

## THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

AUSTIN, TEXAS 78711

CRAWFORD C. MARTIN ATTORNEY GENERAL

July 13, 1972

Honorable Robert S. Calvert Comptroller of Public Accounts State Finance Building Austin, Texas 78711 Opinion No. M-1170

Re: Authority of Comptroller to issue warrant for state's matching funds for employees' life insurance under circumstances presented.

Dear Mr. Calvert:

Your recent opinion request involving the above captioned matter, asks whether you now have "authority to issue a warrant to pay the State's matching for life insurance for employees prior to the issuance of a group policy to the Water Quality Board?"

You have stated that on or about May 1, 1972, the Texas Water Quality Board submitted accounts which appeared to you from your examination were issued for life insurance to employees of the Board by the Tennessee Life Insurance Company and such did not involve a "group policy" in contemplation of Articles 3. 50 and 3. 51 of the Texas Insurance Code. Your basis for this objection was apparently that on the face of the policy it was not shown to have been issued to the department and therefore could not have satisfied the provisions of Article 3. 51, wherein only the department head has the authority to procure the contracts of insurance. Attorney General Opinion No. M-1109 (1972.)

You also advise that since the date of your objection and refusal to pay the State's matching part, your objection has been corrected to your satisfaction and you now find that the Board has the proper policy for the payment of the insurance premiums involved. You now desire to know whether you can legally pay the State's matching part for the account to cover the period for which submitted, that is, for that time prior to the correction of the policy.

We have before us Tennessee Life Insurance Company Policy No. 2357, dated December 22, 1971, signed by Hugh Yantis, Executive Director of the Texas Water Quality Board, effective January 1, 1972, which was the policy under which the permanent life insurance was issued to the employees and supported the accounts which were found by you to be objectionable as above recited. The employees had been issued separate certificates which constituted a part of the group policy.

A close examination of the policy and certificates reveal that they are subject to no legal objection and were and are at all times in order, and you had and have authority to pay the state's portion of the same for the period in question.

The other account submitted to you for payment involved the group health and term life insurance policy of the Tennessee Life Insurance Company, being Policy No. 2358, issued and to become effective simultaneously with the other policy. It was also signed by the Executive Director of the Department and no legal objection is found to such policy, and you have had authority to make payments for the employees at all relevant times.

The so-called corrective action taken by the insurance company was to amend the Policy Certificate No. 2358 so as to eliminate two numerical designations of the policy; and for accounting purposes Certificate No. 2358 is also identified as No. 2357, thereby eliminating the dual numerical designations to which we understand you had an objection. Such corrections relate back to the inception of the policies.

The amount due under such policies from the employees was in fact deducted from their pay checks, and the insurance company has at all times recognized its liability and paid its claims, and has at all times requested payment of the amount due it. The company has at all times recognized that the policies are in full force and effect and in any event is estopped in law to deny liability under its policies on the ground of alleged non-compliance with the statute. <u>Great American Indemnity Co. v. Blakey</u>, 107 S. W. 2d 1002 (Tex. Civ. App. 1937, error dism.); <u>Dillard v. Nueces County Naviga-</u> tion <u>Dist.</u> No. 1, etc., 214 Fed. Supp. 868 (S. D. Dist. 1963.)

It is our opinion that you have authority to issue your warrant to pay the state's matching for the life insurance for the employees of the Texas Water Quality Board for the period of time in question, there being a legally enforceable group policy covering the insurance at all relevant times, and such purpose being specified by law. Honorable Robert S. Calvert, page 3 (M-1170)

## SUMMARY

The Comptroller of Public Accounts has authority to issue his warrant for payment of the accounts in question for the period involved, as submitted by the Texas Water Quality Board, being the state's matching part on the two insurance policies issued by the Tennessee Life Insurance Company, since the policies in question were at all relevant times group policies within the contemplation of Articles 3.50 and 3.51, Texas Insurance Code, and for a proper purpose specified by law.

s very truly,

FORD C. MARTIN

Attorney General of Texas

Prepared by Kerns Taylor Assistant Attorney General

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