

3722

AN ACT

1  
2 relating to insurer receivership.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

4 SECTION 1. Subsections (a) and (e), Section 443.005,  
5 Insurance Code, are amended to read as follows:

6 (a) Except as authorized by Section 203(e)(3), Pub. L. No.  
7 111-203, a [A] delinquency proceeding may not be commenced under  
8 this chapter by a person other than the commissioner, and a court  
9 does not have jurisdiction to entertain, hear, or determine any  
10 delinquency proceeding commenced by any other person.

11 (e) If, on motion of any party, the receivership court finds  
12 that any action, as a matter of substantial justice, should be tried  
13 in a forum outside this state, the receivership court may enter an  
14 appropriate order to stay further proceedings on the action in this  
15 state. Except as to claims against the estate, nothing in this  
16 chapter deprives a party of any contractual right to pursue  
17 arbitration. A party in arbitration may bring a claim or  
18 counterclaim against the estate, but the claim or counterclaim is  
19 subject to this chapter [~~Section 443.209~~].

20 SECTION 2. Section 443.0135, Insurance Code, is amended by  
21 amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (c) to read as  
22 follows:

23 (a) Except as provided by Subsection (c), the [~~The~~] receiver  
24 shall use a competitive bidding process in the selection of any

MS  
file  
5200

S.B. No. 1433

1 special deputies appointed under Section 443.102 or 443.154. The  
2 process must include procedures to promote the participation of  
3 historically underutilized businesses that have been certified by  
4 the comptroller under Section 2161.061, Government Code.

5 (c) In the event of an emergency, the receiver may appoint a  
6 special deputy without soliciting competitive bids. For the  
7 purposes of this subsection, an emergency exists if:

8 (1) a court has made a determination described by  
9 Section 202(a)(1)(A)(iv)(I), Pub. L. No. 111-203; or

10 (2) the receiver concludes that the competitive  
11 bidding process would delay the appointment of a special deputy and  
12 that the delay could be hazardous to the insurer's policyholders or  
13 creditors or the general public.

14 SECTION 3. Subsection (a), Section 443.052, Insurance Code,  
15 is amended to read as follows:

16 (a) Except as authorized by Section 203(e)(3), Pub. L. No.  
17 111-203, any [Any] formal delinquency proceeding against a person  
18 shall be commenced by filing a petition in the name of the  
19 commissioner or department.

20 SECTION 4. Section 443.057, Insurance Code, is amended to  
21 read as follows:

22 Sec. 443.057. GROUNDS FOR CONSERVATION, REHABILITATION, OR  
23 LIQUIDATION. A [~~The commissioner may file with a court in this~~  
24 ~~state a~~] petition with respect to an insurer domiciled in this state  
25 or an unauthorized insurer for an order of rehabilitation or  
26 liquidation may be filed on any one or more of the following  
27 grounds:

D  
J.P.C.  
Baa

S.B. No. 1433

- 1           (1) the insurer is impaired;
- 2           (2) the insurer is insolvent;
- 3           (3) the insurer is about to become insolvent, with
- 4 "about to become insolvent" being defined as reasonably anticipated
- 5 that the insurer will not have liquid assets to meet its next 90
- 6 days' current obligations;
- 7           (4) the insurer has neglected or refused to comply
- 8 with an order of the commissioner to make good within the time
- 9 prescribed by law any deficiency, whenever its capital and minimum
- 10 required surplus, if a stock company, or its surplus, if a company
- 11 other than stock, has become impaired;
- 12           (5) the insurer, its parent company, its subsidiaries,
- 13 or its affiliates have converted, wasted, or concealed property of
- 14 the insurer or have otherwise improperly disposed of, dissipated,
- 15 used, released, transferred, sold, assigned, hypothecated, or
- 16 removed the property of the insurer;
- 17           (6) the insurer is in a condition such that it could
- 18 not meet the requirements for organization and authorization as
- 19 required by law, except as to the amount of the original surplus
- 20 required of a stock company under Title 6, and except as to the
- 21 amount of the surplus required of a company other than a stock
- 22 company in excess of the minimum surplus required to be maintained;
- 23           (7) the insurer, its parent company, its subsidiaries,
- 24 or its affiliates have concealed, removed, altered, destroyed, or
- 25 failed to establish and maintain books, records, documents,
- 26 accounts, vouchers, and other pertinent material adequate for the
- 27 determination of the financial condition of the insurer by

