

S.B. No. 1680

1 officer authorized by this chapter. The state [~~State~~] or the
 2 defendant may not use the deposition for any purpose unless that
 3 party first acknowledges that the entire evidence or statement of
 4 the witness may be used for or against the defendant on the trial of
 5 the case, subject to all legal objections. The deposition of a
 6 witness duly taken before an examining trial or a jury of inquest
 7 and reduced to writing or recorded and then certified according to
 8 law, provided that [~~where~~] the defendant and the defendant's
 9 attorney were [~~was~~] present when that testimony was taken[~~7~~] and
 10 that the defendant had the privilege afforded of cross-examining
 11 the witness, or taken at any prior trial of the defendant for the
 12 same offense, may be used by either the state [~~State~~] or the
 13 defendant in the trial of the defendant's criminal case under the
 14 following circumstances:

15 When oath is made by the party using the deposition that the
 16 witness resides outside the state [~~State~~]; or that since the
 17 witness's testimony was taken, the witness has died, or has removed
 18 beyond the limits of the state [~~State~~], or has been prevented from
 19 attending the court through the act or agency of the other party, or
 20 by the act or agency of any person whose object was to deprive the
 21 state [~~State~~] or the defendant of the benefit of the testimony; or
 22 that by reason of age or bodily infirmity, that witness cannot
 23 attend; or that the witness is a Medicaid or Medicare recipient or a
 24 caregiver or guardian of the recipient, and the recipient's
 25 Medicaid or Medicare account was charged for a product or service
 26 that was not provided or rendered to the recipient. When the
 27 testimony is sought to be used by the state [~~State~~], the oath may be

1 made by any credible person. When sought to be used by the
2 defendant, the oath must be made by the defendant in person.

3 SECTION 3. Chapter 39, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
4 amended by adding Article 39.026 to read as follows:

5 Art. 39.026. DEPOSITIONS OF MEDICAID OR MEDICARE RECIPIENTS
6 OR CAREGIVERS. (a) In this article:

7 (1) "Caregiver" means a person, including a guardian,
8 who is authorized by law, contract, or familial relationship to
9 care for a recipient.

10 (2) "Medicaid" means the state Medicaid program.

11 (3) "Medicaid recipient" has the meaning assigned by
12 Section 36.001, Human Resources Code.

13 (4) "Medicare" means the federal health insurance
14 program that is operated under the Health Insurance for the Aged Act
15 (42 U.S.C. Section 1395 et seq.).

16 (5) "Medicare recipient" means an individual on whose
17 behalf a person claims or receives a payment under Medicare,
18 without regard to whether the individual was eligible for benefits
19 under Medicare.

20 (6) "Recipient" means a Medicaid recipient or a
21 Medicare recipient.

22 (b) The court may order the attorney representing the state
23 to take the deposition of a recipient or caregiver who is the
24 alleged victim of or witness to an offense constituting fraud or
25 theft that involves Medicaid or Medicare benefits. Any order under
26 this subsection must be issued not later than the 180th day after
27 the date on which the state files an application to take the

1 deposition under Article 39.02.

2 (c) On the motion of either party, the court may order the
3 attorney representing the state to take the deposition of a
4 recipient or caregiver by video recording. The person operating
5 the video recording device must be available to testify regarding
6 the authenticity of the video recording and the taking of the
7 deposition in order for the video recording to be admissible.

8 (d) If the court finds that the video recording of the
9 deposition is properly authenticated and that requiring the jury to
10 view the entire recording would unnecessarily prolong the trial,
11 the court may allow a party to offer the entire video recording into
12 evidence without requiring the jury to view the entire video
13 recording during the trial. This subsection does not preclude the
14 attorney representing the state, the defendant, or the defendant's
15 attorney from offering into evidence and playing for the jury a
16 portion of a video-recorded deposition.

17 (e) The attorney representing the state and the defendant or
18 the defendant's attorney, by written agreement filed with the
19 court, may extend the deadline for the taking of the deposition.

