## Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rate at Lowest Levet in Over Eighteen Years

With the April seasonally adjusted Texas unemployment rate revised upward a tenth of a percentage point, the May rate replaced April as the lowest unemployment rate in over eighteen years. December 1979 was the last time the Texas seasonally adjusted rate was lower than the current May rate of 4.5 percent.

## Services, Trade, and Construction Drive Seasonally Adjusted Employment Gains

Total statewide Nonagricultural Wage and Salary employment grew by 25,200 jobs in May. All major divisions except Mining added jobs over the month, with increases in Services, Trade, and Construction employment accounting for 77 percent of the overall gain.


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Employment in Mining dropped in May-the second monthly decline this year. Due to a slowdown in mining operations, the annual employment growth rate continued its decline, reaching its lowest level since November 1996. However, despite recent downturns and continued lower oil prices, Mining has managed to add 900 jobs so far this year and 3,700 jobs since last May.
Services saw an over-the-month gain of 8,800 jobs, outpacing all other major divisions. Services accounted for 47 percent of the growth in the Service Producing Sector. Business Services and Amusement and Recreation employment fueled the May boost.

Retail Trade recovered from its downturn last month and contributed the majority of the gain in the Trade industry, adding 4,900 jobs. This was the largest monthly increase so far this year. General Merchandising Stores, Apparel and Accessories Stores, and Eating and Drinking Places drove Retail Trade growth.
$+$
Construction added 5,000 jobs in May-this was twice the size of April's gain. Year-to-date growth in Construction continued to climb, reaching its highest May total of the 1990s. The December-to-May increase of 18,300 jobs was 4,200 greater than the previous high. Special Trade Contractors, also off to its best start of the decade, was responsible for the vast majority of that gain.

## Nonseasonally Adjusted Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) Employment

Services and Retail Trade contributed 66 percent of the 24,000 new jobs gained in May in the MSAs. A majority of these jobs were the result of continued hiring in preparation for the summer tourist season.

The Dallas MSA led Total Nonagricultural Employment gains in May, adding 10,100 jobs. Dallas added more jobs than any other MSA in four major divisions: Manufacturing; Transportation, Communications and Public Utilities; Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate; and Services.
The close of the spring semester at state universities resulted in a seasonal reduction in State Government employment. The Austin-San Marcos MSA experienced the largest drop and was the only MSA to see declines in all three sectors of Government.
As dry weather persisted across the state, Construction employment continued to climb, gaining 6,000 jobs in May. Houston led Construction growth for the state, while only the Brazoria and Corpus Christi MSAs experienced declines.

| Texas Unemployment Rate Actual Series Seasonally Adjusted |  | xas Nonagricultural Wage \& Salary Employment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 8,880,200 |
| 4.3\% | 4.5 |  |  |

## New Labor Market Information Website By Ryan Grametbauer and Ian Twohig

In an effort to provide labor market data to our customers in a timely, user-friendly manner, the Labor Market Information Department (LMI) has created a new web page. The new page, which will be available in June, will replace the existing LMI web page accessed through the Texas Workforce Commission's (TWC's) homepage. After implementation the page will be updated monthly, with new figures becoming available the morning of the scheduled "release day" for that month, making it one of the most timely statewide labor market information tools on the internet.

The new LMI website is divided into six helpful sections (see Figure 1), the first of which is a Fast Facts option. In this section, data customers will be able to quickly obtain the most frequently requested current LMI statistics. Fast Facts includes national and statewide unemployment rates, Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) unemployment rates, and statewide and MSA nonagricultural employment estimates.

Figure 1


A section entitled Texas Labor Force Statistics Searchpage will be available for those users who require answers to more specific labor market questions. This page allows users to search for labor market data geographically (statewide, county, MSA, and Workforce Development Board), as well as by industry and data type. Information available includes unemployment rates, current actual and seasonally adjusted employment estimates by industry, historical covered employment and wage data, occupational wage information, hours and earnings estimates, occupational projections, and demographic laobr force data.

The Texas Labor Force Statistics Searchpage option will also house 27 MSA profiles (see Figure 2 - an example profile of the El Paso MSA). These profiles were designed to provide a current economic snapshot of each of the state's metropolitan areas by bringing together economic data and analysis from all of the LMI

Figure 2

programs into a single document. The profiles detail employment and unemployment statistics, projections, top employers, and a variety of other information for the selected area. The profile pages can be downloaded with each page fitting on a single sheet for compact, portable reference.

