

Air Quality Assessment Program Air Monitoring Report 1991





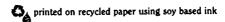


Air Quality Assessment Program Air Monitoring Report 1991

by

Bryan Lambeth, Monica Havelka, Larry Butts, and Monitoring Operations Staff

AS-19 March 1994





John Hall, Chairman
Pam Reed, Commissioner
Peggy Garner, Commissioner

Anthony C. Grigsby, Executive Director

Authorization for use or reproduction of any original material contained in this publication, i.e., not obtained from other sources, is freely granted. The Commission would appreciate acknowledgement.

Published and distributed
by the
Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission
Post Office Box 13087
Austin, Texas 78711-3087

The TNRCC is an equal opportunity employer and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in employment or in the provision of services, programs or activities. In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, this document may be requested in alternate formats by contacting the TNRCC at (512)239-0010, Fax 239-1020, or 1-800-RELAY-TX (TDD), or by writing P.O. Box 13087, Austin, TX 78711-3087.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	2
CRITERIA POLLUTANT SUMMARY	3
OZONE (O ₃)	12
CARBON MONOXIDE (CO)	16
SULFUR DIOXIDE (SO ₂)	18
NITROGEN DIOXIDE (NO ₂)	20
PARTICULATE MATTER OF TEN MICRONS OR LESS (PM ₁₀)	22
LEAD	24
ACID RAIN	26
ABBREVIATIONS	27

INTRODUCTION

This report provides a summary of air quality measurements collected in the State of Texas by the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission (TNRCC), other government, and private monitoring networks. The summaries presented in this report are based on routine measurements from all of the monitoring sites operated by the TNRCC and by the local government and private organizations listed in the adjacent box.

The U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has established National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for six atmospheric criteria pollutants — ozone (O₃), carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO₂), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), particulate matter of ten microns or less (PM₁₀), and lead. The gaseous criteria pollutants, O₃, CO, SO₂, and NO₂, are monitored on a continuous

basis with one-hour averages recorded for every hour of the day on every day. PM₁₀ and lead are sampled on a noncontinuous basis with one 24-hour average recorded once every sixth day at most sites, although a few sites monitor every other day or every day.

Other governmental agencies that perform air quality monitoring in and near Texas cities:

- · City of Dallas
- City of Fort Worth
- City of Houston
- El Paso City-County Health District
- Galveston County Health District
- New Mexico Air Quality Bureau

Private organizations that perform air quality monitoring:

- Houston Regional Monitoring (HRM) Corporation
- Southeast Texas Regional Planning Commission (SETRPC)

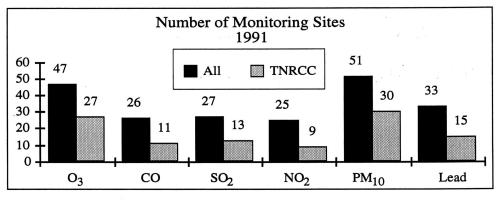


Table 1	Mational	1 mhiant	Air Onali	ty Standards
Table L	Namonai	Ammeni	AII CHIAN	IV SIMBOMBOS

Pollu	tant	Averaging Period	Primary NAAQS	Secondary NAAQS
O ₃	*	1-hr	0.12 ppm	0.12 ppm
СО	**	1-hr 8-hr	35 ppm 9 ppm	35 ppm 9 ppm
SO ₂	** ** ***	3-hr 24-hr Annual	0.14 ppm 0.03 ppm	0.5 ppm —
NO ₂	***	Annual	0.053 ppm	0.053 ppm
PM ₁₀	* ***	24-hr Annual	150 μg/m ³ 50 μg/m ³	150 μg/m ³ 50 μg/m ³
Lead	***	Qtr	1.5 µg/m ³	1.5 µg/m ³

^{*} Not to be exceeded on more than three days over three years.

Primary NAAQS — The levels of air quality which the EPA Administrator judges necessary, with an adequate margin of safety, to protect the public health.

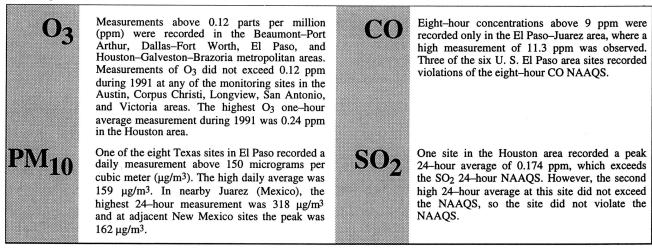
Secondary NAAQS — The levels of air quality which the EPA Administrator judges necessary to protect the public welfare from any known or anticipated adverse effects.

^{**} Not to be exceeded more than once per calendar year.

^{***} Not to be exceeded.

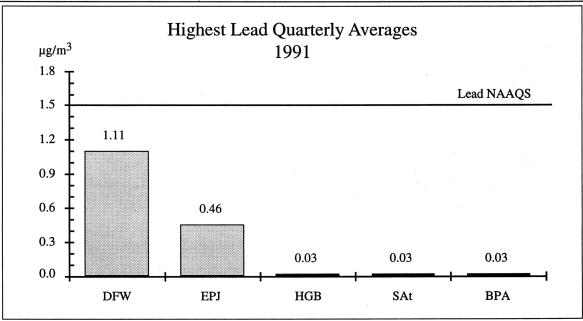
CRITERIA POLLUTANT SUMMARY

During 1991, the state, local, and private monitoring networks measured levels of O_3 , CO, SO_2 , and PM_{10} above the concentration levels defined by the NAAQS. Measured levels of NO_2 and lead were below the NAAQS.

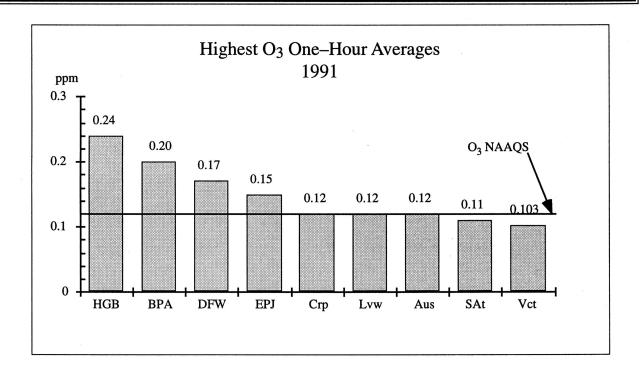


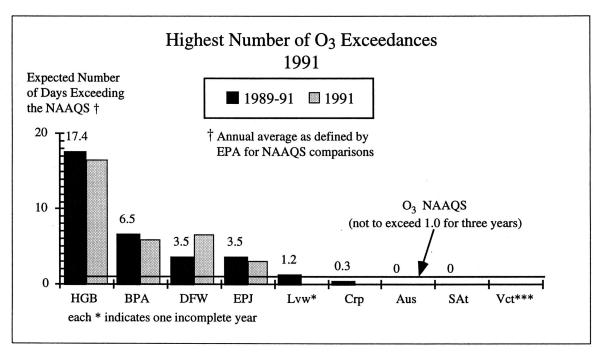
The following graphs display comparisons of peak criteria pollutant measurements for metropolitan areas and regional areas where the pollutants are monitored. Each graph shows the highest measurement recorded at any one site in each of the areas shown. The graphs for CO and SO₂ also include the second high which is used for CO and SO₂ NAAQS determinations. Abbreviations are listed on page 27. Table 2 provides a summary listing by site with a comparison to the NAAQS for all of the criteria pollutants beginning on page 9. Additional summary information is provided by pollutant in the following sections of the report.