20 (f) The court shall grant any request by the attorney
21 representing the state to extend the deadline for the taking of the
22 deposition if a reason for the request is the unavailability,
23 health, or well-being of the recipient or caregiver.

24 (g) The Texas Rules of Civil Procedure govern the taking of
25 the deposition, except that, to the extent of any conflict with this
26 code or applicable court rules adopted for criminal proceedings,
27 this code and the rules for criminal proceedings govern. The

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1 attorney representing the state and the defendant or the
2 defendant's attorney may agree to modify the rules applicable to
3 the deposition by written agreement filed with the court before the
4 taking of the deposition.

5 (h) If a defendant is unavailable to attend a deposition
6 because the defendant is confined in a correctional facility, the
7 court shall issue any orders or warrants necessary to secure the
8 defendant's presence at the deposition. The sheriff of the county
9 in which a deposition is to be taken under this subsection shall
10 provide a secure location for the taking of the deposition and
11 sufficient law enforcement personnel to ensure that the deposition
12 is taken safely. The state's application to take a deposition or
13 notice of deposition is not required to include the identity of any
14 law enforcement agent the sheriff assigns to the deposition under
15 this subsection, and the defendant may not object to the taking of
16 the deposition based solely on the state's omission of the identity
17 of that agent.

18 (i) If a defendant is unavailable to attend a deposition for
19 any reason other than confinement in a correctional facility, the
20 defendant or the defendant's attorney shall request a continuance
21 from the court. The court may grant the continuance if the
22 defendant or the defendant's attorney demonstrates good cause for
23 the continuance and that the request is not brought for the purpose
24 of delay or avoidance. A defendant's failure to attend a deposition
25 or request a continuance in accordance with this subsection
26 constitutes a waiver of the defendant's right to be present at the
27 deposition.

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1 SECTION 4. Article 39.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
2 amended to read as follows:

3 Art. 39.12. PREDICATE TO READ. Depositions taken in
4 criminal actions shall not be read unless oath be made that the
5 witness resides out of the state [~~State~~]; or that since the [~~his~~]
6 deposition was taken, the witness has died; or that the witness [~~he~~]
7 has removed beyond the limits of the state [~~State~~]; or that the
8 witness [~~he~~] has been prevented from attending the court through
9 the act or agency of the defendant; or by the act or agency of any
10 person whose object was to deprive the state or the defendant of the
11 benefit of the testimony; or that by reason of age or bodily
12 infirmity, the [~~such~~] witness cannot attend; or that the witness is
13 a Medicaid or Medicare recipient or a caregiver or guardian of the
14 recipient, and the recipient's Medicaid or Medicare account was
15 charged for a product or service that was not provided or rendered
16 to the recipient. When the deposition is sought to be used by the
17 state [~~State~~], the oath may be made by any credible person. When
18 sought to be used by the defendant, the oath shall be made by the
19 defendant [~~him~~] in person.

20 SECTION 5. The change in law made by this Act applies to a
21 criminal proceeding that commences on or after the effective date
22 of this Act. A criminal proceeding that commences before the
23 effective date of this Act is covered by the law in effect when the
24 proceeding commenced, and the former law is continued in effect for
25 that purpose.

26 SECTION 6. This Act takes effect September 1, 2011.

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David Dewhurst

President of the Senate

Joe Straus

Speaker of the House

I hereby certify that S.B. No. 1680 passed the Senate on April 14, 2011, by the following vote: Yeas 30, Nays 0.

Ratey Spaw

Secretary of the Senate

I hereby certify that S.B. No. 1680 passed the House on May 7, 2011, by the following vote: Yeas 116, Nays 0, one present not voting.

Robert Haney

Chief Clerk of the House

Approved:

20 MAY '11

Date

Rick Perry

Governor

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE
SECRETARY OF STATE

6:00pm O'CLOCK

MAY 20 2011

Boyd Rutherford

Secretary of State