	307	26.1 mos.
Halfway Houses				169	288	71	28.6 mos.
Contract Care				498	515	236	25.3 mos.
HOME				1795	448	1151	18.7 mos.
Family				1780	444	1149	18.6 mos.
Indep. Living				16	4	2	94.1 mos.
Detail:							
Giddings	288	2718	1.3 mos.	288	0	0	n/a
Brownwood	227	1513	1.8 mos.	227	0	0	n/a
Crockett	149	1015	1.8 mos.	149	0	0	n/a
Gainesville	298	2637	1.4 mos.	298	1	0	n/a
West Texas	199	1807	1.3 mos.	199	0	0	n/a
Ayres				21	11	6	41.0 mos.
Beto				22	41	10	26.5 mos.
Dallas				22	20	10	26.2 mos.
Middleton				24	47	9	31.6 mos.
Nueces				22	71	8	32.5 mos.
Schaeffer				21	43	10	25.7 mos.
Turman				22	31	9	29.1 mos.
Valley				0	2 **	0	n/a
Willoughby				16	22	9	21.5 mos.

* Monthly rate calculations are based on ADP stated to the nearest .01, although the table prints ADP stated to the nearest integer.

** Although Valley Halfway House was temporarily closed in early July, 1990, two students escape records were attached to their FY 1990 placements.

TABLE VIII

Significant Educational Gains

Definition:

Table VIII provides outcome measures of educational programs while students are in a program. Significant gains are defined as gains of one month or more in educational score for each month of instruction, based on comparing the pre-test and post-test scores. For example, a student who had been in the facility six months and had an examination score gain of six or more months would count as having a significant gain, whereas a student in a facility for six months who gained fewer than six months in the examination would not be considered to have made a significant gain.

The "average # of months gain per month in program" is calculated by counting all months gained by all students tested, and dividing by the total months spent since the pre-test by all the students tested.

Main Points:

- ▲ During FY 1992, nearly 60% of the students achieved more than a one-month educational gain for each month they spent in the institutional education program.
- ▲ Giddings had by far the highest percent of significant gains in math tests (82%). Evins and Brownwood had the highest percent of significant gains in reading tests (66%).
- ▲ Irregularities in testing at West Texas invalidated test results for that institution.
- ▲ Youth in TYC institutions had an average test gain of 2.1 months in math and 1.6 months in reading for every month in the program.

VIII. SIGNIFICANT GAINS ON THE ACHIEVEMENT TESTS

For Period: 9/1/91 - 8/31/92

READING

	# Tested	Average Pre-test Level	Average Post-test Level	% Students w/ Significant Score Gain	Average # Mos. Gain per Month in Program
TRAINING SCHOOLS	894	6.5	7.9	59.4%	2.2
Giddings	125	6.6	8.4	56.0%	1.4
Brownwood	264	6.6	7.8	65.9%	2.2
Crockett	180	6.3	7.5	53.3%	1.9
Gainesville	325	6.5	8.1	58.8%	2.7
West Texas	*	*	*	*	*
CORSICANA RTC	62	6.4	7.5	50.0%	1.0
EVINS JUVENILE CENTER	84	6.2	7.2	66.3%	2.3
TOTAL	1040	6.5	7.8	59.4%	2.1

MATH

	# Tested	Average Pre-test Level	Average Post-test Level	% Students w/ Significant Score Gain	Average # Mos. Gain per Month in Program
TRAINING SCHOOLS	935	6.8	8.0	58.6%	1.6
Giddings	133	7.0	10.0	81.8%	2.2
Brownwood	279	6.9	7.7	58.8%	1.5
Crockett	187	6.7	7.7	56.1%	1.7
Gainesville	336	6.7	7.5	50.7%	1.4
West Texas	*	*	*	*	*
CORSICANA RTC	64	6.3	7.5	51.6%	1.0
EVINS JUVENILE CENTER	86	6.2	7.0	60.5%	1.8
TOTAL	1085	6.7	7.9	58.4%	1.6