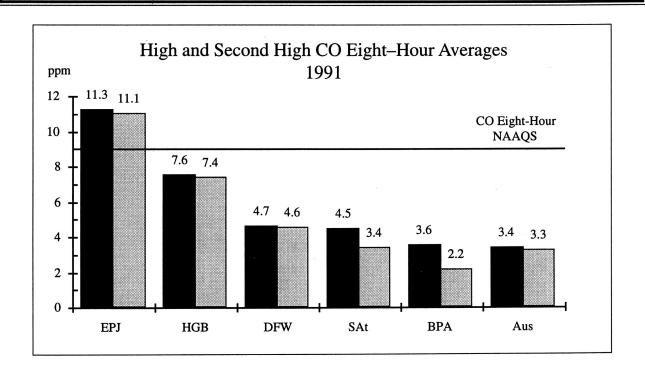
Comparisons by Metropolitan Area

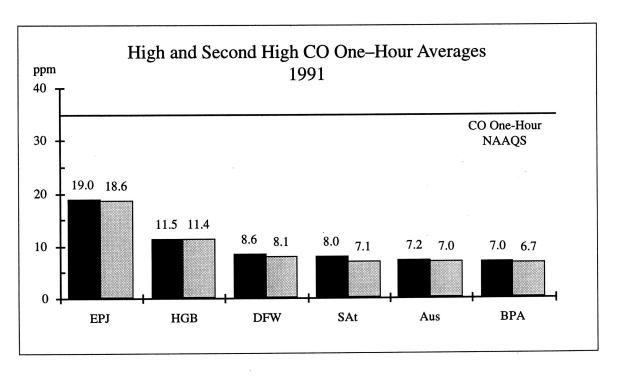


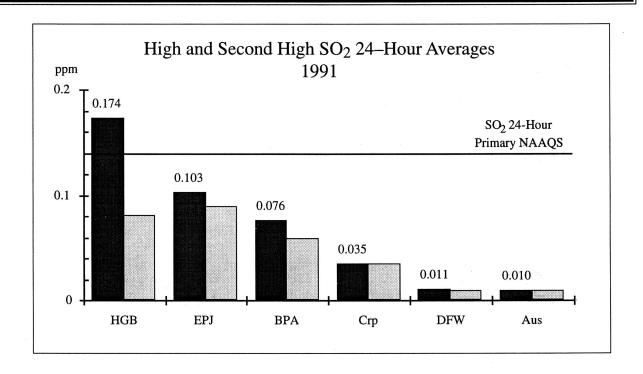
Note: The highest lead measurements in the Dallas-Fort Worth and El Paso areas were from sites near lead smelters. Sites that were not located near lead smelters in these two areas reported very low measurements similar to those from the Houston-Galveston-Brazoria area.

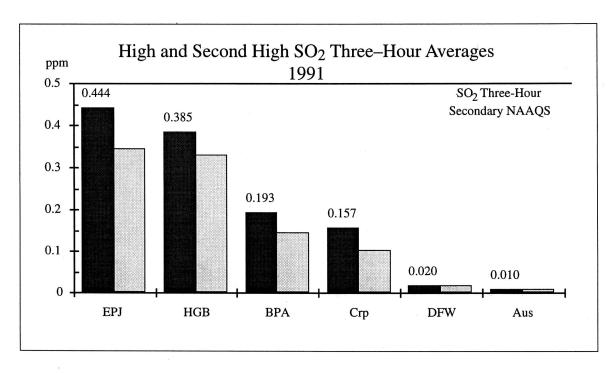


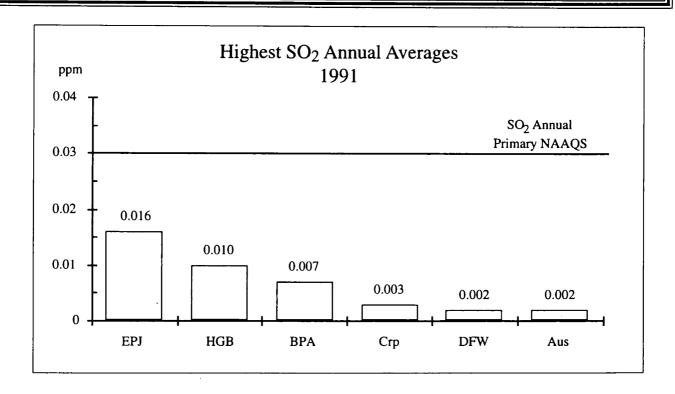


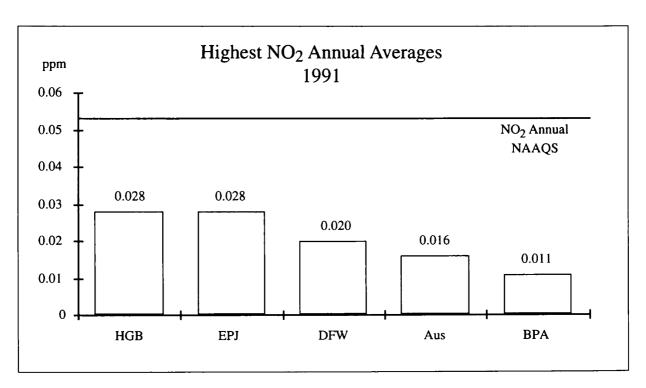


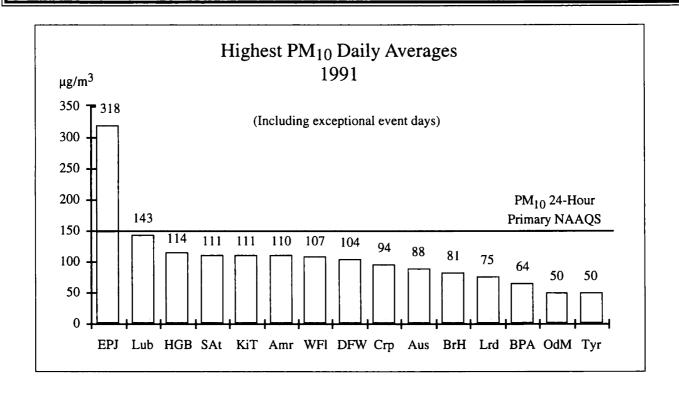












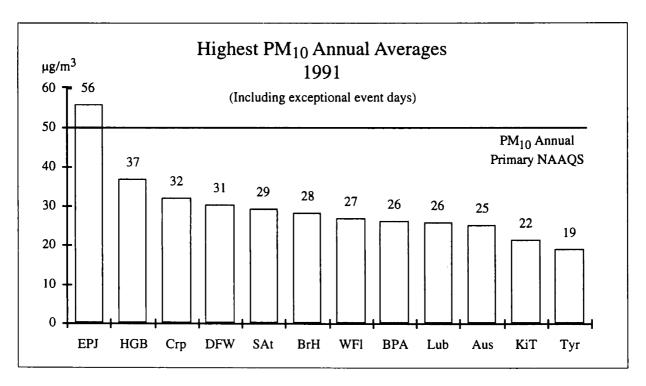


Table 2. 1991 Criteria Pollutant Summary by Monitoring Site

					a i onc			by Moi					
*	0	3	CC)†		SO ₂ ‡		NO_2		PM ₁₀		Le	ad
	High	Exp	2nd	2nd	2nd	2nd			High	Exp	Exp	High	Exc
Location	Hr	Exc	Hr	8-Hr	24-Hr	3-Hr	Ann	Ann	Day	Exc	Ann	Otr	Qtr
	(ppm)	(days)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(μg/m ³)	(days)	(μg/m ³)	(μg/m ³)	
NAAQS	0.12	1.0	35	9	0.14	0.5	0.03	0.053	150	1.0	50	1.5	0
Amarillo MS	A (Reg	gion :	1)										
Amarillo									*110	*0.0	*27.0		
Austin-San	Marco	s MS			11)							l	
Downtown 32 East	l		3.4	3.3				š	81	0.0	25.0		
North 25	0.11	0.0			*0.01	*0.01	*0.002	0.016	01	0.0	25.0		
Northwest 3	0.12	0.0			0.01	0.01	0.002	0.010					
Ridgetop									*88	*0.0	*22.0		
Beaumont-P	ort Ar	thur	MSA (Regio	on 10)								
Beaumont 2	0.20	6.0	3.6	2.2	0.08	0.16	0.007	0.006	64	0.0	26.0	0.03	0
Kountze 85	0.12	0.0											
Port Arthur 28	0.14	4.3			0.08	0.19	0.007	0.005					
SETRPC 40 SETRPC 41	0.15 0.18	+6.0 +3.0		12				0.005 0.010					
SETRPC 41	0.18	+0.0						0.008					
SETRPC 43	0.16	+4.0						0.010					
West Orange 9	0.16	2.5						0.011					
Brazoria PM	SA (R	egion	12)										
Clute 11	0.15	3.7	•										
Brownsville-	Harli	ngen-	-San I	Benit	O MSA	(Reg	ion 15)					
Brownsville									81	0.0	28.0		
San Benito			•						70	0.0	24.0		
Corpus Chris	STIMS	A (He	gion	14)	l				*77	*0.0	*30.0		
Navigation									94	0.0	32.0		
Tuloso 21	0.12	0.0			0.04	0.16	0.001			-			
West 4	0.11	0.0			0.02	0.07	0.003						
Dallas PMSA)		_								
Bonnieview	0.10	0.0						0.011	50	0.0	25.0	0.11	0
Boys Club Coit									50 53	$0.0 \\ 0.0$	25.0	0.11	U
Colony	0.09	0.0							33	0.0	25.0		
Convention	0.05	0.0							55	0.0	27.0	0.04	0
Dallas N 5	0.12	0.0			*			0.013				0.02	0
Douglas	l											0.03	0
Earhart	0.11											0.08	0
Ennis Ervay	0.11	0.0	3.9	3.8									
Farmers Branch			3.9	3.0								0.03	0
Frisco 1												0.11	0
Frisco 2												1.10	0
Frisco 3												0.67	0
Garland	0.16	1.0	47	16	0.01	0.02	0.002	0.020				0.10	U
Hinton Lancaster	0.16	1.0	4.7	4.6	0.01	0.02	0.002	0.020	55	0.0	23.0		
M.L. King								,		0.0	20.0	0.05	0
Midlothian 3								,	70	0.0	21.0		
Midlothian 4									84	0.0	21.0	0.10	^
Morrell					1				104	0.0	31.0	0.19	0
Nolen					1							0.18	0
Palmer Paper Rector												0.00	0
Sargent												0.14	0
	ı							I	1			0.02	0
Sunnyvale	0.12	0.0						•	l				