The section which follows is entitled LMI Overview. This section contains the LMI Mission Statement as well as information regarding the five programs administered by the LMI Department. A brief description is provided of the Covered Employment and Wages (ES-202), Current Employment Statistics (CES), Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS), Occupational Employment Statistics (OES), and Mass Layoff Statistics (MLS) programs. In addition, a listing of the names and email addresses of the LMI department administration is provided. Also contained within this page is an LMI Spotlight section which provides the current TWC press release as well as space to highlight new LMI products or services.

The myriad of statistics produced by the LMI department can be overwhelming to some users. The LMI Products and Publications section was designed to provide descriptions, definitions, and limitations of our products and publications. This section also lists ways to contact LMI if you have suggestions, requests, or comments regarding any of our products or publications.

Continued from page 2
The Texas Labor Market Review (TLMR) section has current excerpts from LMI's monthly newsletter and important information about our feature publication. This section houses the on-line editions of the TLMR from June 1997 to the present. Also included in this section is an email address for the TLMR editor and information on how to subscribe to the printed version of the TLMR.

The last section of the new website is a help section. Help provides answers to frequently asked questions, links to other sites, and a glossary of LMI terms. It also contains useful tips on how to search for specific information or data series.

The staff of the LMI Department invites you to visit the new LMI website directly at http://www.twc.state.tx.us/lmi/lmi.html, or through TWC's homepage at http://www.twc.state.tx.us by selecting the Labor Market Information option. This website was created to help the user easily and efficiently access current economic data and tailor it to specific geographical areas or data types. Through the new LMI website and a variety of other printed and electronic media, the staff of the Texas Workforce Commission's Labor Market Information Department is committed to delivering the most timely and accurate economic data available.

## Texas Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment Seasonally Adjusted ${ }^{+}$

| INDUSTRY TITLE | May 1998* | Apr. 1998 | May. 1997 | Apr. '98 to May '98 |  | May '97 to May '98 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Absolute Change | Percent Change | Absolute Change | Percent Change |
| TOTAL NONAG. W\&S EMPLOYMENT | 8,880,200 | 8,855,000 | 8,568,700 | 25,200 | 0.3 | 311,500 | 3.6 |
| GOODS PRODUCING | 1,752,400 | 1,746,000 | 1,700,000 | 6,400 | 0.4 | 52,400 | 3.1 |
| Mining | 168,200 | 168,500 | 164,500 | -300 | -0.2 | 3,700 | 2.2 |
| Construction | 485,300 | 480,300 | 456,400 | 5,000 | 1.0 | 28,900 | 6.3 |
| Manufacturing | 1,098,900 | 1,097,200 | 1,079,100 | 1,700 | 0.2 | 19,800 | 1.8 |
| Durable Goods | 664,300 | 663,100 | 640,500 | 1,200 | 0.2 | 23,800 | 3.7 |
| Nondurable Goods | 434,600 | 434,100 | 438,600 | 500 | 0.1 | -4,000 | -0.9 |
| SERVICE PRODUCING | 7,127,800 | 7,109,000 | 6,868,700 | 18,800 | 0.3 | 259,100 | 3.8 |
| Transportation, Comm., Utilities | 540,100 | 538,000 | 512,000 | 2,100 | 0.4 | 28,100 | 5.5 |
| Trade | 2,097,700 | 2,092,000 | 2,038,900 | 5,700 | 0.3 | 58,800 | 2.9 |
| Wholesale Trade | 510,700 | 509,900 | 493,500 | 800 | 0.2 | 17,200 | 3.5 |
| Retail Trade | 1,587,000 | 1,582,100 | 1,545,400 | 4,900 | 0.3 | 41,600 | 2.7 |
| Finance, Insurance, \& Real Estate | 479,600 | 478,500 | 462,300 | 1,100 | 0.2 | 17,300 | 3.7 |
| Services | 2,501,600 | 2,492,800 | 2,375,900 | 8,800 | 0.4 | 125,700 | 5.3 |
| Government | 1,508,800 | 1,507,700 | 1,479,600 | 1,100 | 0.1 | 29,200 | 2.0 |

Note: The number of nonagricultural jobs in Texas is without reference to place of residence of workers.
*Estimates for the current month are preliminary. All estimates are subject to revision
${ }^{+}$All elements of seasonality are factored out to achieve an estimate which reflects the basic underlying trend.

