Texas Department of Transportation

(With Independent Auditor's Report)



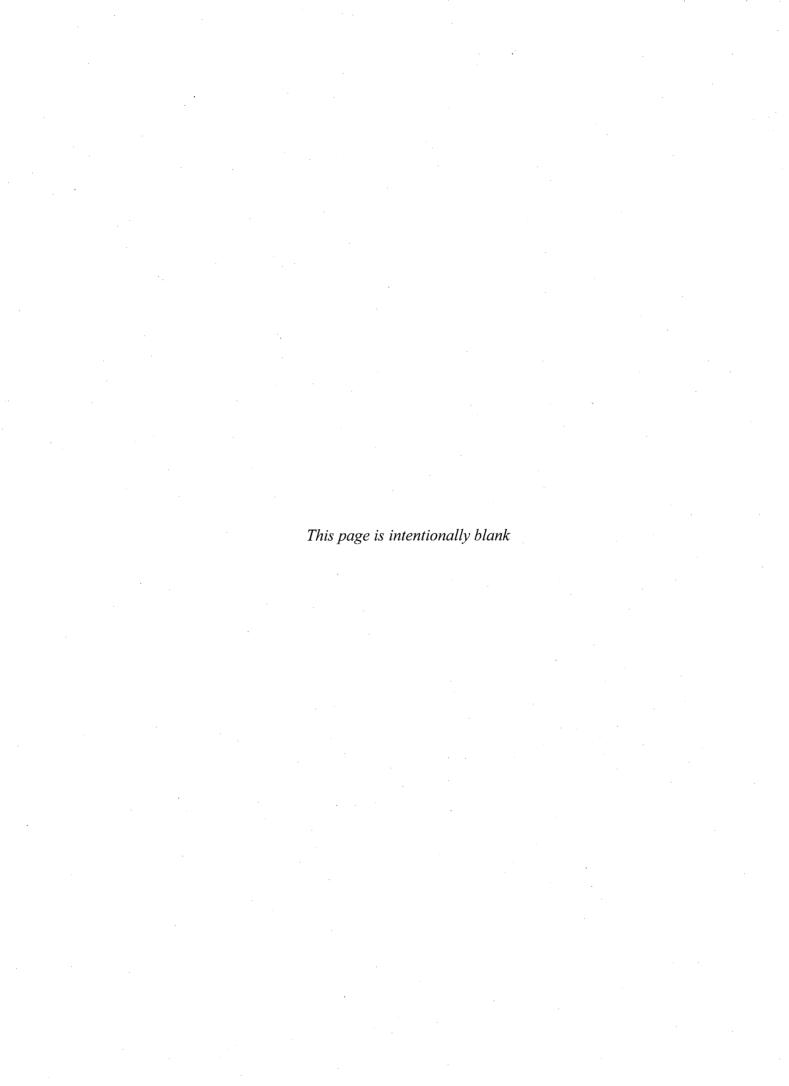






Texas Department of Transportation Annual Financial Report (With Independent Auditor's Report)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015



Texas Department of Transportation Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	INTRODUCTORY SECTION (Unaudited)
	Letter of Transmittal
	Organization Chart
	Commission and Key Personnel
:	FINANCIAL SECTION
	Independent Auditors Report
	Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
	Management Discussion and Analysis
	Basic Financial Statements
	Entity-wide Financial Statements
	Statement of Net Position
	Statement of Activities
	Fund Financial Statements
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements
	Balance Sheet
	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
	and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
	Proprietary Funds Financial Statements
	Statement of Net Position
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
	Statement of Cash Flows
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements
	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (Agency Funds)
	Notes to Financial Statements

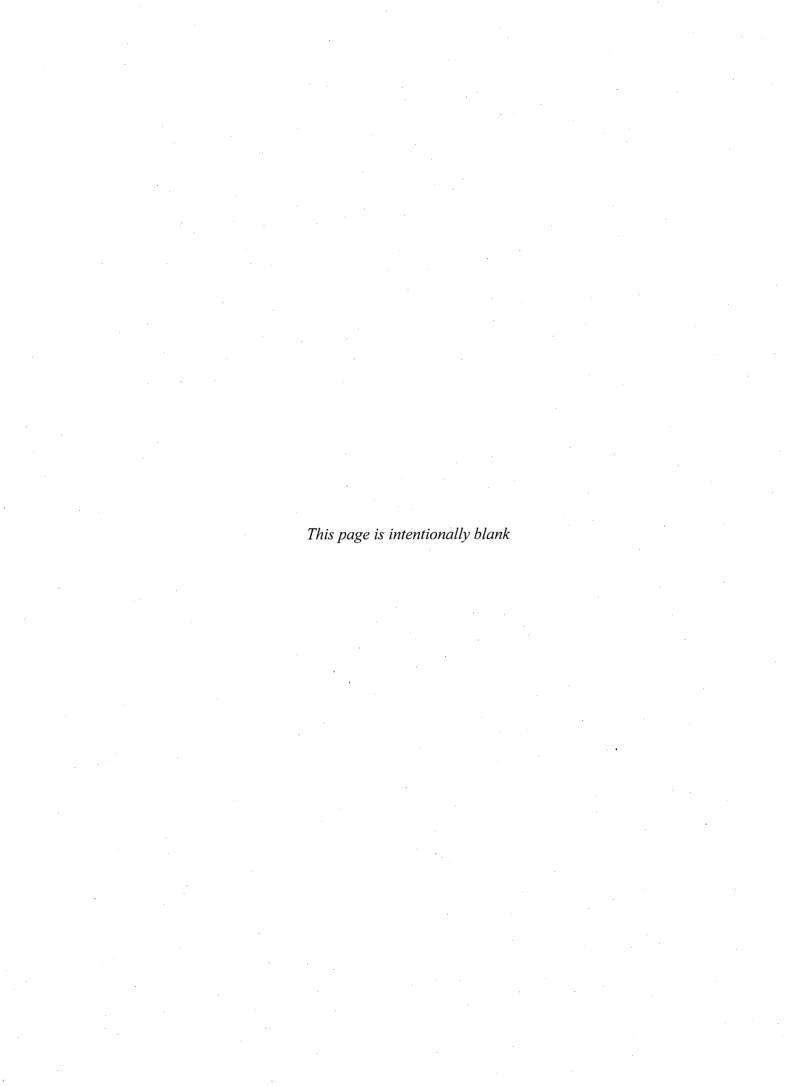
2: FINANCIAL SECTION (continued)

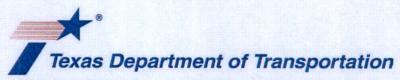
Other Supplementary Information - Combining Financial Statements

Governmenta	1 Funde
Crovernmenia	n runas

Major Governmental Funds	
State Highway Fund Accounts Combining Financial Statements	
Combining Balance Sheet	10
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	10
Texas Mobility Fund Accounts Combining Financial Statements	
Combining Balance Sheet	10
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	10
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	11
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	11
General Fund Accounts	
Combining Balance Sheet	11
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	12
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	12
Fiduciary Funds	
Agency Funds	
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	12
3: OTHER INFORMATION	
Schedule 1A - Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Unaudited)	12
Schedule 2-Bond Schedules	
Schedule 2A - Miscellaneous Bond Information	13
Schedule 2B - Changes in Bonded Indebtedness	13
Schedule 2C - Debt Service Requirements	14
Schedule 2D - Analysis of Funds Available for Debt Service	14
Schedule 2E - Defeased Outstanding Bonds	14
Schedule 2F - Early Extinguishment and Refunding	14
Schedule 3 - Matrix of Expenditures Reported by Function-Governmental Funds (Unaudited)	15

Introductory Section (Unaudited)





125 EAST 11TH STREET | AUSTIN, TEXAS 78701-2483 | (512) 463-8588 | WWW.TXDOT.GOV

December 16, 2015

To: The Citizens of Texas

The Honorable Greg Abbott, Governor

The Honorable Glenn Hegar, Texas Comptroller
Ms. Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

Mr. John Keel, CPA, State Auditor

I am pleased to submit the audited annual financial report of the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) for the year ended August 31, 2015 in compliance with Texas Government Code Annotated, Section 2101.11, the requirements established by the Texas Comptroller of Public Account and the Texas Transportation Code, Chapter 201, Section 2041.

An outside audit firm, Crowe Horwath LLP, performed an independent audit, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, of TxDOT's basic financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2015. The audit opinion is presented in this report preceding the financial statements. This report was prepared by the accounting staff in the Finance Division of TxDOT. TxDOT's internal accounting controls provide reasonable assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposal and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the resulting benefit.

Management is responsible for the accuracy of the data in this report as well as for the completeness and fairness of presentation. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and fairness of all the information presented in the financial statements. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the financial statements are accurate in all material respects, are reported in a manner that fairly presents the financial position and results of TxDOT's operations and provides disclosures that enable the reader to understand TxDOT's financial condition.

Profile of the Government

TxDOT is an agency of the state of Texas. The functions of TxDOT have evolved over time due to statutory changes, with the most recent being the creation of the Texas Department of Motor Vehicles in 2009. Headquartered in Austin, TxDOT is organized by administration, districts, divisions, and offices.

TxDOT also maintains a comprehensive public interest website that outlines the agency's policies, plans, projects status, and major initiatives at www.txdot.gov.

TxDOT is managed by an executive director and is governed by the five-member Texas Transportation Commission. All members of the Commission are appointed by the governor. The Commission is authorized to issue general obligation and revenue bonds per statutory and constitutional provisions. Detail regarding the outstanding long-term liabilities of TxDOT is disclosed in Notes 5 and 6.

The financial reporting entity includes three blended component units: the Texas Private Activity Bond Surface Transportation Corporation, the Grand Parkway Association and the Grand Parkway

OUR GOALS

MAINTAIN A SAFE SYSTEM - ADDRESS CONGESTION - CONNECT TEXAS COMMUNITIES - BEST IN CLASS STATE AGENCY

Transportation Corporation. Because of the closeness of their relationships with TxDOT these legally separate entities are blended as though they are part of the primary government of TxDOT.

TxDOT has the statutory responsibility to coordinate planning, development, and operation of the state's highway system and other transit services. The mission of TxDOT is to work with others to provide safe and reliable transportation solutions for Texas. TxDOT's goals are to maintain a safe system, address congestion, connect Texas communities and become a best-in-class state agency. TxDOT values trust, integrity, responsibility and service. This report reflects the operation of TxDOT and its blended component units.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the financial activities of TxDOT. We encourage readers to consider the information in this letter of transmittal in conjunction with the MD&A.

Budgetary Controls

Budgetary control is exercised through appropriated budgets. These budgets are entered in the statewide accounting system after the General Appropriations Act becomes law. The General Appropriations Act becomes law after passage by the Legislature, certification by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts that the amounts appropriated are within the estimated collections and upon the signing of the bill by the governor. Controls are maintained at the agency level, with additional control at the fund and appropriation level to ensure expenditures do not exceed authorized limits. State budgets are established on a biennial cycle.

State Economy

The services provided by TxDOT directly impact the state's economy. Investments in highway maintenance and construction serve as an immediate boost to the economy through the employment of workers and the production of construction materials. Over the long-term, the Texas economy benefits in many more ways from TxDOT's transportation network enhancements, including the positive impacts on business costs and productivity, labor market access, attractiveness to new business, residents and tourists and property values.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Texas' population is expected to grow to 40 million people by 2035. Population growth brings more congestion to urban areas, increases the stress on roads and bridges and places greater demand on rural highways to support freight movement and travel connections between farms, ranches, homes, jobs and markets.

In addition, the boom in the Texas oil industry has caused significant deterioration of roads and bridges in oil producing areas. This deterioration is evidenced by the fact that the volume of truck traffic required to bring one well into production equals the impact of 8 million cars. To maintain a well, the equivalent is 2 million cars. Heavy vehicles are moving heavy materials and equipment daily—many times a day—on our rural, two-lane roads causing massive pavement deterioration. According to the Center for Transportation Research at University of Texas, Austin, gas production activities reduce pavement service life by up to 30 percent from an average of 20 years. Oil well operations can reduce pavement service life by up to 16 percent. While the industry has slowed in

OUR GOALS

MAINTAIN A SAFE SYSTEM • ADDRESS CONGESTION • CONNECT TEXAS COMMUNITIES • BEST IN CLASS STATE AGENCY

recent months, many expect energy exploration and well production to pick back up and continue for the foreseeable future. That will put more strain on our road system.

3

All of these forces combine to place a dramatic strain on our transportation system and income from traditional transportation funding sources (taxes and fees) is no longer sufficient to keep pace with current and projected demand for highway construction and maintenance.

Motor fuel taxes, TxDOT's primary state funding source, show a small increase into fiscal year 2015 over 2014. The state motor fuel user fee on gasoline and diesel is 20 cents per gallon and 15 cents per gallon for liquefied gas. The motor fuels tax rates were last raised in 1991. The federal fuel tax rate on gasoline has also remained static since 1993 and is at 18.4 cents per gallon. The federal tax on diesel is currently set at 24.4 cents per gallon.

Approximately 54 percent of TxDOT's revenue comes from federal funds. TxDOT receives federal funds through the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) which funded surface transportation projects for federal fiscal years 2013 through 2015. Congress has subsequently passed several extensions of this legislation.

On Feb. 17, 2009 the U.S. Congress passed the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) to stimulate the U.S. economy and create jobs. TxDOT received an allocation of \$2.25 billion in ARRA highway funds and \$50 million in ARRA transit funds. Additional funding for Texas was provided directly to the state's metropolitan planning organizations and Texas urban transit providers.

Constitutionally authorized bond issuances provide additional funding for transportation projects across the state. See the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Notes 5 and 6 of the report for more detail on TxDOT's bond programs and related debt service requirements.

Proposition 1

Besides traditional funding sources and bond issuances, Texas also relies on additional sources of transportation funding. On Nov. 4, 2014, Texas voters overwhelmingly approved the ballot measure known as Proposition 1 (Prop 1) that authorized half of oil and gas tax revenues that typically go into the Economic Stabilization Fund to be deposited to the State Highway Fund. The amendment did not create any new taxes or fees.

The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts certified that approximately \$1.7 billion was available for transfer to the State Highway Fund for fiscal 2015. Authorization to access these funds was granted by the Legislative Budget Board (LBB) and the Office of the Governor. On Dec. 15, 2014, the Comptroller transferred the amount to the State Highway Fund.

Locally elected officials, planning organizations and TxDOT officials collaborated to identify projects that effectively address the needs outlined for the use of the funds. This collaboration resulted in a list of projects that was included in the Unified Transportation Program (UTP). This plan was approved by the Texas Transportation Commission (TTC) in February 2015.

TxDOT began awarding contracts for Prop 1 funded projects in March 2015, and expects to let all of the initial Prop 1 projects by the end of calendar 2015.

OUR GOALS

MAINTAIN A SAFE SYSTEM • ADDRESS CONGESTION • CONNECT TEXAS COMMUNITIES • BEST IN CLASS STATE AGENCY

Proposition 7

During the 84th Legislative session, lawmakers passed Senate Joint Resolution 5 that proposed a constitutional amendment that would dedicate a portion of the revenue from the state sales and use tax and motor vehicle sales and rental tax to the State Highway Fund (SHF). The constitutional amendment was approved by voters in November 2015.

Under the amendment:

- Beginning in fiscal 2018, if the state sales tax revenue exceeds \$28 billion, the next \$2.5 billion will be directed to the State Highway Fund.
- Beginning in fiscal year 2020, if the motor vehicle sales tax revenue exceeds \$5 billion, 35 percent of the amount above \$5 billion will be directed to the State Highway Fund.

The general sales tax provision expires at the end of fiscal year 2032, and the motor vehicle sales/rental taxes tax provision expires at the end of fiscal year 2029, unless future legislatures vote to extend them. SJR 5 also built in provisions for the Legislature to reduce deposits into the SHF under certain provisions.

Major Initiatives

TxDOT operates on a two year letting schedule with longer range planning provided by the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (4 years), the Unified Transportation Program (10 years) as well as the Metropolitan Transportation and Rural Transportation Plans (20 years) and the Statewide Long-Range Transportation Plan (24 years).

Innovative Financing Efforts

TxDOT serves as a national leader in efforts to utilize innovative financing to deliver much needed transportation improvements faster than would be possible using only traditional financing options. TxDOT utilizes public/private partnerships, federal loan programs, concession agreements and other techniques to maximize our ability to provide important new routes, enhancements to existing routes or other services to the traveling public. TxDOT also works closely with and provides financial assistance via grants and loans to Regional Mobility Authorities and major tolling authorities. TxDOT works together with these and other local government partners to prioritize projects and deliver transportation solutions to the public.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of the report requires the efforts of individuals throughout TxDOT, including the dedicated efforts of the management and staff of the TxDOT Financial Reports Section and Finance Division. I sincerely appreciate the efforts of all these individuals who continue to help make TxDOT a leader in quality financial reporting.

Sincerely

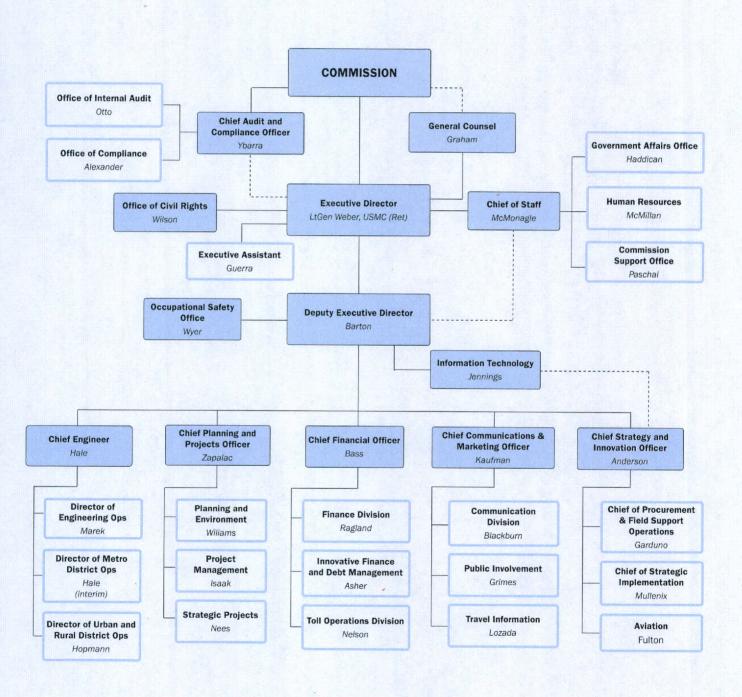
LtGen J.F. Weber, USMC (Ret)

Executive Director

OUR GOALS

MAINTAIN A SAFE SYSTEM . ADDRESS CONGESTION . CONNECT TEXAS COMMUNITIES . BEST IN CLASS STATE AGENCY

Texas Department of Transportation Organization Chart as of August 31, 2015



Commission and Key Personnel As of August 31, 2015

TEXAS TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

TRYON D. LEWIS	Chair
Odessa	・
JEFF AUSTIN III	Commissioner
Tyler	
J. BRUCE BUGG, JR.	
San Antonio	
JEFF MOSELEY	
Houston	
VICTOR VANDERGRIFF	Commissioner
Arlington	

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

LT GEN JOE WEBER, USMC (RET)	Executive Director
MARC WILLIAMS	
RICHARD McMONAGLE	Chief of Staff
BILL HALE	Chief Engineer
BOB KAUFMAN	Chief Communications and Marketing Officer
JAMES M. BASS	
RUSSELL ZAPALAC	Chief Planning and Project Officer
DARRAN ANDERSON	Chief Strategy and Innovation Officer

FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Texas Transportation Commission State of Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT), an agency of the State of Texas (State), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise TxDOT's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of TxDOT, as of August 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of TxDOT are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows of only that portion of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State that is attributable to the transactions of TxDOT. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State as of August 31, 2015, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in June 2012 the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." Also, in November 2013 the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". As discussed in note 14, Statements 68 and 71 were effective for TxDOT's fiscal year ended August 31, 2015. These Statements replace the requirements of Statement No. 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers" and Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures." Statements 68 and 71 establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expenses as well as identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosures and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Schedule* on pages 12-19 and 96-100 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the TxDOT's basic financial statements. The Combining Financial Statements, the Bond Schedules and the other information, such as the Introductory section, Schedule 1A and Schedule 3 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining Financial Statements and the supplementary Bond Schedules, are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Financial Statements, and supplementary Bond Schedules, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory section, Schedule 1A and Schedule 3 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2015 on our consideration of the TxDOT's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the TxDOT's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crave Hawath CLP

Crowe Horwath LLP

Dallas, Texas December 16, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) annual financial statements presents our discussion and analysis of TxDOT's financial performance during the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2015. Use this section in conjunction with the TxDOT's basic financial statements.

Overview of Financial Statements

The financial section of this annual financial report consists of four parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), (2) the basic financial statements and related notes, (3) required supplementary information other than the MD&A, and (4) other supplementary information presenting combining statements. The report also includes TxDOT's schedule of expenditures of federal awards, bond schedules and matrix of expenditures reported by function for governmental funds.

TxDOT's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applied to governmental units. The basic financial statements include entity-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to financial statements that provide more detailed information to supplement the basic financial statements

Reporting on TxDOT as a Whole

The entity-wide financial statements are designed to present an overall picture of the financial position of TxDOT. These statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities, which are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This means that all the current year's revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid, producing a view of financial position similar to that presented by most private sector companies.

The statement of net position combines and consolidates TxDOT's current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. This statement includes all of TxDOT's assets and liabilities. Net position is the difference between TxDOT's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and represents one measure of TxDOT's financial health.

The statement of activities presents information showing how TxDOT's net position changed during fiscal 2015. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The statement of net position and the statement of activities divide TxDOT's activities into two types.

- Governmental Activities: TxDOT's basic services are reported here including the activity of all the governmental funds.
- Business-Type Activities: The financial activity associated with the Central Texas Turnpike System (CTTS) and Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation (GPTC) is reported here.

Reporting on TxDOT's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements present financial information with a focus on the most significant funds. Use these statements to find more detailed information about TxDOT's most significant activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. TxDOT uses funds to keep track of sources of funding and spending related to specific activities.

Governmental Funds

A majority of TxDOT's activities is reported in governmental funds. Reporting of these funds focuses on how money flows into and out of the funds, and amounts remaining at year-end for future spending. Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and other assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of TxDOT's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. This information should be helpful to determine whether there are more or less resources available for TxDOT's programs. The reconciliation following the fund financial statements explains the differences between the government's activities, reported in the entity-wide statement of net position and entity-wide statement of activities, and the governmental funds. The State Highway Fund, the Texas Mobility Fund, the Proposition 12 Highway Improvement Project Fund and the Local Government Political Subdivision Road/Airport Fund and are reported as major funds.

Proprietary Funds

When TxDOT charges customers for services it provides, these activities are generally reported in proprietary funds. Services provided to outside (non-governmental) customers are reported in enterprise funds, a component of proprietary funds, and are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These are the same business-type activities reported in the entity-wide financial statements but are reported here to provide information at the fund level. The CTTS and GPTC funds are TxDOT's only proprietary funds.

Reporting on TxDOT's Fiduciary Responsibilities

All fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and schedule of changes in agency fund assets and liabilities. The activities are reported separately from other financial activities because TxDOT cannot use these assets to finance operations and is holding these funds in a purely custodial capacity.

Financial Analysis of TxDOT as a Whole

Net Position

Net Position - The assets and deferred outflows of TxDOT exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of Aug. 31, 2015, by \$71.0 billion, which is presented as net position. Approximately \$70.7 billion of the total net position is reported as Net Investment in Capital Assets. TxDOT uses these capital assets to provide services to the citizens and businesses in the state; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although reported net of related debt and deferred inflow of resources, capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, net of depreciation and amortization, were approximately \$90.2 billion as of Aug. 31, 2015. Net capital assets increased by \$5.3 billion, or 6.3 percent, for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2015. Construction in progress on state infrastructure accounted for the majority of these additions. See the capital assets section of this management's discussion and analysis for more information on the accounting treatment of capital assets.

Long-term Liabilities – TxDOT's total long-term obligations increased by \$3.7 billion during the current fiscal year to \$22.5 billion. The majority of this change is attributable to the issuance of general obligation bonds and revenue bonds during the fiscal year and the recognition of the net pension liability. For more information on long-term liabilities see Notes 5 and 6 of this report.

Statement of Net Position							
August 31, 2015 and 2014 (Amounts in Th	ousands)						
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Assets Other Than Capital Assets	\$ 9,410,891	\$ 5,750,098	\$ 3,629,141	\$ 3,510,276	\$13,040,032	\$ 9,260,374	
Capital Assets	87,494,574	82,093,568	2,749,057	2,802,166	90,243,631	84,895,734	
Total Assets	96,905,465	87,843,666	6,378,198	6,312,442	103,283,663	94,156,108	
Total Deferred Outflow							
of Resources	283,132	76,655	33,940	7,071	317,072	83,726	
•							
Current Liabilities	3,171,575	2,733,079	136,582	134,860	3,308,157	2,867,939	
Non-current Liabilities	16,641,373	13,118,128	5,865,286	5,725,866	22,506,659	18,843,994	
Total Liabilities	19,812,948	15,851,207	6,001,868	5,860,726	25,814,816	21,711,933	
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	6,803,791	5,141,082	1,993	2,989	6,805,784	5,144,071	
NET POSITION		÷					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	70,082,653	67,775,133	620,788	636,694	70,703,441	68,411,827	
Restricted	394,074	292,319	114,792	64,649	508,866	356,968	
Unrestricted	95,131	(1,139,420)	(327,303)	(245,545)	(232,172)	(1,384,965)	
Total Net Position	\$70,571,858	\$66,928,032	\$ 408,27.7	\$ 455,798	\$70,980,135	\$67,383,830	

Changes in Net Position

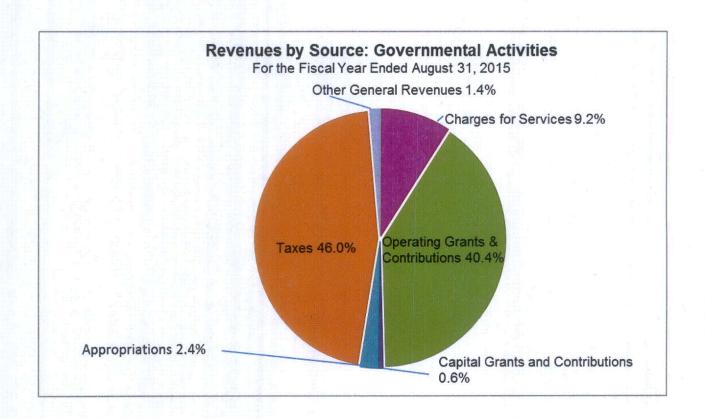
TxDOT earned program revenues of \$4.3 billion and general revenues of \$4.1 billion, for total revenues of \$8.4 billion. The expenses of TxDOT were \$6.0 billion. As a result of revenues exceeding expenses, the total net position is \$71.0 billion. Revenues and expenses of TxDOT's governmental and business-type activities are detailed on the following page.

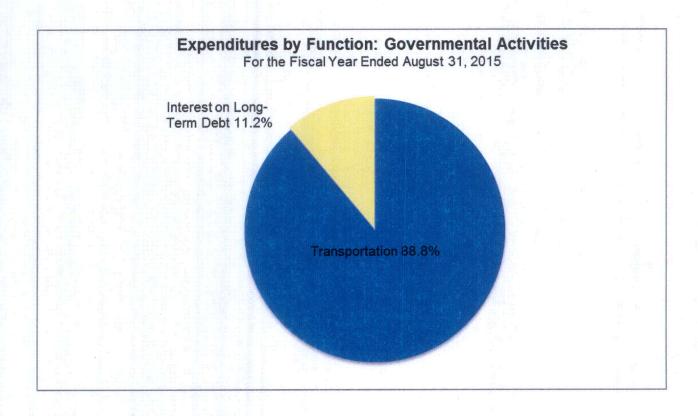
Over time, increases and decreases in the net position measures whether TxDOT's financial position is improving or deteriorating. Overall, the net position of governmental activities increased by \$3.6 billion, or 5.4 percent, from fiscal 2014, primarily due to TxDOT's continued efforts to maintain, improve and expand the state's infrastructure network.

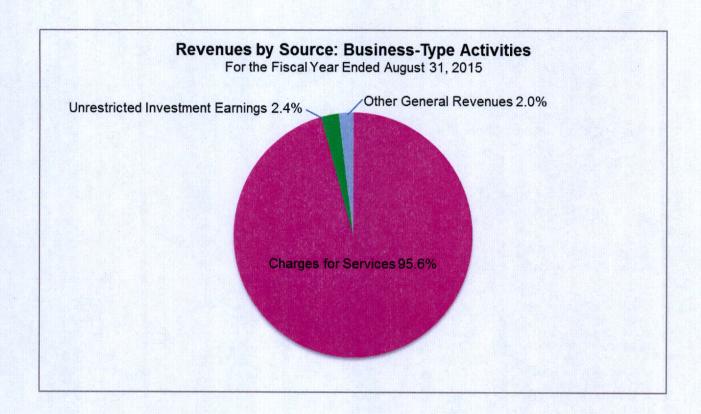
Changes in Net Position

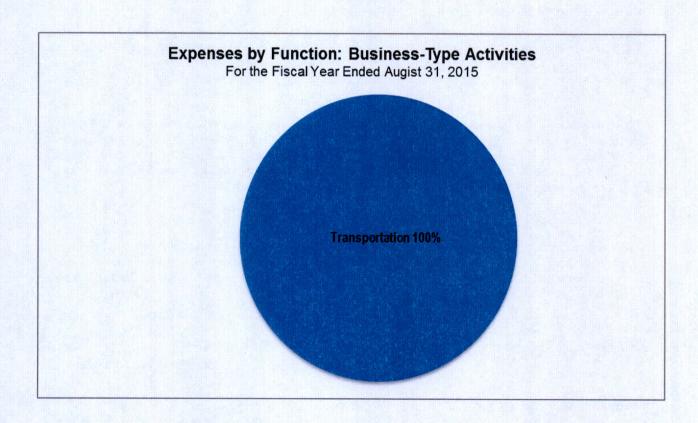
For the Fiscal Years Ended August 31, 2015 and 2014 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			ctivities	Total Primary Government		
	2015	2014		2015	per	2014	2015	2014	
REVENUES									
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$ 746,398	\$ 779,044	\$	193,794	\$	155,019	\$ 940,192	\$ 934,063	
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,296,570	3,417,560		1,602		7,056	3,298,172	3,424,616	
Capital Grants and Contributions	52,400	89,510				18	52,400	89,528	
Total Program Revenues	4,095,368	4,286,114		195,396		162,093	4,290,764	4,448,207	
General Revenues:									
Appropriations	194,820	598,495					194,820	598,495	
Taxes	3,747,226	2,487,740					3,747,226	2,487,740	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	33,897	36,712		4,863		13	38,760	36,725	
Settlement of Claims	21,995	16,920				189	21,995	17,109	
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	48,096						48,096	0	
Capital Contributions				2,410			2,410	0	
Other General Revenues	9,015	22,876					9,015	22.876	
Total General Revenues	4,055,049	3,162,743		7,273		202	4,062,322	3,162,945	
EXPENSES									
Transportation	5,070,219	5,104,831		251,897		248.827	5.322.116	5,353,658	
Indirect Interest on Long-Term Debt	640,013	582,958					640,013	582,958	
Total Expenses	5,710,232	5,687,789	:	251,897		248,827	5,962,129	5,936,616	
Excess (Deficiency) Before Special									
Items and Transfers	2,440,185	1,761,068		(49,228)		(86,532)	2,390,957	1,674,536	
Capital Contributions		(153,479)					0	(153,479)	
Transfers - Internal Activities	(1,707)	(32,898)		1,707		32,898	0	0	
Transfers In from/(Out) to Other State									
Agencies	2,528,742	841,993					2,528,742	841,993	
Change in Net Position	4,967,220	2,416,684		(47,521)		(53,634)	4,919,699	2,363,050	
Net Position, September 1, 2014	66,928,032	64,543,454	4	455,798		549,316	67,383,830	65,092,770	
Restatements	(1,323,394)	(32,106)				(39,884)	(1,323,394)	(71,990)	
Net Position, September 1, 2014, as									
Restated	65,604,638	64,511,348		455,798		509,432	66,060,436	65,020,780	
Net Position, August 31, 2015	\$70,571,858	\$66,928,032	\$ 4	408,277	\$	455,798	\$70,980,135	\$67,383,830	









Financial Analysis of TxDOT's Funds

TxDOTs governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance, as of Aug. 31, 2015, of \$5.8 billion. Expenditures exceeded revenues by \$3.0 billion. Not all expenditure activity is supported by revenues. Some project expenditures are funded by bond proceeds.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of Aug. 31, 2015, TxDOT had \$90.2 billion in net capital assets, including roads, bridges, buildings, land, equipment and intangible capital assets.