[†] Running averages, truncated to tenths
‡ Block averages, rounded to hundredths
+ Number of actual exceedances, expected exceedances may be slightly higher
* Measurements for 1991 do not meet EPA completeness criteria

Table 2. 1991 Criteria Pollutant Summary by Monitoring Site

A.,	0							NO ₂		PM ₁₀		Lea	a d
	to a second second		.CC		0.1	so ₂ ‡		NO2			-		
T	High	Exp	2nd	2nd	2nd	2nd			High	Exp	Exp	High	Exc
Location	Hr (ppm)	Exc (days)	Hr (ppm)	8-Hr (ppm)	24-Hr (ppm)	3-Hr (ppm)	Ann (ppm)	Ann (ppm)	Day (μg/m ³)	Exc (days)	Ann (μg/m ³)	Qtr (μg/m ³)	Qtr
NAAQS	0.12	1.0	35	9	0.14	0.5	0.03	0.053	150	1.0	50	1.5	0
El Paso-Jua					Region		0.03	0.055	130	1.0	50	1.5	0
Advance MX	* 0.11	*0.0	11.0	9.4	regioi	. 0)			*318	*12.3	*108		
Anthony NM	0.11	0.0	11.0	7.4					131	0.0	40		
Chamizal		9	11.3	11.1					138	0.0	28		
Downtown 6	0.12	0.0	10.7	9.7	0.05	0.22	0.011	0.028				0.23	0
East 30	0.15	3.2	8.9	8.0									
Ivanhoe			*10.6	*5.8					*51	*0.0	*23		
Kern	0.10	0.0			*0.04	*0.17	*0.008					0.25	0
La Union NM	0.10	0.0			0.02	0.10	0.003			0.0	22	-	
Lindbergh NE Clinic		12							66 84	$0.0 \\ 0.0$	23 22	0.15	0
Pestalozzi MX									*148	*0.0	*47	0.13	١
Race Track NM									140	0.0	47		i
Riverside	l								73	0.0	31		
Socorro									106	0.0	44		
Sunland NM	١,				0.09	0.35	0.016		162	1.0	31		
Techno MX	0.13	1.3	*7.5	*6.6	,				*143	*0.0	*51		
Tillman			10.2	10.0					159	1.1	38	0.46	0
UTEP 12	0.14	2.0	7.4	6.4	0.07	0.36	0.009	0.018	110	0.0			
Vilas				12					110	0.0	46		
Zenco MX			***	/ D					219	2.4	56		
Fort Worth— Downtown 16	Ariing I	ton P	MSA *4.5	(Hegi	on 4)			ſ	I			0.02	0
FAA			*4.5	*3.9					*53	*0.0	*21	0.02	0
Geddes							*		*101	*0.0	*25		
Keller 17	0.17	4.2							101	0.0	23		
NW 13	0.15	6.7	3.8	3.3	0.01	0.02	0.001	0.014					
Worth Heights									73	0.0	25	0.02	0
Galveston-1	exas	City	PMSA	(Reg	ion 1:	2)							
Fire Station									102	0.0	23		
Nessler Pool	0.10	4.1			0.06	0.10	0.006		*113	*0.0	*26	0.00	_
Texas City 10	0.18	4.1	40)		0.06	0.13	0.006		*44	*0.0	*21	0.02	0
Houston PM: Aldine 8	SA (H)	egion 10.6	12) 7.0	6.9	ı			0.016	*84	*0.0	*28	ı	
Baytown 24	0.17	10.0	7.0	0.9	0.02	0.06	0.004	0.010	704	0.0	20		
Bingle					0.02	0.00	0.004		83	0.0	25	0.00	0
Clinton	0.18	13.4	5.1	4.7	0.04	0.14	0.006	0.023	*114	*0.0	*42	0.02	ŏ
Crawford	0.18	5.1	5.2	5.0	0.03	0.08	0.004			0.0		*0.01	*0
Croquet	0.21	16.6			0.02	0.05	0.003						
Deer Park 18	0.15	7.4	l		0.02	0.05	0.002						
East 1	0.20	6.0	5.4	5.3	0.02	0.07	0.004	0.020	86	0.0	30	0.02	0
Fulton Harris NW 26	0.12	1.1										0.01	0
HRM 1	0.13	1.1 5.1	6.5	2.9	0.04	0.12	0.005	0.027	84				
HRM 3	0.17	9.2	7.9	4.1	0.04	0.12	0.003	0.027	75				
HRM 4	0.17	5.1	2.5	1.5	0.00	0.01	0.000	0.021	'3				
HRM 7	0.21	15.2	4.5	2.2	0.02	0.06	0.001	0.020	86				
HRM 8	0.24	12.2	3.3	1.3	0.01	0.05	0.000	0.013					
HRM 10	0.17	6.2	1.8	1.0	0.00	0.01	0.000	0.007				1	
HRM 11	0.23	6.0	1.7	0.6	0.01	0.03	0.000	0.011					
Kress	0.16	<i>5</i>						0.000	109	0.0	37	0.03	0
Lang Manchester 22	0.16	5.2 13.6	7.6	7.4	*0.05	*0.13	*0.007	0.022					
Monroe Monroe	0.20	8.3			0.03	*0.13 0.05	*0.007 0.004		*104	*0.0	*29		
N Wayside	0.17	5.1			0.03	0.03	0.004		104	0.0	- 29		
Pasadena		2.1			3.02	0.07	0.005		*55	*0.0	*28		
† Running average													

[†] Running averages, truncated to tenths
‡ Block averages, rounded to hundredths
+ Number of actual exceedances, expected exceedances may be slightly higher
* Measurements for 1991 do not meet EPA completeness criteria

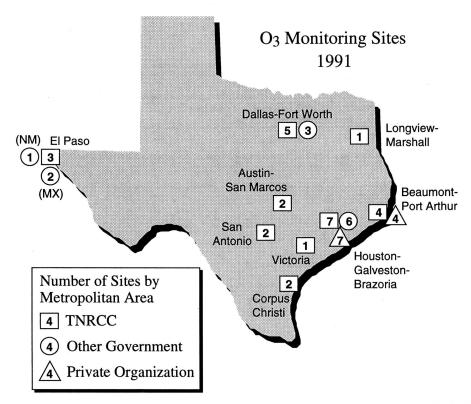
Table 2. 1991 Criteria Pollutant Summary by Monitoring Site