## TEXAS AND U.S. CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

|  | TEXAS* |  |  |  | UNITED STATES** |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actual | CLF | Employment | Unemp. | Rate | CLF | Employment | Unemp. | Rate |
| May '98 | 10,043,200 | 9,613,700 | 429,500 | 4.3 | 137,240,000 | 131,476,000 | 5,764,000 | 4.2 |
| Apr '98 | 9,998,600 | 9,573,400 | 425,200 | 4.3 | 136,378,000 | 130,735,000 | 5,643,000 | 4.1 |
| May ${ }^{97}$ | 9,788,200 | 9,284,100 | 504,100 | 5.1 | 135,963,000 | 129,565,000 | 6,398,000 | 4.7 |
| Seas. Adjusted | CLF | Employment | Unemp. | Rate | CLF | Employment | Unemp. | Rate |
| May '98 | 10,101,400 | 9,642,600 | 458,800 | 4.5 | 137,363,000 | 131,453,000 | 5,910,000 | 4.3 |
| Apr '98 | 10,070,600 | 9,611,900 | 458,700 | 4.6 | 137,242,000 | 131,383,000 | 5,859,000 | 4.3 |
| May '97 | 9,848,300 | 9,310,300 | $\mathbf{5 3 8 , 0 0 0}$ | 5.5 | 136,060,000 | 129,494,000 | 6,566,000 | 4.8 |

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## Highlights of Local Area Unemployment Statistics

The Texas actual series unemployment rate remained steady at 4.3 percent for the second month in a row, making this the lowest May rate since 1979. The May rate is eight-tenths of a percentage point lower than last year's rate of 5.1 percent. Due to increased seasonal agricultural activity, the Lower Rio Grande Valley saw the largest decline in unemployment insurance claims filed in May. Statewide continued claims without earnings dropped by 7,831 over the month, while total Nonagricultural Wage and Salary employment increased by 47,900 .

- The number of insured unemployed Texans without earnings fell 8.7 percent from 89,507 in April to 81,676 in May, the fourth consecutive monthly decrease in continued claims filed. The greatest decrease in continued claims filed occurred in the Lower Rio Grande Valley, most notably in Hidalgo County with 1,776 fewer claims and in Maverick County with 1,034 fewer claims. All increases were very small, with the largest county claims increase shown in Denton County with 29 more claims. The most significant decreases in continued claims for Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) occurred in McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, followed by Houston, Brownsville-HarlingenSan Benito, and San Antonio.
- Texas' civilian labor force increased by 44,600 in May, bringing the number of workers in the labor force to $10,043,200$. The number of employed Texans increased by 40,300 over the month to $9,613,700$, which more than countered the increase in the number of unemployed which increased by 4,300 to 429,500 . This level of unemployment is well below the total of 504,100 seen in May 1997.
- Of the state's 27 MSAs, five had unemployment rates unchanged from April, three showed a decrease, and 19 showed an increase. The Bryan-College Station MSA had the state's lowest MSA unemployment rate at 1.5 percent. Hartley and Jeff Davis Counties tied for the lowest county rate at 1.3 percent.

Texas Metropolitan Statistical Areas
Ranked by Unemployment Rate
May 1998

| 1 | Bryan-College Station | 1.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Austin-San Marcos | 2.3 |
| 3 | San Angelo | 2.8 |
| 4 (tie) | Dallas | 3.0 |
|  | Fort Worth-Arlington | 3.0 |
|  | Lubbock | 3.0 |
| 7 | Amarillo | 3.2 |
| 8 (tie) | Abilene | 3.3 |
|  | San Antonio | 3.3 |
| 10 | Houston | 3.8 |
| 11 (tie) | Killeen-Temple | 3.9 |
|  | Sherman-Denison | 3.9 |
| 13 | Waco | 4.1 |
| 14 (tie) | Victoria | 4.2 |
|  | Wichita Falls | 4.2 |
| 16 | Odessa-Midland | 4.5 |
| 17 | Tyler | 4.6 |
| 18 | Brazoria | 5.5 |
| 19 (tie) | Galveston-Texas City | 6.0 |
|  | Longview-Marshall | 6.0 |
| 21 | Corpus Christi | 6.1 |
| 22 | Beaumont-Port Arthur | 6.4 |
| 23 | Texarkana | 6.9 |
| 24 | Laredo | 8.2 |
| 25 | El Paso | 8.9 |
| 26 | Brownsville-Harlingen | 11.1 |
| 27 | McAllen-Edinburg-Mission | 14.0 |

