## Chapter 757

1

H.B. No. 2049

2 relating to indemnification and duties of engineers and architects 3 under certain governmental contracts. 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 5 SECTION 1. Section 271.904, Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows: 6 7 Sec. 271.904. ENGINEERING OR ARCHITECTURAL SERVICES 8 CONTRACTS: INDEMNIFICATION LIMITATIONS; DUTIES OF ENGINEER OR 9 ARCHITECT. (a) A covenant or promise in, in connection with, or 10 collateral to a contract for engineering or architectural services 11 to which a governmental agency is a party is void and unenforceable 12 if the covenant or promise provides that a licensed engineer or 13 registered architect whose work product is the subject of the contract must indemnify  $or[\tau]$  hold harmless[ $\tau$  or defend] 14 governmental agency against liability for damage, other than 15 16 liability for damage to the extent that the damage is caused by or 17 results from an act of negligence, intentional tort, intellectual property infringement, or failure to pay a subcontractor or 18 supplier committed by the indemnitor or the indemnitor's agent, 19 consultant under contract, or another entity over which the 20 21 indemnitor exercises control. Except as provided by Subsection (c), a covenant or 22 (b) promise in, in connection with, or collateral to a contract for 23 24 engineering or architectural services to which a governmental

AN ACT

- 1 agency is a party is void and unenforceable if the covenant or
- 2 promise provides that a licensed engineer or registered architect
- 3 whose work product is the subject of the contract must defend a
- 4 party, including a third party, against a claim based wholly or
- 5 partly on the negligence of, fault of, or breach of contract by the
- 6 governmental agency, the agency's agent, the agency's employee, or
- 7 other entity, excluding the engineer or architect or that person's
- 8 agent, employee, or subconsultant, over which the governmental
- 9 agency exercises control. A covenant or promise may provide for the
- 10 reimbursement of a governmental agency's reasonable attorney's fees
- in proportion to the engineer's or architect's liability.
- (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), a governmental agency
- 13 may require in a contract for engineering or architectural services
- 14 to which the governmental agency is a party that the engineer or
- 15 architect name the governmental agency as an additional insured
- 16 under the engineer's or architect's general liability insurance
- 17 policy and provide any defense provided by the policy.
- 18 (d) A contract for engineering or architectural services to
- 19 which a governmental agency is a party must require a licensed
- 20 engineer or registered architect to perform services:
- 21 (1) with the professional skill and care ordinarily
- 22 provided by competent engineers or architects practicing in the
- 23 same or similar locality and under the same or similar
- 24 circumstances and professional license; and
- 25 (2) as expeditiously as is prudent considering the
- 26 ordinary professional skill and care of a competent engineer or
- 27 architect.

H.B. No. 2049

- 1 (e) In a contract for engineering or architectural services
- 2 to which a governmental agency is a party, a provision establishing
- 3 a different standard of care than a standard described by
- 4 Subsection (d) is void and unenforceable. If a contract contains a
- 5 void and unenforceable provision, the standard of care described by
- 6 Subsection (d) applies.
- 7 (f) In this section, "governmental agency" has the meaning
- 8 assigned by Section 271.003.
- 9 SECTION 2. Section 271.904, Local Government Code, as
- 10 amended by this Act, applies only to a contract for which a request
- 11 for proposals or a request for qualifications is first published or
- 12 distributed on or after the effective date of this Act. A contract
- 13 for which a request for proposals or a request for qualifications is
- 14 first published or distributed before the effective date of this
- 15 Act is governed by the law in effect on the date the request was
- 16 published or distributed, and the former law is continued in effect
- 17 for that purpose.
- 18 SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2015.

President of the Senate

H.B. No. 2049

Traus

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 2049 was passed by the House on May 4, 2015, by the following vote: Yeas 131, Nays 7, 1 present, not voting; and that the House concurred in Senate amendments to H.B. No. 2049 on May 26, 2015, by the following vote: Yeas 143, Nays 1, 3 present, not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 2049 was passed by the Senate, with amendments, on May 22, 2015, by the following vote: Yeas 26, Nays 5.