	Tuble 2. 1991 Criteria i oriatant Burmany				0) 1.101111011118 10110								
	0	3	CC	†		so ₂ ‡		NO_2		PM ₁₀		Lea	ad
	High	Exp	2nd	2nd	2nd	2nd			High	Exp	Exp	High	Exc
Location	Hr (ppm)	Exc (days)	Hr (ppm)	8-Hr (ppm)	24-Hr (ppm)	3-Hr (ppm)	Ann (ppm)	Ann (ppm)	Day (μg/m ³)	Exc (days)	$\mathop{Ann}_{(\mu g/m^3)}$	$\mathop{Qtr}_{(\mu g/m^3)}$	Qtr
NAAQS	0.12	1.0	35	9	0.14	0.5	0.03	0.053	150	1.0	50	1.5	0
Killeen-Tem	ple M	SA (R	egion	9)									
Temple									111	0.0	22	*	х :
Laredo MSA	(Reg	ion 1	5)										
Laredo									*75	*0.0	*39		
Longview-M			A (Reg	gion	5)								
Longview 19	*0.12	*0.0											,
Lubbock MS Lubbock	A (Re	gion :	2)						143	0.0	26		
Odessa – Mid Odessa	land N	ISA (Regio	n 7)					*50	*0.0	*21		
San Antonio	MSA	(Regi	on 13)									
Airport												0.02	0
Downtown 27			*3.9	*3.2					*50	*0.0	*20		147
East Kelly ITC									*59 111	0.0	*28 29	0.03	0
North 7	0.11	0.0	4.5	3.4					74	0.0	21	0.05	
Northwest 23	0.11	0.0				· ·							
Tyler MSA (F	Region	15)											
Tyler									50	0.0	19		
Wichita Fall	s MSA	(Req	gion 3)	1				107	0.0	271		
Wichita Falls		•							107	0.0	27		
Victoria MS	A (Reg	ion 1 *0.0	4)								l		
Victoria 87	*0.10	"U.U											

[†] Running averages, truncated to tenths
‡ Block averages, rounded to hundredths
+ Number of actual exceedances, expected exceedances may be slightly higher
* Measurements for 1991 do not meet EPA completeness criteria

OZONE (O₃)

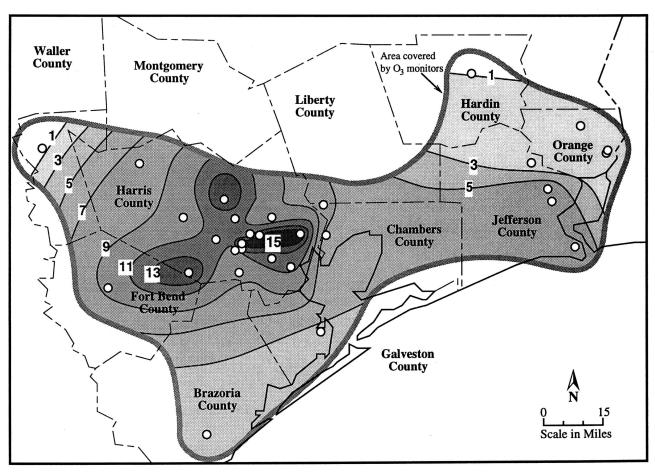
During 1991, the TNRCC, local government, and private networks continuously monitored O₃ at 47 sites in Texas. The map at right shows the distribution of O₃ monitors in Texas by metropolitan area. Unlike other gaseous pollutants, O₃ is not emitted directly into the atmosphere. Instead, it is created in the atmosphere by the action of sunlight on volatile organic compounds and nitrogen oxides. Higher levels of O₃ usually occur on sunny days with light wind speeds, primarily during the months of March

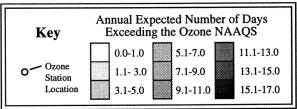


through October. An O₃ exceedance day is counted if the peak one-hour average exceeds the NAAQS. Then, the expected exceedance days are determined from the actual number of measured exceedances with adjustments to account for missing data according to EPA guidelines. In order to demonstrate attainment of the NAAQS, the average annual number of expected exceedances must not exceed 1.0 day per year over a three—year period.

Maps on the next two pages show the distribution of the number of expected O₃ exceedances for 1989–1991 for the Houston, Dallas–Fort Worth, and El Paso areas. Table 3 provides a summary of O₃ measurements for 1991 and expected exceedances for 1989–1991. The listings include all of the TNRCC and local governmental agency monitoring sites. The sites are grouped by metropolitan area, and the metropolitan areas are listed in order of the highest measured one–hour concentration. For metropolitan areas with more than one monitoring site, the sites are listed in order of the highest one–hour concentration. The Aerometric Information Retrieval System (AIRS) code for each site location is listed along with the site name. The percent completeness shown in this table is based on the ozone season and indicates the percentage of the ozone season for which valid data were obtained according to EPA guidelines.