65  
JHE  
32.2

S.B. No. 1433

1 examination under Chapter 401 or has failed to properly administer  
2 claims or maintain claims records that are adequate for the  
3 determination of its outstanding claims liability;

4 (8) at any time after the issuance of an order under  
5 Section 404.003 or Chapter 441, or at the time of instituting any  
6 proceeding under this chapter, it appears to the commissioner that,  
7 upon good cause shown, it would not be in the best interest of the  
8 policyholders, creditors, or the public to proceed with the conduct  
9 of the business of the insurer;

10 (9) the insurer is in a condition such that the further  
11 transaction of business would be hazardous financially, according  
12 to Subchapter A, Chapter 404, or otherwise, to its policyholders,  
13 creditors, or the public;

14 (10) there is reasonable cause to believe that there  
15 has been embezzlement from the insurer, wrongful sequestration or  
16 diversion of the insurer's property, forgery or fraud affecting the  
17 insurer, or other illegal conduct in, by, or with respect to the  
18 insurer that, if established, would endanger assets in an amount  
19 threatening the solvency of the insurer;

20 (11) control of the insurer is in a person who is:

21 (A) dishonest or untrustworthy; or

22 (B) so lacking in insurance company managerial  
23 experience or capability as to be hazardous to policyholders,  
24 creditors, or the public;

25 (12) any person who in fact has executive authority in  
26 the insurer, whether an officer, manager, general agent, director,  
27 trustee, employee, shareholder, or other person, has refused to be

1 examined under oath by the commissioner concerning the insurer's  
2 affairs, whether in this state or elsewhere or if examined under  
3 oath, refuses to divulge pertinent information reasonably known to  
4 the person; and after reasonable notice of the fact, the insurer has  
5 failed promptly and effectively to terminate the employment and  
6 status of the person and all the person's influence on management;

7 (13) after demand by the commissioner under Chapter  
8 401 or under this chapter, the insurer has failed promptly to make  
9 available for examination any of its own property, books, accounts,  
10 documents, or other records, or those of any subsidiary or related  
11 company within the control of the insurer or of any person having  
12 executive authority in the insurer, so far as they pertain to the  
13 insurer;

14 (14) without first obtaining the written consent of  
15 the commissioner, the insurer has transferred, or attempted to  
16 transfer, in a manner contrary to Chapter 823 or any law relating to  
17 bulk reinsurance, substantially its entire property or business, or  
18 has entered into any transaction the effect of which is to merge,  
19 consolidate, or reinsure substantially its entire property or  
20 business in or with the property or business of any other person;

21 (15) the insurer or its property has been or is the  
22 subject of an application for the appointment of a receiver,  
23 trustee, custodian, conservator, sequestrator, or similar  
24 fiduciary of the insurer or its property otherwise than as  
25 authorized under the insurance laws of this state;

26 (16) within the previous five years, the insurer has  
27 wilfully and continuously violated its charter, articles of

4  
JPE  
5/22

S.B. No. 1433

1 incorporation or bylaws, any insurance law of this state, or any  
2 valid order of the commissioner;

3           (17) the insurer has failed to pay within 60 days after  
4 the due date any obligation to any state or political subdivision of  
5 a state or any judgment entered in any state, if the court in which  
6 the judgment was entered had jurisdiction over the subject matter,  
7 except that nonpayment is not a ground until 60 days after any good  
8 faith effort by the insurer to contest the obligation has been  
9 terminated, whether it is before the commissioner or in the courts;

10           (18) the insurer has systematically engaged in the  
11 practice of reaching settlements with and obtaining releases from  
12 claimants, and then unreasonably delayed payment, failed to pay the  
13 agreed-upon settlements, or systematically attempted to compromise  
14 with claimants or other creditors on the ground that it is  
15 financially unable to pay its claims or obligations in full;

16           (19) the insurer has failed to file its annual report  
17 or other financial report required by statute within the time  
18 allowed by law;

19           (20) the board of directors or the holders of a  
20 majority of the shares entitled to vote, or a majority of those  
21 individuals entitled to the control of those entities specified by  
22 Section 443.003, request or consent to rehabilitation or  
23 liquidation under this chapter;

24           (21) the insurer does not comply with its domiciliary  
25 state's requirements for issuance to it of a certificate of  
26 authority, or its certificate of authority has been revoked by its  
27 state of domicile; [~~ex~~]

- 1           (22) when authorized by department rules; or
- 2           (23) a court has made a determination described by
- 3 Section 202(a)(1)(A)(iv)(I), Pub. L. No. 111-203.