**Irregularities with testing at West Texas invalidated test results at that institution.*

VIII. SIGNIFICANT GAINS ON THE ACHIEVEMENT TESTS

For Period: 9/1/90 - 8/31/91

READING

	# Tested	Average Pre-test Level	Average Post-test Level	% Students w/ Significant Score Gain	Average # Mos. Gain per Month in Program
TRAINING SCHOOLS	1069	6.3	7.5	57.1%	2.4
Giddings	106	6.1	8.4	61.3%	1.6
Brownwood	277	6.5	7.5	60.3%	2.2
Crockett	159	5.8	6.5	41.5%	1.2
Gainesville	264	6.4	7.0	42.8%	1.5
West Texas	263	6.5	8.3	75.7%	4.6
CORSICANA RTC	44	5.9	8.0	56.8%	1.4
EVINS JUVENILE CENTER	2	3.9	4.7	100.0%	3.0
TOTAL	1115	6.3	7.5	57.1%	2.4

MATH

	# Tested	Average Pre-test Level	Average Post-test Level	% Students w/ Significant Score Gain	Average # Mos. Gain per Month in Program
TRAINING SCHOOLS	1088	6.7	8.0	61.0%	2.4
Giddings	107	6.8	10.7	94.4%	2.8
Brownwood	287	6.8	7.6	53.3%	1.5
Crockett	162	6.3	7.5	53.1%	1.9
Gainesville	259	6.7	7.2	44.8%	1.2
West Texas	273	6.7	8.4	76.2%	4.8
CORSICANA RTC	52	6.4	8.4	46.2%	1.4
EVINS JUVENILE CENTER	2	5.1	6.7	100.0%	6.5
TOTAL	1142	6.7	8.0	60.4%	2.4

TABLE IX

Negative Transfers

Definition:

Negative transfers are defined as transfers from a lower security facility to higher security institutions, including both discharges made for the purpose of recommitment and transfers to a more secure facility after a Level I or Level II hearing. For Halfway Houses and Contract Care Programs, negative transfers are transfers to Institutions. Within Training Schools other than Giddings, negative transfers are transfers to Giddings. The negative transfer rate is the ratio of negative transfers to all transfers, including discharge.

Negative transfers for a period are based on the date of admission to the more secure facility, rather than the date that a student's assignment ended. A significant time difference may occur due to intervening temporary assignments. As a result, negative transfer data will not exactly correspond to the population movement data presented in Table V.

Main Points:

- ▲ Negative transfers were reduced significantly in Institutions as compared to fiscal year 1991 (0.7% from 1.9%).
- ▲ The rate of negative transfers of Halfway Houses was higher than that of Residential Contract Programs (30% versus 19%).
- ▲ The negative transfer rate for Halfway Houses ranged from a high of 43% at Dallas House to a low of 9% for Middleton.

IX. NEGATIVE TRANSFERS*For Period: 9/1/91 - 8/31/92*

Negative Transfers:

FROM INSTITUTIONS OTHER THAN GIDDINGS TO GIDDINGS
--

	Rate per Release	Number
INSTITUTIONS	0.7%	15
Brownwood	0.9%	5
Crockett	0.3%	1
Gainesville	0.8%	5
West Texas	0.7%	3
Corsicana	1.2%	1

Negative Transfers:

FROM COMMUNITY PROGRAMS TO ANY INSTITUTION

	Rate per Release	Number
COMMUNITY	22.8%	377
Halfway Houses	30.1%	181
Res. Contracts	18.6%	196
HWH Detail:		
Ayers	17.0%	9
Beto	21.8%	17
Dallas	42.9%	36
Middleton	9.4%	3
Nueces	21.6%	21
Schaeffer	41.8%	28
Turman	42.2%	38
Valley	29.2%	14
Willoughby	28.3%	15

IX. NEGATIVE TRANSFERS*For Period: 9/1/90 – 8/31/91*

Negative Transfers:

FROM INSTITUTIONS OTHER THAN GIDDINGS TO GIDDINGS
--

	Rate	
	per Release	Number
INSTITUTIONS	1.9%	40
Brownwood	4.2%	23
Crockett	1.7%	5
Gainesville	1.0%	7
West Texas	1.1%	5
Corsicana	0.0%	0