Secretary of the Senate

3 - 2015

- Albert

APPROVED:

Dato

Governo

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

4:09 pm 0'CLOCK

Secretary of State

## FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

### May 23, 2015

**TO:** Honorable Joe Straus, Speaker of the House, House of Representatives

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2049 by Darby (Relating to indemnification and duties of engineers and architects

under certain governmental contracts.), As Passed 2nd House

#### No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Local Government Code to specify a covenant in connection with a contract for certain services, which a governmental agency is a party, is void if the covenant provides that a licensed individual must defend a party over certain claims. The bill would permit certain governmental contracts for architectural or engineering services to include reimbursement of a governmental agency's attorney's fees and include the governmental entity as an additional insured under the engineer's or architect's liability insurance policy. The bill would require a contract for certain services with a governmental entity to require a license engineer or registered architect to perform certain services.

The Office of Court Administration reported no significant fiscal impact to the state court system is anticipated.

## **Local Government Impact**

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council

### FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

#### May 15, 2015

TO: Honorable Kevin Eltife, Chair, Senate Committee on Business & Commerce

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2049 by Darby (Relating to indemnification and duties of engineers and architects under certain governmental contracts.), Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

### No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Local Government Code to specify a covenant in connection with a contract for certain services, which a governmental agency is a party, is void if the covenant provides that a licensed individual must defend a party over certain claims. The bill would permit certain governmental contracts for architectural or engineering services to include reimbursement of a governmental agency's attorney's fees and include the governmental entity as an additional insured under the engineer's or architect's liability insurance policy. The bill would require a contract for certain services with a governmental entity to require a license engineer or registered architect to perform certain services.

The Office of Court Administration reported no significant fiscal impact to the state court system is anticipated.

## **Local Government Impact**

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council

## FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

#### May 5, 2015

TO: Honorable Kevin Eltife, Chair, Senate Committee on Business & Commerce

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2049 by Darby (Relating to indemnification and duties of engineers and architects under certain governmental contracts.), As Engrossed

#### No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Local Government Code to specify certain governmental contracts with architects or engineers that contain indemnification clauses may not include a duty to defend but may include the governmental agency to seek reimbursement for attorney fees after a final adjudication. The bill would require a contract for certain services with a governmental entity to require a license engineer or registered architect to perform certain services.

The Office of Court Administration reported no significant fiscal impact to the state court system is anticipated.

## **Local Government Impact**

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council

## FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION Revision 1

## **April 10, 2015**

**TO:** Honorable Wayne Smith, Chair, House Committee on Licensing & Administrative Procedures

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2049 by Darby (Relating to indemnification and duties of engineers and architects under certain governmental contracts.), As Introduced

### No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Local Government Code to specify certain governmental contracts with architects or engineers that contain indemnification clauses may not include a duty to defend but may include the governmental agency to seek reimbursement for attorney fees after a final adjudication. The bill would require a contract for certain services with a governmental entity to require a license engineer or registered architect to perform certain services.

The Office of Court Administration reported no significant fiscal impact to the state court system is anticipated.

#### **Local Government Impact**

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council

#### FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

#### March 29, 2015

**TO:** Honorable Wayne Smith, Chair, House Committee on Licensing & Administrative Procedures

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2049 by Darby (Relating to indemnification and duties of engineers and architects under certain governmental contracts.), As Introduced

#### No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Local Government Code to specify certain governmental contracts with architects or engineers that contain indemnification clause may not provide include a duty to defend but may include the governmental agency to seek reimbursement for attorney fees after a final adjudication. The bill would require a contract for certain services with a governmental entity to require a license engineer or registered architect to perform certain services.

The Office of Court Administration reported no significant fiscal impact to the state court system is anticipated.

#### **Local Government Impact**

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council