## Civilian Labor Force Estimates for Texas Metropolitan Statistical Areas

## (In Thousands)

|  | May 1998* |  |  |  | April 1998 |  |  |  | May 1997 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | C.L.F. | Emp. | Unemp. | Rate | C.L.F. | Emp. | Unemp. | Rate | C.L.F. | Emp. | Unemp. | Rate |
| State of Texas | 10,043.2 | 9,613.7 | 429.5 | 4.3 | 9,998.6 | 9,573.4 | 425.2 | 4.3 | 9,788.2 | 9,284.1 | 504.1 | 5.1 |
| A bilene | 61.1 | 59.1 | 2.0 | 3.3 | 60.8 | 59.0 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 60.1 | 57.5 | 2.6 | 4.3 |
| Amarillo | 112.4 | 108.8 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 111.7 | 108.3 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 110.2 | 105.9 | 4.3 | 3.9 |
| Austin-San Marcos | 665.5 | 649.9 | 15.6 | 2.3 | 665.5 | 650.3 | 15.2 | 2.3 | 641.2 | 622.8 | 18.4 | 2.9 |
| Beaumont-Port Arthur | 181.9 | 170.2 | 11.7 | 6.4 | 181.2 | 169.6 | 11.6 | 6.4 | 179.8 | 165.8 | 14.0 | 7.8 |
| Brazeria | 104.9 | 99.1 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 105.0 | 99.4 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 105.0 | 97.3 | 7.7 | 7.3 |
| Brownsville-Harlingen | 127.4 | 113.3 | 14.1 | 11.1 | 127.5 | 112.9 | 14.6 | 11.4 | 124.4 | 109.6 | 14.8 | 11.9 |
| Bryan-College Station | 72.6 | 71.5 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 72.8 | 71.8 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 70.9 | 69.4 | 1.5 | 2.1 |
| Corpus Christi | 176.3 | 165.6 | 10.7 | 6.1 | 175.5 | 165.3 | 10.2 | 5.8 | 176.2 | 162.5 | 13.7 | 7.8 |
| Dallas | 1,858.8 | 1.803 .3 | 55.5 | 3.0 | 1,847.9 | 1,794.9 | 53.0 | 2.9 | 1,788.8 | 1,724.4 | 64.4 | 3.6 |
| E1 Paso | 290.5 | 264.5 | 26.0 | 8.9 | 287.2 | 261.6 | 25.6 | 8.9 | 287.9 | 256.4 | 31.5 | 10.9 |
| Fort Worth-Arlington | 864.6 | 838.4 | 26.2 | 3.0 | 859.2 | 834.2 | 25.0 | 2.9 | 841.4 | 811.8 | 29.6 | 3.5 |
| Galveston-Texas City | 124.8 | 117.3 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 123.6 | 116.4 | 7.2 | 5.8 | 124.5 | 114.6 | 9.9 | 8.0 |
| Houston | 2,095.8 | 2.016 .9 | 78.9 | 3.8 | 2,084.3 | 2,008.0 | 76.3 | 3.7 | 2,033.3 | 1,931.7 | 101.6 | 5.0 |
| Killeen-Temple | 115.3 | 110.8 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 114.5 | 110.0 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 113.1 | 107.6 | 5.5 | 4.8 |
| Laredo | 70.7 | 64.9 | 5.8 | 8.2 | 70.7 | 64.4 | 6.3 | 8.9 | 69.5 | 62.7 | 6.8 | 9.8 |
| Longview-Marshall | 103.3 | 97.1 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 102.6 | 96.7 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 102.9 | 95.7 | 7.2 | 7.0 |
| Lubbock | 124.1 | 120.3 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 123.8 | 120.1 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 121.0 | 116.4 | 4.6 | 3.8 |
| McAllen-Edinburg-Mission | 193.8 | 166.6 | 27.2 | 14.0 | 197.7 | 167.0 | 30.7 | 15.5 | 190.2 | 159.6 | 30.6 | 16.1 |
| Odessa-Midland | 126.9 | 121.2 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 125.6 | 120.3 | 5.3 | 4.2 | 123.2 | 116.9 | 6.3 | 5.1 |
| San Angelo | 50.6 | 49.2 | 1.4 | 2.8 | 50.7 | 49.3 | 1.4 | 2.7 | 51.0 | 49.3 | 1.7 | 3.4 |
| San Antonio | 762.6 | 737.5 | 25.1 | 3.3 | 757.8 | 733.4 | 24.4 | 3.2 | 738.8 | 710.4 | 28.4 | 3.8 |
| Sherman-Denison | 50.3 | 48.3 | 2.0 | 3.9 | 50.1 | 48.2 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 50.1 | 47.8 | 2.3 | 4.6 |
| Texarkana | 57.5 | 53.5 | 4.0 | 6.9 | 57.2 | 53.3 | 3.9 | 6.8 | 56.6 | 52.4 | 4.2 | 7.5 |
| Tyler | 89.6 | 85.5 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 89.4 | 85.4 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 87.8 | 83.1 | 4.7 | 5.3 |
| Victoria | 43.9 | 42.1 | 1.8 | 4.2 | 43.3 | 41.6 | 1.7 | 4.0 | 43.0 | 40.8 | 2.2 | 5.1 |
| Waco | 100.4 | 96.2 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 101.2 | 97.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 98.4 | 94.0 | 4.4 | 4.4 |
| Wichita Falls | 66.3 | 63.5 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 66.1 | 63.4 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 65.7 | 63.0 | 2.7 | 4.0 |