Negative Transfers:

FROM COMMUNITY PROGRAMS TO ANY INSTITUTION

	Rate	
	per Release	Number
COMMUNITY	22.6%	458
Halfway Houses	29.3%	193
Res. Contracts	19.4%	265
HWH Detail:		
Ayers	21.1%	12
Beto	43.2%	35
Dallas	25.0%	19
Middleton	29.6%	21
Nueces	30.9%	34
Schaeffer	34.7%	33
Turman	18.5%	17
Willoughby	31.9%	22

TABLE X

Recidivism Within 3 Years (Reincarceration)

Definition:

Recidivism is defined as the percentage of youth released to home or discharge other than for recommitment who within three years have been recommitted, had parole revoked, or been admitted to the Texas Department of Corrections. The recidivism rate for each program type or facility is calculated based on youth released three years prior, whose last placement before release was the identified program type or facility.

Main Points:

- ▲ The overall agency three-year reincarceration rate was 45%.
- ▲ Training Schools have a 51% reincarceration rate compared to 35% for Halfway Houses and 35% for Contract Care.
- ▲ Giddings experienced its third annual decrease from 39% in FY 1990 to 37% in FY 1991 to 33% in FY 1992.

X. RECIDIVISM WITHIN 3 YEARS (REINCARCERATION)

For Youths Released: 7/1/88 – 6/30/89

	% RECIDIVATING	
	Rate	Number in Cohort
TRAINING SCHOOLS	51.3%	1519
Brownwood	54.1%	427
Crockett	64.3%	143
Gainesville	56.3%	524
Giddings	33.3%	141
West Texas	40.5%	284
CORSICANA RTC	37.8%	45
COMMUNITY	34.7%	864
Halfway Houses	34.5%	325
Ayres	29.8%	57
Dallas	38.9%	54
Beto	37.9%	29
Middleton	40.5%	42
Nueces	48.0%	25
Turman	38.7%	31
Schaeffer	26.7%	30
Valley	33.3%	33
Willoughby	12.5%	24
Contract Care	34.9%	539
Day Treatment	22.9%	35
Foster Care	22.9%	35
Group Care	31.0%	226
Independent Living Preparation	23.1%	13
Intensive Supervision	23.1%	13
Marine	34.8%	46
Maternity	28.6%	7
Resid. Treatment Center Intensive	16.7%	24
Resid. Treatment Centers (Non-intensive)	40.3%	67
State Hospital	62.5%	8
Substance Abuse	40.0%	5
Vocational Programs	41.1%	129
Wilderness Camps	20.0%	10
RECEPTION CENTER ONLY	0.0%	1
TOTAL	45.2%	2429

X. RECIDIVISM WITHIN 3 YEARS (REINCARCERATION)*For Youths Released: 7/1/87 - 6/30/88*

	% RECIDIVATING	
	Rate	Number in Cohort
TRAINING SCHOOLS	50.6%	1491
Brownwood	51.4%	364
Crockett	56.6%	145
Gainesville	52.8%	453
Giddings	37.2%	239
West Texas	54.5%	290
CORSICANA RTC	45.2%	31
COMMUNITY	32.3%	879
Halfway Houses	29.8%	309
Ayres	35.3%	51
Dallas	36.6%	41
Beto	13.0%	23
Middleton	38.5%	39
Nueces	30.3%	33
Turman	33.3%	24
Schaeffer	29.4%	34
Valley	36.4%	33
Willoughby	3.2%	31
Contract Care	33.7%	570
Foster Care	22.9%	35
Group Care	31.0%	226
Independent Living Preparation	23.1%	13
Marine	34.8%	46
Maternity	28.6%	7
Resid. Treatment Center Intensive	16.7%	24
Resid. Treatment Centers (Non-intensive)	40.3%	67
State Hospital	62.5%	8
Substance Abuse	40.0%	5
Vocational Programs	41.1%	129
Wilderness Camps	20.0%	10
RECEPTION CENTER ONLY	0.0%	8
TOTAL	43.7%	2409