Southeast Texas O₃ Summary 1989–1991





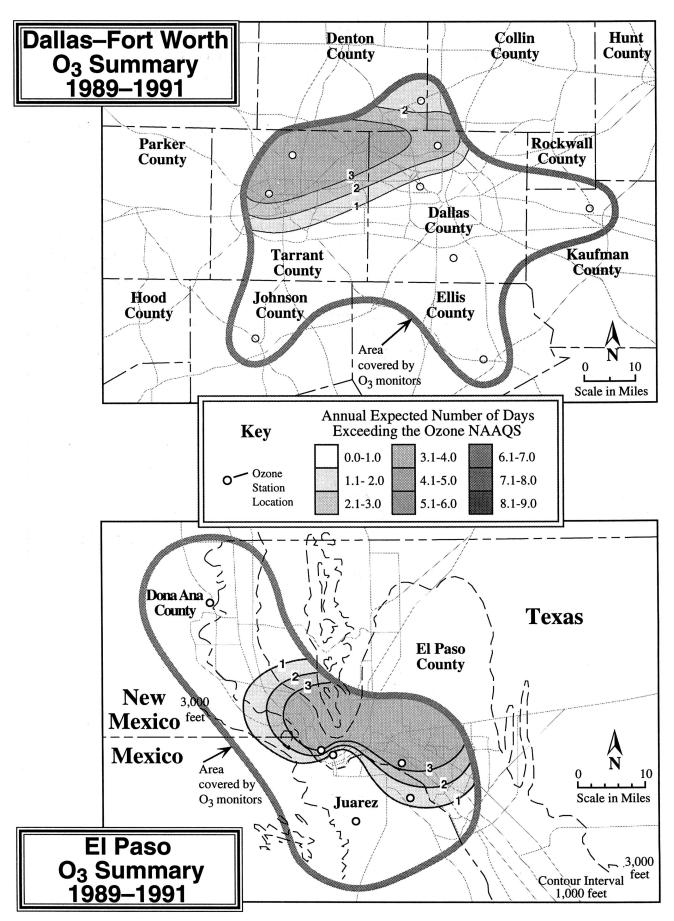


Table 3. Ozone Summary 1991

		aoic 3. Ozo		, _,, _		
ALDC	Olto Mana	1-Hr	1-Hr		Exp Exc	†
AIRS	Site Name	High	2nd Day	Exp Exc	1989-91	Comp
		(ppm)	(ppm)	(days/yr)	(days/yr)	(%)
NAAQS	'	#0.12		* * L 2	#1.0	
Austin-S	an Marcos MS	A (Region	111			
4530014S	Austin NW 3	0.120	0.100	0.0	0.0	97
4530003S	Austin N 25	0.110	0.100	0.0	0.0	89
Beaumon	t-Port Arthur	MSA (Regi	on 10\	5,5	0.0	0,5
2450009S	Beaumont 2	0.200	0.130	6.0	2.4	100
3610100P	SETRPC 41	0.181	0.131	+3.0	*+2.5	
2450102P	SETRPC 43	0.163	0.143	+4.0	*+6.0	7
3611001S	West Orange 9	0.160	0.130	2.5	*2.5	79
2450101P	SETRPC 40	0.146	0.144	+6.0	*+6.5	Í
2450011S	Port Arthur 28	0.140	0.130	4.3	5.1	‡ 79 ‡ 93
1990002S	Kountze 85	0.120	0.110	0.0	1.1	91
3611100P	SETRPC 42	0.117	0.107	+0.0	*+2.0	91 ‡
Corpus C	hristi MSA (Re	gion 14)				•
3550025S	West 4	0.120	0.110	0.0	0.3	96
3550026S	Tuloso 21	0.110	0.100	0.0	0.0	90
Dallas-F	ort Worth CMS	A (Region	4)			
4392003S	Keller 17	0.1701	0.150	4.2 l	3.5	94
1130069L	Hinton	0.160	0.120	1.0	0.7	98
4391002S	Ft Worth NW 13	0.150	0.140	6.7	3.3	90
1130045S	Dallas N 5	0.120	0.110	0.0	2.5	88
2570001S	Terrell 83	0.120	0.110	0.0	**0.0	100
1390084S	Ennis 84	0.110	0.100	0.0	**0.0	98
1130055L	Bonnieview	0.100	0.100	0.0	0.0	99
1210054L	Colony	0.090	0.080	0.0	1.7	93
El Paso-	Juarez Area T	X NM MX (Region 6)			
1410028S	East 30	0.150	0.1301	3.2	3.5	94
1410037S	UTEP 12	0.140	0.130	2.0	3.1	98
0060001L	Techno MX	0.127	0.119	1.3	**1.3	79
1410027S	Downtown 6	0.120	0.100	0.0	0.7	97
0060004L	Advance MX	0.111	0.106	*	***	64
0130008S	La Union NM	0.099	0.098	0.0	0.0	99
Houston-	Galveston-Br	azoria CM:	SA (Regio	n 12)		
2010808P	HRM 8	0.240	0.156	12.2	11.1	99
0710901P	HRM 11	0.234	0.202	6.0	6.3	100
2010803P	HRM 3	0.216	0.190	9.2	15.4	98
2010051L	Croquet	0.209	0.200	16.6	14.8	96
2010807P	HRM 7	0.205	0.201	15.2	17.4	99
2010059S	Manchester 22	0.200	0.200	13.6	9.5	81
2011034S	Houston East 1	0.200	0.180	6.0	11.3	100
2011035L	Clinton	0.180	0.180	13.4	15.0	97
1671002S	Texas City 10	0.180	0.150	4.1	4.7	97
2011037L 2010024S	Crawford Aldine 8	0.175 0.170	0.170 0.170	5.1	11.3 14.8	97 85
2010024S 2010801P	HRM 1	0.170		10.6 5.1	12.8	85 98
2010801F 2010062L	Monroe	0.170	0.161 0.158	8.6	9.3	97
2010002L 2010046L	N Wayside	0.170	0.156	5.1	12.0	99
2010040L 2010804P	HRM 4	0.166	0.162	5.1	9.4	99
0710900P	HRM 10	0.165	0.150	6.2	8.3	97
2010047L	Lang	0.158	0.151	5.2	9.9	96
2011003S	Deer Park 18	0.150	0.150	7.4	11.5	81
0391003S	Clute 11	0.150	0.130	3.7	**3.7	82
2010029S	Harris NW 26	0.130	0.120	1.1	8.1	93
	-Marshall MS					
1830001S	Longview 19	0.120	0.110	*	*1.2	63
	nio MSA (Regi		5.220		-:-1	
0290036S	North 7	0.110 	0.110	0.0	0.0	94
0290032S	Northwest 23	0.110	0.100	0.0	0.0	78
	MSA (Region 1		2.200	2.01	1	
4690003S	Victoria 87	0.103	0.100	*	***	52
	toring site (added to					

S State monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)

Local governmental agency monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)

Private monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)

Based on complete days during ozone season according to EPA convention Number of actual exceedances; expected exceedances may be slightly higher

Data not available

Expected number of days with highest one-hour concentration over 0.12 ppm — annual average not to exceed 1.0 day per year over a three-year period

Each * indicates one year not meeting EPA completeness criteria; not valid for NAAQS comparison

CARBON MONOXIDE (CO)

CO is produced by the incomplete combustion of carboncontaining fuels, most notably by automotive engine and power plants. During 1991, CO was continuously monitored at 26 sites in Texas as displayed in the adjacent map. Two NAAQS have been established for CO. One is for an eight-hour average of 9 ppm and the second is for a one-hour average of 35 ppm, each not to be exceeded more than once during a calendar year. The eight-hour NAAQS has been exceeded periodically in El Paso during the winter months when very stable atmospheric conditions exist. The one-hour NAAQS has never been exceeded in Texas.

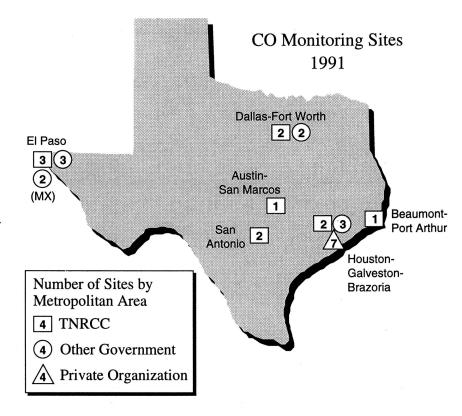


Table 4 provides a summary of CO measurements during 1991. The table listings are grouped by metropolitan area and sorted in descending order from the highest eight—hour average.

Table 4. CO Summary 1991

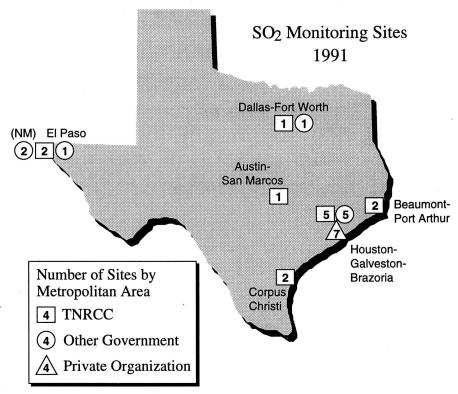
			@ 8-Hr			1-Hr		
AIRS	Site Name	High	2nd	Exc	High	2nd	Exc	Comp
		(ppm)	(ppm)	(#)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(#)	(%)
NAAQS			9			35		
	an Marcos MS	A (Reg						
4530017S	Downtown 32	3.4	3.3	0	7.2	7.0	0	75
	t-Port Arthur	MSA (F		10)				
2450009S	Beaumont 2	3.6	2.2	0	7.0	6.7	0	92
Dallas-F	ort Worth CMS	A (Reg	ion 4)					
1130069L	Dallas Hinton	4.7	4.6	0	6.0	5.9	0	93
4391003S	Ft Worth Dtn 16	4.5	3.9	0	5.9	5.6	0	73
1130053L	Dallas Ervay	3.9	3.8	0	8.6	8.1	. 0	95
4391002S	Ft Worth NW 13	3.8	3.3	0	5.4	5.3	0	91
	Juarez Area T							
1410044L	Chamizal	11.3	11.1	3	17.4	17.0	0	93
0060004L	Advance MX	11.0	9.4	1	19.0	18.6	0	92
1410027S	Downtown 6	10.7	9.7	2	17.3	14.8	0	91
1410002L	Tillman	10.2	10.0	2	17.0	16.4	0	95
1410028S	East 30	8.9	8.0	0	15.3	12.6	0	87
0060001L	Techno MX	7.5	6.6	0	13.3	13.3	0	74
1410037S	UTEP 12	7.4	6.4	0	11.4	10.4	0	90
1410029L	Ivanhoe	6.0	5.8	0	11.1	10.6	0 1	66
	-Galveston-Bi	•		(Regio				
2010047L	Lang	7.6	7.4	0	11.5	11.4	0	93
2010024S	Aldine 8	7.0	6.9	0	9.0	8.3	0	86
2010803P	HRM 3	6.1	4.1	0	8.6	7.9	0	96
2011034S	East 1	5.4	5.3	0	10.6	10.3	0	91
2011037L	Crawford	5.2	5.0	0	8.5	8.4	0	94
2011035L	Clinton	5.1	4.7	0	6.6	6.4	0	94
2010801P	HRM 1	4.5	2.9	0	7.4	6.5	0	96
2010807P	HRM 7	2.5	2.2	0	4.6	4.5	0	98
2010804P	HRM 4	1.7	1.5	0	2.5	2.5	0	98
2010808P	HRM 8	1.3	1.3	0	4.2	3.3	0	98
0710900P	HRM 10	1.1	1.0	0	1.9	1.8	0	97
0710901P	HRM 11	0.9	0.6	0	1.8	1.7	0	99

Note: CO eight-hour average must round to 10 ppm or greater to be counted as an excursion. Two excursions per year are required to violate the NAAQS.

State monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)
Local governmental agency monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)
Running average, truncated to tenths
Number of exceedances S L

SULFUR DIOXIDE (SO₂)

SO₂ is produced by the burning of sulfur-containing fuels, from the smelting of metallic ores containing sulfur, and in the process of removing sulfur from fuels. SO₂ was monitored continuously at 27 TNRCC, local government, and private sites in Texas during 1991 as shown in the adjacent map. The shortterm NAAQS for SO₂ is 0.14 ppm for a 24-hour average not to be exceeded more than once per year. The long-term NAAQS is 0.03 ppm for a calendar year average. There is also a secondary NAAQS of 0.5 ppm for a three-hour average that is intended to protect public welfare from any known or anticipated adverse effects



of the pollutant at the specified level. The Houston, Beaumont–Port Arthur, El Paso, and Galveston–Texas City areas have historically shown the highest measured SO₂ levels in the state.

Table 5 shows a summary of SO₂ measurements during 1991. The table listings are grouped by metropolitan area and sorted in descending order from the highest three—hour average.

Table 5. SO₂ Summary 1991

				_	,				2.0
ALDC	Cita Nama	LII: o. lo	‡ 3-Hr	-		‡ 24-Hr	F	Annual	0
AIRS	Site Name	High (ppm)	2nd (ppm)	Exc (#)	High (ppm)	2nd (ppm)	Exc (#)	Average (ppm)	(%)
NAAQS		(PPIII)	0.5	(")	(ppm)	0.14	(")	0.03	(/0)
	n Marcos MS	A (Rea				0.11		0.05	
4530014S	Austin NW 3	0.010	0.010	0	0.010	0.010	0	*0.002	15
	Port Arthur						-	3.55	
2450011S	Port Arthur 28	0.193	0.147	0	0.076	0.059	0	0.007	89
2450009S	Beaumont 2	0.160	0.117	0	0.076	0.059	0	0.007	94
Corpus Ch	risti MSA (Re	gion 1	4)						
3550025S	West 4	0.157	0.103	0	0.035	0.035	0	0.001	91
3550026S	Tuloso 21	0.073	0.060	0	0.023	0.018	. 0	0.003	87
Dallas-For	t Worth CMS.	A (Reg	ion 4)						
1130069L	Hinton	0.020	0.020	0	0.011	0.010	0	0.002	93
4391002S	Ft Worth NW 13		0.013	0	0.007	0.006	0	0.001	89
El Paso-Ji	uarez Area T)		X (Regi	on 6)					
0130017S	Sunland NM	0.444	0.347	0	0.103	0.090	0	0.016	99
1410037S	UTEP 12	0.357	0.290	0	0.071	0.055	0	0.009	84
1410027S	Downtown 6	0.223	0.220	0	0.047	0.046	0	*0.011	72
1410033L	Kern	0.170	0.160	0	0.041	0.037	0	*0.008	64
0130008S	La Union NM	0.116	0.097	0	0.021	0.020	0	0.003	99
	alveston-Br			***************************************					
2010803P	HRM 3	0.385	0.332	0	0.174	0.081	1	0.010	96
2010801P	HRM 1	0.189	0.124	0	0.074	0.037	0	0.005	96
2011035L	Clinton	0.137	0.080	0	0.036	0.030	0	0.006	93
2010059S	Manchester 22	0.130	0.117	0	0.049	0.047	0	*0.007	74
1671002S	Texas City 10	0.127	0.097	0	0.055	0.050	0	0.006	91
2011037L	Crawford	0.080	0.070	0	0.028	0.023	0	0.004	85
2011034S	East 1	0.073	0.060	0	0.021	0.020	0	0.004	87
2010046L	N Wayside	0.067	0.040	0	0.021	0.017	0	0.005	89
2010808P	HRM 8	0.065	0.051	0	0.014	0.007	0	0.000	98
2010807P	HRM 7	0.062	0.058	0	0.030	0.020	0	0.001	98
2010004S	Baytown 24	0.060	0.043	0	0.024	0.021	0	0.004	81
2010062L	Monroe	0.053	0.047	0	0.026	0.025	0	0.004	90
2011003S	Deer Park 18	0.053	0.030	0	0.015	0.015	0	0.002	79
2010051L	Croquet	0.047	0.043	0	0.018	0.017	0	0.003	91
0710901P	HRM 11	0.037	0.026	0	0.007	0.006	0	0.000	99
2010804P	HRM 4	0.019	0.013	0	0.005	0.003	0	0.000	98
0710900P	HRM 10	0.013	0.010	0	0.002	0.001	0	0.000	99

State monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)
Local governmental agency monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)
Block averages, rounded to hundredths
Number of exceedances; must be 2 or more to violate the NAAQS
Less than 75% completeness; not valid for NAAQS comparison

NITROGEN DIOXIDE (NO2)

Although there are several oxides of nitrogen produced by high temperature fuel combustion in air, the only NAAQS is for an annual arithmetic average of 0.053 ppm for NO₂. This annual standard has never been exceeded in Texas. In fact, only in Houston and El Paso has the annual average been as high as 0.03 ppm during the past five years. Continuous NO2 monitors were operated by the TNRCC, local government, and private organizations at 25 sites in the Austin, Beaumont-Port Arthur, Dallas-Fort Worth, El Paso, and Houston areas during 1991, as shown in the adjacent map.

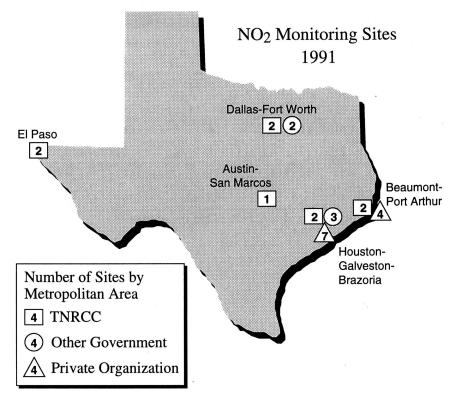


Table 6 shows a summary of NO₂ measurements during 1991. The table listings are grouped by metropolitan areas and sorted in descending order from the highest one–hour average.

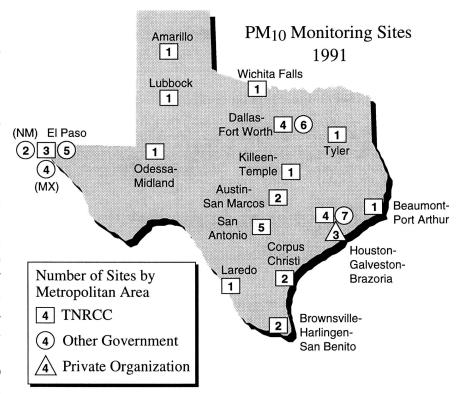
Table 6. NO₂ Summary 1991

		1-	Hr	Annual	
AIRS	Site Name	High	2 n d	Average	Comp
		(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(%)
NAAQS				0.053	
Austin-Sa	n Marcos MSA		n 11)		
4530017S	Downtown 32	0.07	0.07		88
	-Port Arthur N		gion 10)	
3610100P	SETRPC 41	0.08	0.07	0.010	98
2450101P	SETRPC 40	0.07	0.07	0.005	96
3611001S	West Orange 9	0.07	0.06	0.011	75
2450102P	SETRPC 43	0.07	0.06	0.010	97
2450009S	Beaumont 2	0.06	0.06	0.006	92
3611100P	SETRPC 42	0.05	0.05	0.008	98
	rt Worth CMS/		n 4)		
1130069L	Hinton	0.11	0.11	0.020	91
1130045S	Dallas N 5	0.08	0.08	0.013	89
1130055L	Bonnieview	0.06	0.05	0.011	94
4391002S	Ft Worth NW 13	0.08	0.08	0.014	82
	uarez Area TX		(Regio		
1410027S	Downtown 6	0.12	0.11	0.028	90
1410037S	UTEP 12	0.11	0.11	0.018	86
Houston-C	Galveston-Bra	zoria C	MSA (R	egion 12)	
2010801P	HRM 1	0.23	0.15	0.027	95
2010804P	HRM 4	0.17	0.12	0.015	97
2010803P	HRM 3	0.13	0.10	0.021	96
0710901P	HRM 11	0.12	0.12	0.011	98
2011037L	Crawford	0.12	0.12	0.028	86
2011035L	Clinton	0.12	0.11	*0.023	72
2010047L	Lang	0.11	0.11	*0.022	75
2011034S	East 1	0.10	0.10	0.020	91
2010807P	HRM 7	0.10	0.08	0.020	98
2010024S	Aldine 8	0.08	0.08	0.016	80
2010808P	HRM 8	0.08	0.07	0.013	98
0710900P	HRM 10	0.07	0.07	0.007	98