August 31, 2015 and 2014 (Amor	unts in Thous	and	s)						
	Governme	ntal	Activities	Business-1	Гуре	Activities	Total Prima	ry G	Sovernment
	2015		2014	2015		2014	 2015		2014
Land and Land Improvements \$	11,165,244	\$	10,424,510	\$ 666,979	\$	668,634	\$ 11,832,223	\$	11,093,144
Infrastructure - Depreciable	63,604,759		62,412,751	2,033,043		2,078,362	65,637,802		64,491,113
Construction in Progress	12,001,267		8,542,266	24,605		30,379	12,025,872		8,572,645
Buildings and Building Improvements	253,735		258,204	4,964		5,325	258,699		263,529
Furniture and Equipment	62,158		64,532				62,158		64,532
Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft	271,801		273,099				271,801		273,099
Other Capital Assets	4,697		5,262				4,697		5,262
Land Use Rights - Permanent	92,330		79,527	19,466		19,466	111,796		98,993
Land Use Rights - Term	6,739		9,149				6,739		9,149
Computer Software	31,844		24,268				31,844		24,268
Total Capital Assets \$	87,494,574	\$	82,093,568	\$ 2,749,057	\$	2,802,166	\$ 90,243,631	\$	84,895,734

TxDOT uses the composite approach for reporting the state's infrastructure and bridges. The composite approach is a method for calculating depreciation of a grouping of dissimilar assets of the same class (all the roads and bridges of the state) using the same depreciation rate. The composite depreciation rate for 2015 is 2.5% based on a 40 year weighted average life expectancy of the assets in service.

To ensure future availability of essential services and to finance capital improvements, TxDOT made commitments for construction contracts, comprehensive development agreements and pass-through toll agreements totaling an estimated \$28.6 billion. These commitments extend beyond the end of the fiscal year and represent future costs to TxDOT. Note 2 provides detail about TxDOT's capital assets activity and Note 15 details TxDOT's significant commitments related to future capital expenditures.

Debt Administration

The Commission, on behalf of TxDOT, has issued both general obligation bonds and revenue bonds. Each series of revenue bonds is backed by pledged revenues and restricted assets specified in the bond resolutions. Note 5 discloses details on TxDOT's long-term liabilities and Note 6 provides detail information on TxDOT's bonded indebtedness.

Outstanding Bonded Debt							
As of August 31, 2015 (Amount in Th	ousan						
		Governm	enta	Activities	Business-T	ype	Activities
		2015		2014	 <u>2015</u>		2014
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$	10,187,461	\$	7,867,807	\$	\$	
Revenue Bonds Payable		4,396,288		4,537,928	5,133,302		3,874,970
Total Bond Payable	\$	14,583,749	\$	12,405,735	\$ 5,133,302	\$	3,874,970

Bond Credit Ratings

			Standard &
Governmental Activities	Fitch	Moody's	Poor's
General Obligation Bonds	AAA	Aaa	AAA
Revenue Bonds	n/a	Aaa	AAA
Business-Type Activities			
Revenue Bonds			
CTTS 2002-A, 2012-A, 2015-A,B	Α-	A3	À-
CTTS 2015-C	BBB	Baa1	BBB+
GPTC 2013-A	BBB+	n/a	BBB
GPTC 2013-B,E	AA-	n/a	AA+
GPTC 2014-B,C	n/a	n/a	AA+

Short-term ratings are usually reliant upon the supporting liquidity facility and its strength. The following variable rate demand bonds carried short-term credit ratings as of Aug. 31, 2015.

Fitch	Moody's	Standard & Poor's
F1+	VMIG 1	n/a
n/a	VMIG 2	A-2
	F1+	F1+ VMIG 1

An explanation of the significance of such ratings may be obtained from the company furnishing the rating. The ratings reflect only the respective views of such organizations and the Commission makes no representation as to the appropriateness of the ratings. There is no assurance that such ratings will continue for any given period of time or that they will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by any or all of such rating companies, if in the judgment of any or all companies, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such ratings may have an adverse effect on the market price of the bonds.

Contacting TxDOT's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the TxDOT's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the TxDOT Finance Division at the following address:

Texas Department of Transportation Finance Division - Accounting 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 This page is intentionally blank

Basic Financial Statements

Texas Department of Transportation Statement of Net Position

August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Pr		
	Governmental	imary Government Business-Type	
	Activities	<u>Activities</u>	Total
ASSETS			•
Current Assets:	1	*	•
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,531,466	\$ 20,480	\$ 6,551,946
Restricted:	Ψ 0,001,400	Ψ 20,400	Ψ 0,001,040
Cash and Cash Equivalents	•	320,942	320,942
Legislative Appropriations	16,203	020,042	16,203
Short-Term Investments	10,200	266,126	266,126
Restricted:		200, 120	200, 120
Short-Term Investments		207 924	207 924
•	1 250 907	307,824	307,824
Due from Other Agencies (Note 11)	1,359,897		1,359,897
Receivable:	255 050		055 050
Taxes	255,658		255,658
Federal	579,280	. 4.004	579,280
Interest and Dividends	5,883	1,021	6,904
Accounts Receivable	43,541	20,488	64,029
Other Intergovernmental	66,906	50	66,956
Prepaid Items	54.000	4	54.000
Loans and Contracts	54,686		54,686
Consumable Inventory	181,216	1,119	182,335
Total Current Assets	9,094,736	938,054	10,032,790
Noncurrent Assets:			
Loans and Contracts	313,627		313,627
Investments		85,203	85,203
Restricted:			•
Investments		546,314	546,314
Receivable:			
Taxes	2,528		2,528
Intangible Assets (Note 20)		2,059,570	2,059,570
Capital Assets:			
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets (Note 2)	23,258,841	711,050	23,969,891
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net (Note 2)	64,235,733	2,038,007	66,273,740
Total Noncurrent Assets	87,810,729	5,440,144	93,250,873
Total Assets	96,905,465	6,378,198	103,283,663
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Loss on Bond Refunding (Note 21)	154,832	33,940	188,772
Pensions (Note 8)	128,300	,	128,300
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	283,132	33,940	317,072

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Texas Department of Transportation Statement of Net Position

August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Pri	•	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Payables			
Accounts	1,117,036	63,166	1,180,202
Payroll	68,268	,	68,268
Interest	250,509	50,721	301,230
Contract Retainage	8,886	9,136	18,022
Internal Balances (Note 11)	13,132	(13,132)	(0)
Due to Other Agencies (Note 11)	47,361	(10,102)	47,361
Unearned Revenues	710,007	1,009	711,016
Short-Term Debt (Note 4)	350,000	1,000	350,000
Employees' Compensable Leave (Note 5)	66,291	*	66,291
Notes and Loans Payable (Note 5)	176,740	12,100	188,840
General Obligation Bonds Payable (Note 5)	185,341	12, 100	·
Revenue Bonds Payable (Note 5)	172,727	12 500	185,341
Pollution Remediation Obligation (Note 5)		13,582	186,309
Total Current Liabilities	5,277	420 500	5,277
Total Culterit Liabilities	3,171,575	136,582	3,308,157
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net Pension Liability (Note 8)	1,395,472		1,395,472
Employees' Compensable Leave (Note 5)	13,595		13,595
Notes and Loans Payable (Note 5)	1,006,285	745,566	1,751,851
General Obligation Bonds Payable (Note 5)	10,002,120		10,002,120
Revenue Bonds Payable (Note 5)	4,223,561	5,119,720	9,343,281
Pollution Remediation Obligation (Note 5)	340		340
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	16,641,373	5,865,286	22,506,659
Total Liabilities	19,812,948	6,001,868	25,814,816
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions (Note 8)	130,058		130,058
Service Concession Arrangements (Note 20)	6,673,733		6,673,733
Gain on Bond Refunding (Note 21)		1,993	1,993
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	6,803,791	1,993	6,805,784
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	70,082,653	620,788	70,703,441
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	394,074	49,404	443,478
Other	,	65,388	65,388
Unrestricted	95,131	(327,303)	(232,172)
Total Net Position	\$	\$408,277	\$

Texas Department of Transportation Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

			PROGRAM REVENUES				
Functions		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary Government		•					
Governmental Activties:							
Transportation	\$	5,070,219 \$	746,398 \$	3,296,570 \$	52,400		
Interest on General Long-Term Debt	_	640,013					
Total Governmental Activities	_	5,710,232	746,398	3,296,570	52,400		
Business-Type Activities:							
Transportation	_	251,897	193,794	1,602			
Total Business-Type Activities	_	251,897	193,794	1,602	0		
Total Primary Government	\$	5,962,129 \$	940,192 \$	3,298,172 \$	52,400		

GENERAL REVENUES

Original Appropriation
Additional Appropriation
Lapsed Appropriation
Motor Fuel Tax
Lubricant Sales Tax
Oil and Natural Gas Production Tax
Unrestricted Investment Earnings
Settlement of Claims
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets
Capital Contributions
Other Revenues
Transfers – Internal Activities (Note 11)
Transfers – Other State Agencies
Total General Revenues and Transfers
Changes in Net Position

Net Position, September 1, 2014 Restatements (Note 14) Net Position, September 1, 2014, As Restated

Net Position, August 31, 2015

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statement.

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		Business-		
	Governmental	Type		
	Activities	Activties	٠.	Total
\$	(974,851) \$		\$	(974,851)
	(640,013)			(640,013)
	(1,614,864)	0		(1,614,864)
		(56,501)		(56,501)
	0	(56,501)		(56,501)
	(1,614,864)	(56,501)	•	(1,671,365)
			•	
	195,807			195,807
	229			229
	(1,216)	, ,9s		(1,216)
	2,568,058			2,568,058
	44,500		,	44,500
	1,134,668			1,134,668
	33,897	4,863		38,760
	21,995			21,995
	48,096			48,096
		2,410		2,410
	9,015			9,015
	(1,707)	1,707		0
	2,528,742			2,528,742
	6,582,084	8,980	-	6,591,064
	4,967,220	(47,521)	-	4,919,699
			-	
	66,928,032	455,798		67,383,830
	(1,323,394)		_	(1,323,394)
	65,604,638	455,798		66,060,436
·	70,571,858 \$	408,277 \$	- } _	70,980,135

Texas Department of Transportation Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	State Highway Fund	Texas Mobility Fund	Proposition 12 Highway Improvement Project Fund	Local Government Political Subdivision Road/Airport	Nonmajor Funds	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents:						
Cash on Hand	\$ 441	\$	\$	\$ 121	\$	\$ 562
Cash in Bank	382	•	Ψ	Ψ	104	486
Cash in State Treasury	3,992,823	1,212,942	510,077	490,571	324,005	6,530,418
Legislative Appropriations		.,,_,		,	16,203	16,203
Receivables:						,
Taxes	258,186					258,186
Federal	574,435				4,845	579,280
Other Intergovernmental	66,906				.,	66,906
Interest and Dividends	5,883					5,883
Accounts Receivable	43,541					43,541
Due from Other Funds (Note 11)	153,010			16,001	118	169,129
Due from Other Agencies (Note 11)	1,359,897			,		1,359,897
Consumable Inventories	181,216					181,216
Loans and Contracts (Note 1)	368,206				107	368,313
Total Assets	\$ 7,004,926	\$ 1,212,942	\$ 510,077	\$ 506,693		\$ 9,580,020
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Payables:						
Accounts Payable	992,936	9,892	96,155		18,053	1,117,036
Contracts Payable	8,886					8,886
Payroli Payable	68,182				86	68,268
Short-Term Debt	350,000					350,000
Due to Other Funds (Note 11)	47,170	10,662	98,128		26,301	182,261
Due to Other Agencies (Note 11)	47,361					47,361
Unearned Revenues	201,514	1,800		506,693		710,007
Total Liabilities	1,716,049	22,354	194,283	506,693	44,440	2,483,819
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Revenue (Note 21)	1,270,288	•	·			1,270,288
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	s 1,270,288	0	0	0	0	1,270,288
Total Liabilties and Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,986,337	22,354	194,283	506,693	44,440	3,754,107
Fund Balances (Deficits):						
Nonspendable (Note 13)	181,216				87	181,303
Restricted (Note 13)	2,387,945	1,190,588	315,794	•	126,691	4,021,018
Committed (Note 13)	1,410,911	., . 55,556	5.5,7.01	•	153,704	1,564,615
Assigned (Note 13)	38,517				796	39,313
Unassigned (Note 13)	30,0.1		*		19,664	19,664
Total Fund Balances	4,018,589	1,190,588	315,794	0	300,942	5,825,913
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances		\$ 1,212,942				\$ 9,580,020

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Texas Department of Transportation Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		•	\$	5,825,913
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position				
are different because:				
Capital assets less accumulated depreciation and amortization are included in the	,			
Statement of Net Position (Note 2).				
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciable or Non-Amortizable	\$	23,258,841		
Capital Assets - Depreciable or Amortizable, Net		64,235,733		
			•	87,494,574
Deferred outflows of resources were reported in the Statement of Net Position to				, ,
reflect the losses incurred in bond refunding transactions (Note 21).		154,832		
	-		•	154,832
Deferred outflows of resources were reported in the Statement of Net Position to				10 1,002
reflect current year contributions to Pensions and the unamortized balance				
of changes in assumptions used to calculate the Net Pension Liability.		128,300		
		120,500	-	128,300
Deferred inflows of resources were reported in the funds related to revenues that were				120,500
not available soon enough after year-end to pay current year's expenditures (Note 21).		1,270,288		
not available 300h enough after year-end to pay eathert year 3 expenditures (1000 21).		1,270,286	٠.	1,270,288
Long-term liabilities applicable to TxDOT's governmental activities are				1,270,266
not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in				
the funds. These liabilities, however, are included in the Statement				
of Net Position. *				
		(1.205.472)		
Net Pension Liability (Note 8)		(1,395,472)		
Employees' Compensable Leave (Note 5)		(79,886)		
Notes and Loans Payable (Note 5)**		(1,183,025)		
General Obligation Bonds Payable (Note 5)		(10,187,461)		
Revenue Bonds Payable (Note 5)		(4,396,288)		
Pollution Remediation Obligations (Note 5)		(5,617)		(17.247.740)
* Cumant marting \$606.276 and management marting \$16.641.272				(17,247,749)
* Current portion \$606,376 and noncurrent portion \$16,641,373				
**Pass-Through Tolls Payable \$1,180,458 and Contracts Payable \$2,567				
Deferred inflows of resources were reported in the Statement of Net Position to reflect the				
unamortized difference between the projected experience and investment return used to				
calculate the Net Pension Liability and the actual experience and investment return (Note 21).		(130,058)		
				(130,058)
Deferred inflows of resources were reported in the Statement of Net Position to				
reflect the unamortized upfront payments received and capital improvements				
acquired in connection with Service Concession Arrangements (Note 20).		(6,673,733)		
The state of the s				
Interest payable applicable to TxDOT's governmental activities are not due				(6,673,733)
and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in the funds.			:	
These liabilities, however, are included in the Statement of Net Postion.		(250,509)		
				(250,509)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		,	\$	70,571,858
		•		

Texas Department of Transportation Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	State Highway Fund	Texas Mobility Fund	Proposition 12 Highway Improvement Project Fund	Local Government Political Subdivision Road/Airport Account	Nonmajor Funds	Total
REVENUES						,
Legislative Appropriations:						
Original Appropriatons	\$. \$	\$	\$	\$	195,807 \$	195,807
Additional Appropriations					229	229
Taxes	2,582,837					2,582,837
Federal Revenues	3,170,110	21,638			38,771	3,230,519
Licenses, Fees and Permits	25,648	367,548				393,196
Interest & Investment Income	26,211	3,423	3,063		1,200	33,897
Land Income	15,590			,		15,590
Settlement of Claims	21,995					21,995
Sales of Goods and Services	28,548			141,301	1,633	171,482
Other Revenues	8,381				634	9,015
Total Revenues	5,879,320	392,609	3,063	141,301	238,274	6,654,567
EXPENDITURES			,			
Transportation	3,269,571	147,483	3		67,268	3,484,325
Capital Outlay	4,521,722	59,631	611,426		4,976	5,197,755
Principal on State Bonds	,,,	62,355	,		215,480	277,835
Principal on Pass-Through Tolls	111,696	,				111,696
Interest on State Bonds	•	258,358	4		308,366	566,724
Other Financing Fees	3,205	8,199	4,635		558	16,597
Total Expenditures	7,906,194	536,026	616,064	0	596,648	9,654,932
T. (D. C.)						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	. (2.02(.074)	(142.417)	(612.001)	141 201	(259.274)	(2,000,265)
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,026,874)	(143,417)	(613,001)	141,301	(358,374)	(3,000,365)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In (Note 11)	3,355,983	84,578			305,068	3,745,629
Transfers Out (Note 11)	(944,642)	(84,578)		(141,301)	(47,900)	(1,218,421)
Bonds & Note Issued		900,000	1,260,000			2,160,000
Bonds Issued for Refunding	781,080	930,160				1,711,240
Premium/Discount on Bonds Issued	133,433	259,555	204,756			597,744
Payment to Escrow on Refunding	(910,971)	(1,109,507)			(13,057)	(2,033,535)
. Sale of Capital Assets	70,255				2,981	73,236
Appropriations Lapsed		<u> </u>			(1,216)	(1,216)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,485,138	980,208	1,464,756	(141,301)	245,876	5,034,677
Net Change in Fund Balances	458,264	836,791	851,755	0 ,	(112,498)	2,034,312
Fund Balances, September 1, 2014	3,560,325	353,797	(535,961)	0	413,440	3,791,601
Fund Balances, August 31, 2015	\$\$	1,190,588 \$	315,794 \$	0 \$	300,942 \$	5,825,913

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Texas Department of Transportation Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

Net Change in Fund Balances		\$ 2,034,312
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the current period is:		
Capital Outlay Depreciation and Amortization Expense (Note 2)	\$ 5,197,755 (1,571,743)	
The effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets is a decrease to net position.		3,626,012
Donations of Capital Assets Gain on Sale of Capital Assets Sale of Capital Assets Interagency Transfers of Capital Assets	52,400 48,096 (73,236) (173)	
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported in the governmental funds, but are reported in the Statement of Activities.		27,087
Concession Revenues Federal Revenue Local Revenue Oil & Natural Gas Tax Revenue Motor Fuel Tax Revenue	150,994 66,050 15,135 1,134,668 29,721	
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term debt consumes current financial resources and is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		1,396,568
Repayment of Bond and Note Principal Payment to Escrow for Refunding Net Change in Pollution Remediation Obligation Bonds & Notes Issued Premiums on Bonds Issued Net Change in Employees' Compensable Leave	389,531 2,033,535 (1,937) (3,871,240) (597,744) (1,164)	
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(2,049,019)
Interest and Amortization Expense Financing Fees Payroll Related Costs	26,400 (20,304) (73,836)	
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	-	(67,740) \$ 4,967,220

Texas Department of Transportation Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds

August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Business-Typ	e Activities - Enter	prise Funds
	Central	Grand	
	Texas	Parkway	
	Turnpike	Transportation Corporation	Totals
ASSETS	System	Corporation	·
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,561	\$16,919	\$20,480
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents:	\$3,301	φ10,919	Ψ20,400
Cash and Cash Equivalents	116 620	204 222	320,942
Short-Term Investments	116,620	204,322	•
	231,125	35,001	266,126
Restricted:		207 024	207.024
Short-Term Investments		307,824	307,824
Receivables:	50		50
Other Intergovernmental	50	4.000	50
Accounts Receivable	15,560	4,928	. 20,488
Interest and Dividends	343	678	1,021
Due from Other Funds (Note 11)	44,436		44,436
Consumable Inventory	1,119		1,119
Prepaid Items		4	4
Total Current Assets	412,814	569,676	982,490
Noncurrent Assets:	•	ŧ	
Restricted:			
Investments	114,999	431,315	546,314
Investments	30,190	55,013	85,203
Intangible Assets (Note 20)		2,059,570	2,059,570
Capital Assets:			
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets (Note 2)	711,050		711,050
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net (Note 2)	2,038,007		2,038,007
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,894,246	2,545,898	5,440,144
Total Assets	3,307,060	3,115,574	6,422,634
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	33,940		33,940
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	33,940	0	33,940
Total Defetted Outlows of Resources	JJ, J4 U		00,040

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Texas Department of Transportation Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds

August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Business-Typ	e Activities - Enter	prise Funds
	Central	Grand	
	Texas	Parkway	
	Turnpike	Transportation	·
	System	Corporation	Totals
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Vouchers Payable		63,166	63,166
Contracts Payable		9,136	9,136
Due to Other Funds (Note 11)		31,304	31,304
Unearned Revenues	1,009		1,009
Notes and Loans Payable (Notes 5)		12,100	12,100
Revenue Bonds Payable (Notes 5, 6)	13,912	(330)	13,582
Interest Payable	4,461	46,260	50,721
Total Current Liabilities	19,382	161,636	181,018
Noncurrent Liabilities:		*.	
Notes and Loans Payable (Note 5)		745,566	745,566
Revenue Bonds Payable (Notes 5, 6)	2,929,951	2,189,769	5,119,720
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,929,951	2,935,335	5,865,286
Total Liabilities	2,949,333	3,096,971	6,046,304
Total Elabilities	2,040,000	3,030,971	0,040,304
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,993	1,993
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	1,993	1,993
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	620,788		620,788
Restricted for:	020,700		020,700
Debt Service	49,404		49,404
Other	43,739	21,649	65,388
Unrestricted	(322,264)	(5,039)	(327,303)
Total Net Position	\$ 391,667 \$		408,277
			,

This page is intentionally blank

Texas Department of Transportation Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Business-Ty	pe Activities - Enter	prise Funds*
-	Central	Grand Parkway	•
	Texas	Transportation	- 2.
OPERATING REVENUES	Turnpike	Corporation	Totals
	150 200	Ф 00.004	Φ 400.007
Toll Revenue \$ Fee Revenue	152,306	•	•
· —	10,952	2,432	13,384
Total Operating Revenues	163,258	30,523	193,781
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries	1,163	148	1,311
Professional Fees and Services	4,942	257	5,199
Travel	9	1	10
Materials and Supplies	6,074	141	6,215
Communication and Utilities	1,301	116	1,417
Repairs and Maintenance	6,747	715	7,462
Contracted Services	27,557	1,460	29,017
Advertising	2,148	84	2,232
Depreciation Expense	53,857		53,857
Other Operating Expenses	6,458	953	7,411
Total Operating Expenses	110,256	3,875	114,131
Operating Income	53,002	26,648	79,650
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Lease Revenue	13		13
Interest and Investment Income	6,406	852	7,258
Net Decrease in Fair Value of Investments	(87)	(705)	(792)
Interest Expense and Amortization	(125,005)		(125,005)
Bond Issuance Expenses	(10,614)	83	(10,531)
Other Financing Fees	(296)	(106)	(402)
Other Nonoperating Expenses	(1,829)		(1,829)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(131,412)	124	(131,288)
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions			
and Transfers	(78,410)	26,772	(51,638)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS			
Capital Contributions	2,410		2,410
Transfers In (Note 11)	1,707		1,707
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers	4,117		4,117
Change in Net Position	(74,293)	26,772	(47,521)
Net Position, September 1, 2014	465,960	(10,162)	455,798
Net Position, August 31, 2015 \$	391,667	\$16,610	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Texas Department of Transportation Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Central Texas Turnpike System	Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation	Totals		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Receipts from Customers \$	158,729 \$	28,699 \$	187,428		
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(54,923)	(19)	(54,942)		
Payments to Employees	- (1,162)		(1,162)		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	102,644	28,680	131,324		
Cash Flows from NonCapital Financing Activities					
Proceeds from Transfers from Other Funds	56,133		56,133		
Payments for Issuance Costs		(146)	(146)		
Payments for Other Financing Fees		(5)	(5)		
Payments for Debt Interest		(110,975)	(110,975)		
Payments for Intangible Assets		(499,043)	(499,043)		
Payments for Transfers to Other Funds	(72,365)		(72,365)		
Net Cash (Used) from NonCapital Financing Activities	(16,232)	(610,169)	(626,401)		
Cash Flow from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Proceeds from Lease Revenue	16		16		
Proceeds from Capital Contributions	200		200		
Proceeds from Debt Issuance, net of issuance costs	1,891,231		1,891,231		
Payments for Additions to Land and Roadways	(166)		(166)		
Payments for Other Financing Costs	(10,910)		(10,910)		
Payments for Debt Refunding	(1,807,920)		(1,807,920)		
Payments for Principal on Debt Principal	(8,415)		(8,415)		
Payments on Debt Interest	(91,992)	·	(91,992)		
Net Cash (Used) from Capital and Related Financing Activities	(27,956)	0 .	(27,956)		
Cash Flow from Investing Activities					
Proceeds from Sold or Matured Investments	130,589	993,251	1,123,840		
Proceeds from Interest and Investment Income, Net of Fees	6,254	2,832	9,086		
Payments for Accrued Interest on Purchase of Investment		(194)	(194)		
Payments to Acquire Investments	(130,507)	(646,049)	(776,556)		
Net Cash Provided from Investing Activities	6,336	349,840	356,176		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	64,792	(231,649)	(166,857)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents- September 1, 2014	55,389	452,890	508,279		
Cash and Cash Equivalents – August 31, 2015	120,181_\$	221,241 \$	341,422		

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Texas Department of Transportation Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds (continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

		Business-Ty	se Funds		
	_	Central	Grand		
		Texas	Parkway		
		Turnpike	Transportation		
	<u>-</u>	System	Corporation		Totals
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash					
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					*
Operating Income	\$	53,002 \$	26,648	\$	79,650
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation Expense		53,857			53,857
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					
(Increase)Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(4,529)	(1,824)		(6,353)
(Increase)Decrease in Prepaid Expenses		314	. (4)		310
Increase in Payables for Operating and		•			
Maintenance Expense			3,860		3,860
Total Adjustments		49,642	2,032		51,674
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$_	102,644	28,680	\$	131,324
Non Cash Transactions					
Capital Contributions from Other Fund	\$	2,410 \$		\$	2,410
Donation of Capital Assets to Other Entity	\$	(1,829) \$		\$	(1,829)
Amortization of Investment Premium/Discount	\$	\$	165	\$	165
Net Change in Fair Market Value of Investments	\$	(87) \$	(705)	\$	(792)

Texas Department of Transportation Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	-	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Cash on Hand	\$	7
Cash in Bank		485
Cash in State Treasury		1,770
Cash Equivalents	_	37,218_
Total Assets	\$_	39,480
LIABILITIES		
Liabilities:		
Funds Held for Others		39,480
Total Liabilities	\$_	39,480

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Texas Department of Transportation Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	
NOTE 2 – Capital Assets	50
NOTE 3 - Deposits, Investments and Repurchase Agreements	52
NOTE 4 – Short Term Debt	55
NOTE 5 – Summary of Long-Term Liabilities	56
NOTE 6 – Bonded Indebtedness	60
NOTE 7 – Leases	70
NOTE 8 – Employees' Retirement Plan	 71
NOTE 9 – Deferred Compensation	75
NOTE 10 – Postemployment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits	76
NOTE 11 – Interfund Activity and Transactions	77
NOTE 12 – Continuance Subject to Review	80
NOTE 13 - Classification of Fund Balances and Net Position	81
NOTE 14 - Adjustments to Fund Balances and Net Position	82
NOTE 15 – Commitments and Contingencies	83
NOTE 16 – Subsequent Events	86
NOTE 17 – Risk Management	87
NOTE 18 – The Financial Reporting Entity	88
NOTE 19 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability	89
NOTE 20 – Service Concession Arrangements	90
NOTE 21 – Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources	92

This page is intentionally blank

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements reflect the financial position of the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT). TxDOT is an agency of the state of Texas and is charged with developing and maintaining a statewide multimodal transportation network and other transportation related duties. The Texas Transportation Commission (the Commission), the governing body of TxDOT, has the authority to commit TxDOT to various legal agreements.

The financial activities of TxDOT, which consist of both governmental and proprietary activities, are reported under the transportation function in the state of Texas' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

Three Texas Transportation Corporations, authorized by Transportation Code Chapter 431 to perform certain functions normally undertaken by TxDOT, are reported as blended component units because TxDOT exercises sufficient authority over the assets, operations and management of such entities to warrant their inclusion. Even though Texas Transportation Corporations are a part of the TxDOT reporting entity, the state is not liable for debts of these corporations, nor entitled to the assets of these corporations. See Note 18 for more information.

No component units have been identified which require discrete presentation in the accompanying financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements were prepared in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Financial reporting for TxDOT is based on all GASB pronouncements. The data in this report is combined and consolidated by the Texas Comptroller's office with similar data from other state agencies and universities to prepare the state of Texas CAFR.

GASB Statements Effective for Fiscal Year 2015

In fiscal 2015 TxDOT adopted GASB No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension, which revises existing standards of accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pension. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. The Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed.

Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) participates in the pension plan administered by the Employees Retirement System of Texas Plan (ERS Plan), which is considered a single employer defined benefit plan. TxDOT reports its proportional share of the net pension liability, pension expense, deferred outflows and inflows and required disclosures related to pensions in its annual financial report.

TxDOT also implemented GASB Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

Financial Reporting Structure

The basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The reporting model based on GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* focuses on TxDOT as a whole in the government-wide financial statements and major individual funds in the fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities) display information about TxDOT as a whole and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period for all non-fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of TxDOT (including its blended component units). In the statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reflected on an accrual basis, economic measurement focus, which incorporates noncurrent investments, capital assets and long-term debt and obligations.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function, and 3) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital-specific requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are presented after the government-wide financial statements. They display information about major funds individually and in the aggregate for governmental and proprietary funds. In governmental and fiduciary funds, assets are presented in order of relative liquidity. In proprietary funds, assets and liabilities are presented in a classified format that distinguishes between all current and noncurrent assets and liabilities. Current liabilities are obligations to be paid within the next fiscal year.

The major governmental funds in the fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This presentation is deemed most appropriate to demonstrate compliance with legal and covenant requirements, the source and use of financial resources and how TxDOT's actual experience conforms to the budget. Since the governmental fund financial statements are presented using a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented. The reconciliation explains the adjustments required to convert the fund based financial statements to the government-wide financial statements' governmental activities column.

TxDOT uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. TxDOT is granted appropriations based on appropriated funds. For operational and statutory reasons TxDOT has created several lower level funds that are presented as part of the indicated appropriated fund.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds focus on the sources and uses of funds. Included in the governmental fund financial statements are general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. The general fund is used to account for the departmental operations funded by legislative appropriations, but is not considered the main operating fund

for TxDOT. Special revenue funds account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Debt service funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays.

TxDOT reports the following four major governmental funds:

State Highway Fund

The state highway fund is TxDOT's main operating fund. TxDOT reports the following accounts/sub-funds, which are consolidated into the state highway fund for GAAP reporting purposes. The state highway fund is reported as a special revenue fund.

- State Highway Fund Accounts (Appropriated Fund 0006) These funds contain the activity related to
 public road construction, maintenance and monitoring of the state's highway system. The significant
 ongoing revenue sources are federal revenues, motor fuels taxes, and other oil and gas taxes which are
 constitutionally restricted and dedicated to the highway fund.
- State Infrastructure Bank (Appropriated 0006) This fund operates as a revolving loan program that makes loans to public and private entities to encourage the development of transportation projects and facilities.
- Federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Fund (Appropriated Fund 0369) This fund was created to record, track and report the receipt and disbursement of American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) funding.

Texas Mobility Fund (Appropriated Fund 0365)

This fund operates as a revolving fund to provide a method of financing construction, reconstruction, acquisition and expansion of state highways and other transportation projects. The principal ongoing revenue source of the fund is fees committed by the Legislature under the authority of the Texas Constitution, Article III, Section 49-k. Other inflows to the fund include bond proceeds. The mobility fund is reported as a debt service fund type and a capital projects fund type.

Proposition 12/Highway Improvement Project Fund (Appropriated Fund 0307)

This fund receives the proceeds of general obligation bonds issued for highway improvement projects under the provisions of the Texas Constitution, Article III, Section 49-p. The fund reports the construction activity supported by such funding. The fund is reported as a capital project fund.

Local Government Political Subdivision Road/Airport Fund (Appropriated Fund 0927)

This fund holds contributions from counties/political subdivisions for expenditure by the Commission in development/construction of public roads and airports within such counties or political subdivisions. The fund is reported as a capital project fund.

Additionally, TxDOT reports the following non-major governmental funds:

General Fund:

TxDOT reports the following accounts, which are consolidated into the general fund for GAAP reporting purposes, but are not considered the main operating fund for TxDOT.

- General Revenue Fund Account (Appropriated Fund 0001) This account is used to account for all financial resources of the state except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Traffic Safety-Crash Records Information Systems Account (Appropriated Fund 0036) This account is used to account for expenditures pertaining to the crash records information system.
- Colonias Project Fund Account (Appropriated Fund 7604) This account provides financial assistance to
 counties for roadway projects serving border colonias. Funding is provided from the sale of bonds or
 commercial paper, which are issued and reported by the Texas Public Finance Authority.
- Suspense Fund (Appropriated Fund 0900) This fund is used to temporarily hold and account for receipts until the correct disposition of items is determined.

Special Revenue Fund:

- Transportation Infrastructure Fund (Appropriated Fund 0184) This fund was established to make grants to counties for transportation infrastructure projects located in areas of the state affected by increased oil and gas production. The sources of the fund include federal funds, matching state funds, funds appropriated by the legislature, gifts, grants, fees, and investment earnings.
- Texas Transportation Corporations (Appropriated Fund 9999) This fund presents the activity of the Grand Parkway Association, which is a blended component unit of TxDOT.

Debt Service Fund:

• Proposition 14/State Highway Fund Debt Service (Appropriated Fund 0008) – This fund receives transfers in from the state highway fund for debt service on state highway fund revenue bonds.

Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary funds focus on determining operating income, changes in financial position and cash flows. Generally accepted accounting principles similar to those used by private sector businesses are applied in accounting for these funds. Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. TxDOT reports the following major proprietary funds:

Central Texas Turnpike System Fund (Appropriated Fund 9999)

This fund reports the activity and debt associated with the Central Texas Turnpike System toll roads.

Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation (Appropriated Fund 0899 and 9999)

This fund reports the activity and debt associated with the development of Segments D (Harris County), E, F1, and G of the Grand Parkway toll road construction as reported by Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds account for assets held in either a trustee capacity or as an agent for other outside individuals or entities. Agency funds report assets that TxDOT holds on behalf of others in a purely custodial capacity.

Agency Funds have no equity, assets equal liabilities and do not include revenues or expenditures. The agency funds reported by TxDOT during fiscal 2015 included the unappropriated general revenue fund, child support deductions suspense account, toll revenue custodial account and the direct deposit correction accounts.

Component Units

The following component units of TxDOT are reported as nonmajor component units: The Grand Parkway Association and Texas Private Activity Bond Surface Transportation Corporation. The Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation is a component unit reported as a major proprietary fund. All component units are presented in TxDOT's financial statements as blended component units. See Note 18 for more details.

Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all economic resources and obligations of the reporting entity, both current and noncurrent, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which TxDOT gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include intergovernmental grants. Revenue for grants and similar items are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental funds use the flow of current financial resources focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become both measureable and available. For this purpose, revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on bonds is recorded only when due and compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded when they are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time liabilities are incurred. A proprietary fund distinguishes operating from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services or producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for an enterprise fund include cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets.

Although agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting, they do not have a measurement focus because they do not recognize revenues and expenses.

Shared Fund Presentation

The financial statement presentation for the state highway fund and general fund represent only the portion of shared funds that can be directly attributed to the operations of TxDOT. Financial statements for total fund operations of shared state funds are presented in the state of Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

In presenting these financial statements, certain unique accounts are used for the presentation of shared funds. The following accounts are used in these financial statements to present TxDOT's portion of shared funds.

Legislative Appropriations

This "asset" account represents TxDOT's remaining legislative appropriation authority at fiscal year-end.

Original/Additional Appropriations

Amount reported as revenue that is the total appropriation authority given to TxDOT for the current fiscal year.

Appropriations Lapsed

Unencumbered appropriations balances that have been lapsed during the fiscal year.

Budgetary Information

TxDOT's budget is prepared on a performance-based concept and is represented by biennial appropriations authorized by the Legislature and approved by the governor. The governmental funds with legally adopted budgets are the general fund, the state highway fund and nonmajor special revenue funds.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances/Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash held in the state treasury, cash deposited in local banks, cash on hand and short-term highly liquid investments.

Investments

Amounts invested associated with the Central Texas Turnpike System and Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation. See Note 3 for more details.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory items are reported at a weighted average cost. The inventory consists of supplies and roadway materials on hand for future use. The consumption method of accounting is used to account for inventories and prepaid items. The costs of these items are expensed when the items are consumed.

Receivables

The major receivables for TxDOT are federal, taxes and other intergovernmental. Receivables represent amounts due to TxDOT at Aug. 31, 2015, for revenues earned in the current fiscal year that will be collected in the future. Amounts expected to be collected in the next fiscal year are classified as current, and amounts expected to be collected beyond the next fiscal year are classified as noncurrent. All receivables are recorded net of allowances for uncollectable accounts.

Loans and Contracts

TxDOT makes loans to various local governments and regional mobility authorities. The state infrastructure bank (SIB) operates as a revolving loan fund, where the account balance grows through the monthly interest earned and repaid principal and interest payments. SIB financial assistance can be provided to any public or private entity authorized to construct, maintain or finance an eligible transportation project.

Loans and Contracts				
August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)				
		Loans	Du	e Within
Fund	Re	eceivable	0	ne Year
General Fund	\$	107	\$	20
Highway Fund - Toll Equity Loans		98,995		45,238
Highway Fund - NTTA		133,785		2,382
Highway Fund - State Infrastructure Bank		135,426		7,046
Governmental Funds Total	\$	368,313	\$	54,686

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include monies or other resources restricted by legal or contractual requirements. These assets include proceeds from revenue bonds, as well as certain revenues set aside for statutory or contractual requirements.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources

In the governmental fund financial statements, revenues that are earned but not expected to be collected within 60 days are not available to liquidate the liabilities of the current period. These revenues are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net assets by TxDOT that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows have a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities. TxDOT reports deferred inflows of resources as the offset account to assets received under a service concession arrangement in financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. See Note 20 for additional information.

Deferred outflows of resources are defined as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources increase net position, similar to assets.

For current refundings and advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is reported as a deferred inflow of resources or deferred outflow of resources. The deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources are amortized and

recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

TxDOT also reports deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to the recognition of TxDOT's share of the state's Net Pension Liability. Reported deferred outflows of resources include plan contributions made subsequent to the Aug. 31, 2014 measurement date, and the unamortized balance resulting from changes in assumptions used to calculate net pension liability. TxDOT reports deferred inflows of resources for the unamortized balance resulting from other changes to the components used to calculate net pension liability. See Note 21 for additional information.

Intangible Assets

Our blended component unit, GPTC is operating under a service concession agreement (SCA) with TxDOT. As a governmental operator, GPTC records an intangible asset for its cost of design and construction of Segments D (Harris County), E, F1, F2, and G of the Grand Parkway toll road. Additionally, GPTC is capitalizing interest and accretion paid during the construction period to the intangible asset. Amortization of the intangible asset will begin upon the completion of construction and the opening to traffic of the System. Intangible assets associated with SCAs are not considered capital assets. See Note 20 for more information about GPTC's SCA with TxDOT.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, infrastructure, furniture, equipment and intangible capital assets, are capitalized and reported in the financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase in the governmental funds.

Capital assets are assets with a cost above a set minimum capitalization threshold that, when acquired, have an estimated useful life of more than one year. Land, permanent land-use rights, and construction in progress do not have a capitalization threshold and are not depreciated. The capitalization thresholds and useful lives of TxDOT's depreciable capital assets are as follows.

Classification	-	oitalization hreshold	Estimated Useful Life	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	100,000	5-30 years	
Infrastructure	. Ψ \$	500,000	10-50 years	
Furniture and Equipment	\$	5,000	3-15 years	
Vehicles, Boats and Aircraft	\$	5,000	5-40 years	
Internally Generated Computer Software	\$	1,000,000	3-10 years	
Other Computer Software	\$	100,000	3-10 years	
Land Use Rights – Term/Temporary	\$	100,000	2-10 years	

All capital assets acquired or constructed by TxDOT are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. A

facility constructed or improved under a qualifying service concession arrangement is reported as a capital asset at fair value when it is placed in operation. Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend the asset's useful life are not capitalized.

TxDOT uses the depreciation approach for reporting both highways and highway bridges of the infrastructure assets. Under the depreciation approach, infrastructure assets are depreciated over a 40 year life, and certain preservation costs are capitalized. The capitalization threshold of \$500,000 is used for both highway bridges and roadways.

TxDOT also holds three years of costs in construction in progress at all times. At the fourth year, the first year is moved to depreciable infrastructure. The three year assumption is based on a 2.7 year contract life when using the weighted dollar analysis of project costs and completion dates over the ten year history.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue is reported when cash or other assets are received prior to being earned.

Service Concession Arrangements (SCA) Up-front Payments

Prior to fiscal 2015, TxDOT received up-front payments related to the development and future toll-road operations of State Highway 121, State Highway 130 Sections 5-6 and the Katy Managed Lanes project on Interstate 10. These agreements exchange an up-front payment for the right to operate these toll roads for a period determined in the agreement (See Note 20). Under each of these agreements the toll road reverts back to the state at the end of the term or upon certain reimbursement conditions. In the governmental fund financial statements, TxDOT reports up-front payments as other financing sources in the year received. In the government-wide statements, the up-front payments are recorded as a deferred inflow. Revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the agreement, beginning when the roadway is placed into operation.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as long-term liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities statement of net position. Long-term liabilities include the net pension liability, employees' compensable leave, general obligation bonds payable, revenue bonds payable, notes payable and pollution remediation obligations.

Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums, discounts and bond issuance costs are recognized during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

A state employee is entitled to be paid for all unused vacation time accrued, in the event of the employee's resignation, dismissal or separation from state employment, provided the employee has had continuous employment with the state for six months. Expenditures for accumulated annual leave balances are recognized in the period paid

or taken in the governmental fund financial statements. See Note 5 for more information.

Fund Balance/Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary statements, the net position is the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. The net position is displayed in three components. The potential categories of net position include:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets— capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the
 outstanding balances of bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributed to the acquisition,
 construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of
 resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related
 debt are also included.
- Restricted restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows or resources related to those assets. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is TxDOT's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources when they are needed.
- Unrestricted amounts not required to be reported in the other components of net position.

Fund balances for governmental funds are displayed in five components. The potential categories of fund balance include:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts not available to be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable
 form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The primary component of
 nonspendable fund balance is the balance in consumable inventories.
- Restricted fund balance resources that have constraints placed on their use through external parties or by law through constitutional provisions.
- Committed fund balance can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the Legislature, the state's highest level of decision making authority.
- Assigned fund balance amounts constrained by the Commission's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Unassigned fund balance residual classification for the general fund. The classification represents fund balance that was not assigned to other funds and was not restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

When only unrestricted resources are available for use, it is TxDOT's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned resources and lastly unassigned resources.

A positive unassigned fund balance can only exist within the general fund. Deficit fund balances in a fund are reported as unassigned fund balance.

Revenue Sources

TxDOT's principal revenue sources are federal and tax revenue. As the state's transportation agency, TxDOT receives reimbursements from the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) for certain costs incurred for engineering, construction, right-of-way acquisition, research activities and general administrative costs. Federal reimbursement is based on a percentage of the costs expended from state funds on approved projects. The percentage of reimbursement for allowable costs varies from 50 to 100 percent. TxDOT receives these reimbursements based on the state's apportionment from the Federal Highway Trust Fund on a federal fiscal year basis.

TxDOT receives federal funding from other federal agencies for specific transportation related projects. See Schedule 1-A for more information on federal receipts and expenditures.

TxDOT reports its constitutionally dedicated share of taxes on motor fuels sold in Texas as tax revenues. Generally this constitutionally dedicated share is 75 percent of net collections, after reductions for collection expenses and refunds. In general, 20 cents per gallon is collected on gasoline and diesel sold for highway use. Liquefied gas sold for highway use is generally taxed at 15 cents per gallon and is required to be prepaid. TxDOT also receives and reports the state sales tax from the sale of lubricants, which is deposited to the state highway fund.

On November 4, 2014, Texas voters approved Proposition 1, authorizing a constitutional amendment for transportation funding. Under the amendment, a portion of oil and gas tax revenues that typically go into the Economic Stabilization Fund will be deposited to the State Highway Fund to assist in the completion of transportation construction, maintenance, and rehabilitation projects, not to include toll roads.

Major sources of pledged revenue for the Texas Mobility Fund include driver license fees, motor vehicle inspection fees, certificate of title fees and driver record information fees.

Operating revenues of CTTS consist of tolls, net of an increase in allowance for doubtful accounts of \$0.7 million for fiscal 2015, and fees earned by CTTS.

Interfund Activity and Transactions

Interfund activity refers to financial interaction between funds (including blended component units) and is related to internal events. Interfund transactions refer to interactions with other state agencies.

Interfund receivables and payables are eliminated from the statement of net position except for amounts due between governmental and business-type activities. These amounts are reported as internal balances on the statement of net position. See Note 11 for more details.

NOTE 2 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The tables on the following pages present the composition of TxDOT's capital assets, adjustments, reclassifications, additions and deletions during fiscal 2015. The reclassifications column presents completed construction projects and transfers of capital assets between agencies and between the governmental and business-type activities of TxDOT. The additions column includes current year purchases, depreciation and amortization. The deletions column represents assets removed during the current fiscal year via sale or disposition.

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to the transportation function in the accompanying Statement of Activities.

Capital Asset Activity								
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amo	unts i	n Thousands)				4		
	-	Balance 9/1/2014		Reclass-		Additions	Deletions	Balance 8/31/2015
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	-							
Non-Depreciable & Non-Amortizable Assets								
Land and Land Improvements	\$	10,424,510	\$	(467)	\$	749,239	\$ (8,038) \$	11,165,244
Construction in Progress		8,542,266		(1,267,593)		4,726,594	, ,	12,001,267
Land Use Rights - Permanent		79,527				12,820	(17)	92,330
Total Non-Depreciable & Non-Amortizable	-	19,046,303	•	(1,268,060)		E 400 CE2		
Assets	-	19,046,303		(1,268,060)		5,488,653	(8,055)	23,258,841
Depreciable Assets	•							
Buildings and Building Improvements		490,227		13,306			(4,633)	498,900
Infrastructure		76,280,543		1,239,813		1,469,620	(13,736)	78,976,240
Furniture and Equipment		187,498		661		9,629	(4,744)	193,044
Vehicles and Aircraft		671,443		(637)		29,104	(15,005)	684,905
Other Capital Assets		11,544					, , ,	11,544
Total Depreciable Assets		77,641,255		1,253,143		1,508,353	(38,118)	80,364,633
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings and Building Improvements		(232,023)				(17,111)	3,969	(245,165
Infrastructure		(13,867,792)				(1,504,347)	658	(15,371,481
Furniture and Equipment		(122,966)		(261)		(11,935)	4,276	(130,886
Vehicles and Aircraft		(398,344)		531		(27,635)	12,344	(413,104
Other Capital Assets		(6,282)				(565)		(6,847
Total Accumulated Depreciation	-	(14,627,407)	•	270		(1,561,593)	21,247	(16,167,483
Depreciable Assets, Net	-	63,013,848		1,253,413		(53,240)	(16,871)	64,197,150
Intangible Capital Assets - Amortizable								
Land Use Rights - Term		20,798				322	(219)	20,901
Computer Software		51,072		14,473		735	(2,472)	63,808
Total Amortizable Assets	_	71,870		14,473		1,057	(2,691)	84,709
Less Accumulated Amortization for:								
Land Use Rights - Term		(11,649)				(2,732)	219	(14,162
Computer Software		(26,804)				(7,418)	2,258	(31,964
Total Accumulated Amortization	-	(38,453)	•	0	•	(10,150)	2,477	(46,126
Amortizable Assets, Net	-	33,417	•	14,473		(9,093)	(214)	38,583
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	82,093,568	\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$		\$ (25,140) \$	87,494,574
	. =	_,			•		(,, +	.,,

Capital Asset Activity (Concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Balance 9/1/14	Reclass- ifications		Additions	Deletions	Balance 8/31/15
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Non-Depreciable & Non-Amortizable Assets						
Land and Land Improvements \$	668,634	\$	\$	174 \$	(1,829) \$	666,979
Construction in Progress	30,379	(8,177)		2,403		24,605
Land Use Rights - Permanent	19,466					19,466
Total Non-Depreciable & Non-Amortizable Assets	718,479	(8,177)		2,577	(1,829)	711,050
Depreciable Assets						•
Buildings and Building Improvements	8,360					8,360
Infrastructure	2,250,982	8,177				2,259,159
Total Depreciable Assets	2,259,342	8,177	_	0	0	2,267,519
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings and Building Improvements	(3,035)			(361)		(3,396
Infrastructure	(172,620)			(53,496)		(226,116
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(175,655)	0	_	(53,857)	0	(229,512
Depreciable Assets, Net	2,083,687	8,177	· -	(53,857)	0	2,038,007
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net \$	2,802,166	\$ 0	\$	(51,280) \$	(1,829) \$	2,749,057

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS & REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

TxDOT is authorized by statute to make investments following the "prudent person rule." TxDOT has complied, in all material respects, with statutory authorization, bond documents, constraints and commission policies during the period.

Deposits

The following amounts consist of all cash and cash equivalents in local banks. These amounts are included on the combined statement of net position as part of the "cash and cash equivalents" accounts.

Cash In Bank – Carrying Amount August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)	,
Governmental Activities	
Governmental Funds Current Assets Cash in Bank – Depository Accounts	\$ 486
Cash in Bank – Carrying Amount	\$ 486
Fiduciary Funds	
Fiduciary Fund Current Assets Cash in Bank – Depository Accounts	\$ 485
Fiduciary Fund Current Assets Cash in Bank – Sweep Account	 37,218
Cash in Bank – Carrying Amount	\$ 37,703

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, deposits or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party will not be recovered. All of TxDOT's deposits excluding fiduciary funds are protected by insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Regular depository accounts are insured by the FDIC up to \$250 thousand per depositor, per insured bank. As of Aug. 31, 2015, the sweep account is subjected to the same \$250 thousand coverage provided to a regular depository account.

Treasury Pool

TxDOT's governmental funds are established in the state Treasury, thus all monies are pooled with other state funds and invested under the direction of the Comptroller of Public Accounts Treasury Operations Division (Treasury). Governmental deposits in the state treasury totaled \$6.5 billion at Aug. 31, 2015.

The Treasury obtains direct access to the services of the Federal Reserve System through the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (Trust Company). The Federal Reserve Bank requires that the Trust Company maintain a positive cash balance in the account during and at the end of the day. The Trust Company met those requirements throughout fiscal 2015. The Comptroller has delegated investment authority to the Trust Company and utilizes the Trust Company to manage and invest funds in the Treasury Pool.

State statutes authorize the Treasury to invest state funds in fully collateralized time deposits; direct security repurchase agreements; reverse repurchase agreements; obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities; banker's acceptances; commercial paper; and contracts written by the Comptroller, which are commonly known as covered call options. Funds held in the treasury pool have not been categorized as to credit risk because TxDOT does not own individual securities. Details on the nature of these deposits and investments are available within the state of Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Investments

As of Aug. 31, 2015, the fair value of TxDOT's investments and maturities are as presented below:

Investment Fair Values						
August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)						
Business Type Activities						
		Maturities	(in	Years)		Fair Value
Investment Type		Less than 1		1 Yr. or More	_	Total
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	216,187	\$		\$	216,187
Government Securities		74,983		331,782		406,765
Government Sponsored Entities		297,837		184,736		482,573
Government Investment Pools		326,365				326,365
Repurchase Agreements				114,999		114,999
Total	\$_	915,372	\$	631,517	\$_	1,546,889

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Commission will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Commission's and GPTC's investment policies state that all securities purchased shall be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis, and shall be protected through the use of a third-party custodian/safekeeping agent, which may be a Trustee.

As of Aug. 31, 2015, the Commission's repurchase agreement is collateralized with U.S. Government and agency securities. Collateral for the repurchase agreement is held by the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company with the underlying securities being the property of the Citigroup Global Markets Inc., (the direct counterparty), held in trust for the Commission. Citigroup Global Markets Inc. is rated Baa1, A and A+ as of Aug. 31, 2015 by Moody's, Standard and Poor's (S & P) and Fitch Ratings respectively.

Credit Risk

Direct credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Commission's and GPTC's investment policies prohibit the Commission and GPTC from entering into long-term investment agreements or other non-DVP investment transactions with a final maturity or termination date of longer than six months with any financial institution that initially has a long-term rating category of less than "A" and that does not have at least one long-term rating of at least "AA" by a nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO). All investments made by the Commission and GPTC have been through the list of qualified financial institutions approved by the Commission and GPTC.

The Commission's policy does not limit the amount of investment in obligations of the United States or its agencies. The repurchase agreement is a guaranteed investment contract (GIC) with Citigroup Global Markets Inc. as the counterparty. Citigroup Global Markets Inc. has collateralized the GIC with U.S. Government and agency securities. As of Aug. 31, 2015, TxDOT's and GPTC's investments had the following ratings.

Business-Type Activities						
			Standard &			
Investment Type	Fair Value	Moody's	Poor's	Fitch		
Money Market Mutual Funds						
JPMorgan US Government MMKT	\$ 61,512	Aaa-mf	NR	AAAmm [,]		
First American Government Obligations Fund	12,490	Aaa-mf	AAAm	AAAmm		
Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds	125,325	Aaa-mf	AAAm	NR		
Fidelity Intuitional Money Market Government	14,554	Aaa-mf	AAAm	NR		
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government	2,306	Aaa-mf	AAAm			
Government Sponsored Entities						
Federal Home Loan Banks	281,864	Aaa	AA+	AAA		
Federal National Mortgage Association	67,796	Aaa	AA+	AAA		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	77,919	Aaa	AA+	AAA		
Federal Farm Credit Banks	54,994	Aaa	AA+	AAA		
U.S. Treasury Securities	406,765	Aaa	AA+	AAA		
Government Investment Pools						
Lone Star	77,200	NR	AAAm	NR		
TexPool	162,090	NR	AAAm	NR		
TexPool Prime	87,075	NR	AAAm	NR		
Repurchase Agreement	114,999	Baa1	$A_{\scriptscriptstyle{\perp}}$	Α+		
Total	\$ 1,546,889					

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. Assets held in the particular funds shall be diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of securities. As of Aug. 31, 2015, the following investments exceeded 5 percent of the total portfolio: Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds, Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, U.S. Treasuries, TexPool, Texpool Prime and the repurchase agreement with Citigroup Global Markets Inc.

The Commission and GPTC both address diversification in the Commission's investment policy. Assets held in particular funds shall be diversified to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of securities. Diversification strategies shall be determined and revised periodically by the investment officer for all funds.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Commission and GPTC have addressed interest rate risk in its various accounts by matching as closely as possible anticipated cash flows with income and return of principal on investments. In general, all securities held by the Commission and GPTC are anticipated to be held to maturity, thereby avoiding interest rate risk due to an early redemption. Investment maturities are noted in the investment fair value table.

NOTE 4 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-Term Debt

The Commission has outstanding notes with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and Citibank, N.A. The notes have a variable interest rate and the rates in effect at Aug. 31, 2015 were 0.42% and 0.27%, respectively. This program is used to carry out functions of the Department and is used primarily as a cash management operation in the State Highway Fund. Short-term debt for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 2015, is presented in the table below:

Governmental Activities (Amounts in Thousands)	Beginning Balance 09/01/2014	-	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance 08/31/2015
Flexible Rate Revolving Notes	\$ 150,000	\$.	725,000	\$ 525,000	\$ 350,000

NOTE 5 – SUMMARY OF LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities for fiscal 2015 are presented in the table below:

Long-Term Liabilities Activity													
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 20	15 (#	Beginning Balance 09/01/2014		Additions**		Reductions	Adjustments*		Ending Balance 08/31/2015		Amounts Due Within One Year		Amounts Due Thereafter
Governmental Activities				<u> </u>		reductions	Aujustinents		00/31/2013		One rear	_	Therealter
Compensable Leave	\$	78,722	\$	103,034	\$	(101,870)	\$	\$	79,886	\$	66,291	\$	13,595
General Obligation Bonds	·	7,867,807	•	3,090,160	Ī	(1,161,615)	391,109	•	10,187,461	Ī	185,341	Ī	10,002,120
Revenue Bonds		4,537,928		781,080		(980,500)	57,780		4,396,288		172,727		4,223,561
Pollution Remediation Obligations		3,680		11,572		(9,635)			5,617		5,277		340
Pass Through Tolls Payable		1,209,274		82,880		(111,696)			1,180,458		176,740		1,003,718
Contracts Payable		881		1,686					2,567				2,567
Governmental Activities - Long- Term Liabilities	\$	13,698,292	\$_	4,070,412	\$	(2,365,316)	\$. 448,889	\$	15,852,277	\$	606,376	\$	15,245,901
		Beginning Balance 09/01/2014	٧.,	Additions**		Reductions	Adjustments*		Ending Balance 08/31/2015		Amounts Due Within One Year		Amounts Due Thereafter
Business Type Activities	•		-					_				Ī	
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$	3,874,970	\$	1,726,475	\$	(674,573)	\$ 206,430	\$	5,133,302	\$	13,582	\$	5,119,720
Notes and Loans Payable Business-Type Activities - Long-		1,877,136	-	5,604		(1,112,974)	(12,100)	\$_	757,666		12,100	-	745,566
Term Liabilities	\$	5,752,106	\$_	1,732,079	\$	(1,787,547)	\$ 194,330	\$_	5,890,968	\$	25,682	\$	5,865,286
* Includes current year amortization **Includes current year amortization	•		disc	counts.									

For long-term liabilities other than debt related to governmental activities, the State Highway Fund typically is used to liquidate liabilities in prior years.

Employees' Compensable Leave

Annual leave, commonly referred to as vacation leave, and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by TxDOT employees. Employees accrue vacation time at a rate of eight to 21 hours per month depending on years of state employment. The maximum number of hours that may be carried forward to the next fiscal year ranges from 180 hours to 532 hours based on years of state service.

Overtime, under the Fair Labor Standards Act and state laws, can be accumulated in lieu of immediate payment as compensatory leave (at one-and-one-half hours for each overtime hour worked) for nonexempt, nonemergency employees to a maximum of 240 hours. All overtime exceeding 240 hours must be paid with the next regular payroll. At termination or death, all overtime balances must be paid in full. Unpaid overtime is included in the calculation of current portion on long-term liabilities for each employee because it may be used like compensatory time or be paid.

Compensatory leave is allowed for exempt employees not eligible for overtime pay. This leave is accumulated on an hour-for-hour basis and must be taken within one year from date earned or it lapses. There is no death or termination benefit for compensatory leave. Compensatory leave is reported as a current liability. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick leave benefits.

Notes and Loans Payable

As of Aug. 31, 2015, one type of note payable is active. The purpose and the source of debt service for the note payable balance are summarized below.