[^1] workers, self-employed, unpaid family, domestics in private households, agricultural workers, workers involved in labor disputes and the unemployed, all by place of residence. Percent Unemployed is based upon unrounded Labor Force, Employment and Unemployment numbers. A discrepancy can occur when rounded numbers are used to calculate the Unemployment Rate. Estimates of the TWC are in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

## Employment and Unemployment Estimates for Texas Counties - May 1998

| County | Emp. | Unemp. | Rate | County | Emp. | Unemp. | Rate | County | Emp. | Unemp. | Rate | County | Emp. | Unemp. | Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anderson | 19,343 | 876 | 4.3 | Donley | 1,525 | 55 | 3.5 | Kaufman | 30,676 | 1,308 | 4.1 | Real | 1,136 | 55 | 4.6 |
| Andrews | 5,419 | 353 | 6.1 | Dural | 4,350 | 506 | 10.4 | Kendall | 12,848 | 293 | 2.2 | Red River | 5,775 | 348 | 5.7 |
| Angelina | 34,817 | 1,899 | 5.2 | Eastland | 8,478 | 420 | 4.7 | Kenedy | 225 | 10 | 4.3 | Reeves | 6,255 | 542 | 8.0 |
| Aransas | 9,267 | 562 | 5.7 | Ector | 59,890 | 3,307 | 5.2 | Kent | 451 | 18 | 3.8 | Refugio | 2,841 | 122 | 4.1 |
| Archer | 4,088 | 146 | 3.4 | Edwards | 873 | 41 | 4.5 | Kerr | 17,892 | 371 | 2.0 | Roberts | 528 | 17 | 3.1 |
| Armstrong | 945 | 18 | 1.9 | Ellis | 51,049 | 1,809 | 3.4 | Kimble | 2,388 | 46 | 1.9 | Robertson | 6,300 | 267 | 4.1 |
| Atascosa | 15,616 | 671 | 4.1 | El Paso | 264,453 | 25,977 | 8.9 | King | 105 | 7 | 6.3 | Rockwall | 20,092 | 400 | 2.0 |
| Austin | 11,689 | 297 | 2.5 | Erath | 15,821 | 468 | 2.9 | Kinney | 1,072 | 124 | 10.4 | Runnels | 5,080 | 171 | 3.3 |
| Bailey | 3,438 | 219 | 6.0 | Falls | 7,505 | 295 | 3.8 | Kleberg | 12,501 | 831 | 6.2 | Rusk | 20,042 | 1,076 | 5.1 |
| Bandera | 6,138 | 207 | 3.3 | Fannin | 12.501 | 475 | 3.7 | Knox | 2,096 | 104 | 4.7 | Sabine | 3,768 | 334 | 8.1 |
| Bastrop | 25,242 | 682 | 2.6 | Fayette | 10,353 | 240 | 2.3 | Lamar | 20,282 | 1,065 | 5.0 | San Augustine | 3,222 | 205 | 6.0 |
| Baylor | 1,720 | 78 | 4.3 | Fisher | 1.778 | 71 | 3.8 | Lamb | 6,299 | 440 | 6.5 | San Jacinto | 7,893 | 302 | 3.7 |
| Bee | 10,854 | 560 | 4.9 | Floyd | 2,886 | 249 | 7.9 | Lampasas | 7,627 | 295 | 3.7 | San Patricio | 27,220 | 1,749 | 6.0 |
| Bell | 90,085 | 3,668 | 3.9 | Foard | 881 | 35 | 3.8 | La Salle | 2,802 | 203 | 6.8 | San Saba | 2,383 | 88 | 3.6 |
| Bexar | 648,031 | 22,927 | 3.4 | Fort Bend | 164,093 | 4,437 | 2.6 | Lavaca | 9,328 | 194 | 2.0 | Schleicher | 1,485 | 35 | 2.3 |
| Blanco | 3.691 | 76 | 2.0 | Franklin | 4,333 | 136 | 3.0 | Lee | 7,203 | 233 | 3.1 | Scurry | 7.889 | 297 | 3.6 |
| Borden | 405 | 7 | 1.7 | Freestone | 7,585 | 373 | 4.7 | Leon | 5,492 | 320 | 5.5 | Shackelford | 1,378 | 85 | 5.8 |
| Bosque | 6,244 | 304 | 4.6 | Frio | 5,752 | 489 | 7.8 | Liberty | 26,711 | 1,731 | 6.1 | Shelby | 9,045 | 549 | 5.7 |