S State monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)
L Local governmental agency monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)
* Less than 75% completeness; not valid for NAAQS comparison

PARTICULATE MATTER OF TEN MICRONS OR LESS (PM₁₀)

Particulate matter in the atmosphere is produced by a wide variety of natural and manmade sources. It includes both solid and liquid particles, except for water or ice, that can be emitted directly into the air or formed by chemical reactions in the atmosphere. Particles below about 10 microns in size are more likely to be deposited deep in the lungs, where they present the most direct health concern. The NAAQS for PM₁₀ is 150 μ g/m³ for a 24-hour sample, not to be exceeded on more than three days over a three-year period 50 μg/m³ for an annual arithmetic mean. During 1991, PM₁₀ was monitored by the TNRCC,



local government, and private organizations at 51 sites in Texas. The sampling schedules are either daily, every other day, or every sixth day, depending on the expected probability of the site exceeding the NAAQS. A PM_{10} exceedance day is counted if the 24-hour average exceeds the NAAQS. Then, the expected exceedance days are determined from the actual number of measured exceedances with adjustments to account for missing data according to EPA guidelines. In order to demonstrate attainment of the NAAQS, the average annual number of expected exceedances must not exceed 1.0 day per year over a three–year period.

Table 7 provides a summary of the 1991 PM_{10} measurements at each monitoring site. The table listings are grouped by metropolitan area and sorted in descending order from the highest 24—hour average.

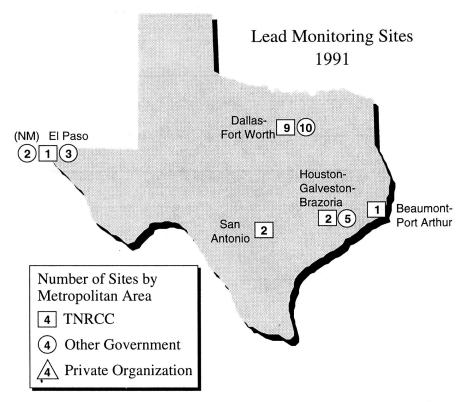
Table 7. PM₁₀ Summary 1991

ALDC	Cita Nama	24-Hr	Exp	Exp Exc	Annual		Ţ.	Valid
AIRS	Site Name	High (μg/m³)	Exc (days/yr)	1989-91 (days/yr)	Mean (μg/m³)	Samples	Comp (%)	Qtrs
NAAQS		#150	#1.0		50			
Amarillo 3750004S	MSA (Regio	n 1)	*0.0	***	*27.2	51	85	2
Austin- 4530010S	San Marcos I Ridgetop	MSA (Re	gion 11) *0.0	*0.0	*22.2	47 [78	3
4530016S	East Austin	81	0.0	*0.0	25.4	60	81	4
2450009S	nt-Port Arthu Beaumont 2	64	0.0	**0.0	26.4	55	92	4
Brownsy 0610004S	ville – Harlinge Brownsville					1		
0610004S 0612002S	San Benito	81 70	0.0	*0.0 **0.0	28.4 23.9	55 58	92 97	4 4
Corpus	Christi MSA (14)					
3550020S 3550012S	Navigation Leopard	94 77	0.0 *0.0	0.0 *0.0	32.1 *30.4	69 54	93 90	4 3
Dallas-	Fort Worth Cl	MSA (Re	gion 4)					
1130018L 4390060L	Morrell Geddes	104 101	0.0 *0.0	0.0 **0.0	30.5 *24.9	72 51	100	4 3 4 4 4
1390004S	Midlothian 4	84	0.0	**0.0	20.9	55	. 92	4
4390023S 1390003S	Worth Hgts Midlothian 3	73	0.0	0.0 **0.0	25.1 21.4	60 53	100	4
1130050L	Convention	55	0.0	**0.0	27.0	56	93	4
1130020L 4390029L	Lancaster FAA	55 53	0.0 *0.0	0.0 **0.0	22.6 *20.5	58 36	97 60	4 1
1130035L	Coit Pous Club	53	0.0	0.0	24.8	58	97	4
1130057S	Boys Club -Juarez Area	TV NIM	0.0	*0.0	24.7	54	90	4
0060004L	Advance MX	318	*12.3	***	*107.9	54	90	3
0060003L 0130017S	Zenco MX	219	2.4	**2.4	55.7	54	90	3 4
1410002L	Sunland NM Tillman	162 159	1.0	*1.6 4.4	30.8 38.3	357 336	98 92	4 4
0060002L 0060001L	Pestalozzi MX	148	*0.0	***	*46.6	52	87	3
1410044L	Techno MX Chamizal	143 138	*0.0 0.0	*0.0 **0.0	*50.6 27.5	40 330	67 90	1 4
0130016S 1410041S	Anthony NM Vilas	131	0.0	1.7	40.1	182	99	4
14100413 1410043S	Socorro	110 106	0.0 0.0	**0.0	45.7 44.1	57 58	93	4
1410010L 1410038L	NE Clinic Riverside	84 73	0.0	*0.0 *0.0	22.0 31.2	60 58	100 97	4
1410045S	Lindbergh	66	0.0	0.0	23.0	57	95	4
1410029L	Ivanhoe	51	*0.0	*0.0	*22.5	42	70	2
Houston 2011035L	ı-Galveston-	Brazoria 114	CMSA (Re	gion 12)	*42.2	154	85	2
1670053L	Tx City Nessler	113	*0.0	***	*26.0	43	72	3 2 4
2010054L 2010062L	Kress Monroe	109 104	0.0 *0.0	**0.0 **0.0	36.8 *28.6	56 51	93 85	4 3
2011037L	Crawford	103	0.0	*0.0	29.8	55	92	3 4 4
1670004L 2011034S	Tx City Fire Sta East 1	102 86	0.0	**0.0 *0.0	22.8 29.7	56 58	93 97	4 4
2010807P	HRM 7	86	‡	‡	22.0	‡	77	‡ 1
2010024S 2010801P	Aldine 8 HRM 1	84 84	*0.0	***	*28.0 31.0	46	77	1 ±
2010045L	Bingle	83	0.0	**0.0	25.1	53	88	‡ 4
2010803P 2015002S	HRM 3 Pasadena	75 55	*0.0	***	26.0 *27.8	42	70	‡ 2
1671002S	Texas City 10	44	*0.0	***	*20.8	44	73	3
Killeen- 0270001S	Temple MSA	(Region	9)	**0.0	21.5	57	95	4
	MSA (Region Laredo	15)	*0.01	***	*38.9	51	85	3
Lubbock	MSA (Regio	n 2)						
Odessa-	Lubbock -Midland MSA	143 (Regio	0.0 n 7)	0.7	26.0	171	94	4
1350002S	Odessa	50	*0.0	***	*21.4	35	58	2
San Ant 02900348	onio MSA (Re	gion 13	0.01	0.01	29.2	53	88	4
0910003S	New Braunfels 3	85	*0.0	***	*22.7	52	87	4 3 4 3
0290036S 0290042S	North 7 East Kelly	74 59	0.0 *0.0	*0.0 **0.0	20.6 *27.9	56 44	93 73	4
0910004S	New Braunfels 4	36	*0.0	***	*19.0	49	82	3
Tyler MS 4230003S	SA (Region 5) Tyler	50	0.0	**0.0	19.1	58	97	4
Wichita				0.0	17.1	50	71	,
4850002S	Wichita Falls	107	0.0	**0.0	27.1	53	88	4
S State mo	nitoring site (added t	o end of All	S site number)					

S State monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)
L Local governmental agency monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)
i Including exceptional event days
Expected number of days over 150 µg/m³ — annual average not to exceed 1.0 day per year over a three-year period
Each * indicates one year not meeting EPA completeness criteria; not valid for NAAQS comparison
Data not available

LEAD

Lead was analyzed from particulate filters collected at 33 monitoring sites in Texas by the TNRCC and local governments during 1991, as shown in the adjacent map. In most areas of the state, lead in the ambient air is the result of automotive sources burning leaded fuels. In a few areas, lead is also released into the air by lead smelters. Since leaded gasoline is being phased out, atmospheric lead from automotive sources has been decreasing in recent years. Lead occurs in ambient air as particulate matter and thus is collected on highvolume filters with other particulate matter. The filters are



subjected to atomic absorption analysis to determine lead content. The lead NAAQS is $1.5 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ for a one–quarter average, not to be exceeded.