Bond Anticipation Notes

The Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation issued a refunding bond anticipation note for the purpose of providing funds to refund a portion of the outstanding debt payable from toll and other revenues of the Corporation. As of Aug. 31, 2015, the note's debt service requirements are as follows.

uiremen	ts			~~~	*****
					7/1/4
	Principal		Interest*		Total
\$		\$	22,004	\$	22,004
	733,465		15,525		748,990
-	733,465		37,529		770,994
	24,201				24,201
\$	757,666	\$	37,529	\$	795,195
	\$	\$ 733,465 733,465 24,201	Principal \$	Principal Interest* \$ \$ 22,004 733,465 15,525 733,465 37,529 24,201	Principal Interest* \$ \$ 22,004 \$

Pass-Through Tolls Payable

The balance recorded as pass-through tolls payable relates to the Commission's obligations under executed pass-through financing agreements. As of Aug. 31, 2015, there were 41 active pass-through financing agreements finalized and executed by the Commission. Under these agreements, an outside party (usually a local government) pays for all or a portion of a highway project. In return, TxDOT contractually agrees to make reimbursements after the improvement is open for traffic. Reimbursements are subject to minimum and maximum annual thresholds and are variable within those thresholds based on the volume of traffic on the project roadway. The agreements with multiple projects generally contain a provision allowing for reimbursements to begin as each project is open for traffic.

The obligation to make future reimbursement payments is recognized as pass-through tolls payable as the underlying highway project is constructed. Accruals of payables continue until the liability amount reaches the total TxDOT reimbursement obligation specified in the agreement. If the cost of the completed underlying highway project is less than the total TxDOT reimbursement obligation, TxDOT will accrue the additional obligation amount upon that project's completion and acceptance. The estimated debt service requirements related to pass-through toll contracts executed as of Aug. 31, 2015 are as follows. The timing of actual payments may differ substantially from this estimate, but the total amount paid is linked to contractually established levels. The estimates are updated monthly to account for these variations.

Pass-Through Tolls Payable -	Debt Service Requirem	ients						
(Amounts in Thousands)								
Governmental Activities	*							
Year	Principal*							
2016	\$	176,740						
2017		184,184						
2018		177,495						
2019		177,346						
2020		169,467						
2021-2025		491,023						
2026-2030		8,440						
Total **	•	1,384,695						
Unrealized Payable		(204,237)						
Total Requirements	· \$	1,180,458						
·								
* There is no interest component ** This projection assumes the C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							

Contracts Payable

TxDOT is party to a financial assistance arrangement with Fort Bend County related to the expansion of Farm to Market Road 1093. The terms of this agreement are such that in return for Fort Bend County funding the costs of the project up-front, TxDOT will reimburse Fort Bend County \$4 million per year for 10 years beginning upon substantial completion of the project. As of Aug. 31, 2015, the project is under construction. The obligation to make future reimbursements is recognized as contracts payable as the project is constructed. The estimated date of substantial completion is in fiscal 2017. The estimated debt service requirements related to this arrangement are as follows.

Governmental Activities		
Year	Pri	ncipal*
2016	\$	
2017		4,000
2018		4,000
2019		4,000
2020		4,000
2021-2025		20,000
2026		4,000
Total *		40,000
Unrealized Payable		(37,433
Total Requirements	\$	2,56

Pollution Remediation Obligations

TxDOT is responsible for the cleanup and remediation of several polluted sites. Regulatory requirements established by federal and state law obligate TxDOT to perform these pollution remediation activities. Historical cost averages were used to calculate the estimated pollution remediation obligation liabilities. The table below details the various compliance requirements under which TxDOT is incurring pollution remediation costs and is recording a pollution remediation liability.

Pollution Remediation Obligations - Disaggregation of Total Liab	ility	
As of August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)		
Governmental Activities		
Comply with Federal and State Asbestos Requirements	\$	4,691
Comply with Federal and State OSHA requirements for lead based pain	t	137
Comply with Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requirements		460
Comply with state Leaking Petroleum Storage Tank (LPST) cleanup req	quirements	329
Total	\$	5,617
	·	

Federal reimbursements are expected to offset a portion of these estimated costs. When realizable, the federal reimbursements are recognized as federal revenue. The potential for changes due to price increases or reductions, technology or applicable laws or regulations was incorporated into these estimates.

Claims and Judgments

TxDOT's involvement in claims and judgments is discussed in detail in Note 15. Management's opinion is that the probable outcome of claims and judgments against TxDOT will not materially affect the financial position of TxDOT; therefore, no liability amount has been accrued.

NOTE 6 - BONDED INDEBTEDNESS

As discussed more fully in the sections that follow, the Commission and TxDOT's blended component units are authorized through various statutory and constitutional provisions to issue general obligation and revenue bonds as well as private activity bonds.

As of Aug. 31, 2015, the Commission had 28 bond issues outstanding. The Texas Private Activity Bond Surface Transportation Corporation (TxPABST), a blended component unit of TxDOT, had three conduit debt bond issues outstanding as of Aug. 31, 2015. The Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation (GPTC), another blended component unit of TxDOT, had five revenue bond issuances outstanding as of Aug. 31, 2015. The debt service payments associated with debt issued by TxPABST and GPTC are not the responsibility of the state of Texas, however due to the relationship between TxDOT and these entities, their disclosures and, as appropriate, financial balances associated with the outstanding bonds are included in this report.

Miscellaneous Bond Information			•					
(Amounts in Thousands)				_	_		rities	
Description of Issue	· В	onds Issued	Date Issued		ge of	First	Last	First Call
		to Date		Interes	st Rates	Year	Year	Date
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
General Obligation Bonds								
Texas Mobility Fund					•	•		
Series 2005-A Fixed Rate Bonds	\$ -	900,000	6/8/2005	3.90%	5.00%	2006	2035	4/1/2015
Series 2005-B Variable Rate Bonds		100,000	6/8/2005		able	2006	2030	*
Series 2006 Fixed Rate Bonds		750,000	6/8/2006	3.63%	5.00%	2007	2036	4/1/2016
Series 2006-A Fixed Rate Bonds		1,040,275	10/31/2006	4.00%	5.00%	2007	2035	4/1/2017
Series 2006-B Variable Rate Bonds		150,000	12/13/2006	vari	able	2036	2036	. * .
Series 2007 Fixed Rate Bonds	·	1,006,330	6/21/2007	4.00%	5.00%	2008	2037	4/1/2017
Series 2008 Fixed Rate Bonds		1,100,000	2/28/2008	4.00%	5.00%	2009	2037	4/1/2018
Series 2009-A Taxable Fixed Rate Bonds		1,208,495	8/26/2009	5.37%	5.52%	2029	2039	*
Series 2014 Fixed Rate Refunding Bonds		973,775	7/2/2014	4.00%	5.00%	2016	2034	4/1/2024
Series 2014-A Fixed Rate Refunding Bonds		1,580,160	12/18/2014	4.00%	5.00%	2017	2044	10/1/2024
Series 2014-B SIFMA Bonds		250,000	12/18/2014	vari	able	2040	2041	4/1/2018
Texas Highway Improvement								
Series 2010-A Taxable Fixed Rate Bonds		815,420	9/29/2010	3.20%	4.68%	2019	2040	*
Series 2010-B Fixed Rate Bonds		162,390	9/29/2010	2.00%	5.00%	2012	2018	n/a
Series 2012-A Fixed Rate Bonds		818,635	12/18/2012	5.00%	5.00%	2019	2042	4/1/2022
Series 2012-B Taxable Fixed Rate Bonds		99,570	12/18/2012	0.30%	1.50%	2014	2019	n/a
Series 2014 Fixed Rate Bonds		1,260,000	10/15/2014	2.00%	5.00%	2015	2044	4/1/2024
Revenue Bonds								
State Highway Fund								
Series 2006 Fixed Rate Bonds		600,000	5/3/2006	4.00%	5.00%	2007	2026	4/1/2016
Series 2006-A Fixed Rate Bonds		852,550	11/21/2006	4.00%	5.25%	2008	2025	4/1/2016
Series 2006-B Variable Rate Bonds		100,000	11/8/2006	vari	able	2026	2026	*
Series 2007 Fixed Rate Bonds		1,241,845	10/25/2007	4.00%	5.00%	2009	2027	4/1/2017
Series 2008 Fixed Rate Bonds		162,995	8/19/2008	3.50%	5.25%	2010	2028	4/1/2018
Series 2010 Taxable Fixed Rate Bonds		1,500,000	8/5/2010	5.03%	5.18%	2026	2030	*
Series 2014-A Fixed Rate Refunding Bonds		1,157,795	4/2/2014	4.75%	5.00%	2017	2034	4/1/2024
Series 2014-A Fixed Rate Returning Bonds Series 2014-B SIFMA Bonds		300,000	4/2/2014		able	2017	2034	10/1/2016
			7/22/2015	3.00%	5.00%	2017	2026	n/a
Series 2015 Revenue Refunding Bonds		781,080	112212013	3.00%	5.00%	2017	2020	ıl/a
Governmental Activities Total	\$	18,911,315						

(Amounts in Thousands)					Matu	rities		
Description of Issue	Bonds Issued to Date	Date Issued	Rang	ge of st Rates	First Year	Last Year	First Cal	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	10 21.0			, ruico	- Ioui	1001	Date	
Revenue Bonds								
Central Texas Turnpike Authority								
First Tier Revenue Bonds Series 2002-A								
Non-Callable Capital Appreciation Bonds	\$ 575,969	8/29/2002	4.47%	5.75%	2012	2030	n/a	
Callable Capital Appreciation Bonds	325,494	8/29/2002	6.00%	6.10%	2025	2038	8/15/2012	
First Tier Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012-A	585,330	11/27/2012	4.00%	5.00%	2038	2041	8/15/2022	
First Tier Revenue Refunding Put Bonds, Series 2012-B	225,000	11/27/2012	1.25%	1.25%	2042	2042	2/15/2015	
First Tier Revenue Refunding Put Bonds, Series 2015-A	225,000	2/4/2015	5.00%	5.00%	2041	2042	4/1/2020	
First Tier Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015-B	198,025	2/4/2015	5.00%	5.00%	2032	2037	8/15/2024	
First Tier Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015-B	94,952	2/4/2015	4.36%	4.38%	2036	2037	8/15/2024	
Second Tier Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015-C	1,157,320	2/4/2015	5.00%	5.00%	2022	2042	8/15/2024	
Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation								
First Tier Revenue Bonds, Series 2013-A	200,000	8/1/2013	5.13%	5.50%	2031	2053	10/1/2023	
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2013-B								
Convertible Capital Appreciation Bonds	311,241	8/1/2013	4.95%	5.85%	2029	2048	10/1/2028	
Current Interest Bonds	1,137,935	8/1/2013	5.00%	5.25%	2048	2053	10/1/2023	
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2013-E	361,810	8/1/2013	5.18%	5.18%	2036	2042	*	
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2014-B	83,550	2/13/2014	varia	able	2016	2016	*	
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2014-C	107,180	2/13/2014	varia	able	2016	2016	* *	
Business-Type Activities Total	5,588,806							
Total	24,500,121			•				
* Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their respective	maturities at the opt	ion of the Commis	sion.					

Description	Bonds Outstanding 08/31/2014	Adjustments*		Bonds Issued**		Bonds Matured or Retired	Bonds Refunded or Extinguished	Bonds Outstanding 08/31/2015	Due Within One Yea
Governmental									
Activities		_							
General Obligation Bonds \$	7,867,807	\$ 391,109	\$	3,090,160	\$	(145,635)	\$ (1,015,980)	\$ 10,187,461	\$ 185,341
Revenue Bonds	4,537,928	57,780	_	781,080	_	(132,200)	(848,300)	4,396,288	 172,727
Total Governmental									
Activities	12,405,735	448,889	_	3,871,240	_	(277,835)	(1,864,280)	14,583,749	 358,068
Business-Type									
Activities									
Revenue Bonds	3,874,970	206,430		1,726,475		(8,415)	 (666,158)	5,133,302	 13,582
Total \$	16,280,705	\$655,319	\$	5,597,715	\$	(286,250)	\$ (2,530,438)	\$ 19,717,051	\$ 371,650

General Obligation Bonds - General Comments

The Texas Constitution authorizes the Commission to issue general obligation bonds backed by the full faith and credit of the state. As of Aug. 31, 2015, two general obligation bond programs are active. All general obligation bond issuances must be approved by the Texas Bond Review Board prior to issuance. The purpose and the sources of debt service for each program are summarized as follows.

Texas Mobility Fund General Obligation Bond Program

Texas Constitution, Article III, Section 49-k and Transportation Code, Chapter 201, Subchapter M authorize the Commission to issue general obligation bonds payable from a pledge of and lien on all or part of the money in the Mobility Fund. The Mobility Fund bonds are designed to be self-supporting, but the full faith and credit of the state is pledged in the event the revenue and money dedicated to the Mobility Fund is insufficient to pay debt service on the bonds. As of Aug. 31, 2015, major sources of pledged revenue to the Mobility Fund include driver license fees, motor vehicle inspection fees, motor vehicle certificate fees and driver record information fees.

The issuance of Mobility Fund bonds is subject to debt service coverage requirements. Prior to a Mobility Fund debt issuance, the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts must certify that there will be sufficient future resources on deposit in the Mobility Fund to ensure 110 percent coverage of debt service requirements during the period that the debt will be outstanding. Subject to the debt service coverage requirement, the Mobility Fund constitutional provision does not limit the amount of obligations that may be issued under the program. The Mobility Fund program is currently established in the aggregate principal amount of \$7.5 billion outstanding at any one time. House Bill 122, which was enacted during the regular session of the 84th Legislature and became effective on June 10, 2015, amends the authority to provide that no additional program obligations may be issued or incurred after Jan. 1, 2015, except for obligations issued to refund outstanding obligations to provide savings or to renew or replace credit agreements relating to outstanding variable rate obligations. Additionally, HB 122 provides that money in the Mobility Fund, in excess of amounts required by the proceedings authorizing obligations and credit agreements to be retained on deposit, may not be used for toll roads.

Bond proceeds are to be used for the purpose of refunding existing bonds, creating reserves for payment of bonds, paying bond issuance costs and paying interest on the bonds.

Texas Highway Improvement General Obligation Bond Program (Proposition 12)

Texas Constitution, Article III, Section 49-p and Transportation Code, Section 222.004, authorizes the Commission to issue general obligation bonds of the state of Texas for the costs of highway improvement projects including construction, reconstruction, design, the acquisition of right-of-way, the costs of administering the highway improvement projects and the costs of issuing the bonds. These bonds are not self-supporting and are considered a general obligation of the state of Texas. As of Aug. 31, 2015, the Commission is authorized but has not issued approximately \$1.4 billion of remaining bond authority under the Texas highway improvement general obligation bond program.

Debt Service Requirements – Governmental Activities								
General Obligation Bonds (Amounts in Thousands)								
Year		Principal		Interest		Total		
2016	\$	133,175	\$	439,197	\$	572,372		
2017		147,820		432,799		580,619		
2018		155,525		425,873		581,398		
2019		173,635		418,645		592,280		
2020		186,665		410,522		597,187		
2021-2025		1,162,920		. 1,900,053		3,062,973		
2026-2030		1,629,600		1,569,280		3,198,880		
2031-2035		2,196,690		1,128,966		3,325,656		
2036-2040		2,560,580		567,470		3,128,050		
2041-2045		1,045,285	7	113,669	_	1,158,954		
		9,391,895		7,406,474		16,798,369		
Premium		795,566		·		795,566		
Total	\$_	10,187,461	\$	7,406,474	\$	17,593,935		

Revenue Bonds - General Comments

The Texas Constitution and Transportation Code authorize the Commission to issue revenue bonds backed by pledged revenue sources and restricted funds. The active revenue bond programs of TxDOT and the Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation are summarized as follows.

State Highway Fund Revenue Bond Program (Proposition 14)

Texas Constitution, Article III, Section 49-n and Transportation Code, Section 222.003 authorizes the Commission to issue revenue bonds to finance highway improvement projects. The bonds are payable from pledged revenues deposited to the credit of the state highway fund, including dedicated taxes, dedicated federal revenues and amounts collected or received pursuant to other state highway fund revenue laws and any interest or earning from the investment of these funds. As of Aug. 31, 2015, the Commission is authorized but has not issued approximately \$700 million of remaining bond authority under the state highway fund revenue bond program.

Debt Service Requirements – Governmental Activities Revenue Bonds (Amounts in Thousands)									
	St	ate Highway Fund							
Year		Principal		Interest	Total				
2016	\$	138,510	\$	175,392	\$	313,902			
2017		145,195		180,188		325,383			
2018		150,365		172,245		322,610			
2019		157,175		165,432		322,607			
2020		164,750		157,851		322,601			
2021-2025		1,156,575		644,964		1,801,539			
2026-2030		1,539,910		339,855		1,879,765			
2031-2035	·	658,625		61,656		720,281			
		4,111,105		1,897,583		6,008,688			
Prem ium		285,183				285,183			
Total	\$	4,396,288	\$	1,897,583	\$	6,293,871			
					-				

Central Texas Turnpike System

Transportation Code, Chapter 228 Subchapter C authorizes the Commission to issue revenue bonds to pay a portion of the costs of planning, designing, engineering, developing and constructing the initial phase of the Central Texas Turnpike System (CTTS) located in the greater Austin metropolitan area in Travis and Williamson counties. The bond obligations are payable from and secured solely by a first and second, as applicable, lien on and pledge of the trust estate. The trust estate consists of all project revenues and investment earnings. Neither the state; the Commission; TxDOT; nor any other agency or political subdivision of the state, is obligated to pay the debt service on the CTTS revenue bonds.

Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation

Transportation Code, Section 222.103 authorizes the Commission to participate, by spending money from any available source in the acquisition, construction, maintenance, or operation of a toll facility of a public or private entity on terms and conditions established by the Commission. In March 2012, the Commission adopted a resolution creating the Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation (GPTC). GPTC is authorized to assist and act on behalf of the Commission in the development, financing, design, construction, reconstruction, expansion, operation and/or maintenance of the Grand Parkway toll project. The bond obligations are payable from tolls and other revenues of the GPTC held by the trustee. Neither the state; the Commission; nor any other agency or political subdivision of the state, is obligated to pay the debt service on the GPTC bonds.

Debt Service Requirements – Business-Type Activities Revenue Bonds (Amounts in Thousands)							
Year		Principal		Interest		Total	
2016	\$	1,745	\$	196,078	\$	197,823	
2017		198,615		195,283		393,898	
2018		14,225		194,963		209,188	
2019		20,365		194,963		215,328	
2020		26,715		194,963		221,678	
2021-2025		272,180		1,015,151		1,287,331	
2026-2030		522,725		1,100,289		1,623,014	
2031-2035		837,565		1,011,475		1,849,040	
2036-2040		1,333,985		788,226		2,122,211	
2041-2045		787,890		480,311		1,268,201	
2046-2050		430,825		343,427		774,252	
2051-2053		1,105,570		97,364		1,202,934	
		5,552,405	_	5,812,493		11,364,898	
Accretion		(660,542)				(660,542)	
Premium		259,928				259,928	
Discount	_	(18,489)	_		_	(18,489)	
Total	\$_	5,133,302	\$_	5,812,493	\$_	10,945,795	
	_		_		_		

Pledged Future Revenues

Pledged revenues are those specific revenues that are formally committed to directly secure the payment of bond debt service. The table that follows provides information on pledged revenue and pledged future revenue of the self-supporting general obligation and revenue bonds.

Pledged Future Revenue								
(Amounts in Thousands)		Government	al /	Activities	Business-Type Activities			
		Texas Mobility Fund General Obligation Bonds		state Highway und Revenue Bonds	Central Texas Turnpike System		Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation	
Principal and Interest on Existing Bonds	\$	11,594,220	\$	6,008,688	\$	5,511,926	\$	5,852,972
Term of Commitment Year Ending Aug. 31		2045		2034		2042		2053
Percentage of Revenue Pledged		100%		100%		99.86%		98.43%
Current Year Pledged Revenue	\$	391,115	\$	7,426,916	\$	169,438	\$	32,344
Current Year Principal and Interest Paid	\$	320,545	\$	330,509	\$	79,778	\$	88,991

Build America Bonds

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 granted municipal debt issuers access to a broader investor base in the taxable market by providing a federal interest rate subsidy payment to offset debt service costs through the Build America Bonds (BABs) program. Direct Payment BABs provide a federal reimbursement to TxDOT equal to 35 percent of the interest paid on the bonds.

As a result of budget sequestration, the federal government reduced subsidy payments for BABs by 7.3 percent effective Oct. 1, 2014 through Sept. 30, 2015 for BAB subsidy payments paid in federal fiscal year 2015. See the table below for details on the Commission's Direct Payment BABs outstanding at Aug. 31, 2015.

	Issue Date		Par Amount		Outstanding
Governmental Activities			,		-
General Obligation Bonds					,
Texas Mobility Fund Series 2009-A	08/26/2009	\$	1,208,495	\$	1,208,495
Texas Highway Improvement Bonds Series 2010-A	09/29/2010		815,420		815,420
Revenue Bonds					
State Highway Fund Series 2010	08/05/2010		1,500,000		1,500,000
Governmental Activities Total		\$	3,523,915	\$	3,523,915
		=		-	

Variable Rate Bonds

The Commission and GPTC have six variable rate bond issues outstanding at Aug. 31, 2015. The interest rates in effect as of Aug. 31, 2015 for the Texas Mobility Fund Series 2006-B, Texas Mobility Fund Series 2014-B, State Highway Fund Series 2006-B, State Highway Fund Series 2014-B used to calculate the debt service requirements were 0.01, 0.40, 0.25 and 0.37 percent, respectively. These rates reset every seven days. The Central Texas Turnpike System Series 2015-A put bonds debt service was calculated based upon the initial 5 percent interest rate, which expires Apr. 1, 2020. The interest rates in effect as of Aug. 31, 2015 for the GPTC Series 2014-B and 2014-C used to calculate the interest debt service were 0.44 and 0.68 percent, respectively. These rates reset on the first business day of each month.

Put Bonds

The Commission has three put bond issues outstanding. The Texas Mobility Fund Series 2014-B and the State Highway Fund Series 2014-B bonds were issued in an initial index floating rate mode and the Central Texas Turnpike System Series 2015-A bonds were issued in a multiannual mode, all of which terminate on mandatory tender dates. At the termination of the initial period, the bonds are subject to mandatory tender and purchase. Upon such mandatory tender and purchase, the bonds are expected to be remarketed unless otherwise redeemed. The Commission has not provided any credit or liquidity facility for the payment of the purchase price of the bonds payable upon the mandatory tender date. The principal portion of the purchase price for the bonds is expected to be obtained from the remarketing proceeds. The obligation of the Commission to purchase the bonds on the mandatory tender date is subject to the successful remarketing of such bonds. The Commission has no obligation to purchase bonds except from remarketing proceeds. If the bonds are not remarketed or otherwise redeemed, the interest rate on the bonds will be increased to the stepped coupon rate.

0.38% Variable* 8.00% per annum \$ 20,000
0.35% Variable* 8.00% per annum \$ 24,000
per \$ 11,250 8.00% per annum \$ 18,000 m**

Demand Bonds

The Texas Mobility Fund Series 2006-B and the State Highway Fund Series 2006-B variable rate bonds are demand bonds. A bond holder may tender any of these bonds for repurchase prior to maturity at a price equal to principal plus accrued interest. Any bonds so tendered will be purchased either by the proceeds of the remarketing of such bonds or, if not successfully remarketed, from amounts drawn under the standby bond purchase agreements. The following tables provide details for outstanding demand bonds and the related standby bond purchase agreements as of Aug. 31, 2015.

Demand Bonds (Amounts in Thousands)			
4	Bonds Held by Liquidity		Principal Balance
Governmental Activities	Providers		Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds			
Texas Mobility Fund, Series 2006-B	None	\$	150,000
Revenue Bonds			•
State Highway Fund, Series 2006-B	None		100,000
Total		\$	250,000
		-	

-	Annual	Agreement Termination Date
Counterparties	Liquidity i ee	Termination Date
State Street Bank and Trust Company &	0.30%	12/13/2016
California Public Employees' Retirement		
System		
Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A.	0.09%	11/07/2016
	Counterparties State Street Bank and Trust Company & California Public Employees' Retirement System	Counterparties Liquidity Fee State Street Bank and Trust Company & 0.30% California Public Employees' Retirement System

The standby bond purchase agreements provide liquidity in the event demand bonds are tendered for purchase and such bonds are not remarketed by the remarketing agent. The standby bond purchase agreements contain takeout provisions, which provide an alternative debt instrument to replace any repurchased bonds that are not remarketed within the prescribed time constraints. Outstanding principal balances on variable rate demand bonds that have standby bond purchase agreements in place may be classified as non-current liabilities. The table shown below provides the estimated impact of such an event.

Demand Bonds – Takeout Provisions (Amounts in Thousands)		. '		
	Estimated Debt			
Governmental Activities	Service	Rate	Basis	Replacement Debt Terms
General Obligation Bonds				
Texas Mobility Fund, Series 2006-B \$	170,098	8.50%	1% + greater of: 3% + Daily Fed Fds Rate, Bank Prime Rate +2% or 7.5%	Quarterly payments over three years (or sooner under certain termination events) starting on the first day of the first month of that period.
Revenue Bonds				
State Highway Fund, Series 2006-B	109,191	5.25%	2% + greater of : 0.5% + Daily Fed Fds Rate or Bank Prime Rate	Semi-annual payments over three years (or sooner under certain termination events) starting on the first day of the sixth month of that period.
Total \$_	279,289	-	4	

Refunding

The Commission had three bond refunding transactions during fiscal 2015. On Oct. 30, 2014, the Commission approved the Texas Mobility Fund Tenth Supplemental Resolution which authorized, among other things, the issuance of general obligation refunding bonds to refund outstanding bonds. The Commission issued General Obligation Mobility Fund and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014-A and General Obligation Mobility Fund SIFMA Index Floating Rate Bonds, Series 2014-B, with a total par value of \$1.8 billion. The issue is a combination of new money bonds and refunding bonds, with par amounts of \$900.0 million and \$930.2 million, respectively. The premium associated with the refunding portion of the Series 2014-A bonds was \$173.5 million and the refunding portion of the underwriter's discount amounted to \$3.6 million resulting in a net proceeds amount of \$1.1 billion. The issuance closed on Dec. 18, 2014.

On Jan. 29, 2015, the Commission approved the State Highway Fund Seventh Supplemental Resolution which authorized the issuance of revenue and refunding bonds to refund outstanding bonds. The State Highway Fund First Tier Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, were issued with a par value of \$781.1 million. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$133.4 million and the underwriter's discount amounted to \$2.9 million, resulting in a net proceeds amount of \$910.9 million. The issuance closed on July 22, 2015.

The Commission authorized the issuance of CTTS revenue refunding bonds with the Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of Jan. 1, 2015 to refund certain outstanding Series 2002-A and all of Series 2012-B bonds and the TIFIA note payable. The Commission issued refunding bonds Series 2015-A, Series 2015-B and Series 2015-C with par values of \$225.0 million, \$226.0 million and \$1.2 billion, respectively, for a total par amount of \$1.6 billion. The premium associated with the Series 2015-A, Series 2015-B and Series 2015-C was \$37.5 million, \$94.8 million and \$150.6 million, respectively, and the underwriter's discount associated with the transaction amounted to \$8.1 million, resulting in a net proceeds amount of \$1.9 billion. The issuance closed on Feb. 4, 2015.

Refunding Issues												
(Amounts in Thousands)												
Description	Type of Refunding	Redemption Date	Par Value Refunded		Par Val	ue of Refunding	issu	e		Cash Flow Increase/ (Decrease)		Economic Gain/(Loss)
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIV	/ITIES											
General Obligation Bonds	····LQ											
Texas Mobility Fund					Series 2014-A							
Series 2005-B	Current	12/18/2014	\$ 70,740	s -	58,060				\$	8.784	\$	6,499
Series 2006	Advanced	12/18/2014	233,130	٠	215,965				Ψ	61,059	•	35,784
Series 2006-A	Advanced	12/18/2014	478,830		442,775					72,163		52,379
Series 2007	Advanced	12/18/2014	233,280		213,360					27,397		21,510
Total GO Bonds			1,015,980	-	930,160				-	169,403		116,172
Revenue Bonds												
State Highway Fund					Series 2015							
Series 2006-A	Advanced	7/22/2015	10,665	_	10,520					3,975		1,955
Series 2007	Advanced	7/22/2015	792,135		724,220					113,591		91,366
Series 2008	Advanced	7/22/2015	45,500		46,340					6,414		3,427
Total Revenue Bonds			848,300		781,080					123,980		96,748
Governmental Activities To	tal		1,864,280		1,711,240					293,383		212,920
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVI	TIES											
Revenue Bonds and TIFI	A Note											
Central Texas Turnpike A	uthority			_	Series 2015-A	Series 2015-B	_	Series 2015-C				
Series 2002-A	Advanced	2/4/2015	441,158 *		31,300 \$	290,643	\$	100,835		278,645		124,60
Series 2012-B	Current	2/4/2015	225,000		193,700					72,477		35,53
TIFIA Note	Current	2/4/2015	1,112,974	_				1,056,485	_	596,844		223,71
Business-Type Activities T	otal		1,779,132	_	225,000	290,643	_	1,157,320	_	947,966	_	383,85
Total		\$	3,643,412	\$_	1,936,240 \$	290,643	\$	1,157,320	\$	1,241,349	\$_	596,77

Defeased Bonds

The Commission defeased various bond issues by placing funds and securities in irrevocable trusts with external financial institutions to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds through the earlier of the maturity date or the first call date. As of Aug. 31, 2015, the amounts of defeased bonds, at par, that remain outstanding are presented in the table below.

Defeased Bonds Outstanding	
(Amount in Thousands)	
Description	Par Value
Governmental Activities	
General Obligation Bonds	
Texas Mobility Fund Series 2006	\$ 597,710
Texas Mobility Fund Series 2006-A	478,830
Texas Mobility Fund Series 2007	269,225
Texas Mobility Fund Series 2008	93,730
Revenue Bonds	
State Highway Fund Series 2006	369,590
State Highway Fund Series 2006-A	506,130
State Highway Fund Series 2007	792,135
State Highway Fund Series 2008	 45,500
Governmental Activities Total	3,152,850
Business-Type Activities	
Revenue Bonds	
Central Texas Turnpike Authority Capital Appreciation Bonds	 114,958
Business-Type Activities Total	 114,958
Total	\$ 3,267,808
* Includes \$29,257 of accreted interest.	

Conduit Debt

Transportation Code, Section 431.070, provides the authority for transportation corporations to issue bonds. The Texas Private Activity Bond Surface Transportation Corporation (TxPABST), a blended component unit, has issued private activity revenue bonds to finance costs and construction of the Interstate Highway 635 managed lanes, located in Dallas County, and the North Tarrant Express Facility in Tarrant County.