| Bowie | 37,215 | 3,123 | 7.7 | Gaines | 6,271 | 277 | 4.2 | Limestone | 8,860 | 433 | 4.7 | Sherman | 1,483 | 23 | 1.5 |
| Brazoria | 99,099 | 5.811 | 5.5 | Galveston | 117,263 | 7,457 | 6.0 | Lipscomb | 1,686 | 37 | 2.1 | Smith | 85,548 | 4,126 | 4.6 |
| Brazos | 71,511 | 1,123 | 1.5 | Garza | 2,128 | 141 | 6.2 | Live Oak | 4,389 | 175 | 3.8 | Somervell | 1,887 | 148 | 7.3 |
| Brewster | 5,114 | 90 | 1.7 | Gillespie | 10,511 | 164 | 1.5 | Llano | 4,910 | 152 | 3.0 | Starr | 16,024 | 4,269 | 21.0 |
| Briscoe | 873 | 37 | 4.1 | Glasscock | 645 | 14 | 2.1 | Loving | 66 | 7 | 9.6 | Stephens | 4,389 | 187 | 4.1 |
| Brooks | 2,670 | 230 | 7.9 | Goliad | 2,372 | 97 | 3.9 | Lubbock | 120.284 | 3,776 | 3.0 | Sterling | 728 | 28 | 3.7 |
| Brown | 16,367 | 786 | 4.6 | Gonzales | 6,967 | 270 | 3.7 | Lynn | 2,825 | 145 | 4.9 | Stonewall | 785 | 28 | 3.4 |
| Burleson | 7,233 | 254 | 3.4 | Gray | 10,568 | 430 | 3.9 | Mc Culloch | 3,846 | 244 | 6.0 | Sutton | 2,085 | 60 | 2.8 |
| Burnet | 13,539 | 406 | 2.9 | Grayson | 48,299 | 1,964 | 3.9 | Mc Lennan | 96,238 | 4,158 | 4.1 | Swisher | 3,659 | 122 | 3.2 |
| Caldwell | 15,015 | 496 | 3.2 | Gregs | 55,293 | 3,603 | 6.1 | Mc Mullen | 263 | 7 | 2.6 | Tarrant | 729,337 | 22,417 | 3.0 |
| Calhoun | 7,996 | 668 | 7.7 | Grimes | 8,482 | 343 | 3.9 | Madison | 4,081 | 131 | 3.1 | Taylor | 59,055 | 2,015 | 3.3 |
| Callahan | 6,128 | 221 | 3.5 | Guadalupe | 39,814 | 897 | 2.2 | Marion | 3,275 | 313 | 8.7 | Terrell | 550 | 18 | 3.2 |
| Cameron | 113,273 | 14,090 | 11.1 | Hale | 15,454 | 989 | 6.0 | Martin | 1,623 | 76 | 4.5 | Terry | 5,352 | 415 | 7.2 |
| Camp | 5,310 | 366 | 6.4 | Hall | 1,589 | 115 | 6.7 | Mason | 1,698 | 37 | 2.1 | Throckmorton | 788 | 21 | 2.6 |
| Carson | 3,120 | 131 | 4.0 | Hamilton | 3,648 | 115 | 3.1 | Matagorda | 14,797 | 1,943 | 11.6 | Titus | 12,403 | 688 | 5.3 |
| Cass | 15,024 | 1,120 | 6.9 | Hansford | 2,481 | 46 | 1.8 | Maverick | 13,518 | 4,034 | 23.0 | Tom Green | 49,181 | 1,441 | 2.8 |
| Castro | 3,881 | 201 | 4.9 | Hardeman | 1,973 | 92 | 4.5 | Medina | 15,074 | 668 | 4.2 | Travis | 438,992 | 11,020 | 2.4 |
| Chambers | 11,092 | 476 | 4.1 | Hardin | 21,392 | 1,321 | 5.8 | Menard | 1,042 | 37 | 3.4 | Trinity | 4,629 | 226 | 4.7 |
| Cherokee | 19,523 | 754 | 3.7 | Harris | 1,679,861 | 67,528 | 3.9 | Midland | 61,261 | 2,354 | 3.7 | Tyler | 5,720 | 456 | 7.4 |
| Childress | 3,062 | 131 | 4.1 | Harrison | 26,192 | 1,776 | 6.4 | Milam | 8,905 | 410 | 4.4 | Upshur | 15,569 | 853 | 5.2 |
| Clay | 5,796 | 159 | 2.7 | Hartley | 2,935 | 40 | 1.3 | Mills | 2,263 | 76 | 3.2 | Upton | 1,651 | 58 | 3.4 |
| Cochran | 1,427 | 67 | 4.5 | Haskell | 2,631 | 97. | 3.6 | Mitchell | 3,162 | 235 | 6.9 | Uvalde | 10,290 | 996 | 8.8 |
| Coke | 1,559 | 44 | 2.7 | Hays | 46,827 | 1,065 | 2.2 | Montague | 7,454 | 293 | 3.8 | Val Verde | 16,580 | 1,413 | 7.9 |
