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1	<u>AN ACT</u>	
2	relating to the adoption of the Uniform Trade Secrets Act.	
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:	
4	SECTION 1. Title 6, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, is	
5	amended by adding Chapter 134A to read as follows:	
6	CHAPTER 134A. TRADE SECRETS	
7	Sec. 134A.001. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited as	
8	the Texas Uniform Trade Secrets Act.	
9	Sec. 134A.002. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:	
LO	(1) "Claimant" means a party seeking to recover	
L1	damages under this chapter, including a plaintiff,	
L2	counterclaimant, cross-claimant, or third-party plaintiff. In an	
13	action in which a party seeks recovery of damages under this chapter	
14	on behalf of another person, "claimant" includes both that other	
L5		
L6	(2) "Improper means" includes theft, bribery,	
L7	misrepresentation, breach or inducement of a breach of a duty to	
L8	maintain secrecy, to limit use, or to prohibit discovery of a trade	
L9	secret, or espionage through electronic or other means.	
20	(3) "Misappropriation" means:	
21	(A) acquisition of a trade secret of another by a	
22	person who knows or has reason to know that the trade secret was	
23	acquired by improper means; or	
24	(B) disclosure or use of a trade secret of	

1	another without express or implied consent by a person who:	
2	(i) used improper means to acquire	
3	knowledge of the trade secret;	
4	(ii) at the time of disclosure or use, knew	
5	or had reason to know that the person's knowledge of the trade	
6	secret_was:	
7	(a) derived from or through a person	
8	who had utilized improper means to acquire it;	
9	(b) acquired under circumstances	
10	giving rise to a duty to maintain its secrecy or limit its use; or	
11	(c) derived from or through a person	
12	who owed a duty to the person seeking relief to maintain its secrecy	
13	or limit its use; or	
14	(iii) before a material change of the	
15	person's position, knew or had reason to know that it was a trade	
16	secret and that knowledge of it had been acquired by accident or	
17	mistake.	
18	(4) "Proper means" means discovery by independent	
19	development, reverse engineering unless prohibited, or any other	
20	means that is not improper.	
21	(5) "Reverse engineering" means the process of	
22	studying, analyzing, or disassembling a product or device to	
23	discover its design, structure, construction, or source code	
24	provided that the product or device was acquired lawfully or from a	
25	person having the legal right to convey it.	
26	(6) "Trade secret" means information, including a	
27	formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique,	

- 1 process, financial data, or list of actual or potential customers
- 2 or suppliers, that:
- 3 (A) derives independent economic value, actual
- 4 or potential, from not being generally known to, and not being
- 5 readily ascertainable by proper means by, other persons who can
- 6 obtain economic value from its disclosure or use; and
- 7 (B) is the subject of efforts that are reasonable
- 8 under the circumstances to maintain its secrecy.
- 9 Sec. 134A.003. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF. (a) Actual or
- 10 threatened misappropriation may be enjoined. On application to the
- 11 court, an injunction shall be terminated when the trade secret has
- 12 ceased to exist, but the injunction may be continued for an
- 13 additional reasonable period of time in order to eliminate
- 14 commercial advantage that otherwise would be derived from the
- 15 <u>misappropriation</u>.
- 16 (b) In exceptional circumstances, an injunction may
- 17 condition future use upon payment of a reasonable royalty for no
- 18 longer than the period of time for which use could have been
- 19 prohibited. __Exceptional circumstances include a material and
- 20 prejudicial change of position before acquiring knowledge or reason
- 21 to know of misappropriation that renders a prohibitive injunction
- 22 inequitable.
- 23 (c) In appropriate circumstances, affirmative acts to
- 24 protect a trade secret may be compelled by court order.
- Sec. 134A.004. DAMAGES. (a) In addition to or in lieu of
- 26 injunctive relief, a claimant is entitled to recover damages for
- 27 misappropriation. Damages can include both the actual loss caused