In the past, the lead standard has been exceeded only at monitoring sites near active lead smelters. The highest lead levels in 1991 were recorded at sites that are near lead smelters in the Dallas and El Paso metropolitan areas.

Table 8 provides a summary of the 1991 lead measurements at each monitoring site. The table listings are grouped by metropolitan area and sorted in descending order from the highest quarterly average.

Table 8. Lead Summary 1991

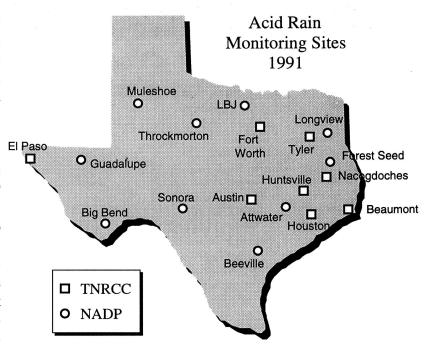
AIRS	Site Name	Qtr High (μg/m ³)	Qtr Exc (#)	Samples	Valid Qtrs
NAAQS		1.5			
Beaumon	t-Port Arthur MS	SA (Regio	on 10)		
2450009S	Beaumont 2	0.03	0	59	4
Dallas-F	ort Worth CMSA	(Region	4)		
0850002S	Frisco Gould Δ	1.11	0	59	4
0850003S	Frisco 5th St Δ	0.67	0	58	4
1130018L	Morrell	0.19	0	59	4
1130066L	Nolen Δ	0.18	0	274	4
1130065L	Rector Δ	0.17	0	273	4
1130064L	Sargent Δ	0.14	0	270	4
0850001S	Frisco Acker Δ	0.11	0	59	4
1130057L	Boys Club \(\Delta \)	0.11	0	54	4
1130074S	Garland Valspar ∆	0.10	0	15	1
1130061L	Earhart	0.08	0	41	3
1130073S	Palmer Paper Δ	0.06	0	13	1
1130046L	M L King	0.05	0	58	4
1130050L	Convention	0.04	0	57	4
1130071S	Farmers Branch	0.03	0	31	2
1130029L	Douglas	0.03	0	60	4
1130047L	Sunnyvale	0.02	0	43	2
1130045S	Dallas N 5	0.02	0	58	4
4391003S	Ft Worth Dtn 16	0.02	0	50	3
4390023S	Worth Heights	0.02	0	59	4
El Paso-	Juarez Area TX	NM MX (F	Region 6)		
1410002L	Tillman	0.46	0	58	4
1410033L	Kern	0.25	0	57	4
1410027S	Downtown 6	0.23	0	49	4
0130004S	Race Track NM	0.16	0	60	4
1410010L	Northeast	0.15	0	59	4
0130017S	Sunland NM	0.13	0	60	4
Houston-	Galveston-Braz	oria CMS	A (Regio	n 12)	
2010054L	Kress	0.03	0	52	3
1671002S	Texas City 2	0.02	0	42	1
2011034S	Houston East	0.02	0	55	4
2011035L	Clinton	0.02	0	51	3
2010048L	Fulton	0.01	0	57	4
2010045L	Bingle	0.00	0	59	4
2011037L	Crawford	*	*	8	0
San Anto	nio MSA (Region	13)			
0290034S	ITC	0.03	0	56	4
0290050S	Airport	0.02	0	57	4

S State monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)
L Local governmental agency monitoring site (added to end of AIRS site number)
Δ Site near lead smelter

Number of quarters exceeding the NAAQS
* Insufficient data return

ACID RAIN

Acid rain was monitored by the TNRCC or federal government at 18 sites in Texas during 1991. The TNRCC participated in the National Atmospheric Deposition Program (NADP) and National Trends Network (NTN) with an automated sampler in Longview that captured rainfall over one-week periods. These samples are forwarded to the NADP for analysis and the results are published annually. The TNRCC also conducted seven-day rainfall sampling at Huntsville and event monitoring at seven additional locations shown in the adjacent map. Event samples were collected during individual rainstorms, and pH and con-



ductivity of the samples were measured immediately in the field. The samples were then forwarded to Austin where pH and conductivity measurements were repeated.

The pH scale is a logarithmic measure of acidity or alkalinity. A pH of seven is neutral, with higher numbers corresponding to increased alkalinity and lower numbers to increased acidity. Unpolluted rainwater has a slightly acidic pH of 5.6. This acidity is caused by the formation of carbonic acid from CO in the atmosphere.

Table 9 provides a summary of acid rain measurements during 1991.

Table 9. Acid Rain Summary 1991

Site	Average pH	Maximum pH	Minimum pH	Samples
Longview*	4.51	6.11	3.88	46
Austin	4.75	5.06	4.50	3
Forest Seed*	4.77	7.23	4.08	46
Huntsville	4.83	5.55	4.32	23
Tyler	4.86	5.21	4.23	6
Houston	4.88	6.03	4.19	26
Attwater*	4.89	6.36	4.20	40
Throckmorton*	5.04	7.25	4.12	31
L.B.J.*	5.05	6.67	4.44	38
Beaumont	5.08	6.22	4.19	22
Beeville*	5.08	7.24	4.31	34
Fort Worth	5.13	5.32	4.93	2
Muleshoe*	5.24	6.81	4.18	32
Sonora*	5.25	7.02	4.47	37
Big Bend*	5.39	6.75	4.58	33
Guadalupe*	5.39	6.98	4.67	29
Nacogdoches	5.50	6.22	5.09	8
El Paso				0

^{*} NADP/NTN site

Note: Acidity (pH) of unpolluted rainwater is 5.6. Lower values are more acidic and higher values are less acidic.

ABBREVIATIONS

Pollutants

CO Carbon monoxide NO₂ Nitrogen dioxide

O₃ Ozone

PM₁₀ Particulate matter of ten microns or less

SO₂ Sulfur dioxide

Measurement Units

ppm parts per million (volume ratio)

μg/m³ micrograms (10-6 grams) per cubic meter

Metropolitan Areas

Amr Amarillo Aus Austin

BPA Beaumont-Port Arthur BrH Brownsville-Harlingen

Crp Corpus Christi
DFW Dallas-Fort Worth
EPJ El Paso-Juarez

HGB Houston-Galveston-Brazoria

KiT Killeen-Temple

Lrd Laredo
Lub Lubbock
Lvw Longview
MX Mexico
NM New Mexico
OdsM Odessa-Midland
Sat San Antonio

SAt San Antonio

TX Texas
Tyr Tyler
Vct Victoria

WFl Wichita Falls

Other

2nd Day Second highest daily maximum one-

hour average

Ann Annual

AIRS Aerometric Information Retrieval

System

CMSA Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical

Area

Comp Completeness (of data on annual basis

for NAAOS comparisons)

days/yr days per year

EPA U. S. Environmental Protection Agency

Exc Exceedances (number of times NAAQS

was exceeded)

Exp Exc Expected Exceedances (for O₃ and PM₁₀

using EPA methods)

Hi-Vol High-Volume Sampler (used for lead

measurements)

Hr Hour

HRM Houston Regional Monitoring

MSA Metropolitan Statistical Area

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NADP National Atmospheric Deposition

Program

NTN National Trends Network

PMSA Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area

Qtr(s) Quarter (calendar)

SETRPC Southeast Texas Regional Planning

Commission

TNRCC Texas Natural Resource Conservation

Commission