| Coleman | 3,483 | 369 | 9.6 | Hemphill | 1,951 | 44 | 2.2 | Montgomery | 123,353 | 4,272 | 3.3 | Van Zandt | 20,037 | 749 | 3.6 |
| Collin | 234,196 | 4,734 | 2.0 | Henderson | 28,484 | 1,078 | 3.6 | Moore | 8,929 | 258 | 2.8 | Victoria | 42,127 | 1,842 | 4.2 |
| Collingsworth | 1.656 | 23. | 1.4 | Hidalgo | 166,614 | 27,206 | 14.0 | Morris | 6,019 | 539 | 8.2 | Walker | 23,020 | 429 | 1.8 |
| Colorado | 7,856 | 284 | 3.5 | Hill | 15,228 | 560 | 3.5 | Motley | 574 | 25 | 4.2 | Waller | 11,824 | 469 | 3.8 |
| Comal | 35,504 | 859 | 2.4 | Hockley | 10,492 | 599 | 5.4 | Nacogdoches | 24,299 | 966 | 3.8 | Ward | 4,340 | 281 | 6.1 |
| Comanche | 6,478 | 214 | 3.2 | Hood | 15,490 | 692 | 4.3 | Navarro | 20,538 | 1,072 | 5.0 | Washington | 15,333 | 360 | 2.3 |
| Concho | 1,579 | 37 | 2.3 | Hopkins | 14,567 | 708 | 4.6 | Newton | 5,407 | 576 | 9.6 | Webb | 64,926 | 5,776 | 8.2 |
| Cooke | 16,729 | 546 | 3.2 | Houston | 8,367 | 297 | 3.4 | Nolan | 7,034 | 461 | 6.2 | Wharton | 18,091 | 1,017 | 5.3 |
| Coryell | 20.701 | 877 | 4.1 | Howard | 13,396 | 604 | 4.3 | Nueces | 138,407 | 8,921 | 6.1 | Wheeler | 2,857 | 74 | 2.5 |
| Cottle | 806 | 46 | 5.4 | Hudspeth | 1,382 | 41 | 2.9 | Ochiltree | 4,656 | 136 | 2.8 | Wichita | 59,436 | 2,625 | 4.2 |
| Crane | 2,035 | 83 | 3.9 | Hunt | 34,638 | 1,232 | 3.4 | Oldham | 1,206 | 37 | 3.0 | Wilbarger | 6,798 | 214 | 3.1 |
| Crockett | 2,204 | 48 | 2.1 | Hutchinson | 9,036 | 502 | 5.3 | Orange | 37,994 | 3,406 | 8.2 | Willacy | 6,020 | 1,459 | 19.5 |
| Crosby | 2,698 | 210 | 7.2 | Irion | 750 | 14 | 1.8 | Palo Pinto | 11,314 | 620 | 5.2 | Williamson | 123,787 | 2,363 | 1.9 |
| Culberson | 1,332 | 90 | 6.3 | Jack | 3,452 | 101 | 2.8 | Panola | 7,240 | 638 | 8.1 | Wilson | 14,110 | 395 | 2.7 |
| Dallam | 3,372 | 108 | 3.1 | Jackson | 9,302 | 293 | 3.1 | Parker | 38,004 | 1,104 | 2.8 | Winkler | 2.873 | 226 | 7.3 |
| Dallas | 1,181,883 | 40,400 | 3.3 | Jasper | 13,748 | 1,480 | 9.7 | Parmer | 4,152 | 118 | 2.8 | Wise | 21,853 | 634 | 2.8 |
| Dawson | 5,310 | 350 | 6.2 | Jeff Davis | 1,407 | 18 | 1.3 | Pecos | 6.422 | 334 | 4.9 | Wood | 13,244 | 682 | 4.9 |
| Deaf Smith | 7,446 | 546 | 6.8 | Jefferson | 110,813 | 6,954 | 5.9 | Polk | 14,045 | 747 | 5.1 | Yoakum | 3,287 | 175 | 5.1 |
| Delta | 2,621 | 83 | 3.1 | Jim Hogg | 2,098 | 205 | 8.9 | Potter | 52,528 | 2,701 | 4.9 | Young | 7,923 | 420 | 5.0 |
| Denton | 222,272 | 4,521 | 2.0 | Jim Wells | 15,594 | 1,101 | 6.6 | Presidio | 2,438 | 1,005 | 29.2 | Zapata | 3,875 | 459 | 10.6 |
| De Witt | 7.617 | 288 | 3.6 | Johnson | 55,543 | 1,941 | 3.4 | Rains | 3,695 | 148 | 3.9 | Zavala | 3,397 | 721 | 17.5 |
| Dickens | 1,147 | 55 | 4.6 | Jones | 10,303 | 350 | 3.3 | Randall | 56,285 | 865 | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Dimmit | 3,240 | 491 | 13.2 | Karnes | 6,110 | 217 | 3.4 | Reagan | 1,961 | 69 | 3.4 |  |  |  |  |