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- 1 by misappropriation and the unjust enrichment caused by
- 2 misappropriation that is not taken into account in computing actual
- 3 loss. In lieu of damages measured by any other methods, the damages
- 4 caused by misappropriation may be measured by imposition of
- 5 <u>liability</u> for a reasonable royalty for a misappropriator's
- 6 unauthorized disclosure or use of a trade secret.
- 7 (b) If wilful and malicious misappropriation is proven by
- 8 clear and convincing evidence, the fact finder may award exemplary
- 9 damages in an amount not exceeding twice any award made under
- 10 Sub<u>secti</u>on (a).
- 11 Sec. 134A.005. ATTORNEY'S FEES. The court may award
- 12 reasonable attorney's fees to the prevailing party if:
- 13 (1) a claim of misappropriation is made in bad faith;
- 14 (2) a motion to terminate an injunction is made or
- 15 resisted in bad faith; or
- 16 (3) wilful and malicious misappropriation exists.
- Sec. 134A.006. PRESERVATION OF SECRECY. In an action under
- 18 this chapter, a court shall preserve the secrecy of an alleged trade
- 19 secret by reasonable means. There is a presumption in favor of
- 20 granting protective orders to preserve the secrecy of trade
- 21 secrets. Protective orders may include provisions limiting access
- 22 to confidential information to only the attorneys and their
- 23 experts, holding in camera hearings, sealing the records of the
- 24 action, and ordering any person involved in the litigation not to
- 25 disclose an alleged trade secret without prior court approval.
- Sec. 134A.007. EFFECT ON OTHER LAW. (a) Except as
- 27 provided by Subsection (b), this chapter displaces conflicting

- 1 tort, restitutionary, and other law of this state providing civil
- 2 remedies for misappropriation of a trade secret.
- 3 (b) This chapter does not affect:
- 4 (1) contractual remedies, whether or not based upon
- 5 misappropriation of a trade secret;
- 6 (2) other civil remedies that are not based upon
- 7 misappropriation of a trade secret; or
- 8 (3) criminal remedies, whether or not based upon
- 9 misappropriation of a trade secret.
- 10 (c) To the extent that this chapter conflicts with the Texas
- 11 Rules of Civil Procedure, this chapter controls. Notwithstanding
- 12 Section 22.004, Government Code, the supreme court may not amend or
- 13 adopt rules in conflict with this chapter.
- 14 (d) This chapter does not affect the disclosure of public
- 15 information by a governmental body under Chapter 552, Government
- 16 <u>Code.</u>
- 17 Sec. 134A.008. UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION.
- 18 This chapter shall be applied and construed to effectuate its
- 19 general purpose to make uniform the law with respect to the subject
- 20 of this chapter among states enacting it.
- 21 SECTION 2. Subdivision (2), Section 134.002, Civil Practice
- 22 and Remedies Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (2) "Theft" means unlawfully appropriating property
- 24 or unlawfully obtaining services as described by Section 31.03,
- 25 31.04, [31.05,] 31.06, 31.07, 31.11, 31.12, 31.13, or 31.14, Penal
- 26 Code.
- SECTION 3. The change in law made by this Act applies to the

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l misappropriation of a trade secret made on or after the effective

2 date of this Act. A misappropriation of a trade secret made before

3 and a continuing misappropriation beginning before the effective

4 date of this Act are governed by the law in effect immediately

before the effective date of this Act, and that law is continued in

6 effect for that purpose.

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SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013.

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President of the Senate

I hereby certify that S.B. N 953 passed the Senate on April 9, 2013, by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays 0.

Secretary of the senate

Speaker

I hereby certify that S.B. No. 953 passed the House on April 23, 2013, by the following vote: Yeas 146, Nays 1, two present not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

Approved:

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<u>Date</u>

RICK HERRY
GOVERNOR

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
_____O'CLOCK

MAY 02 2013