The proceeds from TxPABST bonds were loaned to LBJ Infrastructure Group LLC, NTE Mobility Partners LLC and NTE Mobility Partners Segments 3 LLC. These bonds are special limited obligations of TxPABST, payable solely from and secured by loan and interest repayments from the borrowers. The bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of TxPABST, TxDOT or the state of Texas. As of Aug. 31, 2015, TxPABST private activity revenue bonds outstanding aggregated \$1.3 billion. TxPABST remaining authorized bond authority has expired. The debt service schedule for the outstanding TxPABST conduit debt is disclosed below.

	*					
NTE Mobility Partners LLC North Tarrant Express Managed Lanes Project		Group LLC IH-635 Managed Lanes				
Se	ries 2009		Series 2010		Series 2013	
\$	400,000	\$	615,000	\$	274,030	
	12/17/2009		6/22/2010		9/19/2013	
6.8	75% - 7.500%	-	7.000% - 7.500%		6.75% - 7.00%	
	2031 - 2039		2032 - 2040		2038 - 2043	
	12/31/2019		6/30/2020		9/1/2023	
	Partne Tarra Mana I Se	Partners LLC North Tarrant Express Managed Lanes Project Series 2009 \$ 400,000 12/17/2009 6.875% - 7.500% 2031 - 2039	Partners LLC North Tarrant Express Managed Lanes Project Series 2009 \$ 400,000 \$ 12/17/2009 6.875% - 7.500% 2031 - 2039	Partners LLC North Tarrant Express Managed Lanes Project LBJ Infrastructure Group LLC IH-635 Managed Lanes Project Managed Lanes Project Series 2009 Series 2010 \$ 400,000 \$ 615,000 12/17/2009 6/22/2010 6.875% - 7.500% 7.000% - 7.500% 2031 - 2039 2032 - 2040	Partners LLC North Tarrant Express LBJ Infrastructure Group LLC IH-635 NTE Group LLC IH-635 Second Seco	

Conduit De	bt Oblig	gations – Debt Service	(Amounts in Thousands)	
TxPABST B	londs –	Conduit Debt		
Year		Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$	\$	90,449 \$	90,449
2017			90,449	90,449
2018			90,450	90,450
2019			90,450	90,450
2020			90,450	90,450
2021-2025			452,246	452,246
2026-2030			452,246	452,246
2031-2035		462,840	381,765	844,605
2036-2040		724,775	175,360	900,135.
2041-2043		101,415	12,252	113,667
		1,289,030	1,926,117	3,215,147
Premium		6,024		6,024
Discount		(15,730)		(15,730)
Total	\$	1,279,324 \$	1,926,117 \$	3,205,441
	-	1.8		

NOTE 7-LEASES

Operating Leases

To minimize long-term costs, and to ensure future availability of essential services, TxDOT, in routine transactions, enters into leases which extend beyond a single fiscal year. Operating lease payments are recorded as expenditures or expenses during the life of the lease. Included in the expenditures reported in the state highway fund is \$26.5 million of rent paid or due under operating lease obligations.

The following table presents future minimum lease rental obligations under non-cancelable operating leases having an initial term in excess of one year.

Noncancelable Operating Lease Obligations (Amounts in Thousands)							
Fiscal Year Total Operating Leases							
2016	\$	10,823					
2017		9,291					
2018		9,009					
2019		8,902					
. 2020		6,001					
2021-2025		22,391					
Total	\$	66,417					
		: .					

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN

Employees of the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) are under the coverage of the Employees Retirement System of Texas Plan (ERS Plan), which is considered a single employer defined benefit plan under GASB Statement 68.

The defined benefit provisions of the ERS Plan are authorized by state law and may be amended by the Legislature. The monthly benefit may vary by membership class.

The monthly standard annuity of the employee class is determined by a statutory percentage of 2.3 percent of a member's average monthly compensation multiplied by number of years of service credit. The average monthly compensation of the employee class may vary depending on the hire date. For members hired on or before Aug. 31, 2009, the average monthly compensation is the average of the highest 36 months of compensation. For members hired on or after Sept. 1, 2009 and before Sept. 1, 2013, the average monthly compensation is the average of highest 60 months of compensation.

The ERS plan's membership as of the measurement date of Aug. 31, 2014 is presented in the table below:

Texas Department of Transportation's Membership	
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	13,473
Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits But Not Yet	
Receiving Them	4,981
Current Employees	
Vested and Non-Vested	11,292
Total Members	29,746

The contribution rates for the state and the members for the ERS plan for the measurement period of fiscal 2014 are presented as follows:

Required Co	ontribution	Rates				
		Employer			Members	
Fiscal Year Plan	Employee Class	Elected Class – Legislators	Elected Class – Other	Employee Class	Elected Class – Legislators	Elected Class – Other
2014 ERS	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	6.60%	8.00%	6.60%
2015 ERS	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	6.90%	8.00%	6.90%

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The methods and assumptions applied, except discount rate, in the actuarial valuation were based on an experience study covering the five-year period from Sept. 1, 2006 through Aug. 31, 2011. Additionally, the actuarial valuation as of Aug. 31, 2014 also incorporates the across-the-

board pay increases budgeted by the state Legislature for the current fiscal 2014-2015 biennium. The table below presents the actuarial methods and assumptions used to measure the total pension liability as of the Aug. 31, 2014:

ERS Plan				
Actuarial Valuation Date	August 31, 2014			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal			
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll, Open			
Actuarial Assumptions:				
Discount Rate	6.07%			
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%			
Inflation	3.50%			
Salary Increase	0% to 11.5%			
,	1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table with no setback			
B. A a retar lists o	for males and set forward two years for females.			
Mortality	Generational mortality improvements in accordance			
	with Scale AA are projected from the year 2000.			
Cost-of-living Adjustments	None - Employee			
	3.5% - Elected			

A single blended discount rate of 6.07 percent was applied to measure the total pension liability. The 6.07 percent discount rate incorporated an 8.0 percent long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments and 4.17 percent 20-year municipal bond rate based on Federal Reserve Statistical Release H. 15. The long-term expected investment rate of return was applied to projected benefit payments through fiscal 2041 and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments thereafter.

The projections of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payroll. The projected cash flows from the employers are based on contributions for the most recent five year period as of the measurement date, adjusted on consideration of subsequent events. There have been indicators of the Legislature's commitment to increase funding for the pension funds, such as changes in the statute in the last and current legislative sessions. Considering these above events, the projected employer contributions are based on fiscal 2015 funding level.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was developed using a coding-block method with assumptions including asset class of investment portfolio, target allocation, real rate of return on investments, and inflation factor. Under this method, best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class for the plan's investment portfolio are presented as follows:

		Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return
Global Equity	55%	4.02%
Global Credit	10%	0.19%
Intermediate Treasuries	15%	0.18%
Real Estate	10%	0.43%
Infrastructure	4%	0.25%
Hedge Funds	5%	0.35%
Cash	1%	0.00%
Total	100%	

Sensitivity analysis was performed on the impact of changes in the discount rate on the proportionate share of TxDOT's net pension liability. The result of the analysis is presented as follows:

nsitivity of I nounts in The		te Share of No	et Pension Liability to	Changes in th	ne Discount Rate
1% !	Decrease (5.07%)	Current Dis	scount Rate (6.07%)	1% Inc	rease (7.07%)
\$	1,878,276	\$	1,395,472	\$	993,61

The amounts shown in this schedule represent TxDOT's 9.65 percent proportionate share of the collective amounts for the state of Texas. The contribution percentage is based on ERS records of actual contributions from each of the state agencies as a percentage of the total state contributions.

The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis used by Employees Retirement System. Benefits and refunds of contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments of the pension trust fund are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67 and 31. The fair value of investments is based on published market prices and quotations from major investment brokers at available current exchange rates. However, corporate bonds in general are valued based on currently available yields of comparable securities by issuers with similar credit ratings. The Employees Retirement System issues a stand-alone audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). More detailed information on the plan's investment valuation, investment policy, assets, and fiduciary net position may be obtained from ERS' CAFR:

Employees Retirement System of Texas

P. O. Box 13207

Austin, Texas 78711-3207

TxDOT's total pension liability is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of Aug. 31, 2014. For fiscal 2015 reporting, the measurement date of TxDOT's net pension liability is Aug. 31, 2014. The schedule of changes in TxDOT's net pension liability for the fiscal year ending Aug. 31, 2015 as follows:

Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$	109,957
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		224,284
Difference between Expected and Actual		(24,411)
Experience of the Total Pension Liability		
Assumption Changes		115,710
Benefit Payments and Refunds		(189,477)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		236,063
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		3,576,753
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	3,812,816
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer		46,536
Contributions - Member		41,553
Pension Plan Net Investment Income		313,859
Benefit Payments and Refunds		(189,477)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	· 	(1,949)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		210,522
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		2,206,822
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	2,417,344
Net Pension Liability - Beginning		1,369,931
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	1,395,472

The amounts shown in this schedule represent TxDOT's 9.65 percent proportionate share of the collective amounts for the state of Texas. The contribution percentage is based on ERS records of actual contributions from each of the state agencies as a percentage of the total state contributions.

The change of discount rate which resulted in an increase in the total pension liability is the only assumption change during the current measurement period. There have been no changes to the benefit terms of the plan since the prior measurement date.

For the fiscal year ending Aug. 31, 2015, TxDOT recognized pension expense of \$122.0 million. At Aug. 31, 2015, TxDOT reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

Outstanding Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows at August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of assumptions Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Return Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	. \$	80,107 48,193	\$	16,900 113,158	
Total	\$	128,300	\$	130,058	

The \$48.2 million reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending Aug. 31, 2016.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in the following years:

Fiscal Year ended August 31:				
(Amounts in Thousands)	•			
2016	(\$197)			
2017	(\$197)			
2018	(\$21,266)			
2019	(\$28,289)			

NOTE 9 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The state of Texas offers two deferred compensation plans to all state employees. One was established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Section 457. The second was established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(k). All costs of administering and funding these programs are the responsibility of plan participants. The assets of the two plans remain the property of the contributing employees and are not presented in the accompanying financial statements. TxDOT makes no contributions to either plan, the assets do not belong to TxDOT and TxDOT has no liability related to the plans.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

Eligible TxDOT retirees are provided postemployment health care and life insurance benefits through the State Retiree Health Plan (SRHP). The financial statements of the SRHP are included in the audited annual financial report of the Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS). Audited financial statements and detailed actuarial information for the SRHP may be obtained by calling (512) 476-6431 or writing:

Employees Retirement System of Texas P.O. Box 13207 Austin, Texas, 78711-3207

Plan Description

The SRHP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The SRHP provides postemployment health care, life and dental insurance benefits to retirees through the Texas Employees Group Benefits Program as authorized by the Texas Insurance Code, Section 1551.102.

Retirees must meet certain age and service requirements and have at least 10 years of service at retirement to participate in the plan. Surviving spouses and dependents of retirees are also covered by the SRHP. Benefit and contribution provisions of SRHP are authorized by state law and may be amended by the Legislature.

Funding Policy

The Legislature sets and has the power to amend annual state contributions to SRHP. Currently, the state pays 100 percent of eligible retiree health insurance premiums and 50 percent of dependents' premiums. The retiree contributes any premium over and above state contributions. State contributions to the SRHP are directly appropriated to ERS. The maximum monthly state contribution toward the health and basic life premiums of eligible retirees is disclosed in the following table.

Employer Contribution Rates -					
Retiree Health and Basic Life Premium					
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015					
(Amount in Thousands)		٠			
Level of Coverage	Level of Coverage ERS SRHP				
Retiree Only	\$	0.54			
Retiree/Spouse	\$	0.85			
Retiree/Children	\$	0.74			
Retiree/Family	\$	1.05			

NOTE 11 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY AND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund activity refers to financial interactions between funds and/or blended component units and is restricted to internal events. Interfund transactions refer to financial interactions between TxDOT and another agency of the state of Texas.

Interfund services are sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value. This activity is reported as revenues in seller funds and expenditures or expenses in purchaser funds. Unpaid amounts are reported as receivables and payables.

Interfund transfers represent the flow of assets (cash or goods) without equivalent flow of assets in return or a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses or sources. Transfers are reported in proprietary funds after nonoperating revenues and expenses in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity within TxDOT funds is eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, with exception of activities between governmental activities and business-type activities. Interfund activity with fiduciary funds is reclassified and reported as an external activity.

Interfund Activity

TxDOT's operations are primarily managed through the state highway fund. As such, several routine transfers are reported between the state highway fund and TxDOT's other major and nonmajor funds. The following tables detail the principal purposes of TxDOT's significant routine interfund transfers as well as provide a summary of interfund transfers by individual major funds, nonmajor funds in the aggregate and fiduciary funds.

Interfund Transfers In/Out by Purpose	e		
August 31, 2015			
(Amounts in Thousands)			
Purpose	Interfund Transfer In (Fund)	Interfund Transfer Out (Fund)	Amount
Reimburse the state highway fund for costs incurred on projects funded by local government contributions.	State Highway Fund	County/Political Subdivision/ Local Government Road/Airport Trust Account	\$ 141,301
Provide funds to pay debt service principal and interest payments on outstanding Proposition 14/State Highway Fund Revenue Bonds	Proposition 14 Debt Service Fund	State Highway Fund	\$ 304,165

There is a transfer in and transfer out in the amount of \$84.6 million between the capital projects fund and the debt service fund within Texas Mobility Fund.

Interfund Transfers In/Out		
August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)		•
	Transfers In Other Funds	Transfers Out Other Funds
Governmental Funds		. ,
State Highway Fund	\$ 141,301	\$ 305,872
Local Government Political Sub Account		141,301
Texas Mobility Fund	84,578	84,578
Nonmajor Funds	304,165	<u> </u>
	530,044	531,751
Proprietary Funds	,	
Central Texas Turnpike System	1,707	
	1,707	0
Total	\$ 531,751	\$ 531,751

Amounts not transferred at fiscal year-end are accrued as due to/due from other funds. Due to/due from amounts between governmental or business-type activities and fiduciary funds are reported as due to/due from amounts between funds in the fund financial statements and are reclassified to receivables from fiduciary funds/payables to fiduciary funds, as if they were external transactions in the government-wide financial statements.

Due From/To				,
August 31, 2015				
(Amounts in Thousands)		Due From		Due To
		Other Funds	•	Other Funds
Governmental Funds				
Major Funds:				
State Highway Fund	\$	153,010	\$	47,170
Texas Mobility Fund				10,662
Proposition 12 Project Fund				98,128
Local Government Political Sub Account		16,001		
Nonmajor Funds	_	118	_	26,301
	_	169,129		182,261
Proprietary Funds				
Central Texas Turnpike System		44,436		
Grand Parkway Transportation Corp.				31,304
	_	44,436		31,304
Total	\$_	213,565	\$_	213,565

Activity occurring within the same fund is eliminated. Certain reclassifications and eliminations are made between the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the governmental or business-type activities and the fiduciary funds are reported as transfers on the fund financial statements and are reclassified to revenues and expenses, as if they were external transactions on the government-wide financial statements. Additional eliminations are made and transfers in and out are netted and presented in the government-wide statement of activities as "transfers-internal activities."

Transfers-Internal Activities per the Government-Wide Financial Statements August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)				
Fund Category		Other Funds		
Governmental Activities	\$	(1,707)		
Business-Type Activities	\$	1,707		

Internal Balances per the Govern August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thou		Statements	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Current Liabilities:			
Internal Balances - Payables	\$ 13,132	\$ (13,132)	\$ 0

Interfund reimbursements are repayments from funds responsible for payment of expenditures or expenses to the funds that actually made the payment. Reimbursements are not displayed in the financial statements.

Interfund Transactions

The state highway fund is considered a shared fund and is appropriated for use by multiple state of Texas agencies. TxDOT is considered the controlling agency for the state highway fund and reports the total cash in state treasury balance for the fund at fiscal year-end. TxDOT reports interagency transfers in and out with the other agencies that collect and deposit to or expend out of the state highway fund.

The following tables detail the balances of transfers to/from and due to/from other state agencies and TxDOT. Approximately \$1.5 billion of the interagency transfers-in balance for the state highway fund is related to the net amount of cash collected by Texas Department of Motor Vehicles for certificate of title fees and motor vehicle registration fees. The other major portion that makes up the transfer-in amount of the state highway fund is the 1.7 billion transfers-in from the Comptroller's Office related to the Proposition 1 (Prop 1) ballot measure. On Nov. 4, 2014 Texas voters approved the ballot measure, which authorized a constitutional amendment for transportation funding. Under the amendment, half of the funds that under current law go into the Economic Stabilization Fund (ESF) will be deposited to the state highway fund. The transfer-in, received in fiscal 2015, resulted in an increase to the TxDOT highway fund cash in state treasury balance. TxDOT also recorded a due from in the State Highway Fund related to the Prop 1 ballot measure. The Comptroller has certified and transferred a second Prop 1 payment of \$1.1 billion to TxDOT in Nov. of 2015.

The majority of the interagency transfer-out balance for the highway fund relates to the total cash expended out of the state highway fund by the Texas Department of Public Safety, which is charged with patrolling the state highway system and monitoring compliance with statutes related to vehicle weight, motor carrier safety and the

registration and transportation of persons, hazardous material and other property. TxDOT also has interagency activity with federal funds. See Schedule 1A of this report for more details.

	 	Transfers In Other Agencies		nsfers Out er Agencies
Governmental Funds				
State Highway Fund	\$	3,214,682	\$	638,770
Nonmajor Funds		903	·	*47,900
Total	\$_	3,215,585	\$	638,770

Due From/To Other State Agencies August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)				
		Due From Other Agencies	_	ue To Agencies
Governmental Funds	•			
State Highway Fund	\$.	1,359,897	\$	47,361
Total	\$	1,359,897	\$	47,361

Pass-Throughs To/From Other State Agencies August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)	
Federal Pass-throughs:	State Highway Fund
Expenditures	\$(24,017)_
Total	\$ (24,017)

NOTE 12 – COUNTINUANCE SUBJECT TO REVIEW

TxDOT is currently subject to a continuance review. Under the Texas Sunset Act, TxDOT will be abolished effective Sept. 1, 2017, unless continued in existence by the 85th Legislature as provided by the Act. If abolished, TxDOT may continue until Sept. 1, 2018 to wind down its operations. In the event that TxDOT is abolished pursuant to the Texas Sunset Act or other law, Texas Government Code, Section 325.017(f), acknowledges that such action will not alter the obligation of the state to pay bonded indebtedness and all other obligations of the abolished agency.

NOTE 13 – CLASSIFICATION OF FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

The table below presents a summary of the Aug. 31, 2015, governmental fund balances by major and nonmajor governmental funds. With the exception of nonspendable fund balances, fund balance is presented based on specific purpose for which the funds are restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Governmental Fund Balance	ces -	_							
Disaggregation of Nonspen			d, Com	ımitted, Assi	gned an	d Unassigne	d Fund	d Balances	
August 31, 2015 (Amounts in	n In	ousands)				•			
MAJOR FUNDS		State Highway Fund		Texas Mobility Fund		lighway provement Project	Total Major Funds		
Nonspendable:				•					
Inventory	\$	181,216	\$		\$		\$	181,216	
Restricted For:	*	101,210			Ψ		Ψ	101,210	
Capital Projects		2,387,945		672,697		315,794		3,376,436	
Debt Service		, ,-		517,891		515,751		517,891	
Committed To:				. , , , , ,				317,031	
Transportation Infrastructure		1,410,911						1,410,911	
Assigned To:		, ,						2,120,522	
Transportation		38,517						38,517	
Unassigned									
Total	\$	4,018,589	\$	1,190,588	\$	315,794	\$.	5,524,971	
•								Total	
				Special	De	bt Service	N	lotai Ionmajor	
NONMAJOR FUNDS	G	eneral Fund	Re	venue Funds		Funds	•	Funds	
Nonspendable:									
Long-Term Receivables	\$	87	\$		\$		\$	87	
Restricted For:									
Debt Service						126,691		126,691	
Committed To:								, .	
Transportation Infrastructure				153,704				153,704	
Assigned To:			* *					•	
Transportation		702						702	
Grand Parkway Association				94				94	
Unassigned		19,664			<u></u>			19,664	
Total	\$	20,453	\$	153,798	\$	126,691	\$	300,942	

Restrictions of net position are listed on the face of the government-wide and proprietary statements of net position. Balances reported as restricted in the fund financial statements are reported as restricted in the statement of net position. All other fund financial balances are reported as unrestricted in the statement of net position.

NOTE 14- ADJUSTMENTS TO FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

During fiscal 2015, an adjustment was made that required the restatement of fund balances or net position. The impact of this adjustment is summarized and discussed below.

(Amounts in Thousands)	0- 1					·····	
	•	ember 1, 2014,					
	As Previously		n.	-			ember 1, 2014
		Reported	Ke	statements		AS	Restated
Major Funds:							
State Highway Fund	\$	3,560,325	\$			\$	3,560,325
Texas Mobility Fund		353,797					353,797
Proposition 12 Project Fund		(535,961)					(535,961
Total Major Funds		3,378,161					3,378,161
Nonmajor Funds:							
General Fund Accounts		52,221					52,221
Special Revenue Funds		222,661					222,661
Debt Service Funds		138,558		•			138,558
Total Nonmajor Funds		413,440					413,440
Governmental Activities Adjustments							
Capital Assets		82,093,568					82,093,568
Long-Term Liabilities		(18,981,851)		(1,323,394)	(A)		(20,305,245
Other Adjustments		24,714		, ,	7.		24,714
Total Governmental Activities Adjustments		63,136,431		(1,323,394)			61,813,037
Total Governmental Activities		66,928,032		(1,323,394)			65,604,638
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Central Texas Turnpike System		465,960					465,960
Grand Parkway Transportation Corp.		(10,162)					(10,162
Total Business-Type Activities		455,798					455,798
Total Primary Government	\$	67,383,830	\$	(1,323,394)		\$	66,060,436

⁽A) This restatement was necessary to establish the \$1.3 billion Net Pension Liability and \$46.5 million of Deferred Outflows of Resources related to pensions due to the implementation of GASB 68 in fiscal 2015.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

Unpaid Claims and Lawsuits

The type and volume of activity for which TxDOT is responsible exposes it to a large number of claims and lawsuits. TxDOT has vigorously contested lawsuits brought against it and has usually prevailed or made settlements substantially less than the amounts originally sought.

TxDOT is exposed to claims by contractors. TxDOT will most likely settle these claims at substantially less than the amount originally sought. However, if a settlement between TxDOT's claims committee and the contractor cannot be reached, these claims will result in future litigation. As of Aug. 31, 2015 outstanding contractor claims pending at the TxDOT claims committee totaled \$2.8 million.

Settlements are paid by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts from the claims and refunds appropriation. The Attorney General's office indicates that the lawsuits listed below were pending as of Aug. 31, 2015. TxDOT management's opinion is that the probable outcome of these cases will not materially affect the financial position of TxDOT.

Type of Suit	Amounts in Controversy
	Monetary amounts have not been specified in 553 cases. Total claims with
Eminent Domain	amounts indicated range from \$0 to \$25.5 million with a total of \$463.2 million.
Contract	Amounts claimed range from \$420 thousand to \$3.0 million. Total claims with amounts indicated is \$3.4 million.
Inverse Condemnation	Monetary amounts have not been specified for any of these cases.
Declaratory Judgment	Monetary amounts have not been specified in sixteen of the eighteen cases. Amounts claimed range from \$10 thousand to \$10.0 million. Total claimed with amounts indicated is \$10.0 million.
Employment Law and Related Lawsuits	Monetary amounts have not been specified in any cases. Liability against TxDOT is limited to \$300 thousand; however, there is no limit on attorney fees and front pay.
Tort Claims	Statutory limits of liability on these cases are \$250 thousand per person or \$500 thousand per accident. Amounts claimed range from \$4.3 thousand to \$500 thousand. Total claims including estimates of liability limits where no amounts were specified, came to approximately \$18.5 million.

Arbitrage

Rebatable arbitrage defined by Internal Revenue Code (IRC), Section 148, is earnings on tax exempt bond proceeds in excess of the yield on the bond. The rebatable arbitrage must be repaid to the federal government. Pursuant to the applicable bond Indenture of Trust, a Rebate Fund will be established under the Indenture to which deposits will be made upon the determination by a verification agent that a rebate payment may be due. The amount of rebate due to the federal government is determined and payable during each five-year period and upon final payment of the tax-exempt bonds. IRC Section 148 also provides for certain rebate exceptions, including an exception if certain spend-out requirements of the bond proceeds are met. TxDOT estimates that rebatable arbitrage liability, if any, will be immaterial to the agency's overall financial condition.

Federal Reimbursements and Grants

TxDOT receives federal financial assistance for specific purposes that are subject to review or audit by the federal grantor agencies. Entitlement to this assistance is generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of assistance for allowable purposes. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, management believes such disallowance, if any, will be immaterial.

On Dec. 16, 2011, TxDOT and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) approved and executed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for FHWA participation in TxDOT's pass through funding (PTF) program. This MOU will apply to all pass through finance (PTF) projects approved by TxDOT after Feb. 26, 2009 with some stipulations as detailed within the agreement. This agreement was done in order to facilitate maximum Federal reimbursement on TxDOT PTF projects. The MOU is not applicable to any PTF project agreements executed prior to Feb. 26, 2009. Federal reimbursement for these projects will be set up on an individual basis in separate agreements between TxDOT and FHWA and with compliance reviews being performed on each project.

Significant Commitments

Construction Related Contracts

As of Aug. 31, 2015, TxDOT had outstanding contractual commitments related to the award of construction contracts, terms of outstanding design-build contracts and terms requiring contribution of public funds to provide for a portion of construction costs related to service concession arrangements (SCAs). Of the amounts committed under these contracts, TxDOT expects to receive future reimbursements from the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). In addition, the Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation (GPTC), our blended component unit, has outstanding construction commitments. Disclosure of these construction related commitments and potential FHWA reimbursement is displayed below.

ents				
	Total Remaining		FHWA	
	Commitment	Reimbursements		
\$	9,149,401	\$	4,501,868	
	2,025,271		848,927	
	158,262		132,876	
	200,000			
\$	11,532,934	\$	5,483,671	
	\$	Total Remaining	Total Remaining	

Pass-Through Toll Agreements

Transportation Code, Section 222.104 authorizes TxDOT to enter into an agreement with a public or private entity that provides for the payment of pass-through tolls to the public or private entity as reimbursement for the design, development, financing, construction, maintenance, or operation of a toll or non-toll facility on the state highway system by the public or private entity. As of Aug. 31, 2015 there were 41 active pass-through financing agreements.

TxDOT recognizes liabilities associated with pass-through toll projects as notes payable as the projects are being constructed. Notes payable amounts are determined by contractually negotiated agreements with pass-through toll partners. See Note 5 for details on the payables recognized related to pass-through toll repayment obligations.

The maximum total repayment obligation for pass-through toll projects executed as of Aug. 31, 2015, was approximately \$1.4 billion. Approximately \$416.7 million of this amount was repaid as of Aug. 31, 2015. The actual repayment obligation for each agreement is not determinable until total construction costs are known.

Toll Equity Grants and Loan Agreements

Transportation Code, Section 222.103 authorizes TxDOT to participate, by spending money from any available source, in the cost of acquisition, construction, maintenance or operation of a toll facility of a public or private entity. The Commission adopted administrative rules (toll equity rules) to prescribe conditions for the Commission's financing of such toll facilities. Under these guidelines the Commission has committed funds in the form of toll equity grants and toll equity loans. As of Aug. 31, 2015, the Commission has outstanding toll equity grant commitments and toll equity loan commitments totaling \$244.2 million and \$15.4 billion, respectively. Payments of these amounts are made subject to executed financial assistance agreements between TxDOT and the applicable public or private entity.

Of the outstanding toll equity loan commitment, \$5.9 billion is related to a toll equity loan agreement (TELA) with the North Texas Tollway Authority (NTTA) and \$9.5 billion is related to a TELA with the GPTC. These agreements make loans available to be drawn on in the event revenues and certain reserves are insufficient to pay certain debt service or operations and maintenance costs of the toll systems of aforementioned entities.

The NTTA funds financed by TELA-supported debt are to be used to enhance project feasibility and expedite delivery of the State Highway 161 (also known as the President George Bush Western Extension) and Chisholm Trail Parkway projects in the Dallas/Fort Worth area. These roads comprise NTTA's Special Projects System and are separate from the NTTA system as a whole. Under the TELA, TxDOT has agreed to lend a negotiated amount each year should revenues of the projects be insufficient to cover operations and maintenance, including debt

service. The GPTC funds financed by TELA-supported debt are to be used to pay for certain costs relating to the development, construction, operation, maintenance and financing of Segments D (Harris County), E, F1, F2 and G and the predevelopment of possible extensions or expansions of the Grand Parkway. The maximum amount of money that can be paid by TxDOT to GPTC under the TELA is equal to the aggregate amount of costs that are authorized under Article 8, Section 7-a of the Texas Constitution and Section 222.103 of the Texas Transportation Code, i.e. the "Eligible Costs".

As of Aug. 31, 2015, no drawdowns of funding have been requested by NTTA or GPTC under these agreements.

NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Commission has issued the following bonds as of the date of this report, through February 2016:

			Actual Date of	
Entity	Series	Actual Par Amount	Issuance	Purpose
State of Texas General Obligation Mobility Fund Refunding Bond	2015-A	\$911.4 Million	9/30/2015	To refund Parity debt, and pay costs of issuance.
State of Texas General Obligation Mobility Fund Refunding Bonds	2015-B	\$254.1 Million	10/7/2015	To refund Parity debt, and pay costs of issuance.

On Nov. 4, 2015 Texas voters approved the ballot measure known as Proposition 7, which created a Constitutional amendment for transportation funding. The amendment increases money to build roads by adding up to \$2.5 billion a year in state sales tax revenue to the State Highway Fund beginning in fiscal 2018. In fiscal 2020, roads would get 35 percent of vehicle sales and rental taxes after the first \$5 billion is raised annually. The funds collected can only be used to build, maintain and restore non-tolled public roads and repay transportation-related debt and the proposition authorized the state legislature to reduce the amount in the State Highway Fund by up to 50 percent in one fiscal year. This provision gives lawmakers the ability to respond to economic downturns or other changes in the state's funding needs.

NOTE 17 – RISK MANAGEMENT

TxDOT is exposed to various risks of loss related to property, general and employer liability, net income, and personnel. TxDOT and its employees are covered by various immunities and defenses that limit some of these risks of loss, particularly in liability actions brought against TxDOT or its employees. Remaining exposures are managed by self-insurance arrangements.

Property and Liability

TxDOT administers a self-insured workers compensation program. Due to the nature of worker compensation claims, amounts are not reasonably estimable. Claims are paid as they become due.

Health, Life and Dental

Insurance coverage is provided to active state employees and their dependents by one of three health plan administrators. All TxDOT employees are included in the Texas Employees Group Benefits Program (GBP) administered by the Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS).