Estimates reflect actual (not seasonally adjusted) data. Estimates are preliminary and subject to revision. To obtain the civilian labor force, add total employment to total unemployment. Estimates of the TWC are in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

Texas Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment

*Estimates for the current month are preliminary. All estimates are subject to revision. The number of nonagricultural jobs in Texas is without reference to place of residence of workers. Estimates of the TWC are in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

Texas Metropolitan Statistical Areas Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment

${ }^{*}$ Estimates for the current month are preliminary. All estimates are subject to revision. The number of nonagricultural jobs in the MSAs is without reference to place of residence of workers.
**Mining estimates are included in Construction estimates for these MSAs.
Estimates of the TWC are in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.


Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

TLMR Editor: Clayton Griffis. Also contributing to this publication were: Bryce Bayles, Bob Davis, Kathy DeLaRosa-Duran, Sandra Everett, Becky Frye, Jorge Garcia, Jennifer Hall, Chris Jensen, David Jesus, John Kruse, Connie Padron, Camile Pahwa, Roni Sanchez, Brandon Smith, Rachel Tello-Sanchez, and Ian Twohig.

TWC Direct and Other Information
Copies of 1996 Texas Annual Employment and Earnings are now available from the Texas Workforce Commission. This publication provides data users with the most complete summary of Texas employment and wage information published by the State. Data are summarized by industry, geographic area (statewide, county, MSA, or Workforce Development Board area), and ownership. Requests for copies should be directed to the LMI Department.

Additional statistics are available from the Labor Market Information (LMI) Department of the Texas Workforce Commission (TWC). The LMI Department can be reached at (512) 491-4922. Data can also be obtained through our Bulletin Board System (BBS). With a computer and a modem, you can reach the BBS directly by dialing (512) 475-4893 or indirectly (through the Comptroller's BBS) by dialing toll-free 1-800-2278392 (in Texas only). TWC's internet address is http://www.twc.state.tx.us. The Texas Labor Market Review (TLMR) is housed on both the BBS and on the web site in both text only and executable file versions. The LMI Department's email address is [lmi@twc.state.tx.us].

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[^0]:    Note: Only the actual series estimates for Texas and the U.S. are comparable to sub-state estimates. Current month estimates for Texas are preliminary. All estimates are subject to revision. In seasonally adjusted estimates all elements of seasonality are factored out to achieve an estimate which reflects the basic underlying trend.
    *Source - Labor Market Information Department, Texas Workforce Commission (model-based methodology)
    ${ }^{* *}$ Source - Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor (Current Population Survey)

[^1]:    *Estimates for the current month are preliminary. All estimates are subject to revision. Estimates reflect actual (not seasonally adjusted) data. Civilian Labor Force (C.L.F.) includes wage and salary

