

ATTORNEY GENERAL

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

OF TEXAS

GERALD C. MANN

AUSTIN 11, TEXAS

Honorable John D. Reed, Commissioner Bureau of Labor Statistics Austin, Texas

Dear Sir:

Opinion No. 0-4259 Re: Authority of State Board of Control to approve for payment an account for the purchase of oil and gas which is over two years old.

You attach to your letter of March 19th a file concerning a statement submitted for payment to your department by the Gulf Oil Corporation, covering: an account for the purchase of certain items from the Gulf Oil Corporation during the month of September, 1939. You ask the opinion of this department upon the question of whether the State Board of Control would be within its authority in approving this account for payment, inasmuch as it is over two years old. The question, therefore, is confined to the inquiry whether the fact that this account was incurred more than two years ago precludes its approval by the State Board of Control, and our opinion is limited to answering that question.

Apparently your inquiry is prompted by the provisions of Article 4357, Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, 1925, as amended by Acts 1931, Forty-second Legislature, page 400, Chapter 243, Section 1. This law provides in part as follows:

"No claim shall be paid from appropriations unless presented to the Comptroller for payment within two years from the close of the fiscal year for which such appropriations were made, but any claim not presented for payment within such period may be presented to the Legislature as other claims for which no appropriations are available. ..."

It is to be noted that the computation of the two years period of limitation for presentation of claims for payment to the Comptroller is, by the terms of the statute, made from the close of the fiscal year for which the appropriation against which the claim was incurred was made, not from the date on which the claim was incurred. Honorable John D. Reed, Commissioner, Page 2, 0-4259

It appears that this **account** was incurred during the month of September, 1939. Obviously, therefore, it must have been incurred against an appropriation made to the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the fiscal year beginning September 1, 1939, and ending, or closing, on August 31, 1940. Two years from the close of this fiscal year, therefore, would extend the period of limitation to and through August 31, 1942. It is apparent, therefore, that the claim has been presented for payment within two years from the close of the fiscal year for which the appropriations against which claim was incurred were made.

Notice, perhaps, should be taken of the provisions of Article 4371, Vernon's Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, which provides in part as follows:

"No money shall be paid out of the Treasury except on the warrants of the Comptroller, and no warrant shall be paid by the Treasurer unless presented for payment within two years from the close of the fiscal year in which such warrant was issued, . . ."

The period of limitation prescribed by this Article has no reference to the matter of the issuance of a warrant for payment but, as is plain from the language used, prescribes only the period within which the holder of a warrant duly issued must present said warrant for payment. In the instant situation, apparently no warrant has ever been issued, and therefore Article 4371 has no application.

Yours very truly

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

s/R. W. Fairchild

By R. W. Fairchild Assistant

RWF:LM/cg

P. S. The file attached to your letter of request is returned to you herewith

APPROVED MARCH 26, 1942 s/ Grover Sellers FIRST ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL

Approved Opinion Committee, By BWB, Chairman