4           SECTION 5. Section 443.058, Insurance Code, is amended to  
5 read as follows:

6           Sec. 443.058. ENTRY OF ORDER. If [~~the commissioner~~  
7 ~~establishes~~] any of the grounds provided in Section 443.057 are  
8 established, the receivership court shall grant the petition and  
9 issue the order of rehabilitation or liquidation requested in the  
10 petition.

11          SECTION 6. Section 443.102, Insurance Code, is amended by  
12 adding Subsection (f) to read as follows:

- 13           (f) The rehabilitator may exercise all powers:
- 14               (1) possessed on August 31, 2005, by a receiver
- 15 appointed for the purpose of rehabilitating an insurer; or
- 16               (2) conferred on a rehabilitator after that date by
- 17 the laws of this state that are not inconsistent with this chapter.

18          SECTION 7. Subsection (i), Section 443.154, Insurance Code,  
19 is amended to read as follows:

20           (i) The liquidator may, subject to Subsection (y) [~~(\*)~~],  
21 acquire, hypothecate, encumber, lease, improve, sell, transfer,  
22 abandon, or otherwise dispose of or deal with any property of the  
23 estate at its market value or upon terms and conditions that are  
24 fair and reasonable. The liquidator also has the power to execute,  
25 acknowledge, and deliver any and all deeds, assignments, releases,  
26 and other instruments necessary or proper to effectuate any sale of  
27 property or other transaction in connection with the liquidation.

File  
3200

S.B. No. 1433

1 SECTION 8. Subsection (b), Section 443.211, Insurance Code,  
2 is amended to read as follows:

3 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (a), any reinsurance  
4 shall be payable to the receiver under a policy reinsured by the  
5 assuming insurer on the basis of claims:

6 (1) allowed under Section 443.253; or [~~and~~]

7 (2) paid under:

8 (A) Chapter 462, 463, or 2602; or

9 (B) the guaranty associations of other states.

10 SECTION 9. Subsection (e), Section 443.253, Insurance Code,  
11 is amended to read as follows:

12 (e) A judgment or order against an insured or the insurer  
13 entered after the date of the initial filing of a successful  
14 petition for receivership, or within 120 days before the initial  
15 filing of the petition, or [~~and~~] a judgment or order against an  
16 insured or the insurer entered at any time by default or by  
17 collusion need not be considered as evidence of liability or of the  
18 amount of damages.

19 SECTION 10. Section 443.301, Insurance Code, is amended to  
20 read as follows:

21 Sec. 443.301. PRIORITY OF DISTRIBUTION. The priority of  
22 payment of distributions on unsecured claims must be in accordance  
23 with the order in which each class of claims is set forth in this  
24 section. Every claim in each class shall be paid in full, or  
25 adequate funds retained for their payment, before the members of  
26 the next class receive payment, and all claims within a class must  
27 be paid substantially the same percentage of the amount of the



1 claim. Except as provided by Subsections (a)(2), (a)(3), (i), and  
2 (k), subclasses may not be established within a class. No claim by  
3 a shareholder, policyholder, or other creditor shall be permitted  
4 to circumvent the priority classes through the use of equitable  
5 remedies. The order of distribution of claims shall be:

6 (a) Class 1. (1) The costs and expenses of administration  
7 expressly approved or ratified by the liquidator, including the  
8 following:

9 (A) the actual and necessary costs of preserving  
10 or recovering the property of the insurer;

11 (B) reasonable compensation for all services  
12 rendered on behalf of the administrative supervisor or receiver;

13 (C) any necessary filing fees;

14 (D) the fees and mileage payable to witnesses;

15 (E) unsecured loans obtained by the receiver; and

16 (F) expenses, if any, approved by the  
17 rehabilitator of the insurer and incurred in the course of the  
18 rehabilitation that are unpaid at the time of the entry of the order  
19 of liquidation.