Claims for health, life, accidental death and dismemberment (AD&D), disability and dental insurance coverages are established under the GBP. These coverages are provided through a combination of insurance contracts, a self-funded health plan, a self-funded dental indemnity plan, HMO contracts and dental health maintenance organizations (DHMO) contracts.

Commitments

TxDOT incurs commitments related to outstanding construction contracts and comprehensive development agreements. Further detail of these commitments is provided in Note 15.

NOTE 18 - THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

As required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, the financial statements present TxDOT, a state agency, and its component units. The component units discussed in this note are included in TxDOT's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationships with TxDOT.

Blended Component Units

The Commission is authorized to create Transportation Corporations in Transportation Code, Chapter 431. The Commission approves the creation of transportation corporations, approves the articles of incorporation, appoints directors and approves by-laws. At any time, the Commission may terminate and dissolve a transportation corporation. In the event of dissolution or liquidation of a corporation, all assets shall be turned over to TxDOT. As of Aug. 31, 2015, three such transportation corporations were authorized by the Commission. In all instances TxDOT contains the voting majority, is able to impose its will upon the transportation corporations, and the services of all three transportation corporations benefit TxDOT. Furthermore, the following three transportation corporations are classified as blended component units.

The Grand Parkway Association (GPA) facilitates the efficient development of Houston's third outer highway loop to serve the regional mobility needs of the metropolitan Houston area. GPA operates on funds received from various sources including TxDOT, METRO, Harris County, Fort Bend County, Chambers County, Galveston County and Brazoria County. GPA is required to make semi-annual reports to TxDOT detailing the status and financial information of the various project segments. The financial activity is reported as a Special Revenue fund within appropriated fund 9999 in the accompanying financial statements of TxDOT. GPA has a fiscal year end of Aug. 31, 2015, consistent with TxDOT. Complete financial statements for the GPA may be obtained by writing:

Grand Parkway Association 4544 Post Oak Place, Suite 222 Houston, Texas 77027

The Texas Private Activity Bond Surface Transportation Corporation (TxPABST) acts on behalf of TxDOT in the promotion and development of transportation facilities, by issuing private activity bonds for projects developed under comprehensive development agreements (CDAs) entered into by TxDOT. Bonds issued by TxPABST are not legal obligations of the state of Texas and are payable solely from payments received or on behalf of a CDA developer. See Note 5 for additional details about the TxPABST private activity bond issuances as of Aug. 31, 2015. TxPABST does not publish financial statements. Further information can be obtained by writing:

Texas Private Activity Bond Surface Transportation Corporation 125 East 11th St.
Austin, Texas 78701

The Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation (GPTC) acts on behalf of TxDOT in the promotion and development of the Grand Parkway Project, by issuing bonds and entering into comprehensive development agreements with developers for the design and construction of several segments of the Grand Parkway project. Bonds issued by GPTC are not legal obligations of the state of Texas and are payable solely from revenues and other funds of the Grand Parkway System, which is comprised of Segments D (Harris County), E, F-1, F-2, and G.

See Note 5 for additional details about the GPTC bond issuances as of Aug. 31, 2015. GPTC has a fiscal year end of Aug. 31, 2015, consistent with TxDOT. The financial activity of GPTC is reported as a Proprietary fund within appropriated fund 9999 in the accompanying financial statements of TxDOT. Further information can be obtained by writing:

Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation 125 East 11th St. Austin, Texas 78701

NOTE 19-STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Changes in Accounting Principles

The implementation of GASB statements is addressed in Note 1.

NOTE 20 – SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS

As of Aug. 31, 2015, TxDOT has entered into seven agreements that are service concession arrangements (SCA) under the definition established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. An SCA is an arrangement between TxDOT and an operator in which all of the following criteria are met:

- a. TxDOT conveys to the operator the right and related obligation to provide public services through the use and operation of an infrastructure asset in exchange for significant consideration, such as up-front payments, a new infrastructure asset, or improvements to an existing infrastructure asset.
- b. The operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties. In all of the active TxDOT SCAs these fees are in the form of tolls.
- c. TxDOT determines or has the ability to modify or approve what services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services and the rates that can be charged for the services.
- d. TxDOT is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the infrastructure asset at the end of the arrangement.

SCA projects were entered to:

- Improve mobility by expanding existing road capacity and introducing managed toll lanes, traditional toll
 lanes and other strategies aimed at reducing traffic congestion.
- Enable TxDOT to deliver these projects faster than would be possible using traditional funding sources.
- Shift the majority of the financial risk to the Operator.

TxDOT may enter into SCAs with both public and private Operators. At the end of these arrangements, operations and maintenance of the projects will transfer to TxDOT. The state of Texas retains ownership rights and title to all assets associated with an SCA.

The structure of each SCA is different due to the unique financial aspects of each arrangement. In all cases, TxDOT receives a benefit due to our retention of ownership of the project at end of the concession term. The following table summarizes the status, term and duration of each currently active SCA.

		Term of		
Arrangement Name	Construction Status	Concession	Concession Begin	Concession End
H 10 "Katy Managed Lanes"	Complete	46 years	2010	2055 *
SH 130 Segments 5 and 6	Complete	50 years	2012	2062
SH 121 Concession	Complete	50 years	2009	2059
North Tarrant Exp Seg 1 and 2-West	Complete	52 years	2009	2061
North Tarrant Exp Seg 3A and 3B	Under Construction	52 years	2009	2061
LBJ/IH-635 Managed Lanes	Under Construction	52 years	2009	2061
Grand Parkway Seg D, E, F1, F2, G	Under Construction	40 years	2013	2053 *

In the year in which an SCA project opens for traffic TxDOT records the capital assets acquired under the SCA at their fair value with a corresponding entry to deferred inflow of resources. The deferred inflow of resources balance will then be reduced and revenue will be recognized in a systematic manner over the term of the arrangement, beginning when the infrastructure asset is placed into operations. Up-front concession payments received are recorded as assets (cash in state treasury) with an offset to deferred inflow of resources on the government-wide financial statements. Revenue is recognized and the deferred inflow of resources is reduced in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the arrangement.

Service Concession Arrangements - Amounts R Governmental Activities	ecognized in Financial State	ments -	-		
August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)					
Arrangement Name	Cash in State Treasury*	Capit	al Assets	li	Deferred of lows of esources**
IH 10 "Katy Managed Lanes"	\$	\$		\$	217,391
SH 130 Segments 5 and 6	131,219		1,437,424		1,437,413
SH 121 Concession	1,189,513		1,336,604		3,333,954
North Tarrant Exp Seg 1 and 2-West			2,392,034		1,684,975
North Tarrant Exp Seg 3A and 3B			248,865		
LBJ/IH-635 Managed Lanes			558,881		
Grand Parkway Seg D, E, F1, F2, G	•		44,210		
Total	\$ 1,320,732	\$	6,018,018	\$	6,673,733

^{*} The balance of cash in state treasury is the amount of unspent up-front concession payments.

In some cases, TxDOT is obligated to make contributions of public funds to the SCA project during the construction period for portions of the project's design, construction or right-of-way costs. Outlays of TxDOT funds related to SCA projects are recorded as additions to construction in progress as they are incurred. In addition, TxDOT has committed funds in the form of a toll equity loan to the Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation (GPTC). Refer to Note 15 for further detail on TxDOT commitments related to SCAs.

GPTC has recognized an intangible asset in the amount of \$2.1 billion for its costs of design, construction and right-of-way acquisition through Aug. 31, 2015. This amount is reported in the business-type activities.

^{**} The deferred inflows of resources balance that relates to up-front payments received is recorded in governmental fund financials as other financing sources in the year received.

NOTE 21 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

As of Aug. 31, 2015, TxDOT reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position as presented in the table below.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of	Resc	ources		
Statement of Net Position				
As of August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands))			
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
Description		Resources		Resources
Governmental Activities				*.
Loss on Bond Refunding	\$	154,832	\$	
Pensions (Note 8)		128,300		130,058
Service Concession Arrangements (Note 20)	_		_	6,673,733
Total Governmental Activities		283,132		6,803,79,1
Business-Type Activities			_	
Loss on Bond Refunding		33,940		
Gain on Bond Refunding				1,993
Total Business-Type Activities	_	33,940	_	1,993
Total	\$	317,072	\$	6,805,784
			- =	

Deferred outflows of resources in the amounts of \$154.8 million in governmental activities and \$33.9 million in business-type activities relate to losses on bond refunding transactions. The deferred inflow of \$2.0 million reported in business-type activities relates to a gain on a bond refunding transaction. These deferred outflows and inflows are amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining life of the old debt, or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

Deferred inflows of resources of \$6.7 billion reported in governmental activities relate to seven different service concession arrangements, of which TxDOT was a party to as of Aug. 31, 2015. The amount recorded in the financial statements represents the balance of unamortized upfront payments and capital improvements TxDOT received under the agreements.

TxDOT reported \$128.3 million in deferred outflows of resources and \$130.1 million in deferred inflows of resources in governmental activities for pension adjustments associated with the implementation of GASB Statements 68 and 71. The reported deferred outflows of resources include TxDOT's share of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and the unamortized balance of changes in assumptions used to calculate net pension liability. The reported deferred inflows of resources are comprised of the unamortized balance of other changes in the components of net pension liability.

Deferred inflows of \$1.3 billion were reported on the governmental funds balance sheet as presented in the table as follows. These deferred inflows relate to unavailable revenues that were earned as of Aug. 31, 2015, but not available within 60 days of year end.

Deferred Inflows of Resources Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds As of August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands) Deferred Inflows of **Description** Resources State Highway Fund Oil and Natural Gas Production Tax 1,134,668 Federal Revenue 90,752 Local Revenue 15,135 Motor Fuel Tax 29,733 Total 1,270,288

This page is intentionally blank

Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A (Unaudited)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - State Highway Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Budgetary Amounts			_				
	÷	Original		Final		tual Amounts dgetary Basis		nal to Actual Variance
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	2,485,050	\$	2,425,571	\$	2,546,627	\$	121,056
Federal		4,125,012		4,227,822		2,937,740		(1,290,082)
Licenses, Fees and Permits		108,047		110,273		23,915		(86,358)
Interest and Investment Income		10,000		9,908		26,352		16,444
Land Income						15,590		15,590
Settlement of Claims						21,995		21,995
Sales of Goods and Services		166,570		166,570		234,399		67,829
Other		99,763		91,810		8,381		(83,429)
Total revenues		6,994,442		7,031,954		5,814,999		(1,216,955)
EXPENDITURES								
Transportation:		7,907,513		10,743,491		7,754,142		2,989,349
Total Expenditures		7,907,513		10,743,491		7,754,142		2,989,349
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(913,071)		(3,711,537)		(1,939,143)		1,772,394
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In						3,355,983		3,355,983
Transfers Out						(944,641)		(944,641)
Sale of Capital Assets						′ 70,255		70,255
Bonds Issued for Refunding						781,080		781,080
Premiums on Bonds Issued						133,433		133,433
Payment to Escrow for Refunding						(910,971)		(910,971)
Available Beginning Balances		3,992,823		3,992,823		3,992,823		·
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,992,823		3,992,823		6,477,962		2,485,139
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue and Other				•				
Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	3,079,752	\$	281,286	\$	4,538,819	\$	4,257,533

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE

The budgetary comparison schedule presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis. Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), a reconciliation of these differences is required and is presented below.

The major reconciling items between the budgetary comparison schedule and the GAAP financial statements are due to the following items.

Basis of Accounting Differences

Revenues and expenditures are reported on the cash basis of accounting in the budgetary comparison schedule but are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting on the GAAP fund financial statements. Therefore, deferred revenues, receivables and payables are included as reconciling items.

Perspective Differences

Certain revenues and expenditures, including debt service are not budgeted by the Legislature. The activity for these programs is excluded from the budgetary comparison schedule. The beginning cash balances are included as other financing sources in the budgetary comparison schedule and are not included as financing sources on the GAAP financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)			
	S	tate Highway Fund	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over			
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses-			
Actual Budgetary Basis	\$	4,538,819	
Basis of Accounting Differences:			
Receivables and Unearned Revenues		64,321	
Payables		(37,152)	
Perspective Differences:			
Beginning Cash Balances Reported as Other Financing Sources		(3,992,823)	
Other Revenues Not Budgeted			
Other Expenditures Not Budgeted		(114,901)	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing			
Sources Over Expenditures and Other			
Financing Uses - GAAP Basis	\$	458,264	

Basis of Budgeting

The state's budget is prepared on a cash basis. The Texas Constitution limits appropriations bills to two years. The Legislative Budget Board (LBB) is required by statute to adopt an estimated rate of growth for the next biennium and calculate a limit on the amount of state tax revenue, not dedicated by the Texas Constitution, that is available for spending in the next biennium. If the Legislature, by adoption of a resolution approved by a record vote of a majority of the members of each house, finds that an emergency exists and identifies the nature of the emergency, the Legislature may provide appropriations in excess of the adopted limit.

The Governor's Budget Office and the LBB initiate the process of submitting budget requests to the Legislature. At final passage of the General Appropriations Act by the Legislature, it is sent to the Comptroller of Public Accounts for certification. If the Comptroller certifies that appropriated amounts are available in the affected funds, the bill is sent to the Governor. If not certified, the Legislature may pass the bill with a four-fifths majority vote. The Governor has the option of vetoing the total bill or specific line-item appropriations, but does not have the authority to reduce a line item of appropriation.

Upon approval by the Governor, the bill becomes law and is the budget authority for state agencies to spend state funds. The Comptroller is responsible for controlling, accounting and reporting expenditures in accordance with expenditure budgets.

Legal Level of Budgetary Control

The Texas Constitution requires the Comptroller to submit a *Biennial Revenue Estimate* to the Legislature prior to each regular session. This document contains an itemized estimate of beginning cash balances, anticipated revenues based on laws then in effect and estimated expenditures from prior appropriations. The Texas Constitution also requires the Comptroller to submit supplementary revenue estimates at any special session of the Legislature and at other necessary times to show probable changes.

The level of legal control for the budget is established at the strategy (line item) level by agency. For example "Right-of-Way Acquisition" and "Routine Maintenance" are two of the strategies for TxDOT. The legal level of budgetary control is defined as the level at which the governing body must approve any over expenditure of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts. Agencies are authorized limited transfer authority between strategies, not to exceed 20 percent, by the General Appropriations Act. Transfers and expenditures are monitored against the original budget by the Comptroller's office to ensure the agency's authorized budget is not exceeded.

The level of legal control is documented in the *Appropriation Summary Report*, which is available by request from the Comptroller's office. This separate document includes budget and actual data by appropriation line item for each state agency. State agencies cannot exceed approved appropriations. In certain emergency situations, the Governor may authorize additional appropriations from deficiency and emergency appropriation reserves.

Unexpended appropriations generally lapse 60 days after the fiscal year unless they are encumbered during the 60-day "lapse" period. Other appropriations referred to as "reappropriated unexpended balances" represent a continuation of prior year's balances for completion of a program.

PENSION PLAN INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability For Fiscal Year Ending August 31, 2015 (Amounts	in Thousands)	
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$	109,957
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		224,284
Difference between Expected and Actual	•	(24,411)
Experience of the Total Pension Liability		
Assumption Changes		115,710
Benefit Payments and Refunds		(189,477)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		236,063
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		3,576,753
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	3,812,816
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer		46,536
Contributions - Member		41,553
Pension Plan Net Investment Income		313,859
Benefit Payments and Refunds		(189,477)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(1,949)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		210,522
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		2,206,822
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	2,417,344
Net Pension Liability - Beginning		1,369,931
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	1,395,472
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		•
of Total Pension Liability		63.40% *
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	574,704 **
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage		
of Covered-Employee Payroll		242.82%
T 1 1 1		

Notes to schedule:

- * The change in the total pension liability due to the change in the single discount rate is included as an assumption change.
- ** The covered employee payroll is the actual annual payroll for fiscal 2014 the measurement period.

Other Information:

Amounts shown in this schedule represent TxDOT's 9.65 proportionate share of the collective amounts for the state of Texas. The contribution percentage is based on ERS records of actual contributions from each of the state agencies as a percentage of the total state contributions.

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Actuarially determined contributions are adjusted for actual payroll and administrative expenses.

Members and employers contribute based on statutorily fixed rates.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Schedule of Employer Contributions		
(Amounts in Thousands)		
	′	
	Fiscal Year Ended	Fiscal Year Ended
	Aug. 31, 2015	Aug. 31, 2014
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 71,131	\$ 70,242
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ 48,288	\$ 46,536
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 22,843	\$ 23,706
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 593,496	\$ 574,704
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.14%	8.10%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of August 31, 2014.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Open

Remaining Amortization

Period 31 years

Asset Valuation Method 20% of market plus 80% of expected actuarial value

Inflation 3.50% Salary Increases 0% to 11.5%

Investment Rate of

Retirement Age

Return

8.00%

Experience-based rates specific to the class of employees.

Last updated for the 2013 valuation based on an experience study of the 5-year

period from Sept. 1, 2006 through Aug. 31, 2011

Mortality 1994 Group Annuity Mortality with no setback for males and Set-forward two

years for females. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale

AA are projected from the year 2000.

Other Information:

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Actuarially determined contributions are adjusted for actual payroll and administrative expenses.

Members and employers contribute based on statutorily fixed rates.

Other Supplementary Information

This page is intentionally blank

State Highway Fund Accounts

Combining Financial Statements

TxDOT reports the following accounts/sub-funds, which are consolidated into the state highway fund for the financial statements.

State Highway Fund Accounts - These funds contain the activity related to public road construction, maintenance and monitoring of the state's highway system. The significant ongoing revenue sources are federal revenues and motor fuels taxes, which are constitutionally restricted and dedicated to the highway fund.

Appropriated		
Fund	GAAP Fund	USAS D23 Funds
0006	0006	0006 - State Highway Fund
		0019 - Prop 14 Bonds-Series 2010
		0020 - Tax Exempt Bonds
		0121 - SH121 Concession-Project Fund
		0122 - SH121 Concession-Revolving Fnd
v	•	0130 - SH130 Concession
		0161 - SH161 Funds
		0162 - SH162 Funds
		0406 - Abandoned Rail Account
		0513 - CTTS Operating Account
		0514 - CTTS Maintenance Account
		0515 - CTTS Reserve Maintenance Account
		0635 - LBJ Project Concession Refund
		0820 - North Texas Express Mobility Refinance Gain
		1006 - Proposition 1 Account
		1016 - Texas State Cemetery Committee
		8006 - Depository Interest Default Fund
		9000 - Deposit Default Fund
		9001 - Returned Items Default Fund

State Infrastructure Bank Accounts – This fund operates as a revolving loan program that makes loans to public and private entities to encourage the development of transportation projects and facilities.

Appropriated	•		
Fund	GAAP Fund	USAS D23 Funds	
0006	0006	0099 - State Infrastructure Bank	

Federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Fund – This fund was created to record, track and report the receipt and disbursement of American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) funding.

Appropriated Fund	GAAP Fund	USAS D23 Funds
0369	0006	
		0369 - Federal American Recovery Reinvestment Fund

Texas Department of Transportation Combining Balance Sheet - State Highway Fund

August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	State Highway Fund Accounts	 In	State frastructure Bank		Federal American Recovery & einvestment Fund		TOTAL
			•				
ASSETS							*
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	•			•		•	
Cash on Hand	\$ 441	\$		\$		\$	441
Cash in Bank	382						382
Cash in State Treasury	3,654,212		335,995		2,616		3,992,823
Receivables:		-					
Taxes	258,186						258,186
Federal	574,435		*				574,435
Other Intergovernmental	66,906						66,906
Interest and Dividends	3,745		2,138				5,883
Accounts Receivable	43,541						43,541
Due from Other Funds	153,010						153,010
Due from Other Agencies	1,359,897						1,359,897
Consumable Inventories	181,216			,			181,216
Loans and Contracts	232,780		135,426				368,206
Total Assets	\$ 6,528,751	\$	473,559	\$	2,616	\$	7,004,926
Liabilities: Payables: Accounts Payable	992,936						992,936
Contracts Payable	8,886						8,886
Payroll Payable	68,182						68,182
Short Term Debt	350,000						350,000
Due to Other Funds	44,554				2,616		47,170
Due to Other Agencies	47,361						47,361
Unearned Revenues	201,514						201,514
Total Liabilities	1,713,433		0		2,616		1,716,049
Deferred Inflow of Resources:							
Unavailable Revenue	1,270,288		0		0		1,270,288
Total Deferred Inflow of	1,270,288		0		0	_	1,270,288
Resources							
Fund Balances (Deficits): Nonspendable							
Inventory	181,216						181,216
Restricted	1,914,386		473,559				2,387,945
Committed	1,410,911						1,410,911
Assigned	38,517		-				38,517
Total Fund Balances	3,545,030		473,559		0		4,018,589
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resource and Fund Balances	ces \$ <u>6,528,751</u>	\$	473,559	\$	2,616	\$	7,004,926

Texas Department of Transportation Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - State Highway Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	State Highway Fund - Major Special Revenue Fund						nue Fund	
		State Highway Fund Accounts		State Infrastructure Bank		Federal American Recovery & Reinvestment		TOTAL
REVENUES	-	7100041110		Dam	•	remresiment	-	TOTAL
Taxes	\$	2,582,837	\$		\$		\$	2,582,837
Federal Revenues	•	3,145,008	•		*	25,102	Ψ	3,170,110
Licenses, Fees and Permits		25,648				20, 102		25,648
Interest & Investment Income		19,067		7,144				26,211
Land Income		15,590		,				15,590
Settlement of Claims		21,995						21,995
Sales of Goods and Services		28,548						28,548
Other Revenues		8,381						8,381
Total Revenues	-	5,847,074		7,144		25,102	_	5,879,320
EXPENDITURES								
Transportation		3,269,571						3,269,571
Capital Outlay		4,496,620				25,102		4,521,722
Principal on Pass-Through Tolls		111,696				,		111,696
Other Financing Fees		3,205						3,205
Total Expenditures	_	7,881,092		0		25,102	_	7,906,194
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(2,034,018)		7,144		0	_	(2,026,874)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		3,355,983						3,355,983
Transfers Out		(944,642)						(944,642)
Bond Issued for Refunding		781,080						781,080
Premium/Discount on Bonds Issued		133,433					-	133,433
Payment to Escrow on Refunding		(910,971)						(910,971)
Sale of Capital Assets	_	70,255			_			70,255
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	2,485,138		0	-	. 0	_	2,485,138
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	451,120		7,144	-	0	_	458,264
Fund Balances, September 1, 2014		3,093,910		466,415				3,560,325
Fund Balances, August 31, 2015	\$_	3,545,030	\$	473,559	\$	0	\$_	4,018,589

This page is intentionally blank

Texas Mobility Fund Accounts

Combining Financial Statements

TxDOT reports the following accounts/sub-funds, which are consolidated into the Texas Mobility Fund for the financial statements.

Debt Service Fund Accounts – These funds report the activity related the payment of debt service on outstanding mobility fund bonds.

Appropriated	CAARE	VIGLO DAA T
Fund	GAAP Fund	USAS D23 Funds
0365	0365	0365 - TMF-General Account
		0366 - TMF-PortFolio Account
		0367 - TMF-Interest & Sinking Account
		0373 - TMF-Rebate Account
		0374 - TMF-Purchase Account
		0376 - TMF-Reserve Account
		0379 - TMF Bond Account

Capital Projects Fund Accounts – These funds report the activity related to the expenditure of the mobility fund bond proceeds on eligible transportation projects.

Appropriated Fund	GAAP Fund	LICAC D22 E J.	
runu	GAAF FUIIU	USAS D23 Funds	
0365	0365	0375 - TMF-2008 Bond Issue Account-Capital Project	
		0377 - TMF-Bond Issue Account-Capital Project	

Texas Department of Transportation Combining Balance Sheet - Texas Mobility Fund

August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

Texas Mobility Fund - Major
Debt Service & Capital Projects

	Debt Service & Capital Projects					ects
		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents:						
Cash in State Treasury	\$	519,973	\$.	692,969	\$	1,212,942
Total Assets	\$	519,973	\$	692,969	\$	1,212,942
•			_		-	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:		•				
Payables:						
Accounts Payable		282		9,610		9,892
Due to Other Funds				10,662		10,662
Unearned Revenues		1,800				1,800
Total Liabilities		2,082		20,272	-	22,354
Fund Balances (Deficits):						
Restricted		517,891		672,697		1,190,588
Total Fund Balances	_	517,891		672,697	-	1,190,588
			. —	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	519,973	\$	692,969	\$_	1,212,942
	==				=	

Texas Department of Transportation Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Texas Mobility Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

Texas Mobility Fund - Major Debt Service & Capital Projects Fund

	Service & Capital Projects Fund					ınd
		Debt		Capital		
		Service		Projects		
		Fund		Fund		Total
REVENUES	'		-		-	
Federal Revenues	\$	21,638	\$		\$	21,638
Licenses, Fees and Permits		367,548				367,548
Interest and Investment Income		1,929		1,494		3,423
Total Revenues		391,115	_	1,494	_	392,609
EXPENDITURES						•
Transportation				147,483		147,483
Capital Outlay				59,631		59,631
Principal on State Bonds		62,355				62,355
Interest on State Bonds		258,358				258,358
Other Financing Fees	_		_	8,199		8,199
Total Expenditures	-	320,713	_	215,313	_	536,026
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	70,402	_	(213,819)	_	(143,417)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		84,578				84,578
Transfers Out				(84,578)		(84,578)
Bonds & Note Issued				900,000		900,000
Bonds Issed for Refunding				930,160		930,160
Premiums on Bonds Issued				259,555		259,555
Payment to Escrow Refunding		(9,982)	_	(1,099,525)		(1,109,507)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	74,596		905,612		980,208
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	144,998	_	691,793	_	836,791
Fund Balances, September 1, 2014	_	372,893		(19,096)		353,797
Fund Balances, August 31, 2015	\$ _	517,891	\$_	672,697	\$_	1,190,588

This page is intentionally blank

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Financial Statements

TxDOT reports the following accounts/sub-funds, which are consolidated into the Nonmajor Governmental funds for the financial statements.

General Fund - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those accounted for in other

Appropriated	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Fund	GAAP Fund	USAS D23 Funds
0001	0001	0001 - General Revenue Fund
0900	0900	0090 - Suspense Fund
0999	0001	0998 - Miscellaneous-Utility Fund (Non-Cash)
0029	0029	0029 - Traffic Safety Fund
0001	0001	5000 - General Revenue Fund
7604	7604	7604 - TPFA G.O. Commercial Paper Series 2002B
		Colonias Project Fund

Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed for specified purposes other than debt service or capital project.

Appropriated		
Fund	GAAP Fund	USAS D23 Funds
9999	3029	0999 - Texas Transportation Corps
0184	0184	0184 - Trans Infrastructure Fund

Texas Department of Transportation Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund*	Total Nonmajor Funds
ASSETS					_
Cash and Cash Equivalents:					
Cash in Bank	\$	\$	104 \$	\$	104
Cash in State Treasury		26,301	171,013	126,691	324,005
Legislative Appropriations		16,203			16,203
Receivables:					
Federal		4,845			4,845
Due from Other Funds			118		118
Loans and Contracts		107	·		107
Total Assets	\$_	47,456 \$	171,235 \$	126,691 \$	345,382
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Payables:					
Accounts Payable		616	17,437		18,053
Payroll Payable		86			86
Due to Other Funds		26,301			26,301
Total Liabilities		27,003	17,437	0.	44,440
Fund Balances (Deficits):					
Nonspendable					
LT Loans, Contracts and Receivables		87			87
Restricted				126,691	126,691
Committed			153,704		153,704
Assigned		702	94		796
Unassigned	_	19,664		<u> </u>	19,664
Total Fund Balances		20,453	153,798	126,691	300,942
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	47,456 \$	171,235 \$	126,691 \$	345,382

^{*} Proposition 14/State Highway Fund Debt Service (Appropriated Fund 0008) - no combining statements presented.

Texas Department of Transportation Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund*	Total Nonmajor Funds
REVENUES				
Legislative Appropriations:				
Original Appropriations	\$ 195,807	\$	\$	\$ 195,807
Additional Appropriations	229			229
Federal Revenues	11,628		27,143	38,771
Interest and Investment Income		803	. 397	1,200
Sales of Goods and Services	1,633			1,633
Other Revenues		634		634
Total Revenues	209,297	1,437	27,540	238,274
EXPENDITURES				
Transportation	570	66,698		67,268
Capital Outlay	1,374	3,602		4,976
Principal on State Bonds	83,280		132,200	215,480
Interest on State Bonds	110,051		198,315	308,366
Other Financing Fees	558			558
Total Expenditures	195,833	70,300	330,515	596,648
				,
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	13,464	(68,863)	(302,975)	(358,374)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	903		304,165	305,068
Transfers Out	(47,900)			(47,900)
Payment to Escrow on Refunding			(13,057)	(13,057)
Sale of Capital Assets	2,981			2,981
Appropriations Lapsed	(1,216)			(1,216)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(45,232)	0	291,108	245,876
Net Change in Fund Balances	(31,768)	(68,863)	(11,867)	(112,498)
Fund Balances, September 1, 2014	52,221	222,661	138,558	413,440
Fund Balances, August 31, 2015	\$ 20,453			

^{*} Proposition 14/State Highway Fund Debt Service (Appropriated Fund 0008) - no combining statements presented.

This page is intentionally blank

General Fund Accounts

Combining Financial Statements

Appropriated

0900

0900

TxDOT reports the following accounts/sub-funds, which are consolidated into the Nonmajor Governmental funds for the financial statements.

General Fund - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those accounted for in other funds.

