February 11, 1988

The Attorney General of Texas

Honorable Robert P. McGuill
Refugio County Attorney
P. O. Box 307
Refugio, Texas 78377

Opinion No. JM-855
Re: Whether a county commissioner may contract with his county to lease hangar space at a county airport for the purpose of operating a private business (RQ-1306)

Dear Mr. McGuill:

You ask the following question:

May a county commissioner, directly or indirectly, contract with a county to lease hangar space at a county airport for the purpose of operating a private business enterprise for profit without violating his oath of office as set forth in section 81.002 of the Local Government Code?

In asking your question, you explain that the commissioner would use approximately 30,000 square feet of hangar space, rented at $56.25 per year, for the operation of a private flying service. Section 81.002(a) of the Local Government Code provides:

(a) Before undertaking the duties of the county judge or a county commissioner, a person must take the official oath and swear in writing that the person will not be interested, directly or indirectly, in a contract with or claim against the county except:

(1) a contract or claim expressly authorized by law; or

(2) a warrant issued to the judge or commissioner as a fee of office. (Emphasis added.)
Prior to its incorporation into the code, this provision was designated as article 2340, V.T.C.S. While the language in section 81.002 is not identical to that formerly found in article 2340, it is very similar, reflecting the legislative intent to enact a non-substantive revision of the law. See Acts 1987, 70th Leg., ch. 149, §51. In that form, the law was subject to many interpretations, most of which arrived at the same conclusion as that found in Attorney General Opinion H-624 (1975). That opinion dealt with a county commissioner who owned a share in a farmer's cooperative, which was doing business with the county. The Attorney General concluded:

While the interest involved here appears so negligible as to be insignificant, the controlling statute is cast in absolute terms and the public policy of the matter is clear: members of a commissioners court must avoid all situations which result in their personal pecuniary gain at the expense of the county. See Attorney General Opinion H-329 (1974). Compare Attorney General Opinions H-354 (1974) and M-1236 (1972). Contracts by the county which have such a result are contrary to public policy and are void. Bexar County v. Wentworth, supra; Starr County v. Guerra, 297 S.W.2d 379 (Tex. Civ. App. - El Paso 1956, no writ); Eastland 1925, no writ); Knippa v. Stewart Iron Works, 66 S.W. 322 (Tex. Civ. App. - 1902, no writ); Righy v. State, 10 S.W. 760 (Tex. Civ. App. - 1889, no writ). See also Attorney General Opinion M-340 (1969); City of Edinburg v. Ellis, 59 S.W.2d 99 (Tex. Comm. 1933, approved); Delta Electric Construction Co. v. City of San Antonio, 437 S.W.2d 602 (Tex. Civ. App. - San Antonio 1969, writ ref'd., n.r.e.).


You direct us to chapter 171 of the Local Government Code as a possible exception to section 81.002. Chapter 171 contains no exception to chapter 81. Chapter 171 relates to regulations for the conduct of certain local
public officials, and prohibits those identified office-
holders from engaging in certain activities. See
§§171.001(1), 171.003, 171.004. Under the rules of
statutory construction, we must, if possible, read
together and harmonize two statutes that relate to the
same subject. Calvert v. Fort Worth National Bank, 356
S.W.2d 918, 921 (Tex. 1962); Conley v. Daughters of the
Republic, 156 S.W. 197, 201 (Tex. 1913); Attorney General
Opinion No. JM-693 (1987). The only exception to the
absolute prohibition in section 81.002 is a contract
expressly authorized by law. We find nothing in chapter
171 that expressly authorizes a county commissioner to
contract with the county. Another rule of statutory
construction directs us to apply the more specific statute
where two provisions apply to the same subject matter but
cannot be harmonized. City of Houston v. Arney, 680 S.W.2d
867, 874 (Tex. App. - Houston 1984, no writ); Attorney
that rule, we find that section 81.002 must control
because that statute applies only to county judges and
commissioners while chapter 171 applies to a broader group
of public officials. For the above reason, we find that
a county commissioner may not directly or indirectly
contract with the county to lease hangar space at the
county's airport.

Having found that the county commissioner may not
enter into such a contract with the county, we need not
address the issue of whether such a contract would
constitute a grant of public money or thing of value by
the county in violation of article III, section 52, of the
Texas Constitution.

SUMMARY

A county commissioner may not, directly
or indirectly, contract with the county to
lease hangar space at the county's airport.

Very truly yours,

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