20 (2) The reasonable expenses of a guaranty association,  
21 including overhead, salaries and other general administrative  
22 expenses allocable to the receivership to include administrative  
23 and claims handling expenses and expenses in connection with  
24 arrangements for ongoing coverage, other than expenses incurred in  
25 the performance of duties under Section 462.002(3), 463.108,  
26 463.111, 463.113, 463.353, or 2602.113 or similar duties under the  
27 statute governing a similar organization in another state. In the

1 case of the Texas Property and Casualty Insurance Guaranty  
2 Association and other property and casualty guaranty associations,  
3 the expenses shall include loss adjustment expenses, including  
4 adjusting and other expenses and defense and cost containment  
5 expenses. In the event that there are insufficient assets to pay  
6 all of the costs and expenses of administration under Subsection  
7 (a)(1) and the expenses of a guaranty association, the costs and  
8 expenses under Subsection (a)(1) shall have priority over the  
9 expenses of a guaranty association. In this event, the expenses of  
10 a guaranty association shall be paid on a pro rata basis after the  
11 payment of costs and expenses under Subsection (a)(1) in full.

12 (3) For purposes of Subsection (a)(1)(E), any  
13 unsecured loan obtained by the receiver, unless by its terms it  
14 otherwise provides, has priority over all other costs of  
15 administration. Absent agreement to the contrary, all claims in  
16 this subclass share pro rata.

17 (4) Except as expressly approved by the receiver, any  
18 expenses arising from a duty to indemnify the directors, officers,  
19 or employees of the insurer are excluded from this class and, if  
20 allowed, are Class 5 claims.

21 (b) Class 2. (1) All claims under policies of insurance,  
22 including third-party claims, claims under nonassessable policies  
23 for unearned premium, claims of obligees and, subject to the  
24 discretion of the receiver, completion contractors under surety  
25 bonds and surety undertakings other than bail bonds, mortgage or  
26 financial guaranties, or other forms of insurance offering  
27 protection against investment risk, claims by principals under

1 surety bonds and surety undertakings for wrongful dissipation of  
2 collateral by the insurer or its agents, and claims incurred during  
3 the extension of coverage provided for in Section 443.152.

4           (2) All other claims incurred in fulfilling the  
5 statutory obligations of a guaranty association not included in  
6 Class 1, including indemnity payments on covered claims and, in the  
7 case of the Life, Accident, Health, and Hospital Service Insurance  
8 Guaranty Association or another life and health guaranty  
9 association, all claims as a creditor of the impaired or insolvent  
10 insurer for all payments of and liabilities incurred on behalf of  
11 covered claims or covered obligations of the insurer and for the  
12 funds needed to reinsure those obligations with a solvent insurer.

13           (3) Claims for benefits under a health care plan  
14 issued by a health maintenance organization.

15           (4) Claims under insurance policies or contracts for  
16 benefits issued by an unauthorized insurer.

17           (5) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, the  
18 following claims are excluded from Class 2 priority:

19                   (A) [~~1~~] obligations of the insolvent insurer  
20 arising out of reinsurance contracts;

21                   (B) [~~2~~] obligations, excluding unearned  
22 premium claims on policies other than reinsurance agreements,  
23 incurred after:

24                                   (i) [~~A~~] the expiration date of the  
25 insurance policy;

26                                   (ii) [~~B~~] the policy has been replaced by  
27 the insured or canceled at the insured's request; or

M  
the  
3202

1                    (iii) [~~4~~] the policy has been canceled as  
2 provided by this chapter;

3                    (C) [~~3~~] obligations to insurers, insurance  
4 pools, or underwriting associations and their claims for  
5 contribution, indemnity, or subrogation, equitable or otherwise;

6                    (D) [~~4~~] any claim that is in excess of any  
7 applicable limits provided in the insurance policy issued by the  
8 insurer;

9                    (E) [~~5~~] any amount accrued as punitive or  
10 exemplary damages unless expressly covered under the terms of the  
11 policy;

12                    (F) [~~6~~] tort claims of any kind against the  
13 insurer and claims against the insurer for bad faith or wrongful  
14 settlement practices; and

15                    (G) [~~7~~] claims of the guaranty associations  
16 for assessments not paid by the insurer, which must be paid as  
17 claims in Class 5.

18            (c) Class 3. Claims of the federal government not included  
19 in Class 2 [~~3~~].

20            (d) Class 4. Debts due employees for services or benefits  
21 to the extent that the debts do not exceed \$5,000 or two months  
22 salary, whichever is the lesser, and represent payment for services  
23 performed within one year before the entry of the initial order of  
24 receivership. This priority is in lieu of any other similar  
25 priority that may be authorized by law as to wages or compensation  
26 of employees.

27            (e) Class 5. Claims of other unsecured creditors not

241c  
324

S.B. No. 1433

1 included in Classes 1 through 4, including claims under reinsurance  
2 contracts, claims of guaranty associations for assessments not paid  
3 by the insurer, and other claims excluded from Class 2.