Fund Fund	GAAP Fund	USAS D23 Funds
0001	0001	0001 - General Revenue Fund
		5000 - General Revenue Fund
		0998 - Mis-Utility Fund (Non-Cash)
Traffic Safety-Crash R	Records Information Sy	ystems
Appropriated		
Fund	GAAP Fund	USAS D23 Funds
	·	
0029	0029	0029 - Traffic Safety Fund
Colonias Projects Fund	d ·	
Appropriated		
Fund	GAAP Fund	USAS D23 Funds
7604	7604	7604 - TPFA G.O. Commercial Paper Series 2002B
		Colonias Project Fund
Suspense Fund		
Appropriated		
Fund	GAAP Fund	USAS D23 Funds

0090 - Suspense Fund

Texas Department of Transportation Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund Accounts

August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	_	General Revenue Fund	Traffic Safety Crash Records Information Systems	Colonias Projects Fund	Suspense Fund	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents:						
Cash in State Treasury	\$	\$	\$	\$	26,301 \$	26,301
Legislative Appropriations		16,203				16,203
Receivables:						
Federal		4,845				4,845
Loans and Contracts	_	107				107
Total Assets	\$_	21,155 \$	0 \$	<u>0</u> \$	26,301	47,456
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Payables:						
Accounts Payable		616				. 616
Payroll Payable		86				. 86
Due to Other Funds	_				26,301	26,301
Total Liabilities	_	702		0	26,301	27,003
Fund Balances (Deficits):						
Nonspendable		87				87
Assigned		702				702
Unassigned	_	19,664		<u> </u>		19,664
Total Fund Balances	_	20,453	0	. 0	0	20,453
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	21,155 \$	0 \$	0 \$	26,301	47,456

Texas Department of Transportation Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund Accounts

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	General Revenue Fund	Safety- Crash Records Information Systems	Colonias Projects Fund	Suspense Fund	Total
REVENUES					
Legislative Appropriations:					•
Original Appropriations \$	195,807	3	\$	\$	\$ 195,807
Additional Appropriations	229				229
Federal Revenues	11,628				11,628
Sales of Goods and Services	1,633				1,633
Total Revenues	209,297	0	0	0	209,297
EXPENDITURES					
Transportation	(333)	750	153		570
Capital Outlay	1,374				1,374
Principal on State Bonds	83,280				83,280
Interest on State Bonds	110,051				110,051
Other Financing Fees	558				558
Total Expenditures	194,930	750	153	0	195,833
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	14,367	(750)	(153)	0	13,464
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	4				
Transfers In		750	153		903
Transfers Out	(47,900)				(47,900)
Sale of Capital Assets	2,981				2,981
Appropriations Lapsed	(1,216)				(1,216)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(46,135)	750	153	0	(45,232)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(31,768)	0	0	0	(31,768)
Fund Balances, September 1, 2014	52,221				52,221
Fund Balances, August 31, 2015 \$	20,453 \$. 0	\$0	\$0	\$ 20,453

Traffic

This page is intentionally blank

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Financial Statements

TxDOT reports the following accounts/sub-funds, which are consolidated into the General Governmental funds for the financial statements.

Transportation Infrastructure Fund

0184	0184	0184 - Trans Infrastructure Fund
		0104 - Italis illiastructure I una
Transportation (Cornorations	
Transportation v	or por actors	
ppropriated		
	GAAP Fund	USAS D23 Funds
Fund		
Transportation (Corporations	

Texas Department of Transportation Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Transportation Infrastructure Fund	Texas Transportation Corporations	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Cash in Bank	\$ \$	104 \$	104
Cash in State Treasury	171,013		171,013
Due from Other Funds		118	118
Total Assets	\$ 171,013 \$	222 \$	171,235
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Payables:			
Accounts Payable	17,309	128	17,437
Total Liabilities	17,309	128	17,437
Fund Balances (Deficits):			
Committed	153,704		153,704
Assigned		94	94
Total Fund Balances	153,704	94	153,798
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ <u>171,013</u> \$	\$	171,235

Texas Department of Transportation Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands)

		Transportation Infrastructure Fund	Texas Transportation Corporations	Total
REVENUES		•		
Interest and Investment Income	\$	803 \$		\$ 803
Other Revenues	_		634	634
Total Revenues	_	803	634	1,437
EXPENDITURES				
Transportation		65,790	908	66,698
Capital Outlay	-	3,602		. 3,602
Total Expenditures	_	69,392	908	70,300
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(68,589)	(274)	(68,863)
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(68,589)	(274)	(68,863)
Fund Balances, September 1, 2014	-	222,293	368	222,661
Fund Balances, August 31, 2015	\$_	153,704 \$	94	\$153,798

This page is intentionally blank

Agency Funds

Combining Financial Statements

These funds are are used to account for the assets held for distribution by the state as an agent for another entity for which the government has custodial responsibility and accounts for the flow of assets.

Agency Funds

Appropriated		
Fund	GAAP Fund	USAS D23 Funds
9999	9999	0997 - CTTS Depository Bank
9995	9999	1997 - Toll Custodial Account
0001	1000	1001 - General Revenue Fund-Agency Funds
0980	0980	0980 - Direct Deposit Correction Fund
0980	0980	9014 - USPS-Direct Deposit Return
0942	0942	0942 - 401K Payroll
0900	0900	0900 - Suspense Fund
0900	0900	9015 - USPS-Overpayments To Employees
0900	0900	9016 - Warrant Hold Offset-Gc403.0551
0882	0882	0882 - City County MTA & SPD Sales Tax
0807	0807	8070 - Child Support Addenda Deductions
0598	0598	0598 - All Terrain Vehicle Safety Fund
0021	0021	0021 - Proportional Registration Distribution

Texas Department of Transportation Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

		Balances September 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Balances August 31, 2015
UNAPPROPRIATED RECEIPTS					
General Revenue Fund					
Assets: Cash on Hand	\$	0_\$	\$	2,982_\$	0
Total Assets	\$		2,982 \$	2,982 \$. 0
Liabilities: Funds Held for Others	\$	0_\$	2,982 \$	2,982 \$	0
Total Liabilities	\$	0_\$	2,982 \$	2,982 \$	0
OTHER AGENCY FUNDS					•
Child Support Deducts Account	_				
Assets: Cash in State Treasury	\$	299_\$	4,063_\$	4,039 \$	323
Total Assets	\$	299 \$	4,063 \$	4,039 \$	323
Liabilities: Funds Held for Others	\$	299_\$	4,063_\$	4,039_\$	323
Total Liabilities	\$	299_\$	4,063 \$	4,039 \$	323
Direct Deposit Correction Account	_				
Assets:					
Cash in State Treasury	\$	2,405 \$	\$	3,339_\$	1,447
Total Assets	\$	2,405 \$	2,381 \$	3,339	1,447
Liabilities: Funds Held for Others	\$	2,405_\$	2,381_\$	3,339_\$	1,447
Total Liabilities	\$	2,405 \$	2,381_\$	3,339 \$	1,447
Toll Revenue Custodial Account					
Assets: Cash on Hand Cash in Bank Cash Equivalents	\$	189 \$ 147 27,327	7 \$ 26,450 1,001,888	189 \$ 26,112 991,997	7 485 37,218
Total Assets	\$	27,663 \$	1,028,345 \$	1,018,299 \$	37,709
Liabilities:	•				,
Funds Held For Others	\$	27,663_\$	1,028,345 \$	1,018,299 \$	37,709
Total Liabilities	\$	27,663 \$	1,028,345 \$	1,018,299 \$	37,709
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets:				·	
Cash on Hand Cash in Bank Cash In State Treasury Cash Equivalents	\$	189 \$ 147 2,704 27,327	2,989 \$ 26,450 6,444 1,001,888	3,171 \$ 26,112 7,378 991,997	7 485 1,770 37,218
Total Assets	\$	30,367 \$	1,037,771 \$	1,028,658 \$	39,480
Liabilities:					
Funds Held for Others	\$	30,367 \$	1,037,771 \$	1,028,658 \$	39,480
Total Liabilities	\$	30,367 \$	1,037,771 \$	1,028,658 \$	39,480

Other Information

Schedules*

- 1A Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Unaudited)
- 2A Miscellaneous Bond Information
- 2B Changes in Bonded Indebtedness
- 2C Debt Service Requirements
- 2D- Analysis of Funds Available for Debt Service
- 2F Early Extinguishment and Refunding
- 3 Matrix of Operating Expenditures Reported by Function-Governmental Funds (Unaudited)

^{*} All schedules are presented unrounded (in dollars and cents).

Texas Department of Transportation Schedule 1A - SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

Federal Grantor/	Federal	P	ass-Through Fr	om	Direct	Total Pass- Through From
Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	Agency	State	Other	Program	and Direct
Program Title	Number	Number	Entities	Entities	Amount	Program
			s s	S.		\$
Department of Defense:						
Direct Program:						
Community Investment	12.600				7,567,468.92	7,567,468.92
Total Department of Defense:			0.00	0.00	7,567,468.92	7,567,468.92
Federal Aviation Administration (FAA):						
Direct Program:						
Airport Improvement Program	20.106				68,324,773.61	68,324,773.61
Pass-Through Funds to Other Entities:						
Airport Improvement Program	20.106				300,000.00	300,000.00
Total FAA:			0.00	0.00	68,624,773.61	68,624,773.61
Federal Railroad Administration:						
Direct Program:						
High-Speed Rail Corridors and Intercity Passenger Rail	20.210				2,021,457.40	2 021 457 40
Service-Capital Assistance Grants - ARRA Rail Line Relocation and Improvement	20.319 20.320				2,021,437.40	2,021,457.40 2,234,179.08
Total Federal Railroad Administration:	20.320		0.00	0.00	4,255,636.48	4,255,636.48
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Federal Transit Administration (FTA):						
Direct Program:						
Federal Transit Metropolitan Planning Grants	20.505				769,638.53	769,638.53
Formula Grants For Other Than Urbanized Areas	20.509				1,539,612.04	1,539,612.04
Rail Fixed Guideway Public Transportation System State Safety Oversight Formula Grants	20.528				21,771.14	21,771.14
Safety Oversight Formula Grants	20.326				21,771.14	21,771.14
Pass-Through Funds to Other Entities:					400 553 63	100 777 62
Federal Transit Metropolitan Planning Grants	20.505				409,773.63 35,673,169.15	409,773.63 35,673,169.15
Formula Grants For Other Than Urbanized Areas Total FTA:	20.509		0.00	0.00	38,413,964.49	38,413,964.49
Total ETA,			0.00		30,113,301113	30,113,701113
National Highway Traffic Safety Admin. (NHTSA):		•				*
Direct Program:						
NHTSA Discretionary Safety Grants	20.614				21,239.12	21,239.12
Total NHTSA:			0.00	0.00	21,239.12	21,239.12
U.S. Department of Ttansportation:						
Direct Program:						
National Infrastructure Investments	20.933				10,615,017.65	10,615,017.65
Total U.S. DOT:			0.00	0.00	10,615,017.65	10,615,017.65
Canaval Samiaco Administration (CSA)						
<u>General Services Administration (GSA):</u> Pass-Through Funds:						
Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property-NonMonetary						
Pass-Through from Texas Facilities Commission	39.003	303	123,780.10		0.00	123,780.10
Total GSA:			123,780.10	0.00	0.00	123,780.10

Pass-Through To				Total Pass- Through To		
Agency	State	Other		and Expenditures		
Number	Entities	Entities	Expenditures	Amount		
5	•	s	S			
	•		7.567.468.03	7.567.460.00		
	0.00	0.00	7,567,468.92	7,567,468.92		
	0.00	0.00	7,567,468.92	7,567,468.92		
	•					
		*	68,324,773.61	68,324,773.61		
		300,000.00		300,000.00		
	0.00	300,000.00	68,324,773.61	68,624,773.61		
			2,021,457.40	2,021,457.40		
			2,234,179.08	2,234,179.08		
	0.00	0.00	4,255,636.48	4,255,636.48		
			769,638.53	769,638.53		
		·	1,539,612.04	1,539,612.04		
				,		
			21,771.14	21,771.14 .		
			•			
		409,773.63		400 772 62		
		35,673,169.15		409,773.63 35,673,169.15		
	0.00	36,082,942.78	2,331,021.71	38,413,964.49		
			21 220 12	21 222 12		
	0.00	0.00	21,239.12	21,239.12 21,239.12		
	0.00	0.00	21,239.12	21,239.12		
			10,615,017.65	10,615,017.65		
	0.00	0.00	10,615,017.65	10,615,017.65		
			100 700 10	,		
	0.00	0.00	123,780.10	123,780.10		
	0.00	0.00	123,/80.10	123,780.10		

⁻ Continued on Next Page

Texas Department of Transportation Schedule 1A - SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

Federal Grantor/	Federal	Pas	ss-Through F	rom	Direct	Through From
Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	Agency	State	Other	Program	and Direct
Program Title	Number	Number	Entities	Entities	Amount	Program
04 01		S	\$	•	\$	\$
Other Clusters						
Federal Transit Cluster:					,	
Todor de Transie Otasion.				-		
Federal Transit Administration (FTA):			•			
Direct Program:						
Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Program	20.526				. 288.43	288.43
Pass-Through Funds to Other Entities:						
Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants	20.500				333,209.79	333,209.79
Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Program	20.526				3,917,182.61	3,917,182.61
Total FTA:			0.00	0.00	4,250,680.83	4,250,680.83
Transit Services Programs Cluster:						
Federal Transit Administration (FTA):	•					
Direct Program:				•		
Capital Assistance Program for Elderly Persons						
and Persons with Disabilities	20.513				731,947.33	731,947.33
Job Access - Reverse Commute	20.516				27,652.02	27,652.02
New Freedom Program	20.521				61,407.21	61,407.21
Pass-Through Funds:	•					,
Capital Assistance Program for Elderly Persons						
and Persons with Disabilities						
University of Texas Health Center at Tyler	20.513				64,000.00	64,000.00
Job Access - Reverse Commute	20.516				10 170 26	40.470.26
University of Texas - Permian Basin	20.516	•			49,479.26	49,479.26
Pass-Throughs to Other Entities:						
Capital Assistance Program for Elderly Persons						
and Persons with Disabilities	20.513				6,245,018.69	6,245,018.69
Job Access - Reverse Commute	20.516				6,842,337.37	6,842,337.37
New Freedom Program	20.521				1,914,313.43	1,914,313.43
Total FTA:			0.00	0.00	15,936,155.31	15,936,155.31
			-			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:						
Federal Highway Administration (FHWA):						
Direct Program:						
Highway Planning and Construction - ARRA	20.205				21,094,464.52	21,094,464.52
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205				2,721,124,675.83	2,721,124,675.83
					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Pass-Through Funds:						
Highway Planning and Construction						
Texas A & M University	20.205			* *	322,083.27	322,083.27
University of Texas at Arlington	20.205				309,009.17	309,009.17
Prairie View A & M University	20.205				232,108.48	232,108.48
University of Texas - El Paso	20.205				8,000,000.00	8,000,000.00
Texas Transportation Institute	20.205				49,383.48	49,383.48
Texas Historical Commission	20.205				2,816,580.43	2,816,580.43
Pass-Through to Other Entities - ARRA	20.205				1,986,474.54	1,986,474.54
Pass-Through to Other Entities - ARRA Pass-Through to Other Entities	20.205	-			224,334,765.78	224,334,765.78
Total FHWA:	20.200		0.00	0.00	2,980,269,545.50	2,980,269,545.50
IOMITHWA.			0.00	0.00	4,760,409,545.50	2,900,209,343.30

	Pass-Through T	o'		Through To		
Agency Number	State Entities	Other Entities	Expenditures	and Expenditures Amount		
\$	3	\$	s s			
			288.43	288.43		
		333,209.79		333,209.79		
		3,917,182.61		3,917,182.61		
	0.00	4,250,392.40	288.43	4,250,680.83		
			•			
			731,947.33 27,652.02	731,947.33		
			61,407.21	27,652.02 61,407.21		
			01,107121	01,107.21		
		•	4			
785	64,000.00			64,000.00		
742	49,479.26			49,479.26		
		6,245,018.69		6,245,018:69		
		6,842,337.37 1,914,313.43		6,842,337.37		
	113,479.26	15,001,669.49	821,006.56	1,914,313.43 15,936,155.31		
			21,094,464.52	21,094,464.52		
			2,721,124,675.83	2,721,124,675.83		
m.,	225 225 25					
711 714	322,083.27 309,009.17			322,083.27		
714	232,108.48			309,009.17 232,108.48		
724	8,000,000.00			8,000,000.00		
727	49,383.48			49,383.48		
808	2,816,580.43			2,816,580.43		
		1,986,474.54		1,986,474.54		
		224,334,765.78		224,334,765.78		
	11,729,164.83	226,321,240.32	2,742,219,140.35	2,980,269,545.50		

⁻ Continued on Next Page

Texas Department of Transportation

Schedule 1A - SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

Federal Grantor/	Federal	Pass-Through From					Direct	Through From
Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	Agency	State		Other	•	Program	and Direct
Program Title	Number	Number	Entities	I	Intities		Amount	Program
		\$		\$		s –		S
Highway Safety Cluster:								
N. C. LITTLE TO CO. C. C. A.L. C. CITTER II.								
National Highway Traffic Safety Admin. (NHTSA):		•						
Direct Program:								
State and Community Highway Safety Program	20.600						1,873,230.26	1,873,230.26
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures								
Incentive Grants	20.601						636,314.38	636,314.38
Occupant Protection Incentive Grants	20.602						184.61	184.61
State Traffic Safety Information System Improvement Grants	20.610						672,888.57	672,888.57
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616						7,691,384.21	7,691,384.21
Pass-Through Funds:								
State and Community Highway Safety Program	20.600						1 564 602 62	1 564 602 62
Texas Department of Public Safety	20.600						1,564,602.62	1,564,602.62 558,816.69
Texas Department of State Health Services	20.600						558,816.69 316,898.04	316,898.04
Texas A&M Agrillife Extension Service	20.600							
University of Texas at Arlington	20.600						297,654.13	297,654.13
Texas A & M Engineering Extension Service	20.600						568,333.18	568,333.18
Texas Transportation Institute	20.600						1,196,106.74	1,196,106.74
Texas Tech University	20.600						124,124.34	124,124.34
Texas A & M University - Corpus Christi	20.600						61,501.46	61,501.46
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants								
Texas Department of Public Safety	20.601						52,793.15	52,793.15
Texas State University	20.601						9,919.92	9,919.92
State To CC State I St								
State Traffic Safety Information System Improvement Grants Texas Department of State Health Services	20.610						159,766.00	159,766.00
Texas Department of State Health Services	20.010						159,700.00	135,700.00
National Priority Safety Programs								
Texas Department of Public Safety	20.616						2,954,085.58	2,954,085.58
Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission	20.616						468,160.33	468,160.33
Texas Department of State Health Services	20.616						381,422.12	381,422.12
Texas A&M Agrilife Extension Service	20.616						808,420.30	808,420.30
University of Texas at Arlington	20.616						147,528.85	147,528.85
Texas Transportation Institute	20.616						1,480,502.42	1,480,502.42
Sam Houston State University	20.616						618,819.59	618,819.59
Texas State University	20.616						116,290.05	116,290.05
University of Houston - Downtown	20.616						288,822.62	288,822.62
Pass-Through to Other Entities	20.600						10 120 170 27	10 420 160 26
State and Community Highway Safety Program	20.600						10,439,169.36	10,439,169.36
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures	** ***						000 001 06	000 201 26
Incentive Grants	20.601						922,321.36	922,321.36
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616		0.00	_	0.00	_	5,745,868.92	5,745,868.92
Total NHTSA:			0.00	_	0.00	_	40,155,929.80	40,155,929.80
Total Other Clusters			.0.00		0.00	_ 3	3,040,612,311.44	3,040,612,311.44
		•						
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE		\$	123,780.10	\$	0.00	\$ _3	3,170,110,411.71	\$ 3,170,234,191.81

Total Pass-

	Pass-Through T			Total Pass- Through To
Agency Number	State Entities	Other Entities	Expenditures	and Expenditures Amount
vumber	\$	\$ S		Amount
	-	-	-	
			1,873,230.26	1,873,230.26
			1,070,250120	.,010,200,20
			636,314.38	636,314.38
			184.61	184.61
			672,888.57	672,888.57
		*	7,691,384.21	7,691,384.21
405	1,564,602.62		•	1,564,602.62
537	558,816.69			558,816.69
555	316,898.04			316,898.04
714	297,654.13			297,654.13
716	568,333.18			568,333.18
727	1,196,106.74			1,196,106.74
733	124,124.34			124,124.34
760	61,501.46			61,501.46
405	52,793.15	,		52,793.15
754	9,919.92			9,919.92
537	159,766.00			159,766.00
				,
		•		
405	2,954,085.58			2,954,085.58
458	468,160.33			468,160.33
537 555	381,422.12		1	381,422.12
714	808,420.30 147,528.85			808,420.30 147,528.85
727	1,480,502.42			1,480,502.42
753	618,819.59			618,819.59
754	116,290.05			116,290.05
784	288,822.62			288,822.62
704	200,022.02			200,022.02
		10,439,169.36		10,439,169.36
		022 221 26	k	022 221 27
		922,321.36		922,321.36
	12 174 560 12	5,745,868.92	10.074.002.02	5,745,868.92
	12,174,568.13	17,107,359.64	10,874,002.03	40,155,929.80
	24,017,212.22	262,680,661.85	2,753,914,437.37	3,040,612,311.44
	\$ 24,017,212.22	\$ 299,063,604.63 \$	2,847,153,374.96 \$	3,170,234,191.81

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

Note 1 - Nonmonetary Assistance

The "Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property" is presented at 23.68 percent of the federal acquisition cost of \$522,720.00. The surplus property is passed through from the Texas Facilities Commission. The federal grantor agency is the General Services Administration (GSA) and the federal CFDA number is 39.003. The estimated fair market value (FMV) for fiscal year 2015 is \$123,780.10. The difference of the values of the surplus property recorded on the federal schedule and Exhibit II (Federal Revenues) is a reconciling item under Note 2.

Note 2 - Reconciliation

Per Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds:

Federal Revenues before Other Adjustments	\$3,230,519,838.80		
Reconciling Items:			
Federal Surplus Personal Property Donation (Non-Monetary)	123,780.10		
Build America Bonds Federal Subsidy	(60,409,427.09)		
Total Pass-Through and Expenditures per Federal Schedule	\$3,170,234,191.81		
Note 7 - Federal Deferred Inflow			
Federal Deferred Inflow September 1, 2014	\$24,701,709.02		
Increase (Decrease)	66,049,985.30		
Federal Deferred Inflow August 31, 2015	\$90,751,694.32		

The federal deferred inflow ending balance of \$90,751,694.32 pertains to federal expenditures which were incurred and are reimbursable from the Federal Highway Administration, but the federal revenue is not collectable within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Federal CFDA number 20.205 applies to this \$90,751,694.32.

Bond Schedules

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE 2A - MISCELLANEOUS BOND INFORMATION

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

Governmental Activities

					Terms of Variable		duled irities	
		Bonds Issued to Date		Range of Interest Rates		First Year	Last Year	First Call Date
General Obligation Bonds:								
Texas Mobility Fund (Self-Supporting)					,			
Series 2005-A Fixed Rate Bonds	\$	900,000,000.00	3.9000%	5.0000%		2006	2035	4/1/2015
Series 2005-B Variable Rate Bonds		100,000,000.00	VAR	VAR	Weekly	2006	2030	**
Series 2006 Fixed Rate Bonds		750,000,000.00	3.6250%	5.0000%		2007	2036	4/1/2016
Series 2006-A Fixed Rate Bonds		1,040,275,000.00	4.0000%	5.0000%		2007	2035	4/1/2017
Series 2006-B Variable Rate Bonds		150,000,000.00	VAR	VAR	Weekly	2036	2036	**
Series 2007 Fixed Rate Bonds		1,006,330,000.00	4.0000%	5.0000%		2008	2037	4/1/2017
Series 2008 Fixed Rate Bonds		1,100,000,000.00	4.0000%	5.0000%		2009	2037	4/1/2018
Series 2009-A Taxable Fixed Rate Bonds		1,208,495,000.00	5.3670%	5.5170%		2029	2039	**
Series 2014 Refunding Fixed Rate Bonds		973,775,000.00	4.0000%	5.0000%		2016	2034	4/1/2024
Series 2014-A Refunding Fixed Rate Bonds		1,580,160,000.00	4.0000%	5.0000%		2017	2044	10/1/2024
Series 2014-B SIFMA Index Bonds		250,000,000.00	VAR	VAR	Weekly	2040	2041	4/1/2018
Total General Obligation Bonds (Self-Supporting)		9,059,035,000.00						
Texas Highway Improvement (Non-Self-Supporting)							•	
Series 2010-A Taxable Fixed Rate Bonds		815,420,000.00	3.2030%	4.6810%		2019	2040	**
Series 2010-B Fixed Rate Bonds	•	162,390,000.00	2.0000%	5.0000%	- 1	2012	2018	n/a
Series 2012-A Fixed Rate Bonds		818,635,000.00	5.0000%	5.0000%		2019	2042	4/1/2022
Series 2012-B Taxable Fixed Rate Bonds		99,570,000.00	0.3000%	1.5000%		2014	2019	n/a
Series 2014 Fixed Rate Bonds		1,260,000,000.00	2.0000%	5.0000%		2015	2044	4/1/2024
Total General Obligation (Non-Self Supporting)		3,156,015,000.00						
Revenue Bonds:								
State Highway Fund (Self-Supporting)								
Series 2006 Fixed Rate Bonds		600,000,000.00	4.0000%	5.0000%		2007	2026	4/1/2016
Series 2006-A Fixed Rate Bonds		852,550,000.00	4.0000%	5.2500%		2008	2025	4/1/2016
Series 2006-B Variable Rate Bonds		100,000,000.00	VAR	VAR	Weekly	2026	2026	**
Series 2007 Fixed Rate Bonds		1,241,845,000.00	4.0000%	5.0000%		2009	2027	4/1/2017
Series 2008 Fixed Rate Bonds		162,995,000.00	3.5000%	5.2500%		2010	2028	4/1/2018
Series 2010 Taxable Fixed Rate Bonds		1,500,000,000.00	5.0280%	5.1780%		2026	2030	**
Series 2014-A Refunding Fixed Rate Bonds		1,157,795,000.00	4.7500%	5.0000%		2017	2034	4/1/2024
Series 2014-B SIFMA Index Bonds		300,000,000.00	VAR	VAR	Weekly	2032	2032	4/1/2017
Series 2015, First Tier Revenue Refunding Bonds		781,080,000.00	3.0000%	5.0000%		2017	2026	n/a
Total Revenue Bonds (Self-Supporting)		6,696,265,000.00						
Total Governmental Activities		18,911,315,000.00						

^{*} The variable rate bonds were variable based on weekly interest rates set throughout fiscal 2015. These bonds may be converted to a daily mode, term rate mode, fixed rate mode, auction rate mode or a commecial paper mode at the option of the Commission or under condition detailed in the applicable official statement.

^{**} Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their respective maturities at the option of the Commissi

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE 2A - MISCELLANEOUS BOND INFORMATION (Concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

Business-Type Activities

	Bonds Issued to Date		•		Terms of	Scheduled Maturities		
			Range of Interest Rates		Variable Interest Rates *	First Year	Last Year	First Call Date
Revenue Bonds:								
Central Texas Turnpike System (Self-Supporting)								
First Tier Revenue Bonds Series 2002-A								
Non-Callable Capital Appreciation Bonds ***	\$	575,968,836.97	4.4700%	5.7500%		2012	2030	n/a
Callable Capital Appreciation Bonds ***		325,494,476.65	6.0000%	6.1000%		2025	2038	8/15/2012
First Tier Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2012-A		585,330,000.00	4.0000%	5.0000%		2038	2041	8/15/2022
First Tier Revenue Refunding Put Bonds, Series 2012-B		225,000,000.00	1.2500%	1.2500%		2042	2042	2/15/2015
First Tier Revenue Refunding Put Bonds, Series 2015-A		225,000,000.00	5.0000%	5.0000%		2041	2042	4/1/2020
First Tier Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2015-B								
Current Interest Bonds + Term Bond		. 198,025,000.00	5.0000%	5.0000%		. 2032	2037	8/15/2024
Capital Appreication Bonds		94,951,600.00	4.3600%	4.3800%		2036	2037	8/15/2024
Second Tier Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015-C		1,157,320,000.00	5.0000%	5.0000%		2022	2042	8/15/2024
Total Central Texas Tumpike System (Self-Supporting)		3,387,089,913.62						
Blended Component Unit-Grand Parkway Transportation	Corpor	ation****						
First Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2013-A		200,000,000.00	5.1250%	5.5000%		2031	2053	10/1/2023
First Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2013-B								
Convertible Capital Appreciation Bonds***		311,241,111.88	4.9500%	5.8500%		2029	2048	10/1/2028
Current Interest Bonds		1,137,935,000.00	5.0000%	5.2500%		2048	2053	10/1/2023
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2013-E		361,810,000.00	5.1840%	5.1840%		2036	2042	**
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2014-B		83,550,000.00	VAR	VAR	Monthly	2016	2016	**
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2014-C Total Blended Component Unit-Grand Parkway		107,180,000.00	VAR	VAR	Monthly	2016	2016	**
Transportation Corporation		2,201,716,111.88						
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	5,588,806,025.50						

^{*} Rates reset on the first business day of each month.

^{**} Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their respective maturities at the option of the Corporation.

^{***}Bonds issued to date include interest accreted to principal.

^{****}Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation bonds are not obligations of the State.