4 (f) Class 6. Claims of any state or local governments,  
5 except those specifically classified elsewhere in this section.  
6 Claims of attorneys for fees and expenses owed them by an insurer  
7 for services rendered in opposing a formal delinquency proceeding.  
8 In order to prove the claim, the claimant must show that the insurer  
9 that is the subject of the delinquency proceeding incurred the fees  
10 and expenses based on its best knowledge, information, and belief,  
11 formed after reasonable inquiry, indicating opposition was in the  
12 best interests of the insurer, was well grounded in fact, and was  
13 warranted by existing law or a good faith argument for the  
14 extension, modification, or reversal of existing law, and that  
15 opposition was not pursued for any improper purpose, such as to  
16 harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the  
17 cost of the litigation.

18 (g) Class 7. Claims of any state or local government for a  
19 penalty or forfeiture, but only to the extent of the pecuniary loss  
20 sustained from the act, transaction, or proceeding out of which the  
21 penalty or forfeiture arose, with reasonable and actual costs  
22 occasioned thereby. The balance of the claims must be treated as  
23 Class 9 claims under Subsection (i).

24 (h) Class 8. Except as provided in Sections 443.251(b) and  
25 (d), late filed claims that would otherwise be classified in  
26 Classes 2 through 7.

27 (i) Class 9. Surplus notes, capital notes or contribution

1 notes or similar obligations, premium refunds on assessable  
2 policies, and any other claims specifically assigned to this class.  
3 Claims in this class are subject to any subordination agreements  
4 related to other claims in this class that existed before the entry  
5 of the liquidation order.

6 (j) Class 10. Interest on allowed claims of Classes 1  
7 through 9, according to the terms of a plan proposed by the  
8 liquidator and approved by the receivership court.

9 (k) Class 11. Claims of shareholders or other owners  
10 arising out of their capacity as shareholders or other owners, or  
11 any other capacity, except as they may be qualified in Class 2, 5,  
12 or 10. Claims in this class are subject to any subordination  
13 agreements related to other claims in this class that existed  
14 before the entry of the liquidation order.

15 SECTION 11. Subsections (a) and (b), Section 443.303,  
16 Insurance Code, are amended to read as follows:

17 (a) For purposes of this section, "distributable assets"  
18 means all general assets of the liquidation estate less:

19 (1) amounts reserved, to the extent necessary and  
20 appropriate, for the entire Section 443.301(a) expenses of the  
21 liquidation through and after its closure; and

22 (2) to the extent necessary and appropriate, reserves  
23 for distributions on claims other than those of the guaranty  
24 associations falling within the priority classes of claims  
25 established in Section 443.301(b) [~~443.301(e)~~].

26 (b) Early access payments to guaranty associations must be  
27 made as soon as possible after the entry of a liquidation order and

1 as frequently as possible after the entry of the order, but at least  
2 annually if distributable assets are available to be distributed to  
3 the guaranty associations, and must be in amounts consistent with  
4 this section. Amounts advanced to an affected guaranty association  
5 pursuant to this section shall be accounted for as advances against  
6 distributions to be made under Section 443.302. Where sufficient  
7 distributable assets are available, amounts advanced are not  
8 limited to the claims and expenses paid to date by the guaranty  
9 associations; however, the liquidator may not distribute  
10 distributable assets to the guaranty associations in excess of the  
11 anticipated entire claims of the guaranty associations falling  
12 within the priority classes of claims established in Sections  
13 443.301(a) and (b) [~~443.301(b) and (c)~~].

14 SECTION 12. The changes in law made by this Act apply to a  
15 receivership proceeding pending on the effective date of this Act  
16 or initiated on or after the effective date of this Act.

17 SECTION 13. This Act takes effect September 1, 2011.

See  
Att

S.B. No. 1433

David Newkum  
President of the Senate

Joe Straus  
Speaker of the House

I hereby certify that S.B. No. 1433 passed the Senate on April 21, 2011, by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays 0.

Patsy Saw  
Secretary of the Senate

I hereby certify that S.B. No. 1433 passed the House on May 13, 2011, by the following vote: Yeas 144, Nays 0, one present not voting.

Robert Haney  
Chief Clerk of the House

Approved:

28 MAY '11  
Date

RICK PERRY  
Governor

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE  
SECRETARY OF STATE  
7:00 PM O'CLOCK  
MAY 28 2011  
Boyer  
Secretary of State