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE 2B - CHANGES IN BONDED INDEBTEDNESS

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

Governmental Activities

	Bonds Outstanding		Bonds Matured	Bonds Refunded	Bonds Outstanding	
Description	9/1/2014	Bonds Issued	or Retired	or Extinguished	8/31/2015	
General Obligation Bonds:						
Texas Mobility Fund						
Series 2005-A	\$ 20,180,000.0	0 \$	\$ 20,180,000.00	\$	\$ 0.00	
Series 2005-B	70,740,000.0	0		70,740,000.00	0.00	
Series 2006	267,840,000.0	0	16,940,000.00	233,130,000.00	17,770,000.00	
Series 2006-A	1,023,590,000.0	0	6,045,000.00	478,830,000.00	538,715,000.00	
Series 2006-B	150,000,000.0		, ,	. ,	150,000,000.00	
Series 2007	965,455,000.0		4,945,000.00	233,280,000.00	727,230,000.00	
Series 2008	968,585,000.00		14,245,000.00		954,340,000.00	
Series 2009-A	1,208,495,000.00		, ,,_ ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1,208,495,000.00	
Series 2014	973,775,000.00			•	973,775,000.00	
Series 2014-A	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,580,160,000.00			1,580,160,000.00	
Series 2014-B		250,000,000.00			250,000,000.00	
Texas Highway Improvement		Ţ / -				
Series 2010-A	815,420,000.00	0		•	815,420,000.00	
Series 2010-B	99,170,000.00	0	23,120,000.00		76,050,000.00	
Series 2012-A	818,635,000.00	o ,			818,635,000.00	
Series 2012-B	81,465,000.00	0	18,160,000.00	*	63,305,000.00	
Series 2014		1,260,000,000.00	42,000,000.00	<u></u>	1,218,000,000.00	
Total General Obligation Bonds	7,463,350,000.00	3,090,160,000.00	145,635,000.00	1,015,980,000.00	9,391,895,000.00	
Revenue Bonds:		•				
State Highway Fund		A Company of the Company				
Series 2006	54,665,000.0	0	26,680,000.00		27,985,000.00	
Series 2006-A	. 101,020,000.00)	44,185,000.00	10,665,000.00	46,170,000.00	
Series 2006-B	100,000,000.00)			100,000,000.00	
Series 2007	963,870,000.00		54,500,000.00	792,135,000.00	117,235,000.00	
Series 2008	133,175,000.00	0	6,835,000.00	45,500,000.00	80,840,000.00	
Series 2010	1,500,000,000.00	0			1,500,000,000.00	
Series 2014-A	1,157,795,000.00				1,157,795,000.00	
Series 2014-B	300,000,000.00				300,000,000.00	
Series 2015	, ,	781,080,000.00			781,080,000.00	
Total Revenue Bonds	4,310,525,000.00		132,200,000.00	848,300,000.00	4,111,105,000.00	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 11,773,875,000.00		\$ 277,835,000.00	\$ 1,864,280,000.00	\$ 13,503,000,000.00	

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE 2B - CHANGES IN BONDED INDEBTEDNESS (Continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

Governmental Activities

	Unamortized Premium	Unamortize Discount	d	Net Bonds Outstanding 8/31/2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds:			·		
Texas Mobility Fund					
Series 2005-A	\$	\$	\$	0.00	\$
Series 2005-B				0.00	
Series 2006	252,288.42			18,022,288.42	18,022,288.42
Series 2006-A	11,413,508.80			550,128,508.80	7,644,319.32
Series 2006-B				150,000,000.00	
Series 2007	10,540,446.32			737,770,446.32	8,375,975.84
Series 2008	37,961,745.26			992,301,745.26	18,788,144.41
Series 2009-A				1,208,495,000.00	
Series 2014	135,449,407.13			1,109,224,407.13	11,155,096.41
Series 2014-A	246,306,196.65			1,826,466,196.65	13,248,431.05
Series 2014-B				250,000,000.00	., ., .,
Texas Highway Improvement Series 2010-A				. 045 400 000 00	
Series 2010-B	4,068,532.09			815,420,000.00	00 004 040 00
Series 2012-A	157,855,615.02			80,118,532.09	26,224,612.02
Series 2012-B	172,011.32			976,490,615.02	8,811,417.30
Series 2014	191,546,216.13			63,477,011.32 1,409,546,216.13	18,301,201.38 54,769,747.74
Total General Obligation Bonds	795,565,967.14			10,187,460,967.14	185,341,233.89
Revenue Bonds:					
State Highway Fund Series 2006				27,985,000.00	27,985,000.00
Series 2006-A	1,307,546.69			47,477,546.69	47,477,546.69
Series 2006-B	1,007,040.00			100,000,000.00	47,477,540.08
Series 2007	1,077,545.89			118,312,545.89	57,912,619.69
Series 2008	3,828,795.23			84,668,795.23	7,601,302.64
Series 2010				1,500,000,000.00	
Series 2014-A	160,989,065.33			1,318,784,065.33	16,298,635.36
Series 2014-B				300,000,000.00	
Series 2015	117,980,474.62			899,060,474.62	15,452,132.08
Total Revenue Bonds	285,183,427.76			4,396,288,427.76	172,727,236.46
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,080,749,394.90	\$	0.00 \$	14,583,749,394.90	\$ 358,068,470.35

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE 2B - CHANGES IN BONDED INDEBTEDNESS (Continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

Business-Type Activities

	Bor	nds Outstanding				Во	nds Matured	Вс	onds Refunded	Во	nds Outstanding
Description		9/1/2014		Bonds Issued			or Retired	01	Extinguished		8/31/2015
Revenue Bonds: First Tier Bonds Series 2002-A											
Non-Callable CAB's	\$	527,512,639.37	\$	26,086,197.30		\$	8,415,000.00	\$	115,663,602.55	\$	429,520,234.12
Callable CAB's		317,329,161.71		8,165,314.94					325,494,476.65		0.00
First Tier Bonds Series 2012-A		585,330,000.00				•					585,330,000.00
First Tier Bonds Series 2012-B		225,000,000.00							225,000,000.00		0.00
First Tier Bonds Series 2015-A				225,000,000.00							225,000,000.00
First Tier Bonds Series 2015-B											
Current Interest Bonds				198,025,000.00							198,025,000.00
Capital Appreciation Bonds			٠	94,951,600.00	**						94,951,600.00
First Tier Bonds Series 2015-C				1,157,320,000.00							1,157,320,000.00
Blended Component Unit-Grand	l Parkw	ay Transportation	Cor	p.*:		-					
First Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2013-A Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2013-B		200,000,000.00					ē.				200,000,000.00
Callable CAB		294,313,572.07		16,927,539.81	**						311,241,111.88
Current Interest Bonds		1,137,935,000.00									1,137,935,000.00
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2013-E		361,810,000.00									361,810,000.00
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014-B		83,550,000.00									83,550,000.00
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014-C		107,180,000.00			,						107,180,000.00
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	3,839,960,373.15	\$	1,726,475,652.05		\$	8,415,000.00	\$	666,158,079.20	\$	4,891,862,946.00

^{*}Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation debt issuances are not obligations of the State

^{**}Due to annual principal accretion.

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE 2B - CHANGES IN BONDED INDEBTEDNESS (Concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

Business-Type Activities

Description		Unamortized Premium	Unamortized Discount	Net Bonds Outstanding 8/31/2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Revenue Bonds:			<u></u>		
First Tier Bonds Series 2002-A					
Non-Callable CAB's	\$		\$	\$ 429,520,234.12	\$ 1,745,000.00
Callable CAB's					
First Tier Bonds Series 2012-A		45,750,775.24		631,080,775.24	1,864,508.47
First Tier Bonds Series 2012-B				0.00	
First Tier Bonds Series 2015-A		36,135,427.55		261,135,427.55	1,347,322.45
First Tier Bonds Series 2015-B					
Current Interest Bonds		28,675,200.39		226,700,200.39	1,465,537.11
Capital Appreciation Bonds			•	94,951,600.00	
First Tier Bonds Series 2015-C		143,154,817.72		1,300,474,817.72	7,489,215.68
Blended Component Unit-Grand	d Parkv	vay Transportation	n Corp.*:		
First Tier Toll Revenue Bonds,			(2,855,930.94)	197,144,069.06	(86,941.84)
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Bonds, Series 2013-B Callable CAB					
Current Interest Bonds		0.040.000.47	(45,000,000,00)	311,241,111.88	/
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue		6,212,036.17	(15,632,636.08)	1,128,514,400.09	(242,705.82)
Bonds, Series 2013-E Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue				361,810,000.00	
Refunding Bonds, Series 2014-B				83,550,000.00	
Subordinate Tier Toll Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014-C				107,180,000.00	
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	259,928,257.07	\$ (18,488,567.02)	\$ 5,133,302,636.05	\$ 13,581,936.05

^{*}Grand Parkway Transportation Corporation debt issuances are not obligations of the State

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

Governmental Activities

Description of Issue	Year		Principal		Interest
TMF General Obligation Bonds					
			·		•
Series 2006	2016	\$	17,770,000.00	\$	857,875.00
			17,770,000.00		857,875.00
Series 2006-A	2016		6,955,000.00		25,202,800.00
	2017		8,895,000.00		24,924,600.00
	2018				24,479,850.00
	2019				24,479,850.00
	2020				24,479,850.00
	2021-2025				122,399,250.00
	2026-2030		138,380,000.00		116,782,800.00
	2031-2035		384,485,000.00		62,835,750.00
	2001 2000		538,715,000.00		425,584,750.00
		•	333,113,333.33		
Series 2006-B	2016				15,013.69
	2017				14,986.29
	2018				14,999.99
	2019		*.		14,999.99
	2020				15,013.69
	2021-2025		·.		74,986.25
	2026-2030				74,999.95
	2031-2035		19,890,000.00		74,166.20
	2036-2040		130,110,000.00		7,583.85
			150,000,000.00		306,749.90
Series 2007	2016		7,830,000.00		35,302,887.50
	2017		10,495,000.00		34,989,687.50
	2018				34,464,937.50
	2019				34,464,937.50
	2020				34,464,937.50
	2021-2025				172,324,687.50
	2026-2030		71,900,000.00		170,682,612.50
	2031-2035		242,450,000.00		136,107,575.00
	2036-2040		394,555,000.00		32,920,250.00
			727,230,000.00		685,722,512.50
Series 2008	2016		16,175,000.00		46,226,200.00
G61169 2000	2017		17,725,000.00		45,417,450.00
	2017		19,970,000.00		44,531,200.00
	2019		21,725,000.00		43,532,700.00
	2019		23,585,000.00		42,446,450.00
					192,478,500.00
	2021-2025		150,690,000.00		148,392,500.00
	2026-2030		218,355,000.00		
	2031-2035		302,800,000.00		88,037,375.00
	2036-2040	•	183,315,000.00	φ.	13,963,575.00
		\$	954,340,000.00	\$	665,025,950.00

Description of Issue	Year		Principal		Interest
TMF General Obligation Bonds					
Series 2009-A	2016	\$		\$	66,582,669.16
	2017				66,582,669.16
	2018				66,582,669.16
	2019				66,582,669.16
	2020		420,000.00		66,582,669.16
	2021-2025		16,950,000.00		331,685,107.84
	2026-2030		58,120,000.00		323,018,476.24
	2031-2035		116,035,000.00		301,206,959.58
	2036-2040		1,016,970,000.00		189,654,322.96
			1,208,495,000.00		1,478,478,212.42
Series 2014	2016				46,817,200.00
	2017		24,845,000.00		46,196,075.00
	2018		23,790,000.00		45,099,150.00
	2019		33,185,000.00		43,793,725.00
	2020		36,875,000.00		42,042,225.00
	2021-2025		239,705,000.00		177,439,875.00
	2026-2030		342,745,000.00		105,142,125.00
•	2031-2035		272,630,000.00		31,095,325.00
			973,775,000.00		537,625,700.00
Series 2014-A	2016				76,554,050.00
	2017				76,554,050.00
	2018		24,650,000.00		75,937,800.00
	2019		30,155,000.00		74,567,675.00
	2020		35,990,000.00		72,914,050.00
	2021-2025		280,785,000.00		328,564,625.00
	2026-2030		272,425,000.00		247,129,625.00
	2031-2035		263,170,000.00		183,928,925.00
	2036-2040		157,045,000.00		154,723,125.00
	2041-2045		515,940,000.00		83,733,500.00
			1,580,160,000.00		1,374,607,425.00
Series 2014-B	2016				1 000 012 22
Genes 2014 B	2010				1,000,913.22
,	2018				999,086.76
	2019				1,000,000.02
	2019				1,000,000.02
	2020				1,000,913.22
	2021-2025				4,999,086.78
	2026-2030				5,000,000.04
	2031-2035				5,000,000.04
•	2036-2040		250 000 000 00		5,009,132.40
	ZU41-ZU43	<u> </u>	250,000,000.00	<u>.</u>	516,556.74
•		\$	250,000,000.00	\$.	25,525,689.24

Description of Issue	Year		Principal		Interest
Series 2010-A	2016	\$		\$	35,837,342.50
	2017		,		35,837,342.50
	2018				35,837,342.50
	2019		27,720,000.00		35,837,342.50
	2020		28,300,000.00		34,949,470.90
•	2021-2025		151,675,000.00		159,090,540.30
	2026-2030	*	173,310,000.00		125,812,630.32
	2031-2035	÷	200,985,000.00		83,300,551.72
	2036-2040		233,430,000.00		33,436,383.02
			815,420,000.00		579,938,946.26
Texas Highway Improvement Ge Obligation Bonds	neral				
Series 2010-B	2016		24,220,000.00		3,502,150.00
	2017		25,360,000.00		2,359,400.00
	2018		26,470,000.00		1,249,000.00
	2010		76,050,000.00		7,110,550.00
				****	.,,
Series 2012-A	2016				40,931,750.00
	2017				40,931,750.00
	2018				40,931,750.00
	2019		10,915,000.00		40,931,750.00
	2020		19,495,000.00		40,386,000.00
	2021-2025		113,115,000.00		186,296,000.00
	2026-2030		144,365,000.00		155,044,500.00
	2031-2035		184,245,000.00		115,159,750.00
	2036-2040		235,155,000.00		64,256,000.00
	2041-2045		111,345,000.00		8,418,750.00
			818,635,000.00		733,288,000.00
Series 2012-B	2016		18,225,000.00		725,657.50
	2017		18,500,000.00		452,282.50
	2018		18,645,000.00		304,282.50
	2019		7,935,000.00		99,187.50
			63,305,000.00		1,581,410.00
Series 2014	2016		42,000,000.00		59,640,000.00
	2017		42,000,000.00		57,540,000.00
	2018		42,000,000.00		55,440,000.00
	2019		42,000,000.00		53,340,000.00
	2020		42,000,000.00		51,240,000.00
	2021-2025		210,000,000.00		224,700,000.00
	2026-2030		210,000,000.00		172,200,000.00
•	2031-2035		210,000,000.00		122,220,000.00
	2036-2040		210,000,000.00		73,500,000.00
	2041-2045		168,000,000.00		21,000,000.00
	_520.0		1,218,000,000.00	_	890,820,000.00
Total General Obligation Bonds		\$	9,391,895,000.00	\$	7,406,473,770.32

Description of Issue	Year		Principal	Interest
SHF Revenue Bonds				
Series 2006	2016	\$	27,985,000.00	\$1,397,000.00
			27,985,000.00	1,397,000.00
Series 2006-A	2016		46,170,000.00	2 077 650 00
36,165,2657,	2010		46,170,000.00	2,077,650.00 2,077,650.00
		-	40,170,000.00	2,011,000.00
Series 2006-B	2016			250,228.30
	2017			249,771.70
	2018			250,000.04
	2019			250,000.04
	2020			250,228.30
	2021-2025		25,755,000.00	1,222,781.93
	2026-2030		74,245,000.00	107,807.81
			100,000,000.00	2,580,818.12
Sorios 2007	2046	•	F7 000 000 00	
Series 2007	2016		57,200,000.00	5,779,250.00
	2017		60,035,000.00	2,945,500.00
			117,235,000.00	8,724,750.00
Series 2008	2016		7,155,000.00	4,141,437.50
	2017		7,490,000.00	3,805,237.50
	2018		7,840,000.00	3,455,637.50
	2019			3,063,637.50
	2020			3,063,637.50
	2021-2025		21,570,000.00	14,766,412.50
	2026-2030		36,785,000.00	3,928,312.50
			80,840,000.00	36,224,312.50
Series 2010	2016			77,226,067.50
	2017			77,226,067.50
	2018			77,226,067.50
	2019			77,226,067.50
	2020			77,226,067.50
	2021-2025		218,615,000.00	375,378,210.90
	2026-2030		1,281,385,000.00	234,023,052.90
,			1,500,000,000.00	995,531,601.30
Caria - 0044 A	2010			
Series 2014-A	2016		77 070 000 00	57,738,275.00
	2017		77,670,000.00	57,738,275.00
	2018		81,400,000.00	54,006,250.00
	2019		85,465,000.00	49,936,250.00
	2020		89,730,000.00	45,663,000.00
	2021-2025		464,905,000.00	156,354,250.00
	2026-2030		050 005 000 05	89,656,250.00
	2031-2035		358,625,000.00	60,408,000.00
		\$	1,157,795,000.00	\$ 571,500,550.00

Description of Issue	Year		Principal		Interest
Series 2014-B	2016	\$		\$	1,111,013.70
	2017				1,108,986.30
	2018				1,110,000.00
	2019				1,110,000.00
	2020				1,111,013.70
•	2021-2025				5,548,986.30
	2026-2030				5,550,000.00
	2031-2035		300,000,000.00		1,247,515.17
			300,000,000.00	_	17,897,515.17
SHF Revenue Bonds					-
Series 2015	2016				25,670,793.33
	2017				37,114,400.00
	2018		61,125,000.00		36,197,525.00
	2019		71,710,000.00		33,846,450.00
	2020		75,020,000.00		30,536,750.00
	2021-2025		425,730,000.00		91,693,500.00
	2026-2030		147,495,000.00		6,589,875.00
	·		781,080,000.00	-	261,649,293.33
·				-	
TOTAL Revenue Bonds			4,111,105,000.00		1,897,583,490.42
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVI	TIES		13,503,000,000.00		9,304,057,260.74
			13,503,000,000.00	-	9,304,057,260.74
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII		·	13,503,000,000.00	- -	9,304,057,260.74
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII	ES			-	9,304,057,260.74
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII	ES 2016		1,745,000.00	-	9,304,057,260.74
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII	ES 2016 2017		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00		9,304,057,260.74
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII	2016 2017 2018		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00		9,304,057,260.74
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII	2016 2017 2018 2019		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00		9,304,057,260.74
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00		9,304,057,260.74
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00 243,705,000.00	- -	9,304,057,260.74
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00	- -	9,304,057,260.74
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00 243,705,000.00 452,455,000.00	-	9,304,057,260.74
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII CTTS Revenue Bonds Series 2002-A	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00 243,705,000.00 452,455,000.00	-	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00 243,705,000.00 452,455,000.00	-	28,034,150.00
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII CTTS Revenue Bonds Series 2002-A	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2016 2017		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00 243,705,000.00 452,455,000.00	- -	28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII CTTS Revenue Bonds Series 2002-A	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2016 2017 2018		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00 243,705,000.00 452,455,000.00	-	28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII CTTS Revenue Bonds Series 2002-A	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2016 2017 2018 2019		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00 243,705,000.00 452,455,000.00		28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII CTTS Revenue Bonds Series 2002-A	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00 243,705,000.00 452,455,000.00		28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII CTTS Revenue Bonds Series 2002-A	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00 243,705,000.00 452,455,000.00		28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 140,170,750.00
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII CTTS Revenue Bonds Series 2002-A	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00 243,705,000.00 452,455,000.00	-	28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 140,170,750.00
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII CTTS Revenue Bonds Series 2002-A	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2031-2035		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00 243,705,000.00 452,455,000.00 767,095,000.00		28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 140,170,750.00 140,170,750.00 140,170,750.00
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITII CTTS Revenue Bonds Series 2002-A	2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030		1,745,000.00 7,885,000.00 14,225,000.00 20,365,000.00 26,715,000.00 243,705,000.00 452,455,000.00		28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 28,034,150.00 140,170,750.00 140,170,750.00 140,170,750.00 122,341,200.00 6,764,750.00

Description of Issue	Year	Principal		Interest
Series 2015-A	2016	\$	\$	11,250,000.0
•	2017			11,250,000.0
	2018	•		11,250,000.0
	2019			11,250,000.0
	2020			11,250,000.0
	2021-2025			56,250,000.0
	2026-2030	•		56,250,000.0
	2031-2035			56,250,000.0
	2036-2040			56,250,000.0
	2041-2045	225,000,000.00		20,477,000.0
•		 225,000,000.00	_	301,727,000.0
Series 2015-B	2016			9,901,250.0
	2017			9,901,250.0
	2018			9,901,250.0
	2019			9,901,250.0
	2020			9,901,250.0
	2021-2025			49,506,250.0
	2026-2030			49,506,250.0
	2031-2035	153,520,000.00		43,506,250.0
	2036-2040	284,505,000.00		3,225,250.0
		438,025,000.00		798,704,250.0
CTTS Revenue Bonds				
Series 2015-C	2016			57,866,000.0
	2017			57,866,000.0
	2018			57,866,000.0
	2019			57,866,000.0
	2020			57,866,000.0
	2021-2025	28,475,000.00		288,029,750.0
	2026-2030	68,180,000.00		276,068,250.0
	2031-2035	590,055,000.00		202,851,000.0
	2036-2040	331,655,000.00		85,604,500.0
	2041-2045	138,955,000.00		10,506,500.0
		 1,157,320,000.00		1,152,390,000.0
rand Parkway Transportation	Corp.*			
Series 2013-A	2016			10,821,012.5
•	2017	•		10,821,012.5
	2018			10,821,012.5
	2019			10,821,012.5
	2020			10,821,012.5
	2021-2025			54,105,062.5
	2026-2030			54,105,062.5
	2031-2035	3,910,000.00		53,817,806.2
	2036-2040	16,930,000.00		51,256,075.0
	2041-2045	35,955,000.00		44,604,893.7
	2046-2050	63,690,000.00		31,354,400.0
	2051-2055	79,515,000.00	,	8,660,850.0
		\$ 200,000,000.00	\$	352,009,212.5

Description of Issue	Year		Principal		Interest
Series 2013-B	2016	\$		\$	58,334,250.00
	2017	,			58,334,250.00
	2018				58,334,250.00
	2019				58,334,250.00
	2020				58,334,250.00
	2021-2025				333,307,578.75
	2026-2030		2,090,000.00		430,407,285.00
	2031-2035		90,080,000.00		421,097,640.00
	2036-2040		65,995,000.00		391,141,450.00
	2041-2045		75,740,000.00		385,551,312.50
	2046-2050		367,135,000.00		312,073,401.25
	2051-2055		1,026,055,000.00		88,704,187.50
		-	1,627,095,000.00		2,653,954,105.00
				_	
Series 2013-E	2016				18,756,230.40
,	2017				18,756,230.40
	2018				18,756,230.40
	2019				18,756,230.40
	2020				18,756,230.40
	2021-2025				93,781,152.00
	2026-2030		,		93,781,152.00
	2031-2035				93,781,152.00
	2036-2040		184,865,000.00		78,407,870.40
	2041-2045		176,945,000.00		12,406,219.20
			361,810,000.00	-	465,938,697.60
Series 2014-B	2016				375,445.86
	2017		83,550,000.00		107,709.88
			83,550,000.00	-	483,155.74
Frand Parkway Transportation C	Corp.*				
Series 2014-C	2016				739,336.55
	2017		107,180,000.00		212,104.7
			107,180,000.00	-	951,441.30

^{*}Grand Parkway Transportation Corp. bonds is a blended component unit of TxDOT, these are not obligations of the state.

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE 2D - ANALYSIS OF FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE

Governmental Activities		and the second s			
	<u>Applicati</u>	on of Funds			4
Description of Issue	Principal	Interest			
Texas Mobility General Obligation Bonds	\$ 62,355,000.00	\$ 258,190,457.07			
	\$ 62,355,000.00	\$ 258,190,457.07			
	Pledged and Other S	ources and Related Expen	ditures fo	r FY 2015	
	Net Availab	le for Debt Service		Debt S	ervice
		Operating Expenses			
Description of laws	Total Pledged	Expenditures and			
Description of Issue	and Other Sources	Capital Outlay		Principal	Interest
State Highway Fund Revenue Bonds	\$ 7,426,916,213.40	(A)	\$	132,200,000.00	
	\$ 7,426,916,213.40		\$	132,200,000.00	\$ 198,309,40
(A) State Highway Fund expenditures associated Business-Type and Blended Compo	, -				
	nent Unit Activitie		ditures fo	r FY 2015	
	nent Unit Activitie	s	ditures fo	r FY 2015 Debt S	ervice
	nent Unit Activitie	S ources and Related Expend le for Debt Service	ditures fo		ervice
	nent Unit Activitie Pledged and Other S Net Availab	S ources and Related Expende le for Debt Service Operating Expenses/	ditures fo		ervice
Business-Type and Blended Compo	nent Unit Activitie Pledged and Other S Net Availab Total Pledged	S ources and Related Expend le for Debt Service Operating Expenses/ Expenditures and	ditures fo	Debt S	
	nent Unit Activitie Pledged and Other S Net Availab	S ources and Related Expende le for Debt Service Operating Expenses/	ditures fo		Interest
Business-Type and Blended Compo Description of Issue Series 2002-A, Series 2012-A Revenue Bonds,	Pledged and Other S Net Availab Total Pledged and Other Sources	ources and Related Expend le for Debt Service Operating Expenses/ Expenditures and Capital Outlay		Debt S Principal	Interest
Business-Type and Blended Compo Description of Issue Series 2002-A, Series 2012-A Revenue Bonds, and Series 2015-A, B, and C Grand Parkway Tranportation Corporation Series	Pledged and Other S Net Availab Total Pledged and Other Sources	ources and Related Expend le for Debt Service Operating Expenses/ Expenditures and Capital Outlay		Debt S Principal	Interest
Business-Type and Blended Compo Description of Issue Series 2002-A, Series 2012-A Revenue Bonds,	Pledged and Other S Net Availab Total Pledged and Other Sources \$ 169,438,322.15	ources and Related Expend le for Debt Service Operating Expenses/ Expenditures and Capital Outlay (B)		Debt S Principal	Interest \$ 71,363,44

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE 2E-DEFEASED BONDS OUTSTANDING

		Par Value
Description of Issue	Year Defeased	Outstanding
Governmental Activities		,
Texas Mobility Fund General Obligation Bonds		
Series 2006 Fixed Rate Bonds	2014	\$ 364,580,000.00
Series 2006 Fixed Rate Bonds	2015	233,130,000.00
Series 2006-A Fixed Rate Bonds	2015	478,830,000.00
Series 2007 Fixed Rate Bonds	2014	35,945,000.00
Series 2007 Fixed Rate Bonds	2015	233,280,000.00
Series 2008 Fixed Rate Bonds	2014	93,730,000.00
Total General Obligation Bonds		1,439,495,000.00
State Highway Fund Revenue Bonds		·
Series 2006 Fixed Rate Bonds	2014	369,590,000.00
Series 2006-A Fixed Rate Bonds	2014	495,465,000.00
Series 2006-A Fixed Rate Bonds	2015	10,665,000.00
Series 2007 Fixed Rate Bonds	2015	792,135,000.00
Series 2008 Fixed Rate Bonds	2015	45,500,000.00
Total Revenue Bonds		1,713,355,000.00
Total Governmental Activities		3,152,850,000.00
		. *
Business-Type Activities		•
Central Texas Turnpike Authority Revenue Bonds		
Series 2002-A Capital Appreciation Bonds	2015	114,957,848.48
Total Business-Type Activities		114,957,848.48
Total		\$ 3,267,807,848.48

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE 2F - EARLY EXTINGUISHMENT AND REFUNDING

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

Governmental Activities

			For Refundings Only					
Description	Category	Amount Extinguished or Refunded	Refunding Issued Par Value	Cash Flow Increase	Economic Gain			
Texas Mobility Fund								
Series 2005-B Variable Rate Bonds	Current Refunding	\$ 70,740,000.00	\$ 58,060,000.00	\$ 8,784,019.28	\$ 6,499,054.07			
Series 2006 Fixed Rate Bonds	Advance Refunding	233,130,000.00	215,965,000.00	61,058,712.22	35,783,874.64			
Series 2006-A Fixed Rate Bonds	Advance Refunding	478,830,000.00	442,775,000.00	72,162,538.20	52,378,627.91			
Series 2007 Fixed Rate Bonds	Advance Refunding	233,280,000.00	213,360,000.00	27,396,951.73	21,509,604.82			
State Highway Fund		1,015,980,000.00	930,160,000.00	169,402,221.43	116,171,161.44			
State riighway runu								
Series 2006-A Fixed Rate Bonds	Advance Refunding	10,665,000.00	10,520,000.00	3,975,381.09	1,954,577.49			
Series 2007 Fixed Rate Bonds	Advance Refunding	792,135,000.00	724,220,000.00	113,590,888.75	91,365,610.24			
Series 2008 Fixed Rate Bonds	Advance Refunding	45,500,000.00	46,340,000.00	6,414,218.34	3,426,638.36			
		848,300,000.00	781,080,000.00 **	* 123,980,488.18	96,746,826.09			
Total Governmental Activities		1,864,280,000.00	1,711,240,000.00	293,382,709.61	212,917,987.53			

Business-Type Activities

			For Refundings Only					
Description	Category	Amount Extinguished or Refunded	Refunding Issued Par Value	Cash Flow Increase	Economic Gain			
Revenue Bonds								
First Tier Revenue Bonds Series 2002-A	Advance Refunding	441,158,079.20	422,778,400.00	278,644,880.50	124,602,466.69			
First Tier Revenue Refunding Put Bonds Series 2012-B	Current Refunding	225,000,000.00	193,700,000.00	72,476,569.44	35,533,857.96 ***			
TIFIA Note	Current Refunding	1,112,973,881.25	1,056,485,000.00	596,844,453.49	. 223,717,641.41			
Total Business-Type Activities		1,779,131,960.45	1,672,963,400.00	947,965,903.43	383,853,966.06 ***			
TOTAL		\$ 3,643,411,960.45	\$ 3,384,203,400.00	\$ 1,241,348,613.04 \$	596,771,953.59			

^{*} TMF Series 2006, Series 2006-A, and Series 2007 were partially refunded by TMF Series 2014A. The present value of savings from cash flow is \$116,171,161.44, plus refunding funds on hand, \$4,576.03, equals the net present value of savings, \$116,175,737.45.

^{**} SHF Series 2006-A, Series 2007, and Series 2008 were partially refunded by SHF Series 2015. The refunding portion of SHF 2015 par value is \$781,080,000.

^{***} First Tier Revenue Bond Series 2002-A (Non-Callable) was partially refunded by CTTS 2015-B. First Tier Revenue Bond Series 2002-A (Callable) was refunded by CTTS 2015-A, CTTS 2015-B, and CTTS 2015-C. The TIFIA Note was refunded by CTTS 2015-C. The net present value of savings from cash flow is \$383,853,966.06.

^{****} First Tier Revenue Refunding Put Bonds Series 2012-B was fully refunded by CTTS 2015-A.

Texas Department of Transportation Matrix of Expenditures Reported by Function - Governmental Funds

	State Highway Fund		Texas Mobility Fund		Proposition 12 Highway Improvement Project Fund		Nonmajor Funds			Transportation Function Total	
Salaries and Wages	\$	637,722,067.95	\$		0.00	\$	0.00	\$	894,250.80	\$	638,616,318.75
Payroll Related Costs	•	277,048,786.24	۳		0.00	•	0.00	*	211,402.63	•	277,260,188.87
Professional Fees and Services		692,007,584.48			0.00		0.00		1,713,950.79		693,721,535.27
Federal Pass - Through Expenditures		24,017,212.22	,		0.00		0.00		0.00		24,017,212.22
Travel		7,887,861.11			0.00		0.00		97,554.81		7,985,415.92
Materials and Supplies		277,082,067.00			0.00		0.00		7,096.05		277,089,163.05
Communication and Utilities		46,031,360.61			0.00		0.00		0.00		46,031,360.61
Repairs and Maintenance		686,168,838.82			0.00		0.00		28,370.88		686,197,209.70
Rentals and Leases		26,507,551.93			0.00		0.00		1,916.08		26,509,468.01
Printing and Reproduction		3,643,371.56			0.00		0.00		0.00		3,643,371.56
Claims and Judgments		4,617,898.16			0.00		0.00		0.00		4,617,898.16
Intergovernmental Payments		384,868,340.98		147,482,	,999.84		0.00		66,500,784.03		598,852,124.85
Public Assistance Payments		31,993,653.28			0.00		0.00		(2,586,249.08)		29,407,404.20
Other Expenditures		169,974,848.46			0.00		3,157.22		399,348.69		170,377,354.37
Total Expenditures	\$	3,269,571,442.80	\$_	147,482,	,999.84	\$_	3,157,22	\$	67,268,425.68	\$_	3,484,326,025.54





125 East 11th Street, Austin TX 78701

www.txdot.gov

Produced by the **Texas Department of Transportation's Finance Division**.

Copies of this publication have been deposited with the Texas State Library in compliance with the State Depository Law.